# Module ftp.parser.message

## Classes

```
class Message (header_size: int, type: MethodType)
    Encapsulates a packet object that is sent to the socket
    message is represented as: [header | data_1 | data_2 | ... | payload?]
    Parameters
     header_size : int
        Size of the header packet
     type : MethodType
        Type of message that will be sent
    Returns
     Returns nothing
    Methods
      def add_payload(self, value: str) -> None
        Attach payload to this message
        Parameters
         value: str
            Value to be parsed into packet. Note that value must be represented in binary format
      def has_payload(self) -> bool
        Verifies if this message has a payload attached
         Returns
         Returns true if contains a paylaod; otherwise false
      def parse(self, value: str) -> Tuple[packet, List[packet]]
         Parses input values into its respective data field
        Parameters
         value: str
            Inserts the values its respective data. Note that value must be represented in binary format
         Returns
         Returns a tuple containing the header packet and its data packets
```

#### Static methods

```
def bit2byte(msg: Message) -> List[bytes]
```

Converts a Message object to a list of byte equivalent values

#### **Parameters**

msg: Message

Message object to be converted

#### Returns

List of bytes containing all packets encapsulated by the Message object

```
def deserialize(binary: bytes, type: MessageType) -> Message
```

Deserialize the byte value into a Message object

#### **Parameters**

binary : bytes

Input byte object to be deserialized

type : MessageType

Type of message that is to be deserialized

#### Returns

Returns a message object

```
def serialize(msg: Message) -> bytes
```

Serializes a Message object into bytes following its binary representation

#### **Parameters**

msg: Message Message object

#### Returns

Returns the extended byte representation of that message object

```
def str2bit(val: str, size: int, with_count: bool = True, size_count: int = None) -> str
```

Converts a string value its equivalent binary representation in utf-8 encoding

Note that python does not use standard representation of variable size Hence, manual conversion should be done

#### **Parameters**

val : str

String to be converted

 $\operatorname{{\bf size}}:\operatorname{{\bf int}}$ 

Size of the expected binary value

with\_count : bool

Attach the binary represented size of paramters val

 $size\_count$ : int

Size of the binary represented value for the portion representing the size of val

### Returns

Retuns a binary representation of the value passed

# Index

# Super-module

ftp.parser

## Classes

### Message

add\_payload
has\_payload
parse

Util bit2byte deserialize serialize str2bit

Generated by *pdoc* 0.10.0.