

# Quadruped Project

---

# Table of Contents



TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY  
Engineering

1. Project Goal
2. Inspiration
3. Initial Progress
4. QUAD Version 1
  1. Manufacturing
  2. Assembly
  3. Gained Understanding
  4. Improvements
5. Mini-QUAD
  1. Purpose
  2. Design Requirements
  3. Electronics
  4. Chassis
  5. Leg Design
    1. Foot Choice
6. Software
  1. Design Requirements
  2. Progress
7. Future Prospects
8. QUAD V2
  1. QUAD V2 Plans

# Project Goal

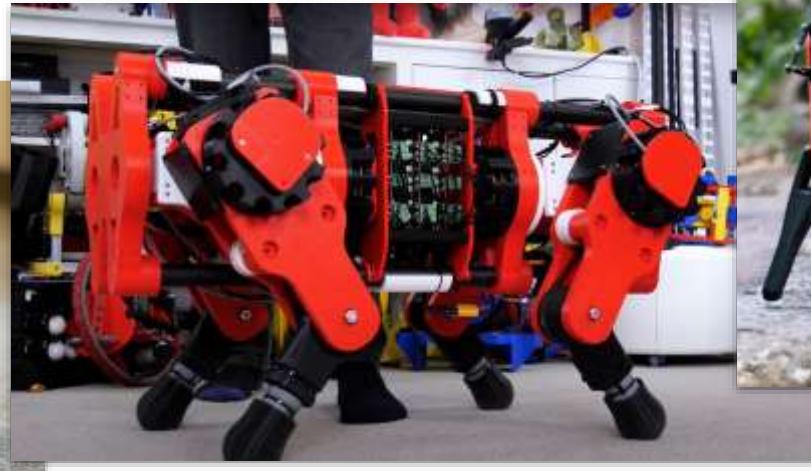


TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY  
Engineering

Design and manufacture a robot capable balancing and maneuvering on four legs

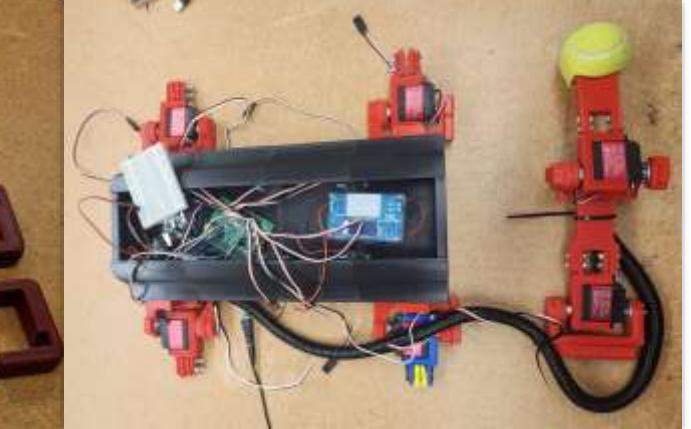
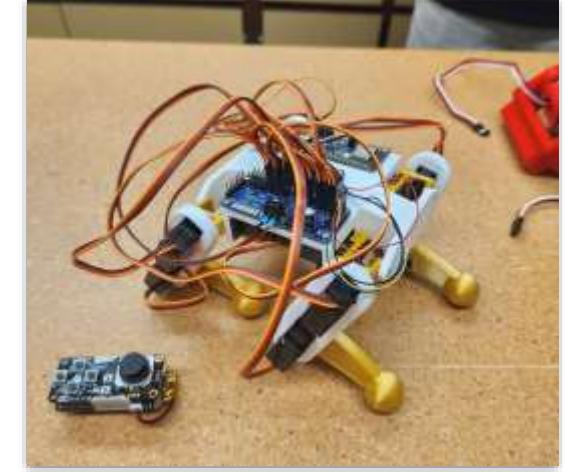
# Inspiration

