IoT Security and Privacy Assignment 3 – MQTT

Team:

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Requirements:

1. Set up the mosquitto MQTT system. Test the system works with either programs or *mosquitto_sub* and *mosquitto_pub* from *mosquitto*. Document the setup procedure and test results, including all the commands.

Solution: We have installed the Mosquitto Broker and Mosquitto Client on the Raspberry Pi and updated our raspberry pi with following commands:

sudo apt-get update sudo apt-get upgrade sudo apt-get install mosquitto sudo apt-get install mosquitto-clients

we have IP address set up as below:

IP Address: 129.63.17.135 Loopback address: 127.0.0.1

Post update, all configuration for implementing publisher-subscriber model must be done in /etc/mosquitto/mosquitto.conf

Please refer below changes to be done to configuration file:

pid_file /var/run/mosquitto.pid
persistence true
persistence_location /var/lib/mosquitto/

Post changes, restart raspberry pi and execute below commands:

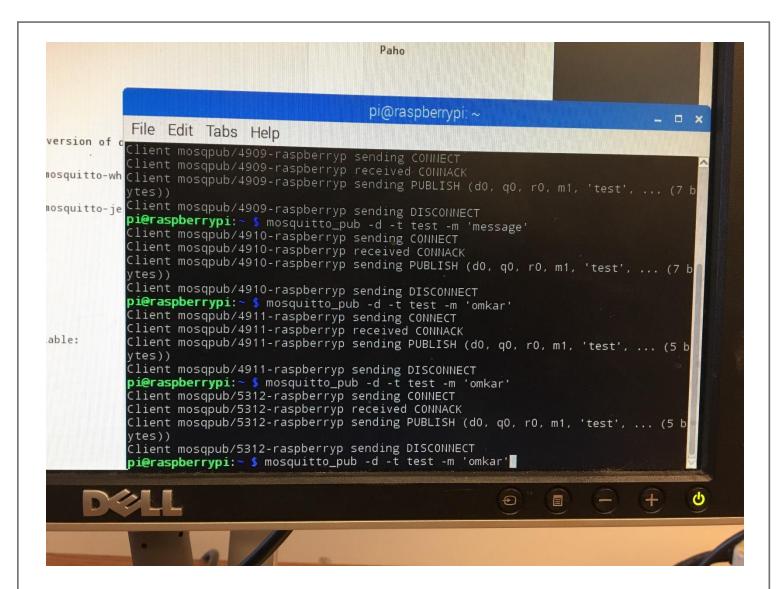
sudo service mosquitto start sudo service mosquitto status Post this, we get below output:

```
>_ pi@raspberrypi: ~
                                                                       >_ pi@raspberrypi: ~
                                                                                                     >_ pi@raspberrypi: ~
                                                                                         pi@raspberrypi: ~
    File Edit Tabs Help
  pi@raspberrypi: $ sudo service mosquitto start
pi@raspberrypi: $ sudo service mosquitto status
• mosquitto.service - LSB: mosquitto MQTT v3.1 message broker
Loaded: loaded (/etc/init.d/mosquitto)
     Active: active (running) since Sat 2017-04-08 17:09:28 EDT; 14min ago
    Process: 392 ExecStart=/etc/init.d/mosquitto start (code=exited, status=0/SUCC
  ESS)
     CGroup: /system.slice/mosquitto.service
                └─430 /usr/sbin/mosquitto -c /etc/mosquitto/mosquitto.conf
 Apr 08 17:09:28 raspberrypi mosquitto[392]: Starting network daemon:: mosquitto.
 Apr 08 17:09:28 raspberrypi systemd[1]: Started LSB: mosquitto MQTT v3.1 mes....
Apr 08 17:11:47 raspberrypi systemd[1]: Started LSB: mosquitto MQTT v3.1 mes....
 Apr 08 17:24:01 raspberrypi systemd[]]: Started LSB: mosquitto MQTT v3.1 mes....
Hint: Some lines were ellipsized, use -1 to show in full.
pi@raspberrypi: $ sudo mosquitto
 1491686662: mosquitto version 1.3.4 (build date 2014-08-22 06:10:51+0000) starti
 1491686662: Using default config.
 1491686662: Opening ipv4 listen socket on port 1883.
 1491686662: Error: Address already in use
pi@raspberrypi:~ $ sudo fuser -k 1883/tcp
                             430
pi@raspberrypi:~ $ sudo mosquitto
1491686981: mosquitto version 1.3.4 (build date 2014-08-22 06:10:51+0000) starti
1491686981: Using default config.
1491686981: Opening ipv4 listen socket on port 1883.
1491686981: Opening ipv6 listen socket on port 1883.
1491687039: New connection from ::1 on port 1883.
1491687039: New client connected from ::1 as mosqsub/1139-raspberryp (c1, k60).
1491687094: New connection from ::1 on port 1883.
1491687094: New client connected from ::1 as mosqpub/1155-raspberryp (c1, k60).
```

