In [1]:

```
1 ### 라이브러리 및 데이터 불러오기
 2 # 필요한 라이브러리를 불러온다.
 3 import torch
 4 | import torch.nn as nn
 5 from torch.optim import Adam
 6 from torchvision import datasets, transforms
   from torch.utils.data import DataLoader
   from torch.autograd import Variable
   import pickle
 9
10
   # 데이터 전처리 방식을 지정한다.
11
12
   transform = transforms.Compose([
           transforms.ToTensor(), # 데이터를 PyTorch의 Tensor 형식으로 바꾼다.
13
(14)
           transforms.Normalize(mean=(0.5,), std=(0.5,)) # 픽셀값 0 \sim 1 \rightarrow -1 \sim 1
                                                               내에 대 0~12 바뀌는 캠말.
15
   ])
16
   # MNIST 데이터셋을 불러온다. 지정한 폴더에 없을 경우 자동으로 다운로드한다.
17
   mnist = datasets.MNIST(root='data', download=True, transform=transform)
19
20 # 데이터를 한번에 batch size만큼만 가져오는 dataloader를 만든다.
  dataloader = DataLoader(mnist, batch_size=60, shuffle=True)
```

In [2]:

```
import os
 1
 2
    import imageio
 3
 4
    if torch.cuda.is_available():
 5
        use_gpu = True
 6
    leave log = True
 7
    if leave log:
 8
        result_dir = 'GAN_generated_images'
 9
        if not os.path.isdir(result_dir):
10
            os.mkdir(result_dir)
```

In [3]:

```
### GAN의 생성자(Generator)
   # 생성자는 랜덤 벡터 z를 입력으로 받아 가짜 이미지를 출력한다.
   class Generator(nn.Module):
       # 네트워크 구조
 5
                                                            Z100
 6
       def init (self):
           super(Generator, self).__init__()
 7
 8
           self.main = nn.Sequential(
 9
               nn.Linear(in_features=100, out_features=256),
               nn.LeakyReLU(0.2, inplace=True),
10
11
               nn.Linear(in_features=256, out_features=512),
               nn.LeakyReLU(0.2, inplace=True),
12
               nn.Linear(in_features=512, out_features=1024),
13
14
               nn.LeakyReLU(0.2, inplace=True),
               nn.Linear(in_features=1024, out_features=28*28),
15
16
               nn.Tanh())
17
       # (batch size x 100) 크기의 랜덤 벡터를 받아
18
       # 이미지를 (batch size x 1 x 28 x 28) 크기로 출력한다.
19
       def forward(self, inputs):
20
21
           return self.main(inputs).view(-1, 1, 28, 28)
```

In [4]:

```
### GAN의 구분자(Discriminator)
   # 구분자는 이미지를 입력으로 받아 이미지가 진짜인지 가짜인지 출력한다.
 2
   class Discriminator(nn.Module):
 4
 5
       # 네트워크 구조
 6
       def __init__(self):
 7
           super(Discriminator, self).__init__
 8
           self.main = nn.Sequential(
               nn.Linear(in features=18*28) out features=1024)
 9
               nn.LeakyReLU(0.2, inplace=False),
10
               nn.Dropout(inplace=True),
11
               nn.Linear(in features=1024, out features=512)
12
13
               nn.LeakyReLU(0.2, inplace=False),
14
               nn.Dropout(inplace=True),
               nn.Linear(in features=512, out features=256),
15
16
               nn.LeakyReLU(0.2, inplace=False),
17
               nn.Dropout(inplace=True),
               nn.Linear(in_features=256, out_features 1)
18
19
               nn.Sigmoid())
20
       # (batch size x 1 x 28 x 28) 크기의 이미지를 받아
21
       # 이미지가 진짜일 확률을 0~1 사이로 출력한다.
22
       def forward(self, inputs):
23
24
           inputs = inputs.view(-1, 28*28)
25
           return self.main(inputs)
```

In [5]:

```
1 ### 생성자와 구분자 객체 만들기
2 G = Generator()
3 D = Discriminator()
4 
5 if use_gpu:
    G.cuda()
7 D.cuda()
```

In [6]:

```
1 ### 손실 함수와 최적화 기법 지정하기
2 # Binary Cross Entropy loss
3 criterion = nn.BCELoss()
4
5 # 생성자의 매개 변수를 최적화하는 Adam optimizer
6 G_optimizer = Adam(G.parameters(), lr=0.0002, betas=(0.5, 0.999))
7 # 구분자의 매개 변수를 최적화하는 Adam optimizer
8 D_optimizer = Adam(D.parameters(), lr=0.0002, betas=(0.5, 0.999))
```