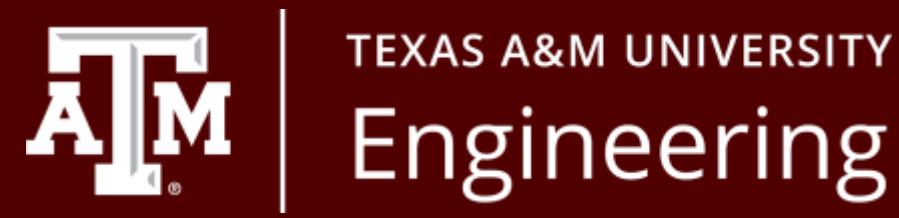
MIT *Cheetah*  
Boston Dynamics *Spot*  
Nathan Ferguson's *Dingo*  
James Bruton's *OpenDog*



# Initial Progress

- Unpacked original QUAD project
- Ian's Quadruped design
- Calculated motor strengths and max weight
- Created models for V1
- Manufactured part of V1

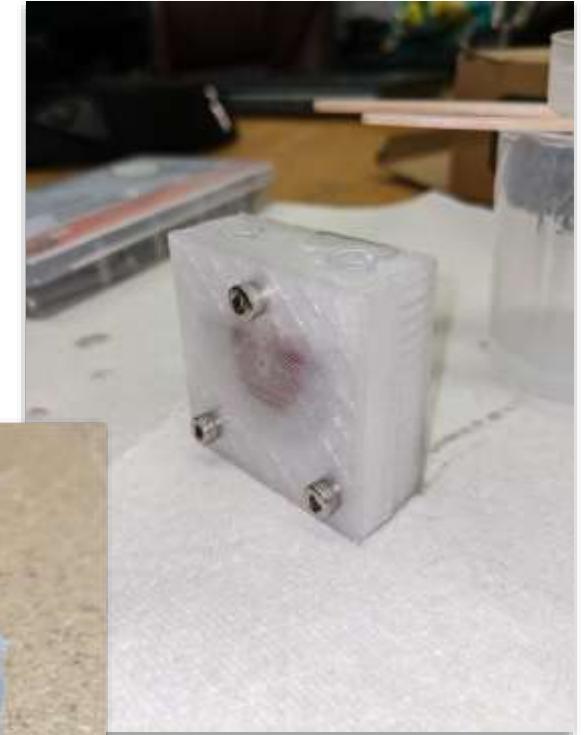




# QUAD Version 1

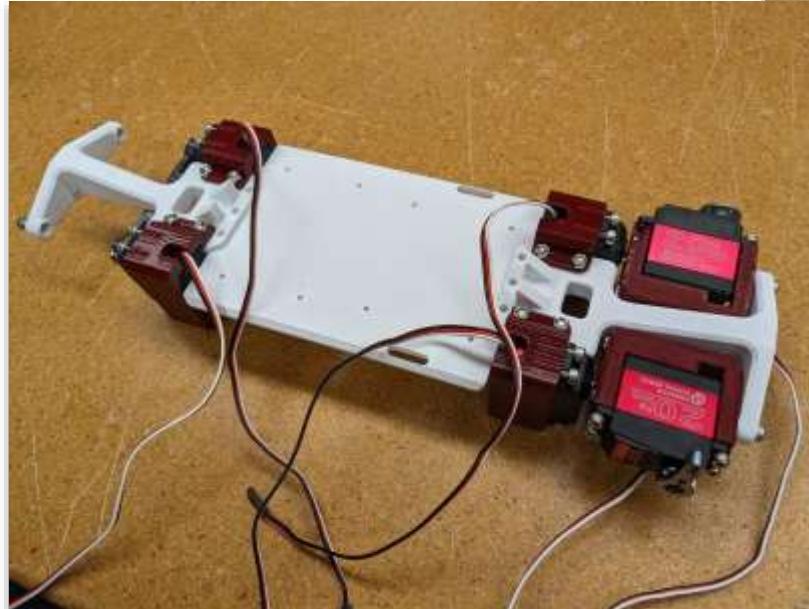
# Manufacturing

- Chassis, Legs, and Shoulders
  - FDM with PETG
- Feet
  - Silicone resin casting  
(inspired by *OpenDog*)



