# **Employee Salaries**

Write a query that prints a list of employee names (i.e.: the *name* attribute) for employees in **Employee** having a salary greater than \$2000 per month who have been employees for less than 10 months. Sort your result by ascending *employee\_id*.

#### **Input Format**

The **Employee** table containing employee data for a company is described as follows:

Column	Туре	
employee_id	Integer	
name	String	
months	Integer	
salary	Integer	

where *employee\_id* is an employee's ID number, *name* is their name, *months* is the total number of months they've been working for the company, and *salary* is the their monthly salary.

## **Sample Input**

employee_id	name	months	salary
12228	Rose	15	1968
33645	Angela	1	3443
45692	Frank	17	1608
56118	Patrick	7	1345
59725	Lisa	11	2330
74197	Kimberly	16	4372
78454	Bonnie	8	1771
83565	Michael	6	2017
98607	Todd	5	3396
99989	Joe	9	3573

### **Sample Output**

Angela Michael Todd loe

#### **Explanation**

Angela has been an employee for 1 month and earns \$3443 per month.

Michael has been an employee for 6 months and earns \$2017 per month.

*Todd* has been an employee for **5** months and earns **\$3396** per month.

 $\emph{Joe}$  has been an employee for 9 months and earns \$3573 per month.

We order our output by ascending <code>employee\_id</code>.