E5ADSB Exercises 4 – Image processing

KPL, 2018-09-05

Exercise 1

Image smoothing with 2D low-pass filters

- 1. Load the test image "test_pattern_blurring_orig.tif".
- 2. Try smoothing the image with mean-filters size 3x3, 5x5, 9x9, 15x15 and 35x35. Use imfilter.
- 3. How does the different filters affect the image?
- 4. Explain what happens at the border, and try out the different methods for dealing with borders as described in Marques p. 212 ("In Matlab").
- 5. Try smoothing the image with the Gaussian-Blur filter size 3x3, 5x5, 9x9, 15x15 and 35x35. Use different values for σ in the range [1;10] and compare to the mean-filter. The function gauss_mask.m returns the Gaussian mask coefficients.
- 6. Load the image "noisyimage1.tif" and reduce the noise using smoothing.

Exercise 2

Image sharpening using "the Laplacian" and "unsharp masking"

- 1. Load the image "moon.tif".
- 2. Implement the mask used to find the Laplacian in Marques chap. 10.4.1 p. 219 (try both, what's the difference?).
- 3. Sharpen the moon-image by adding the Laplacian of the image of the image to the original image, like this: $g(x,y) = f(x,y) + c \cdot \nabla^2(x,y)$, where $c = \pm 1$ (Marques formula 10.16).
- 4. Show the result.
- 5. Try sharpening the moon-image using "unsharp masking". The technique of unsharp masking is:
 - a. Blur the original image
 - b. Subtract the blurred image from the original image. The resulting difference is called the mask: $g_{mask}(x,y) = f(x,y) f_{blurred}(x,y)$
 - c. Add the mask to the original: $g(x,y) = f(x,y) + k \cdot g_{mask}(x,y)$, where k is a weighting factor. First try with k = 1.
- 6. Show the result. Try different values for k.

Exercise 3

Non-linear filtering - the Median Filter

- 1. Implement a 3x3 or 5x5 (or MxM) median filter as a function in Matlab.
- 2. Use the median filter to reduce the "salt & pepper noise" in the image "noisyimage2.tif"
- 3. Compare the median filter to the smoothing filter for reducing salt & pepper noise.