Once we have setup running, we will setup server on one raspberry pi terminal 1 using below command

```
mosquitto_pub -d -t test -m "message"
mosquitto pub -d -t test -m "omkar"
```

Once we have setup running, we will setup server on one raspberry pi terminal 2 using below command mosquitto_sub -h 129.63.17.135 -t test omkar



```
praspberrypi:/etc/apt/sources.list.d/mosquitto-
   File Edit Tabs Help
 pi@raspberrypi:/etc/apt/sources.list.d/moscuitto-1.4.11 $ ifconfig
eth0 Link encap:Ethernet Hwaddr b8:27:eb:8b:62:54
inet addr:129.63.17.153 Bcast:129.63.152.255 Mask:255.255.255.0
inet6 addr: fe80::1b99:bae0:5fa2:c381/64 Scope:Link
UP BROADCAST RUMMING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
RX packets:13337 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
TX packets:1976 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
PX bytes:16657709 (15.8 MiB) TX bytes:183392 (179.0 KiB)
 10
                 inet6 addr: ::1/128 Scope:Host
UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:65536
                                                                   Metric:1
                 RX packets:200 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
                 TX packets:200 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
                 collisions:0 txqueuelen:1
                 RX bytes:16656 (16.2 KiB) TX bytes:16656 (16.2 KiB)
                 Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 00:e0:4c:0b:f0:09
wlan0
                 UP BROADCAST MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:138 overruns:0 frame:0
                 TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0 collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
                 RX bytes:960 (960.0 B) TX bytes:468 (468.0 B)
pi@raspberrypi:/etc/apt/sources.list.d/mosquitto-1.4.11 $
pi@raspberrypi:/etc/apt/sources.list.d/mosquitto-1.4.11 $ mosquitto_sub -h 129.6
3.17.135
Error: You must specify a topic to subscribe to.
Use 'mosquitto_sub --help' to see usage.
pi@raspberrypi:/etc/apt/sources.list.d/mosquitto-1.4.11 $ mosquitto_sub -h 129.63.17.135 -t test
omkar
```

```
pı@raspberrypi: ~
                                                                                               - 🗆 x
  File Edit Tabs Help
  Client mosqpub/1413-raspberryp sending PUBLISH (d0, q0, r0, m1, 'test', ... (7 bytes))
  Client mosqpub/1413-raspberryp sending DISCONNECT
 pi@raspberrypi:-
 pi@raspberrypi:-
                   5 mosquitto_pub -d -t test -m "message"
 Client mosqpub/1414-raspberryp sending CONNECT
 Client mosqpub/1414-raspberryp received CONNACK
 Client mosqpub/1414-raspberryp sending PUBLISH (d0, q0, r0, m1, 'test', ... (7 bytes))
 Client mosqpub/1414-raspberryp sending DISCONNECT
 pi@raspberrypi:~ $ mosquitto_pub -d -t test -m "message"
 Client mosqpub/1415-raspberryp sending CONNECT
 Client mosqpub/1415-raspberryp received CONNACK
Client mosqpub/1415-raspberryp sending PUBLISH (d0, q0, r0, m1, 'test', ... (7 bytes))
Client mosqpub/1415-raspberryp sending DISCONNECT

pi@raspberrypi:~ $ mosquitto_pub -d -t test -m "message"
Client mosqpub/1416-raspberryp sending CONNECT
Client mosqpub/1416-raspberryp received CONNACK
Client mosqpub/1416-raspberryp sending PUBLISH (d0, q0, r0, m1, 'test', ... (7 bytes))
Client mosqpub/1416-raspberryp sending DISCONNECT
pi@raspberrypi:~ $ mosquitto_pub -d -t test -m "test"
Client mosqpub/1417-raspberryp sending CONNECT
Client mosqpub/1417-raspberryp received CONNACK
Client mosqpub/1417-raspberryp sending PUBLISH (d0, q0, r0, m1, 'test', ... (4 bytes))
Client mosqpub/1417-raspberryp sending DISCONNECT
pi@raspberrypi:~ 💲
```

2. Set up the mosquitto broker with SSL/TLS transport security. Please refer to [6][7][8]. Test the setup. Document the setup procedure and test results, including all the commands.

