## More Gas Math, Problems

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## 1 More Statistics

## 1.1 Continuous vs Discrete

Consider a system of N >> 1 ideal gas particles moving with speeds determined by a distribution, either continuous or discrete. For the continuous distribution, let  $f(v) = A sin(\pi v)$  for  $v \in (0,1)$  m/s. For the discrete distribution, the particles can have velocity v = 0 m/s or v = 1 m/s with probability of 0, v = 1/4 m/s or v = 3/4 m/s with probability  $B/\sqrt{2}$ , or v = 1/2 m/s with probability of B.

- (a) Find A and B such that the distributions, individually, are each valid probability distributions. Do A and B have units associated with them? What about  $\pi$  in f(v)?
- (b) For each distribution, calculate  $\langle v \rangle = \bar{v}$ ,  $v_{rms}$ ,  $\sigma$ , and  $v_p$ .
- (c) What is the temperature of the gas?
- (d) Comment on any discrepancies (or lack thereof) between the statistics for this discrete and continuous distribution. (e.g., Why did (or didn't) these discrepancies arise?)

## 1.2 Fun with Maxwell

Show that the total energy of a gas governed by the Maxwell distribution is given by

$$E = \left\langle \frac{1}{2} m v^2 \right\rangle = \frac{3}{2} k_B T. \tag{1}$$

(Challenge: do this two different ways.)