

POLYURETHANE HP | GLOSS

Protect Installations from UV Degradation, Chemical Spills & Abrasive Damage

POLYURETHANE HP GLOSS is a high-solids, 2-component system perfect for high-traffic areas such as forklift loading zones, drive aprons, and commercial walkways. This glossy, high-performing (HP) top coat protects flooring against stains, fading, and degradation caused by chemical spills and harsh UV rays.

ADVANTAGES

- Meets USDA, FDA, EPA, and SCAQMD Standards
- Antibacterial
- Eligible for LEED Points: Made in California from Partially Recycled Materials
- High Chemical and Stain Resistance
- High Impact Resistance

- High Traffic and Hot Tire Resistance
- Low Maintenance
- Low Odor
- Scratch Resistance
- UV Resistance
- Waterproofing

SUGGESTED USES AND APPLICATION AREAS

- High Chemical- and UV-Resistant Top Coat
- Industrial, Healthcare, Commercial, Government, Institutional, and Residential

KRETUS® SYSTEMS

- Color Chip
- Color Quartz
- Color Splash
- Epoxy MVR
- ESD (Static Control)
- Industrial Sand
- Top Shelf® Metallic
- Waterproof Decking

For all KRETUS® systems, see kretus.com/systems.

FINISH AND COLOR

- High Gloss, Clear
- Opaque when Pigmented (see Color Charts at kretus.com/color-charts)

PRECAUTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- Prime Coat: A prime coat may be required if stem walls are highly absorbent, if outgassing is suspected or prevalent, or if concrete is very porous or in poor condition. All concrete repairs must be completed before installing any system.
- DO NOT apply single coat greater than 5 mils thick (320 square feet per gallon). DO NOT install directly over moisture-sensitive concrete, broadcasted vinyl chip, 30-grit or larger quartz, or 80-mesh or larger aluminum oxide.
- DO NOT let material puddle on floor. This may cause white spots to appear when coating cures.
- Complete samples and onsite mockups to ensure desired results are achieved.

- Application temperatures: Material cures faster as temperature and humidity increase. Material cures slower as they decrease.
- Application times are based on test results compiled by lab technicians in a controlled setting. All times recorded using 1-quart samples.
- If application temperatures are outside of those recommended, contact your KRETUS® Technical Representative.
- Coverage rates are for estimating purposes only. Factors such as waste, unusual/abnormal substrate conditions, and other unforeseen jobsite conditions may affect actual product yields and are the responsibility of the installer.
- Apply material when temperature is decreasing—adhere to the KRETUS® Dew Point Calculation Chart available at kretus.com/project-planning. DO NOT apply under direct sunlight. DO NOT install under inclement weather conditions.
- Recommended for Applicators level 4 and up. (See kretus.com/applicator-skill-level.)

COMPONENTS

Standard Kit

Part A: Polyurethane HP Gloss, 1 quart
Part B: Polyurethane HP, 1 gallon

Larger kits may be available through KRETUS® distributor.

SAFETY, TESTING, AND WARRANTY

- Safety: Personal protective equipment and safety conditions must be considered before using any product. Review all relevant and current documentation including Safety Data Sheets (kretus.com/safety-data-sheets).
- Testing: Before installation: Test and look for any unknown site conditions and/or defects. To ensure desired results are achieved, the system should be tested in a small area on site before full installation begins.
- Warranty: For warranty to be upheld, Pre- and Post-Job Checklists (kretus.com/project-planning) must be completed.

STORAGE AND APPLICATION TEMPERATURES

Ideal Storage Environment	Dry, Out of Direct Sunlight, 60-80°F
Material Temperature During Application	50-70°F and 5°F Above Dew Point
Minimum Substrate Temperature During Application	5°F Above Dew Point
Recommended Application Temperature	60-90°F, <70% RH (Relative Humidity)

Average Application Time

Ambient	60-90°F, <70% RH	50°F, 30% RH	50°F, 75% RH	70°F, 50% RH	90°F, 20% RH	90°F, 80% RH
Temperature						
Working Time	20 min	25-30 min	10-15 min	20 min	15 min	15 min**
Recoat Window	4-6 hrs.	3-6 hrs.	2-6 hrs.	3-6 hrs.	2-6 hrs.	2-6 hrs.
Return to Service (Foot Traffic)	12 hrs.	12 hrs.	12 hrs.	12 hrs.	12 hrs.	12 hrs.
Full Cure (Vehicle Traffic)	5 days	5 days	5 days	5 days	5 days	5 days

^{**}Must add viscosity reducer.

SURFACE PREPARATION

Before installing any coating, the substrate must be sound, meaning all necessary concrete repairs have been completed. It must be clean, dry, and free of any contaminates, moisture, materials, or particles that may hinder material's adhesion to the substrate.

MIXING AND APPLICATION

Standard Kit Mix Ratio	A:B = 1 qt:1 gal
Poly Colorant	16 oz per standard kit
Viscosity Reducer	1-2 qts per standard kit
Mixing Directions	Mix A until color and consistency are uniform. Add B and continue to mix for 2 min or until color and consistency are uniform.
Mixing Directions With Colorant	Mix A with colorant until color and consistency are uniform. Add B and continue to mix for 2 min or until color and consistency are uniform.
Mixing Directions With Viscosity Reducer	Mix A with colorant until color and consistency are uniform. Add B and continue to mix for 2 min or until color and consistency are uniform.
Mixing Directions With Anti-Slip	Mix A alone or with or without colorant until color and consistency is uniform. Add B and continue to mix for 1 min. Add additive and continue to mix for 1 min or until color and consistency are uniform.