Solution:

We will be using successful client server model created in first question. Initially, we will update some libraries

sudo apt-get update sudo apt-get install pkg-config cmake openssl libc-ares-dev libssl-dev python-mosquitto

sudo wget http://mosquitto.org/files/source/mosquitto-1.4.11.tar.gz
sudo tar xzf mosquitto-1.4.11.tar.gz
cd mosquitto-1.4.11
sudo cmake .
make install

A. To use the new repository you should first import the repository package signing key: sudo wget http://repo.mosquitto.org/debian/mosquitto-repo.gpg.key sudo apt-key add mosquitto-repo.gpg.key

Then make the repository available to apt: *sudo cd /etc/apt/sources.list.d/*

B. Then one of the following, depending on which version of debian you are using:

sudo wget http://repo.mosquitto.org/debian/mosquitto-wheezy.list sudo wget http://repo.mosquitto.org/debian/mosquitto-jessie.list

Then update apt information: sudo apt-get update
And discover what mosquitto packages are available: sudo apt-cache search mosquitto
Or just install:
sudo apt-get install mosquitto

D. Next step is to Setup a CA (certificate authority) this will create a certificate authority certificate and key. Then the server certificate and key by creating the following files server.key, server.csr, server.crt and then send the CSR to the CA by creating these set of files ca.crt ca.key ca.srl. The commands to create the certificates are as below.

OpenSSL commands to create the certificates are:

• Sudo openssl req -new -x509 -days 1000 -extensions v3_ca -keyout ca.key -out ca.crt

```
pieraspberrypi:/etc/mosquitto/certs1 $ sudo rm ca.key
pieraspberrypi:/etc/mosquitto/certs1 $ sudo openssl req -new -x509 -days 1000 -e
stensions v3_ca.keyout ca.key -out ca.crt
Generating a 2048 bit RSA private key

Writing new private key to 'ca.key'
Enter PEN pass phrase:

Verifying - Enter PEN pass phrase:

You are about to be asked to enter information that will be incorporated
into your certificate request.
What you are about to enter is what is called a Distinguished Name or a DN.
For some fields there will be a default value.
If you enter '.', the field will be left blank.

Country Name (2 letter code) [AU]:US
State or Province Name (full name) [Some-State]:Nass
Locality Name (eg. city) []:Lowell
Organization Name (eg. company) [Internet Widgits Pty Ltd]:UML
Organizational Unit Name (eg. section) []:CS
Common Name (e.g. server FQDN or YOUR name) []:IoT
Email Address []:iot@gmail.com
```

Sudo openssl genrsa -des3 -out server.key 2048

• Sudo openssl genrsa -out server.key 2048

• Sudo openssl reg -out server.csr -key server.key -new

```
pieraspherrypi:/etc/mosquitto/certs1 $ sudo openssl req -out server.csr -key ser
ver.key -new
You are about to be asked to enter information that will be incorporated
into your certificate request.
What you are about to enter is what is called a Distinguished Name or a DN.
There are quite a few fields but you can leave some blank
For some fields there will be a default value,
If you enter '.' the field will be left blank.

Country Name (2 letter code) [AU]:AU
State or Province Name (full name) [Some-State]:Massu
Locality Name (eg. city) []:Boston
Organization Name (eg. company) [Internet Widgits Pty Ltd]:Tarun
Drganizational Unit Name (eg. section) []:Tarun LLC
Common Name (e.g. server FQDN or YOUK name) []:127.0.0.1
Email Address []:omkaregmail.com

Please enter the following 'extra' attributes
to be sent with your certificate request
A challenge password []:12345678
An optional company name []:12345678
```

• Sudo openssl x509 -req -in server.csr -CA ca.crt -CAkey ca.key -CAcreateserial -out server.crt

