

This notebook aims to show result of multilayer perceptron classification

Dataset contains 1000 clothing images \of size 28 pixels  $\times$  28 pixels I aim to detect type of clothings

**import libraries**

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import math
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
```

## Question 2 :

**read files**

```
In [2]: imagesdf = pd.read_csv('hw03_images.csv', header=None)
labeldf = pd.read_csv('hw03_labels.csv', header=None)
```

```
In [3]: initial_v = pd.read_csv('initial_V.csv', header=None)
initial_w = pd.read_csv('initial_W.csv', header=None)
```

## Question 3 :

**Divide data into 2 part which are test set and train set**

```
In [4]: train_x = imagesdf.iloc[0:500]
test_x = imagesdf.iloc[-500:]
train_y = labeldf.iloc[0:500]
test_y = labeldf.iloc[-500:]
```

## Question 4 :

```
In [5]: def sigmoid(X):
return 1/(1+np.exp(-X))
```

## Parameters

```
In [6]: eta = 0.005
epsilon = 1e-3
H = 20 #number of hidden nodes
max_iteration = 500 #max number of iteration
```

## z : hidden node features

```
In [7]: train_x.insert(loc = 0, value = 1, column=784)
```

```
In [8]: z = sigmoid(train_x.dot(initial_w))
```

```
In [9]: z.insert(loc = 0, value = 1, column=20)
```

```
In [10]: z0 = sigmoid(z.dot(initial_v))
```

```
In [11]: #####z0 is all close to 0.5
```

```
In [12]: y_head = z0.copy() #initial y_head
```

```
In [13]: objective_values = -sum(train_y * np.log(y_head) + (1 - train_y) *
np.log(1 - y_head))
```

```
In [15]: from random import shuffle
random = [[i] for i in range(500)]
shuffle(random)
```

```
In [16]: W = initial_w.copy()
v = initial_v.copy()
```

```

In [ ]: iteration = 1
while(1):
    for i in random :
        i = i[0]
        # calculate hidden nodes
        current_X = train_x[i:]

        z.iloc[:,i:] = sigmoid(current_X.iloc[:,1:].dot(W))
        # calculate output node
        current_z = z[i:]
        y_head[i:] = sigmoid(current_z.dot(v))

        delta_v = eta * (train_y.loc[:,i:] - y_head.loc[:,i:] ) * cu
rrent_z
        delta_W = eta * (train_y.loc[:,i] - y_head.loc[:,i]) * cu
rrent_X.iloc[:,i].dot((v.iloc[2:(H + 1),1].transpose() ) * z.loc[i,
1:H] * (1 - z[i, 1:H]))

        v = v + delta_v
        W = W + delta_W

        z = sigmoid(train_x.insert(loc = 0, value = 1,column=len(train_
x)).dot(W))
        y_predicted = sigmoid(z.insert(loc = 0, value = 1,column=len(tr
ain_x)).dot(v))
        objective_values = objective_values.append(-sum(train_y * np.lo
g(y_predicted) + (1 - y_head) * np.log(1 - y_predicted)))

        if (abs(objective_values[iteration + 1] - objective_values[iter
ation]) < epsilon | iteration >= max_iteration) :
            break

    iteration = iteration + 1

```