# Assembly

- Leg and Chassis Assembled
- Remaking parts for legs with proper clearance



# Gained Understanding



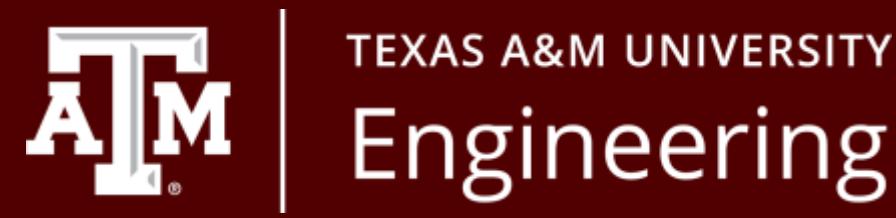
TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY  
Engineering

- Silicone feet work well
- Feet should encapsulate the leg for secure attachment
- Heat-set inserts

# Improvements



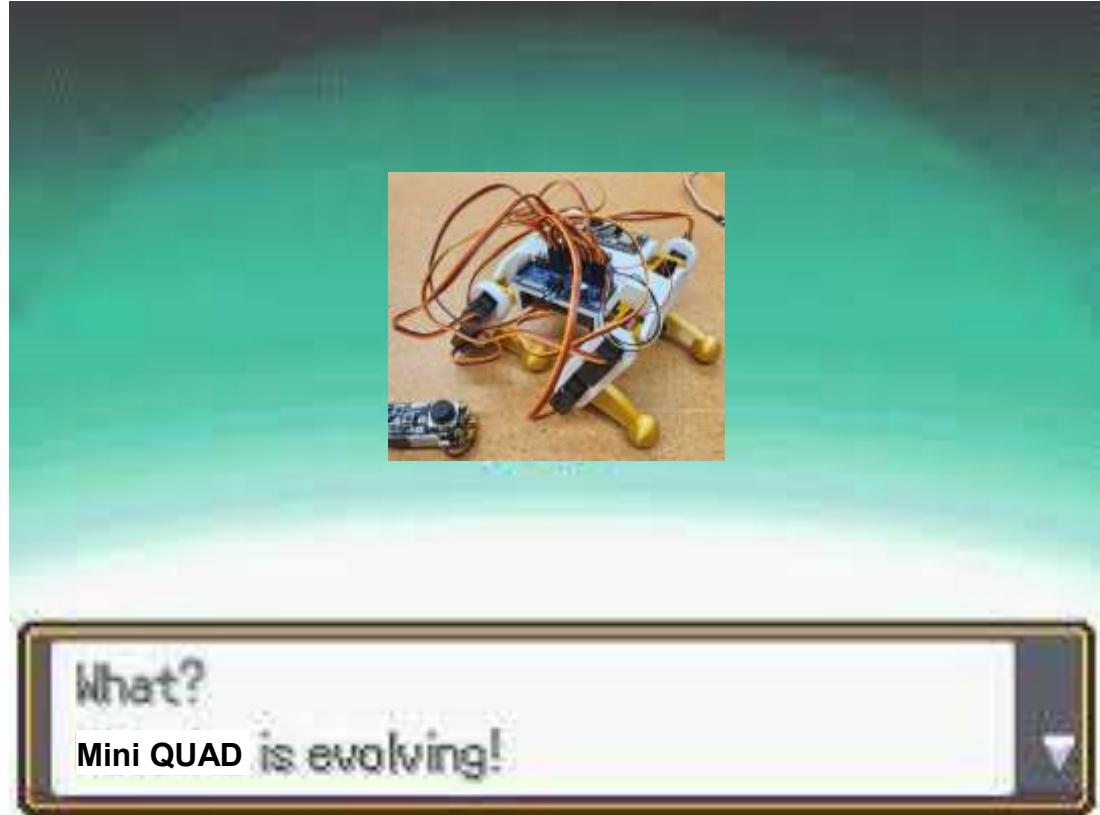
- Make silicone resin encapsulate the foot
- Use heat-set inserts
- Add a clearance to 3D-printed parts
- CAD with SolidWorks



# Mini-QUAD

# Purpose

The purpose of this subteam is to create a miniature version of the original quadruped robot to use as a software platform for future iterations. Will include attempts at lidar & computer vision, model based control, path planning, and much more!



