Contest Log Analyzer - Programmer's Guide

Version: 0.36.7-Beta Date: 2025-08-15

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--- Revision History ---
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[0.36.7-Beta] - 2025-08-15

Changed

- Updated the CLI arguments list to be complete.
- Updated the JSON Quick Reference table to include all supported keys.

[0.35.23-Beta] - 2025-08-15

Changed

- Updated the "Available Reports" list and the -report argument

description to be consistent with the current codebase.

[0.32.15-Beta] - 2025-08-12

Added

- Added documentation for the new "Custom Parser Module" plug-in pattern.

Changed

- Replaced nested markdown code fences with ``` placeholder.

[1.0.1-Beta] - 2025-08-11

Changed

- Updated CLI arguments, contest-specific module descriptions, and the

report interface to be fully consistent with the current codebase.

[1.0.0-Beta] - 2025-08-10

Added

- Initial release of the Programmer's Guide.

Introduction

This document provides a technical guide for developers (both human and AI) looking to extend the functionality of the Contest Log Analyzer. The project is built on a few core principles:

- **Data-Driven:** The behavior of the analysis engine is primarily controlled by data, not code. Contest rules, multiplier definitions, and parsing logic are defined in simple •json files. This allows new contests to be added without changing the core Python scripts.
- **Extensible:** The application is designed with a "plugin" architecture. New reports and contest-specific logic modules can be dropped into the appropriate directories, and the main engine will discover and integrate them automatically.
- **Convention over Configuration:** This extensibility relies on convention. The dynamic discovery of modules requires that files and classes be named and placed in specific, predictable locations.

Core Components

Command-Line Interface (main_cli.py)

This script is the main entry point for running the analyzer.

- **Argument Parsing:** It uses Python's <code>argparse</code> to handle command-line arguments. Key arguments include:
 - o log_files: A list of one or more log files to process.
 - o --report: Specifies which reports to run. This can be a single report_id, a comma-separated list of IDs, the keyword all, or a category keyword (chart, text, plot, animation).
 - o --verbose: Enables INFO-level debug logging.
 - o --include-dupes: An optional flag to include duplicate QSOs in report calculations.
 - o --multi-name: An optional argument to specify which multiplier to use for multiplier-specific reports (e.g., 'Countries').
 - o --metric: An optional argument for difference plots, specifying whether to compare qsos or points. Defaults to qsos.
- **Report Discovery:** The script dynamically discovers all available reports by inspecting the contest_tools.reports package. Any valid report class in this package is automatically made available as a command-line option.

Logging System (Utils/logger_config.py)

The project uses Python's built-in logging framework for console output.

- logging.info(): Used for verbose, step-by-step diagnostic messages. These are only displayed when the --verbose flag is used.
- logging.warning(): Used for non-critical issues the user should be aware of (e.g., ignoring an X-QSO: line). These are always displayed.
- logging.error(): Used for critical, run-terminating failures (e.g., a file not found or a fatal parsing error).

How to Add a New Report

The Report Interface

All reports must be created as $\cdot PY$ files in the $contest_tools/reports/$ directory. For the program to recognize a report, it must follow these conventions:

- 1. The file must contain a class named Report.
- 2. This class must inherit from the ContestReport base class.
- 3. The class must define the following required attributes:

Attribute	Type	Description
report_id		unique, machine-friendly identifier (e.g., score_report). Used in theeport argument.
report_name	str A	human-friendly name for the report (e.g., "Score Summary").
report_type	str Th	ne category of the report. Currently text, plot, chart, or animation.
supports_single	boolTi	rue if the report can be run on a single log.
supports_multi	boolTi	rue if the report can be run on multiple logs (non-comparative).
supports_pairwise	ebool Tr	rue if the report compares exactly two logs.

4. The class must implement a generate (self, output_path: str, **kwargs) -> str method.

This method contains the core logic of the report and must accept **kwargs to handle optional arguments.

Dynamic Discovery

As long as a report file is in the contest_tools/reports directory and its class is named Report, the __init__.py in that directory will find and register it automatically.

Helper Functions and Factoring (_report_utils.py)

The contest tools/reports/_report_utils.py module contains common helper functions. The philosophy for factoring is as follows:

- Keep it Self-Contained: If a piece of logic is highly specific to a single report and unlikely to be reused, it should remain inside that report's generate method.
- Factor it Out: If a function or component (like a chart style or data preparation step) is likely to be useful for other future reports, it should be factored out into a new helper function in _report_utils.py.

