

Week 12, Session 2 Problems

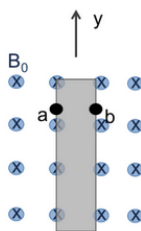
GSI: Caleb Eades

11/8

1 The Hall Effect

1.1 Moving Slab

A metal strip of length L and width w and thickness t is moves with a velocity v through a magnetic field B_0 into the page as shown below. If a potential difference of V_0 is measured between points a and b across the strip, calculate the speed v of the strip.



Source: modified from Halliday, Chapter 34-4, problem 39

1.2 Stationary Slab

Suppose we have a rectangular block with length l , width d , and height h in the x, y , and z directions respectively. A current $\vec{I} = I\hat{x}$ flows through it. There is an external magnetic field $\vec{B} = B\hat{y}$.

- (a) Derive the Hall voltage V_H for this setup.
- (b) Find an expression for the Hall constant

$$K_H = \frac{V_H}{BI}$$

in terms of the charge carrier concentration n .

- (c) Using these results, how can you determine the sign and density of charge carriers in a material?

Source: Dan and Vetri

2 Midterm Example Problems

2.1 Spinning Rods

A uniformly charged rod of length L and charge Q spins at angular velocity ω about an axis through the center of the rod perpendicular to the length.

- Calculate the magnetic moment.
- If a uniform magnetic field $\vec{B} = B_0 \hat{z}$ is present, what is the torque on and potential energy of this rod.

Source: modified from Packard Final Exam, Spring 2000, question 4

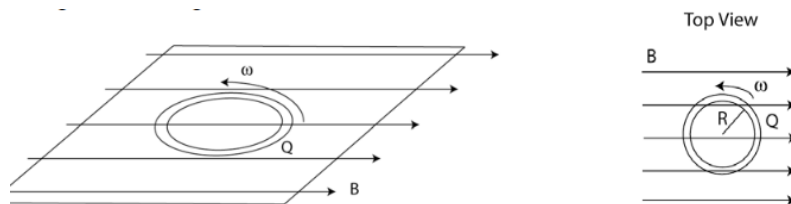
2.2 Non-uniform Field

A rigged square current loop with sides s , current I , and mass m is on a table with coefficient of static friction μ_s . The magnetic field is pointed along the vertical direction, and has magnitude that increases linearly with position: $\vec{B} = B_0 \frac{x}{a} \hat{y}$, for a constant a . What is the minimum that μ_s can be if the loop does not move?

Source: Speliotopoulos Final Exam, Fall 2012, question 4

2.3 Levitating Rings?

A ring of radius R , charge Q and mass M is spinning around its symmetry axis. The ring sits on a horizontal frictionless surface. A uniform external magnetic field of strength B is parallel to the plane of the ring. Find the angular velocity ω at which there is zero normal force between one edge of the ring and the surface.



Source: Packard Final Exam, Fall 2004, question 1