Coverage Rates

Application	Coverage Rate
Top Coat, 3-5 mils	400 SF/gal

Premeasure components to make sure you are using the correct mix ratio. Combine components according to mix instructions. Continue mixing until the coating's consistency is uniform. The coating must remain thoroughly mixed during the application.

Keep a wet edge while applying product. Wear spiked shoes when walking on material. For more applications and coverage rates, see KRETUS® General Overview (kretus.com/product-general-overviews).

PROPERTIES WHEN FULLY CURED

PROPERTIES	TEST METHOD	TYPICAL VALUES
Abrasion Resistance	ASTM D4060	10 mg loss
Adhesion Strength	ASTM D4541	>400 psi, epoxy failure
Coefficient of Friction - Dry	ASTM D2047	0.7
Coefficient of Friction - Wet	ASTM D2047	0.6
Flame Spread/ Critical Flux	ASTM E648	Class 1
Flame Spread/ Rate of Burning	ASTM D635	Self-extinguishing
Flexibility/ Mandrel Bend	ASTM D522	Passes 1/8-in.
Gloss, 60°	ASTM D523	80+
Hardness (König Hardness)	ASTM D4366	170
Impact Resistance	ASTM D2794	120 in-lbs
Indoor Air Quality	CA 01350	Compliant
Microbial Resistance	ASTM G21	Passes, O growth
Tensile Elongation at Break	ASTM D2370	8%
Tensile Strength	ASTM D2370	6,500 psi
UV Resistance	ASTM D4587	Mid to High (Level 2)
Water Absorption	ASTM D570	<0.05

< 3.0 ΔE, gray (color tested for	or visible changes)
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Yellowing Resistance

ASTM G154

CHEMICAL AND STAIN RESISTANCE

- 1 = Best for chemical resistance: Chemical has no adverse effects on fully cured coating; remove within 24 hours.
- 2 = Low potential for stain: Chemical has no adverse effects on fully cured coating if removed within 24 hours.
- 3 = High potential for stain or degradation: Chemical must be removed within 24 hours of exposure.
- NR = Not recommended

Acetic Acid (Component of Vinegar), 10%1	Methanol
Acetic Acid, 30%2	Methylene ChlorideNI
Acetone1	MIBK (Methyl Isobutyl Ketone)
Ammonia, 30%1	Mineral Oil
Ammonium Hydroxide, 30%1	Motor Oil, SAE 30
Antifreeze (Coolant)1	Mineral Spirits
Benzene (Component of Crude Oil)1	Mustard, Yellow
Benzyl Alcohol1	Nitric Acid, 30%
Betadine, 11%1	Oleic Acid
Boric Acid, 4%1	Oxalic Acid, 10%
Brake Fluid, DOT 31	Phosphoric Acid, 20%
Chromic Acid, 10%1	Potassium Hydroxide, 30%
Chromic Acid, 30%1	(Alkaline Batteries, Soap Manufacturing)
Citric Acid, 30%1	Propylene Glycol
Ethanol, 95%1	Silver Nitrate, 20% (Photo Labs)
Ethyl Acetate, 99% (Food/Beverage Facility)1	Hydraulic Fluid (Aviation), Skydrol LD-4
Formaldehyde, 37%2	Sodium Chloride, 20%
Premium Gasoline1	Sodium Hydroxide (Caustic Soda), 50%
Hydraulic Fluids	Sodium Hypochlorite (Bleach), 10%
(Machinery, Automobile, Aviation)1	Sodium Hypochlorite (Bleach), 30%
Hydrochloric Acid, 10%1	Sodium Persulfate
Hydrochloric Acid, 30%3	(Bleaching and Oxidizing Agent)
Hydrofluoric Acid, 10%1	Sulfuric Acid, 37% (Battery Acid)
Hydrofluoric Acid, 30%3	Tannic Acid, 20%
Hydrogen Peroxide, 10%1	Tartaric Acid, 10%
Hydrogen Peroxide, 50%1	Transmission Fluid
lodine, 2%3	Urine, Dog or Cat
Isopropyl Alcohol1	Urea (Nitrogen-Rich Fertilizer)
Jet Fuel1	Vinegar, Distilled
Lactic Acid, 30% (Dairy Facility)1	Water (Hard Water from Well)
Lime Juice1	Whisky
Magnesium Hydroxide1	Wine, Cabernet Sauvignon
MFK (Methyl Ethyl Ketone)	Xvlene

Pigments or colorants may affect working times, reduce chemical resistance, or increase potential for stain. Coatings tested at ambient temperature over 1-3 days' exposure to chemical. To ensure desired results are achieved, products should be tested on site before installation.

DISCLAIMER: The information contained in this document is intended for use by KRETUS®-qualified and -trained professionals. This is not a legally binding document and does not release the specifier from their responsibility to apply materials correctly under the specific conditions of the construction site and the intended results of the construction process. The most current valid standards for testing and installation, acknowledged rules of technology, as well as KRETUS® technical guidelines must always be adhered to. The steps given in this document and other mentioned documents are critical to the success of your project.