

## HASELEMENTSUM

Given an integer  $n$  and a list  $L$  of distinct integers, find whether or not there exist two distinct integers in the list that sum to  $n$ .

### Constraints

$$1 < n < 10000$$

$$1 < \text{len}(L) < 500$$

### Input

An integer  $n$ , followed by an integer  $\text{len}(L)$ , followed by  $\text{len}(L)$  distinct integers representing the list  $L$ .

### Output

Two integers in increasing order summing to  $n$ , or the text `False` if no such integers exist.

### Sample input

4 3 1 3 4

### Sample output

1 3

[View submissions \(https://cs124.seas.harvard.edu/problem/HASELEMENTSUM/code-submission\)](https://cs124.seas.harvard.edu/problem/HASELEMENTSUM/code-submission)

### Test cases

Input	Output	Points	Timeout
4 3 1 3 4	1 3	0	100 ms
Hidden	Hidden	20	100 ms
Hidden	Hidden	20	100 ms
Hidden	Hidden	30	100 ms
Hidden	Hidden	30	200 ms

[Download \(https://cs124.seas.harvard.edu/problem/HASELEMENTSUM/test-cases\)](https://cs124.seas.harvard.edu/problem/HASELEMENTSUM/test-cases)

Inspired by the "Ultra Cool Programming Contest Control Centre" by Sonny Chan.  
Modified for CS 124 by Neal Wu (<https://github.com/nealwu>), with design help from Martin Camacho.  
Further refined by Nikhil Benesch (<https://github.com/benesch>).