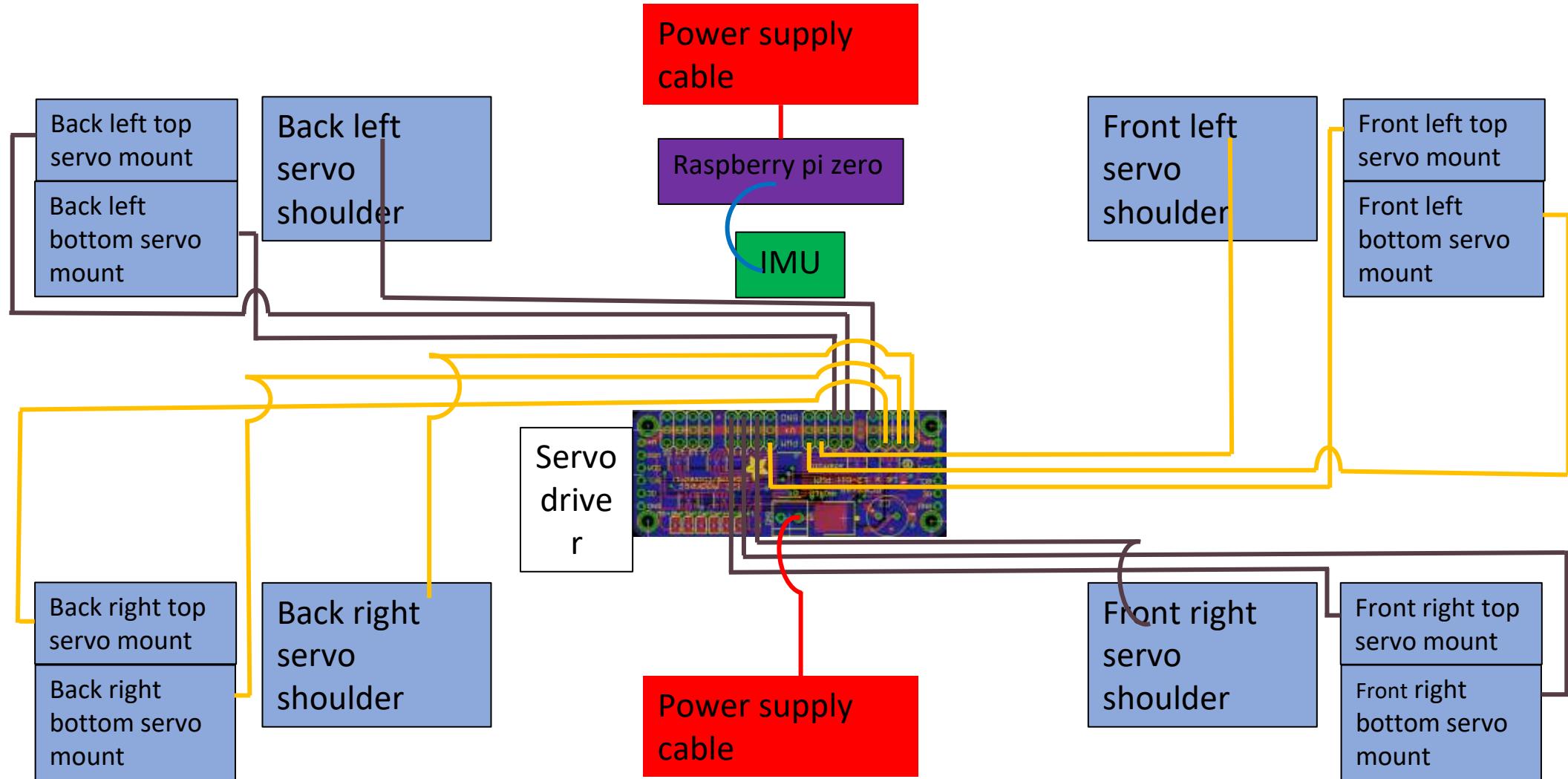
## Mini-Quad:

