

Physics 137B Discussion 2

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These are notes taken from discussion sections for UC Berkeley's Physics 137B class in the Spring 2024 semester.

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1 January 29 - Perturbation Theory

Today:

- Non-degenerate Stark Effect
- Degenerate Stark Effect
- Etc.

The Hamiltonian for the Hydrogen atom is

$$H_0 = \frac{P^2}{2\mu} - \frac{e^2}{r}$$

where μ is the reduced mass.

The solutions for this Hamiltonian are

$$\psi_{nlm}$$

and they have energies

$$E_{nlm}$$

The ***Stark Effect*** happens when we add a perturbation of the form

$$H_1 = eE\hat{z}$$

Now, what is the ***First Order correction*** to the energy?

$$\begin{aligned} E_{nlm}^{(1)} &= \langle nlm | eEz | nlm \rangle \\ &= \int \underbrace{|\psi|^2}_{\text{even}} \underbrace{z}_{\text{odd}} d^3r \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

Shit! Our first order corrections are zero. We're gonna have to go higher to get a more accurate answer. Let's find the ***second order correction***

$$E_{100}^{(2)} = e^3 E^2 \sum_{nlm \neq (0,0,0)} \frac{|\langle nlm | z | 100 \rangle|^2}{E_1^{(0)} - E_n^{(0)}}$$

Now,

$$\langle nlm | z | 100 \rangle = \int d^3r R_{nl}^*(r) Y_{lm}^*(\theta, \phi) [r \cos(\theta)] R_{10} Y_{00}$$