In [7]:

```
# 학습 결과 시각화하기
    %matplotlib inline
    from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
 4
    import numpy as np
 5
    def square_plot(data, path):
        """Take an array of shape (n, height, width) or (n, height, width , 3)
 7
           and visualize each (height, width) thing in a grid of size approx. sqrt(n) by sqrt(n)"""
 8
 9
10
        if type(data) == list:
            data = np.concatenate(data)
11
12
        # normalize data for display
        data = \overline{(data - data.min())} / (data.max() - data.min()) - | \sim | \rightarrow 0 \sim |
(I3)
14
        # force the number of filters to be square
15
        n = int(np.ceil(np.sqrt(data.shape[0])))
16
17
        padding = (((0, n ** 2 - data.shape[0]) ,
18
                    (0, 1), (0, 1)) # add some space between filters
19
20
                   + ((0, 0),) * (data.ndim - 3)) # don't pad the last dimension (if there is one)
        data = np.pad(data , padding, mode='constant' , constant_values=1) # pad with ones (white)
21
22
23
        # tilethe filters into an image
        data = data.reshape((n, n) + data.shape[1:]).transpose((0, 2, 1, 3) + tuple(range(4, d
24
25
26
        data = data.reshape((n * data.shape[1] , n * data.shape[3]) + data.shape[4:])
27
28
        plt.imsave(path, data, cmap='gray')
```

In [8]:

```
if leave_log:
    train_hist = {}
    train_hist['D_losses'] = []
    train_hist['G_losses'] = []
    generated_images = []

z_fixed = Variable(torch.randn(5 * 5, 100), volatile=True)
if use_gpu:
    z_fixed = z_fixed.cuda()
```

<ipython-input-8-8b401d4d980b>:7: UserWarning: volatile was removed and now has no e
ffect. Use `with torch.no_grad():` instead.
 z_fixed = Variable(torch.randn(5 * 5, 100), volatile=True)

