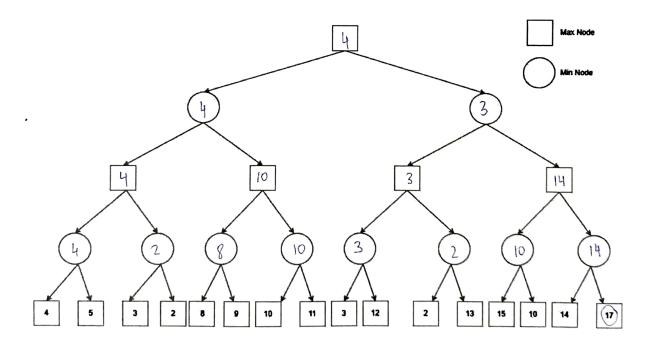


INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY KHARAGPUR

Mid-Autumn Semester Examination 2024-25

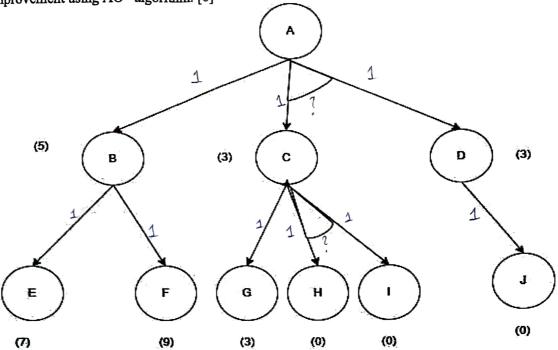
Date of Examination: 18/09/2024	Session:	<u>FN</u>	Duration: 2 Hrs	Full Marks: 50
Subject NoAl61005	61005 Subject: Artificial Intelligence: Foundations and Applications			
Department/Center/School: Department of Artificial Intelligence				
Specific charts, graph paper, log book etc., required				NO .
Special Instructions (if any) : Answer all the parts of a question in same place				

- 1) Consider the following tree and answer the questions. Show computations and stepwise updates.
 - a. How many leaf nodes has to be explored for getting final result? [3]
 - b. What are the final alpha and beta values in the root node? [5]
 - c. Show the pruned branches by crossing (X) them out. [2]



- 2) Consider a search problem where all edges have cost 1 and the optimal solution has cost C. Let h be a heuristic which is $\max\{h^* k, 0\}$, where h^* is the actual cost to the closest goal and k is a non-negative constant unknown to the search algorithm. Prove with justification that
 - a. h is admissible [3]
 - b. h is monotone [3]
 - c. A* search without closed list will be optimal [3]

3) Consider the following graph all the path costs as 1. Solve the graph and show step by step improvement using AO* algorithm. [6]



(4) Consider the following axioms:

- 1. Anyone who buys carrots by the bushel owns either a rabbit or a grocery store.
- 2. Every dog chases some rabbit.
- 3. Mary buys carrots by the bushel.
- 4. Anyone who owns a rabbit hates anything that chases any rabbit.
- 5. John owns a dog.
- 6. Someone who hates something owned by another person will not date that person.

Conclusion: If Mary does not own a grocery store, she will not date John.

Represent these clauses in predicate calculus, Skolemize as necessary. Prove the set of clauses by resolution refutation. [10]

Use the following to form your clauses:

- BUY(x): x buys carrots by the bushel
- DOG(x) : x is dog
- RABBIT(x) : x is rabbit
- GROCERY(x): x is a grocery store
- DATE(x,y) : x date y
- OWNS(x,y) : x owns y
- CHASE(x,y) : x chases y
- HATES(x, y) : x hates y

Constants: Mary, John

Represent the following sentences in first-order logic using the provided consistent vocabularies.

(a) Vocabulary:

Student(x): x is a student

takes(x, c, s): student x takes course c in semester s

Score(x, c, s): the score obtained by student x in course c in semester s

x > y: x is greater than y

List of sentences:

(i) Some students took AIFA in Autumn 2024.

(fi) The best score in StatAIML is always higher than the best score in AIFA.

[1+2=3]

(b) Vocabulary:

Man(x): x is a man Barber(x): x is a barber

Shaves (x, y): person x shaves person y

Sentence: There is a barber who shaves all men in town who do not shave themselves.

[2]

(e) Vocabulary:

Person(x): x is a person •

Born(x, c): person x is born in country c

Parent(x, y): x is a parent of y

Citizen(x, c, r): x is a citizen of country c for reason r

Resident (x, c): x is a resident of country c

List of sentences:

(i) A person born in India, each of whose parents is an Indian citizen or an Indian resident, is an Indian citizen by birth.

(ii) A person born outside India, one of whose parents is an Indian citizen by birth, is an Indian citizen by descent.

 $[2.5 \times 2 = 5]$

6) Consider a list contains a set of integers. Write a prolog program to count number of times a given input number x appeared in the list. [5]