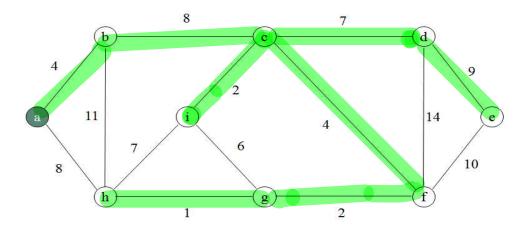
Review 14

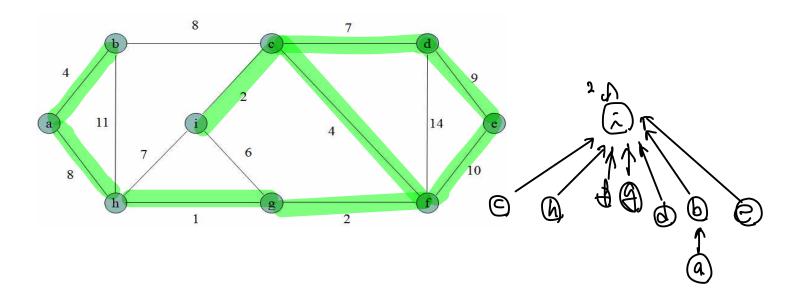
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- 1. Show the minimum spanning trees of Prim's algorithm and Kruskal's algorithm for the following graph.
- (1) Prim's algorithm: If there are 2 or more candidate vertices, select the alphabetically earliest one.



a b c i + 111 e

(2) Kruskal's algorithm: If there are 2 or more candidate edges, select the edge whose endpoint is the alphabetically earliest vertex.



- 2. What are the time complexities of the Prim's algorithm and the Kruskal's algorithm?
- (1) Prim's algorithm (Use Min-Heap as the priority queue Q.)

```
MST-PRIM(G, w, r)
1
       for each u \in G.V
             u.key = \infty
2
3
      r.key = 0
4
                        ACNIGN+ FLOON)
                                             E≥V-1 → A
V= A(E)
      Q = G.V
5
6
       while Q \neq \emptyset
           u = \text{EXTRACT-MIN}(Q) \rightarrow \text{g. Vios.}
7
           for each v \in G.Adj[u]
8
9
                if v \in Q and w(u, v) < v.key
10
                     v.\pi = u
11
                     v.key = w(u, v)
                     become - tol + & (ElogV)
```

(2) Kruskal's algorithm

```
MST-KRUSKAL(G, w)
                                                   manthu +O(V+E)
       A = \emptyset
1
                                                      → D (mo(1)) = O ((V+E)x(N))
2
       for each vertex v \in G.V
                                                                     * ((£x(n))
3
            MAKE-SET(v) \rightarrow \land
       sort the edges of G.E into nondecreasing order by weight w \rightarrow b
4
       for each edge (u, v) \subseteq G.E, taken in nondecreasing order by weight
5
6
            if FIND-SET(u) \neq FIND-SET(v) \rightarrow +
7
                 A = A \cup \{(u, v)\}
                                                             O(Eloge FEX(n))
Eava + 0 coposut 8)
                 UNION(u, v) \rightarrow u
8
9
       return A
```