In [13]:

```
1
   ### 모델 학습을 위한 반복문
   # 데이터셋을 100번 돌며 학습한다.
 2
 3
   for epoch in range(100):
 4
 5
       if leave log:
          D losses = []
 6
          G losses = []
 7
 8
 9
       # 한번에 batch_size만큼 데이터를 가져온다.
10
       for real data, in dataloader:
          batch_size = real_data.size(0)
11
12
           # 데이터를 pytorch의 변수로 변환한다.
13
14
          real_data = Variable(real_data)
                                                            atch size
15
16
           ### 구분자 학습시키기
17
           # 이미지가 진짜일 때 정답 값은 1이고 가짜일 때는 0이다.
18
           # 정답지에 해당하는 변수를 만든다.
19
20
          target_real = Variable(torch.ones(batch_size, 1))
21
          target_fake = Variable(torch.zeros(batch_size, 1))
                                                                        0
22
23
           if use gpu:
24
              real_data, target_real, target_fake = real_data.cuda(), target_real.cuda(), target_
25
           # 진짜 이미지를 구분자에 넣는다.
26
27
          D_result_from_real = D(real_data)
           # 구분자의 출력값이 정답지인 1에서 멀수록 Loss가 높아진다.
28
29
          D_loss_real = criterion(D_result_from_real, target_real)
                                                                1002131 Vector
                         D实名
30
           # 생성자에 입력으로 줄 랜덤 벡터 z를 만든다.
31
(32)
          z = Variable(torch.randn((batch_size, 100)))
33
                                                             2
34
           if use_gpu:
35
              z = z.cuda()
36
                                           ( normal distribution)
           # 생성자로 가짜 이미지를 생성한다.
37
(38)
          fake_data = G(z)
39
           # 생성자가 만든 가짜 이미지를 구분자에 넣는다.
40
41
          D result from fake = D(fake data)
           # 구분자의 출력값이 정답지인 0에서 멀수록 loss가 높아진다.
42
43
          D_loss_fake = criterion(D_result_from_fake, target_fake)
                       D$$2
44
           # 구분자의 loss는 두 문제에서 계산된 loss의 합이다.
45
46
          D_loss = D_loss_real + D_loss_fake
                     DUS
47
                                D8/82
           # 구분자의 매개 변수의 미분값을 0으로 초기화한다.
48
49
          D.zero_grad()
           # 역전파를 통해 매개 변수의 loss에 대한 미분값을 계산한다.
50
51
          D_loss.backward()
           # 최적화 기법을 이용해 구분자의 매개 변수를 업데이트한다.
52
53
          D_optimizer.step()
54
55
           if leave_log:
56
              D_losses.append(D_loss.data.item())
57
58
           # train generator G
59
```

```
60
            ### 생성자 학습시키기
61
            # 생성자에 입력으로 줄 랜덤 벡터 z를 만든다.
62
            z = Variable(torch.randn((batch size, 100)))
63
64
            if use_gpu:
65
                z = z.cuda()
66
67
            # 생성자로 가짜 이미지를 생성한다.
68
69
            # 생성자가 만든 가짜 이미지를 구분자에 넣는다.
70
            D result from fake = D(fake data)
71
            # 생성자의 입장에서 구분자의 출력값이 1에서 멀수록 loss가 높아진다.
72
            G_loss = criterion(D_result_from_fake, target_real)
            # 생성자의 매개 변수의 미분값을 0으로 초기화한다.
75
            G.zero grad()
76
            # 역전파를 통해 매개 변수의 Loss에 대한 미분값을 계산한다.
77
78
            G loss.backward()
            # 최적화 기법을 이용해 생성자의 매개 변수를 업데이트한다.
79
80
            G optimizer.step()
81
            if leave log:
82
83
                G_losses.append(G_loss.data.item())
        if leave log:
84
85
            true_positive_rate = (D_result_from_real > 0.5).float().mean().data.item()
86
            true negative rate = (D result from fake < 0.5).float().mean().data.item()
            base_message = ("Epoch: {epoch:<3d} D Loss: {d_loss:<8.6} G Loss: {g_loss:<8.6} "
87
                           "True Positive Rate: {tpr:<5.1%} True Negative Rate: {tnr:<5.1%}"
88
89
            message = base_message.format(
90
91
                        epoch=epoch,
                       d_loss=sum(D_losses)/len(D_losses),
92
93
                        g loss=sum(G losses)/len(G losses),
94
                        tpr=true_positive_rate,
95
                        tnr=true_negative_rate
96
97
            print(message)
98
99
        if leave_log:
100
            fake_data_fixed = G(z_fixed)