- Must walk on four legs
- Must support twice its weight
- Modular design (designed to evolve)
- Compatible with software for QUAD convoy

# Electronics



TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY  
Engineering

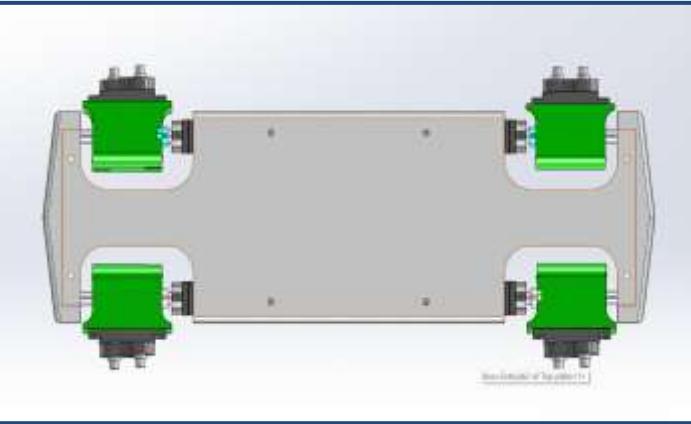


# Chassis

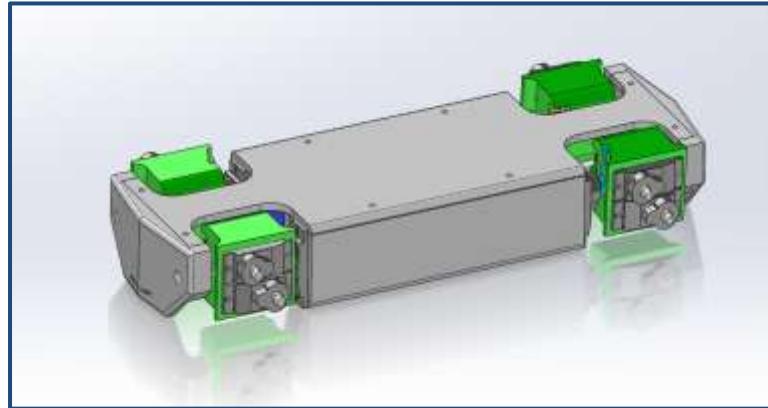


TEXAS A&M UNIVERSITY  
Engineering

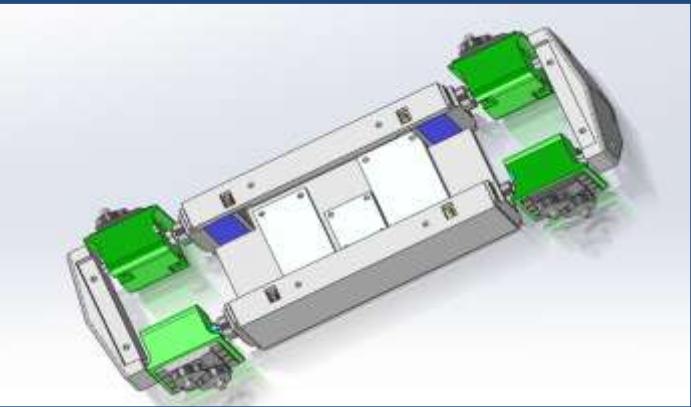
**Top View:**



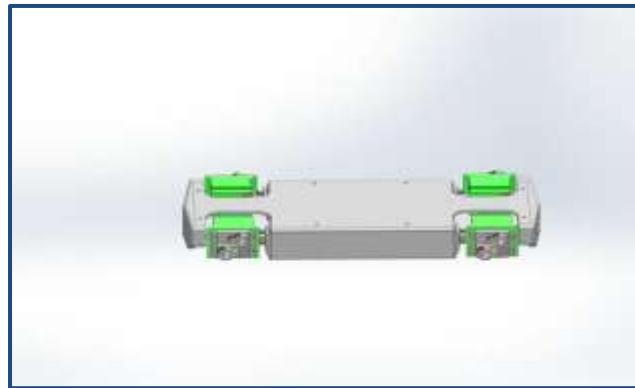
