

MINKOWSKI DISTANCE

$$d(p, q) = \left(\sum_{i=1}^n |p_i - q_i|^C \right)^{\frac{1}{C}}$$

When $C=1$
Minkowski
is Manhattan
distance.

When $C=2$
Minkowski
is Euclidean
distance

ith element of
vector p

ith element
of vector q