            image_path = result_dir + '/epoch{}.png'.format(epoch)
101
            square_plot(fake_data_fixed.view(25, 28, 28).cpu().data.numpy(), path=image_path)
102
103
            generated_images.append(image_path)
104
105
        if leave_log:
            train_hist['D_losses'].append(torch.mean(torch.FloatTensor(D_losses)))
106
107
            train_hist['G_losses'].append(torch.mean(torch.FloatTensor(G_losses)))
108
    torch.save(G.state_dict(), "gan_generator.pkl")
109
    torch.save(D.state_dict(), "gan_discriminator.pkl")
110
111
    with open('gan_train_history.pkl', 'wb') as f:
        pickle.dump(train_hist, f)
112
113
    generated_image_array = [imageio.imread(generated_image) for generated_image in generated_image
114
    imageio.mimsave(result_dir + '/GAN_generation.gif', generated_image_array, fps=5)
115
```

```
Epoch: 0 D Loss: 0.675597 G Loss: 2.4401 True Positive Rate: 86.7% True Negative Rate: 100.0%
```

```
D Loss: 0.62179 G Loss: 2.40634 True Positive Rate: 81.7% True Negati
Epoch: 1
ve Rate: 98.3%
          D Loss: 0.756454 G Loss: 1.994
Epoch: 2
                                            True Positive Rate: 71.7% True Negati
ve Rate: 93.3%
Epoch: 3
          D Loss: 0.901167 G Loss: 1.6013
                                            True Positive Rate: 61.7% True Negati
ve Rate: 68.3%
Epoch: 4 D Loss: 0.966424 G Loss: 1.40884 True Positive Rate: 70.0% True Negati
ve Rate: 80.0%
          D Loss: 1.06734 G Loss: 1.21014 True Positive Rate: 78.3% True Negati
Epoch: 5
ve Rate: 83.3%
Epoch: 6 D Loss: 1.10436 G Loss: 1.14163 True Positive Rate: 63.3% True Negati
ve Rate: 75.0%
Epoch: 7 D Loss: 1.12438 G Loss: 1.10729 True Positive Rate: 73.3% True Negati
ve Rate: 68.3%
Epoch: 8 D Loss: 1.1447 G Loss: 1.08023 True Positive Rate: 63.3% True Negati
ve Rate: 90.0%
Epoch: 9
          D Loss: 1.16998 G Loss: 1.04394 True Positive Rate: 61.7% True Negati
ve Rate: 76.7%
Epoch: 10 D Loss: 1.18633 G Loss: 1.01089 True Positive Rate: 51.7% True Negati
ve Rate: 81.7%
Epoch: 11 D Loss: 1.20961 G Loss: 0.973225 True Positive Rate: 61.7% True Negati
ve Rate: 80.0%
Epoch: 12 D Loss: 1.2198 G Loss: 0.962458 True Positive Rate: 56.7% True Negati
ve Rate: 76.7%
Epoch: 13 D Loss: 1.23816 G Loss: 0.92789 True Positive Rate: 46.7% True Negati
ve Rate: 73.3%
Epoch: 14 D Loss: 1.24362 G Loss: 0.924061 True Positive Rate: 50.0% True Negati
ve Rate: 78.3%
Epoch: 15 D Loss: 1.2499 G Loss: 0.912016 True Positive Rate: 40.0% True Negati
ve Rate: 70.0%
Epoch: 16 D Loss: 1.26288 G Loss: 0.892861 True Positive Rate: 56.7% True Negati
ve Rate: 70.0%
Epoch: 17 D Loss: 1.26077 G Loss: 0.893253 True Positive Rate: 51.7% True Negati
ve Rate: 80.0%
Epoch: 18 D Loss: 1.26579 G Loss: 0.888503 True Positive Rate: 58.3% True Negati
ve Rate: 61.7%
Epoch: 19 D Loss: 1.27449 G Loss: 0.878842 True Positive Rate: 73.3% True Negati
ve Rate: 66.7%
Epoch: 20 D Loss: 1.27637 G Loss: 0.874628 True Positive Rate: 61.7% True Negati
ve Rate: 83.3%
Epoch: 21 D Loss: 1.27423 G Loss: 0.876046 True Positive Rate: 48.3% True Negati
ve Rate: 56.7%
Epoch: 22 D Loss: 1.27934 G Loss: 0.866685 True Positive Rate: 60.0% True Negati
ve Rate: 60.0%
Epoch: 23 D Loss: 1.27966 G Loss: 0.865575 True Positive Rate: 53.3% True Negati
ve Rate: 83.3%
Epoch: 24 D Loss: 1.2798 G Loss: 0.864793 True Positive Rate: 45.0% True Negati
ve Rate: 71.7%
Epoch: 25 D Loss: 1.27903 G Loss: 0.868448 True Positive Rate: 56.7% True Negati
ve Rate: 63.3%
Epoch: 26 D Loss: 1.28216 G Loss: 0.86383 True Positive Rate: 61.7% True Negati
ve Rate: 66.7%
Epoch: 27 D Loss: 1.28537 G Loss: 0.857613 True Positive Rate: 45.0% True Negati
ve Rate: 66.7%
Epoch: 28 D Loss: 1.28281 G Loss: 0.862414 True Positive Rate: 46.7% True Negati
ve Rate: 71.7%
Epoch: 29 D Loss: 1.28035 G Loss: 0.864972 True Positive Rate: 55.0% True Negati
ve Rate: 71.7%
Epoch: 30 D Loss: 1.27817 G Loss: 0.870954 True Positive Rate: 55.0% True Negati
ve Rate: 65.0%
Epoch: 31 D Loss: 1.27735 G Loss: 0.870821 True Positive Rate: 58.3% True Negati
```