**Side View:**



**Removed Top Plate:**



**Assembly:**



# Leg Design

## Mini Quad Leg Pros

- Tendon Drive
- Utilizes the same leg to body ratio as Spot

## Mini Quad Leg Cons:

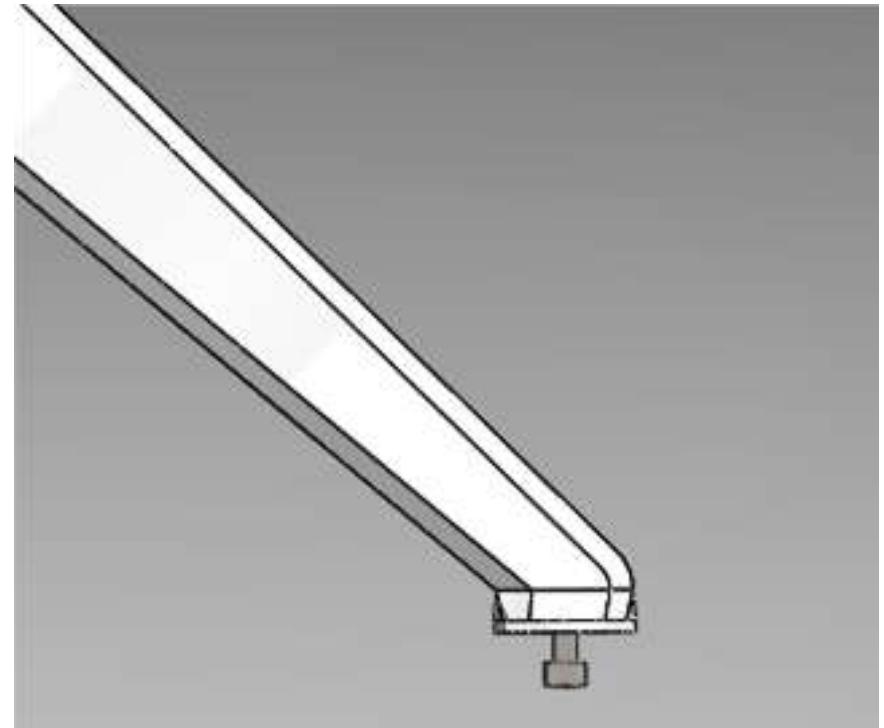
- Non-compliant mechanism.
- No encoders.

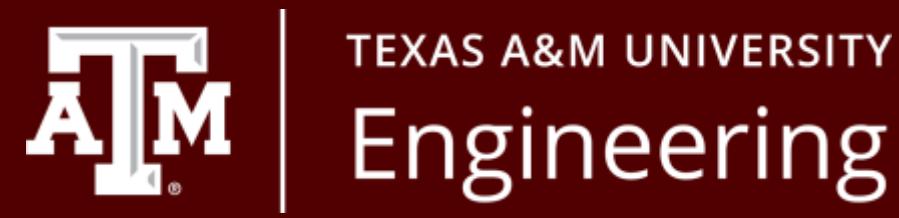


# I Leg Design - Foot Choice

## Mini Quad Feet:

- Silicone mold “slip-over” shoes. Akin to a swim cap on a head.
- Will either be screw in or slip-on feet. TBD