Boilerplate Example

Here is a minimal "Hello World" report.

```
# contest_tools/reports/text_hello_world.py
from .report interface import ContestReport
class Report(ContestReport):
   report id = "hello world"
    report name = "Hello World Report"
    report type = "text"
    supports single = True
    def generate(self, output path: str, **kwargs) -> str:
        log = self.logs[0]
        callsign = log.get_metadata().get('MyCall', 'N/A')
       report content = f"Hello, {callsign}!"
# In a real report, you would save this content to a file.
       print(report content)
        return f"Report '{self.report name}' generated successfully."
```

How to Add a New Contest

Adding a new contest can range from simple (creating a new ·json file) to complex (extending the core parsing logic).

JSON Quick Reference

The primary way to add a contest is by creating a new · json file in the contest_tools/contest_definitions/ directory. The following table describes the key attributes.

Key **Description Example Value** The official name from the "CO-WW-CW"

contest name

<u>-</u>	Cabrillo CONTEST: tag.	- ~
dupe_check_scope	Determines if dupes are checked per_band or across all_bands.	"per_band"
exchange_parsing_rules	An object containing regex patterns to parse the exchange portion of a QSO line.	{ "NAQP-CW": [{ "regex": "", "groups": [] }] }
multiplier_rules	A list of objects defining the contest's multipliers.	<pre>[{ "name": "Zones", "source_column": "CQZone", "value_column": "Mult1" }]</pre>
score_formula	Scoring method. Can be qsos_times_mults or points_times_mults.	"points_times_mults"
multiplier_report_scope	Determines if mult reports run per_band or per_mode.	"per_band"
excluded_reports	A list of report_id strings to disable for this contest.	["point_rate_plots"]
operating_time_rules	Defines on-time limits for the score_report.	<pre>{ "single_op_max_hours": 30 }</pre>
mults_from_zero_point_qsos	True if multipliers count from 0-point QSOs.	true
valid_bands	A list of bands valid for the contest.	["160M", "80M", "40M"]
contest_period	Defines the official start/end of the contest.	{ "start_day": "Saturday" }
custom_parser_module	<i>Optional</i> . Specifies a module to run for complex, asymmetric parsing.	"arrl_10_parser"
custom_multiplier_resolver	<i>Optional.</i> Specifies a module to run for complex multiplier logic (e.g., NAQP).	"naqp_multiplier_resolver
contest_specific_event_id_resolve	contests that run multiple times	"naqp_event_id_resolver"
scoring_module	a year. Implied. The system looks for a [contest_name]_scoring.] file with a calculate_points function.	N/A (Convention-based)

Basic Guide: Creating a New Contest Definition

- 1. Create a new .json file in contest_tools/contest_definitions/.
- 2. Define the contest_name to match the Cabrillo logs.
- 3. Define the exchange_parsing_rules. If the exchange can have multiple valid formats, you can provide a list of rule objects. The parser will try each one in order.
- 4. Define the <code>multiplier_rules</code>. For simple multipliers, you can use <code>"source_column"</code> to copy data from an existing column (like <code>CQZone</code> or <code>DXCCName</code>) into a multiplier column (<code>Mult1</code>, <code>Mult2</code>).

Boilerplate Example

```
" filename": "contest tools/contest definitions/my_contest.json",
"_version": "1.0.0-Beta",
" date": "2025-08-10",
"contest name": "MY-CONTEST-CW",
"dupe check scope": "per band",
"exchange_parsing_rules": {
  "MY-CONTEST-CW": {
   "regex": "(\d{3})\s+(\w+)",
    "groups": [ "RST", "RcvdExchangeField" ]
},
"multiplier rules": [
  {
    "name": "MyMults",
    "source column": "RcvdExchangeField",
    "value column": "Mult1",
   "totaling_method": "once_per log"
]
```

Advanced Guide: Extending Core Logic

If a contest requires logic that cannot be defined in JSON, you can extend the Python code. Create a new Python file in <code>contest_tools/contest_specific_annotations/</code> for any of the following modules.

- Custom Parser Module: Create a file (e.g., my_contest_parser.py) containing a parse_log function. In the ·json file, set the custom_parser_module key to the module name (e.g., "my_contest_parser"). The contest_log.py script will call this module instead of the generic cabrillo_parser.py for that contest.
- Custom Multiplier Resolver: Create a file (e.g., my_contest_resolver.py) containing a resolve_multipliers function. In the .json file, set the custom_multiplier_resolver key to the module name (e.g., "my_contest_resolver").
- Event ID Resolver: Create a file (e.g., my_contest_event_resolver.py) with a resolve_event_id function. Set the contest_specific_event_id_resolver key in the JSON.
- **Scoring Module:** Create a file named my_contest_cw_scoring.py containing a calculate_points function. The system will find this by convention.
- Multiplier Calculation Module: Create a file (e.g., my_contest_mult_calc.py) with a function that returns a pandas Series. In the JSON multiplier_rules, set "source": "calculation_module" and add the module_name and function_name keys. The contest_log.py script will see these rules, use the importlib library to dynamically load your module, execute your function, and integrate the results.