ve Rate: 85.0% Epoch: 32 D Loss: 1.27742 G Loss: 0.870563 True Positive Rate: 56.7% True Negati ve Rate: 65.0% Epoch: 33 D Loss: 1.28021 G Loss: 0.867131 True Positive Rate: 73.3% True Negati ve Rate: 75.0% Epoch: 34 D Loss: 1.27597 G Loss: 0.874014 True Positive Rate: 61.7% True Negati ve Rate: 70.0% Epoch: 35 D Loss: 1.27769 G Loss: 0.870908 True Positive Rate: 63.3% True Negati ve Rate: 66.7% Epoch: 36 D Loss: 1.27822 G Loss: 0.872324 True Positive Rate: 53.3% True Negati ve Rate: 61.7% Epoch: 37 D Loss: 1.27767 G Loss: 0.86911 True Positive Rate: 68.3% True Negati ve Rate: 70.0% Epoch: 38 D Loss: 1.27412 G Loss: 0.87391 True Positive Rate: 73.3% True Negati ve Rate: 60.0% Epoch: 39 D Loss: 1.27743 G Loss: 0.869919 True Positive Rate: 53.3% True Negati ve Rate: 68.3% Epoch: 40 D Loss: 1.2753 G Loss: 0.878193 True Positive Rate: 48.3% True Negati ve Rate: 65.0% Epoch: 41 D Loss: 1.27803 G Loss: 0.86842 True Positive Rate: 56.7% True Negati ve Rate: 65.0% Epoch: 42 D Loss: 1.28235 G Loss: 0.87137 True Positive Rate: 58.3% True Negati ve Rate: 71.7% Epoch: 43 D Loss: 1.27834 G Loss: 0.872655 True Positive Rate: 56.7% True Negati ve Rate: 81.7% Epoch: 44 D Loss: 1.2806 G Loss: 0.869648 True Positive Rate: 53.3% True Negati ve Rate: 68.3% Epoch: 45 D Loss: 1.27753 G Loss: 0.871985 True Positive Rate: 51.7% True Negati ve Rate: 46.7% Epoch: 46 D Loss: 1.27931 G Loss: 0.868883 True Positive Rate: 68.3% True Negati ve Rate: 63.3% Epoch: 47 D Loss: 1.28316 G Loss: 0.866255 True Positive Rate: 51.7% True Negati ve Rate: 71.7% Epoch: 48 D Loss: 1.27679 G Loss: 0.871868 True Positive Rate: 73.3% True Negati ve Rate: 61.7% Epoch: 49 D Loss: 1.28183 G Loss: 0.866442 True Positive Rate: 65.0% True Negati ve Rate: 68.3% Epoch: 50 D Loss: 1.27979 G Loss: 0.870687 True Positive Rate: 51.7% True Negati ve Rate: 70.0% Epoch: 51 D Loss: 1.27697 G Loss: 0.873522 True Positive Rate: 48.3% True Negati ve Rate: 63.3% Epoch: 52 D Loss: 1.28354 G Loss: 0.867277 True Positive Rate: 63.3% True Negati ve Rate: 85.0% Epoch: 53 D Loss: 1.27663 G Loss: 0.876767 True Positive Rate: 61.7% True Negati ve Rate: 76.7% Epoch: 54 D Loss: 1.27448 G Loss: 0.877351 True Positive Rate: 61.7% True Negati ve Rate: 65.0% G Loss: 0.869467 True Positive Rate: 60.0% True Negati Epoch: 55 D Loss: 1.28 ve Rate: 68.3% Epoch: 56 D Loss: 1.27695 G Loss: 0.871021 True Positive Rate: 75.0% True Negati ve Rate: 68.3% Epoch: 57 D Loss: 1.28288 G Loss: 0.862851 True Positive Rate: 61.7% True Negati ve Rate: 78.3% Epoch: 58 D Loss: 1.27752 G Loss: 0.872078 True Positive Rate: 65.0% True Negati ve Rate: 61.7% Epoch: 59 D Loss: 1.28368 G Loss: 0.86175 True Positive Rate: 45.0% True Negati ve Rate: 73.3% Epoch: 60 D Loss: 1.28211 G Loss: 0.867707 True Positive Rate: 53.3% True Negati ve Rate: 83.3% Epoch: 61 D Loss: 1.28513 G Loss: 0.860972 True Positive Rate: 66.7% True Negati ve Rate: 80.0%

```
Epoch: 62 D Loss: 1.2834 G Loss: 0.862185 True Positive Rate: 55.0% True Negati
ve Rate: 60.0%
Epoch: 63 D Loss: 1.27846 G Loss: 0.868512 True Positive Rate: 50.0% True Negati
ve Rate: 71.7%
Epoch: 64 D Loss: 1.28168 G Loss: 0.863583 True Positive Rate: 51.7% True Negati