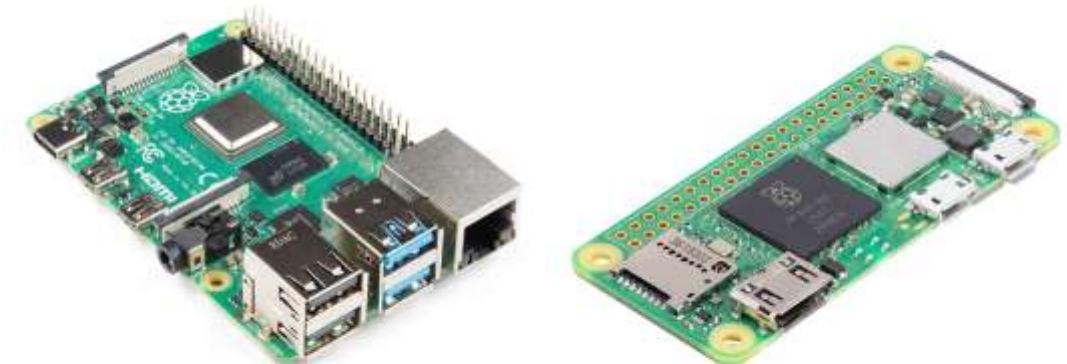




# Software

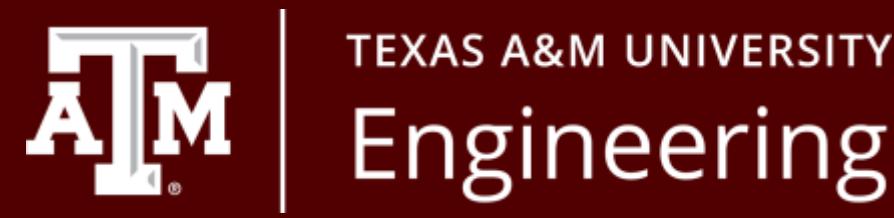
# Design Requirements

- Control the movement of quadruped from teleoperator inputs
- Must run on each of the quadruped robots  
(Compile for and run on Raspberry Pi)
- Be written in a single language (C++)
- Must run OpenCV



- Algorithms ported from Arduino
- Driver written for servo board
- CMake set up
  - Cross-compiles for aarch64 (Raspberry Pi)
- Created access point
- Created script to set up operating system
- Version control on [TURTLE GitHub](#)





# Future Prospects

- Completion of QUAD V1 and Mini Quad
- Testing software to drive V1 and Mini
- Payloads
  - Camera & Vision processing
  - Lidar mapping
- QUAD V2

## BOSTON DYNAMICS PAYLOADS

### SPOT CAM™

Captures spherical images and comes with an optional PTZ camera with 30x optical zoom for detailed inspections.

### SPOT CORE™

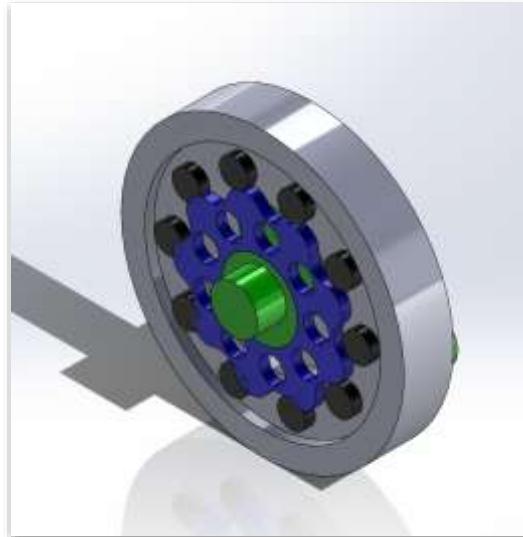
Provides dedicated processing for applications requiring on-robot computation.

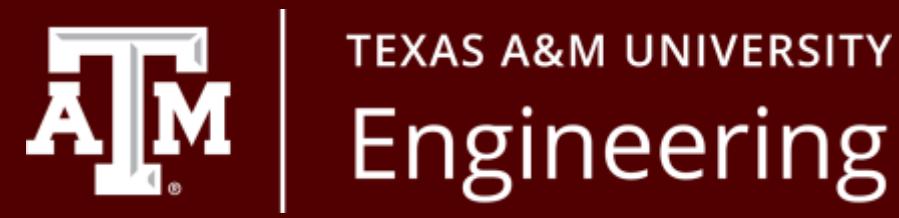




# QUAD Version 2

- Use experience from designing V1 & Mini
- Stronger (brushless) motors
- Backdrivable cycloidal gearboxes





# *Questions*