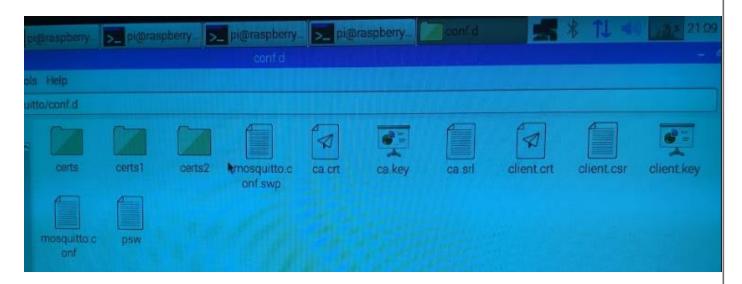
```
pi@raspberryp1:/etc/mosquitto/conf.d $ cd ..
pi@raspberrypi:/etc/mosquitto $ sudo openssl x509 -req -in server.csr -CA ca.crt
    -CAkey -CAcreateserial -out server.crt
Signature ok
subject=/C=US/ST=MA/L=Lowell/0=UML/OU=CS/CN=192.168.43.176/emailAddress=nehali@g
mail.com
Getting CA Private Key
```

3. Set up the certificate based authentication between each client and the broker while using the mosquitto broker with SSL/TLS transport security. Test the setup. Document the setup procedure and test results, including all the commands. (3 points)

Solution:

We have setup SSL for our client server in question 2. We will be using same configuration for message transportation

Client and server certificate created



We need to move all certificates to following locations for each machine i.e. server and client

/etc/mosquitto/conf.d/certs

All these changes need to be reflected in /etc/mosquitto/conf.d/mosquitto.conf

```
pid_file /var/run/mosquitto.pid
persistence true
persistence_location /var/lib/mosqitto/
cafile /etc/mosquitto/conf.d/certs1/ca.crt
certfile /etc/mosquitto/conf.d/certs1/server.crt
keyfile /etc/mosquitto/conf.d/certs1/server.key
port 8883
require_certificate true
use_identity_as_username false
```

Once these changes are made we need to start the service as below on 8883 port:

sudo service mosquitto start sudo mosquitto –v –c /etc/mosquitto/conf.d/mosquitto.conf

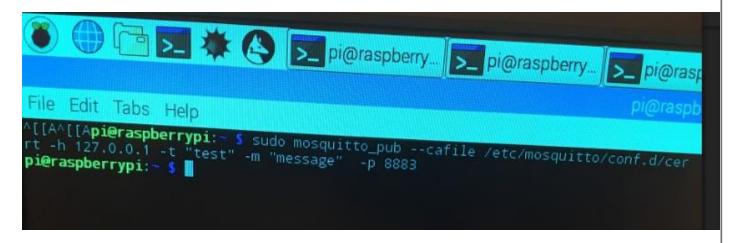
```
pi@raspberrypi:/etc/apt/sources.list.d/mosquitto-1.4.11 $ sudo service mosquitto start
pi@raspberrypi:/etc/apt/sources.list.d/mosquitto-1.4.11 $ mosquitto -v -c /etc/mosquitto/conf.d/mosquitto.conf
1491774882: mosquitto version 1.4.11 (build date 2017-04-09 17:05:37-0400) starting
1491774882: Config loaded from /etc/mosquitto/conf.d/mosquitto.conf.
1491774882: Opening ipv4 listen socket on port 8883.
1491774882: Opening ipv6 listen socket on port 8883.
Enter PEM pass phrase:
```

Command for server setup:

mosquitto_pub -cafile /etc/mosquitto.conf.d/certs1/ca.crt -h 127.0.0.1 -t "test" -m message -p 8883

```
pier empher ppi.

| Sudo Service Mosquitto Start
| Application | Sudo Service Service Start
| Application | Sudo Service Service Start
| Application | Sudo Service Service
```



This will setup server on this terminal, for client we need to open new terminal and execute following command:

mosquitto_sub -cafile /etc/mosquitto.conf.d/certs1/ca.crt -h 127.0.0.1 -t "test" -p 8883

Hence, we have successfully implemented client server model on two separate terminal using SSL/TSL.

References

- [1] Mosquitto, An Open Source MQTT v3.1/v3.1.1 Broker, Documentation, 2016
- [2] Python Software Foundation, paho-mqtt 1.2, 2016
- [3] mosquitto.conf the configuration file for mosquitto, 2016
- [4] James Lewis, MQTT Introduction and Tutorial Part One Message Brokers and why your IoT device should use them, February 17, 2016.
- [5] James Lewis, MQTT Tutorial for Raspberry Pi, Arduino, and ESP8266 <u>Send MQTT messages</u> between 3 different platforms, February 24, 2016
- [6] Primal Cortex, MQTT Mosquitto broker with SSL/TLS transport security, March 31, 2016
- [7] J. Dunmire, SSL/TLS Client Certs to Secure MQTT, 2016
- [8] HuyITF, Configure SSL/TLS for MQTT broker mosquitto, Jun 2, 2016