ve Rate: 86.7%
Epoch: 65 D Loss: 1.2817 G Loss: 0.861713 True Positive Rate: 48.3% True Negati
ve Rate: 66.7%
Epoch: 66 D Loss: 1.2831 G Loss: 0.864848 True Positive Rate: 55.0% True Negati
ve Rate: 70.0%
Epoch: 67 D Loss: 1.2829 G Loss: 0.861824 True Positive Rate: 63.3% True Negati
ve Rate: 65.0%
Epoch: 68 D Loss: 1.28819 G Loss: 0.855423 True Positive Rate: 48.3% True Negati
ve Rate: 50.0%
Epoch: 69 D Loss: 1.28134 G Loss: 0.863536 True Positive Rate: 43.3% True Negati
ve Rate: 65.0%
Epoch: 70 D Loss: 1.28313 G Loss: 0.860871 True Positive Rate: 68.3% True Negati
ve Rate: 60.0%
Epoch: 71 D Loss: 1.28711 G Loss: 0.857076 True Positive Rate: 55.0% True Negati
ve Rate: 70.0%
Epoch: 72 D Loss: 1.28596 G Loss: 0.858733 True Positive Rate: 53.3% True Negati
ve Rate: 66.7%
Epoch: 73 D Loss: 1.28542 G Loss: 0.855485 True Positive Rate: 53.3% True Negati
ve Rate: 66.7%
Epoch: 74 D Loss: 1.28934 G Loss: 0.853749 True Positive Rate: 58.3% True Negati
ve Rate: 58.3%
Epoch: 75 D Loss: 1.29019 G Loss: 0.852499 True Positive Rate: 70.0% True Negati
ve Rate: 70.0%
Epoch: 76 D Loss: 1.28586 G Loss: 0.854936 True Positive Rate: 60.0% True Negati
ve Rate: 71.7%
Epoch: 77 D Loss: 1.28598 G Loss: 0.856553 True Positive Rate: 43.3% True Negati
ve Rate: 81.7%
Epoch: 78 D Loss: 1.29109 G Loss: 0.85129 True Positive Rate: 51.7% True Negati
ve Rate: 75.0%
Epoch: 79 D Loss: 1.2907 G Loss: 0.848362 True Positive Rate: 46.7% True Negati
ve Rate: 71.7%
Epoch: 80 D Loss: 1.29118 G Loss: 0.85118 True Positive Rate: 55.0% True Negati
ve Rate: 78.3%
Epoch: 81 D Loss: 1.28922 G Loss: 0.850126 True Positive Rate: 58.3% True Negati
ve Rate: 75.0%
Epoch: 82 D Loss: 1.28609 G Loss: 0.855902 True Positive Rate: 65.0% True Negati
ve Rate: 70.0%
Epoch: 83 D Loss: 1.28652 G Loss: 0.85632 True Positive Rate: 56.7% True Negati
ve Rate: 60.0%
Epoch: 84 D Loss: 1.29146 G Loss: 0.850562 True Positive Rate: 51.7% True Negati
ve Rate: 76.7%
Epoch: 85 D Loss: 1.294 G Loss: 0.844387 True Positive Rate: 65.0% True Negati
ve Rate: 78.3%
Epoch: 86 D Loss: 1.29125 G Loss: 0.849909 True Positive Rate: 51.7% True Negati
ve Rate: 68.3%
Epoch: 87 D Loss: 1.29092 G Loss: 0.847983 True Positive Rate: 45.0% True Negati
ve Rate: 73.3%
Epoch: 88 D Loss: 1.29201 G Loss: 0.848245 True Positive Rate: 40.0% True Negati
ve Rate: 68.3%
Epoch: 89 D Loss: 1.29433 G Loss: 0.843447 True Positive Rate: 53.3% True Negati
ve Rate: 76.7%
Epoch: 90 D Loss: 1.29687 G Loss: 0.84468 True Positive Rate: 63.3% True Negati
ve Rate: 65.0%
Epoch: 91 D Loss: 1.29631 G Loss: 0.840685 True Positive Rate: 63.3% True Negati
ve Rate: 65.0%
```

Epoch: 92 D Loss: 1.29476 G Loss: 0.841257 True Positive Rate: 51.7% True Negati ve Rate: 83.3% Epoch: 93 D Loss: 1.29734 G Loss: 0.841508 True Positive Rate: 48.3% True Negati ve Rate: 76.7% Epoch: 94 D Loss: 1.29597 G Loss: 0.840039 True Positive Rate: 58.3% True Negati ve Rate: 81.7% Epoch: 95 D Loss: 1.29261 G Loss: 0.845269 True Positive Rate: 71.7% True Negati ve Rate: 65.0% Epoch: 96 D Loss: 1.29588 G Loss: 0.841494 True Positive Rate: 63.3% True Negati ve Rate: 71.7% Epoch: 97 D Loss: 1.29863 G Loss: 0.839284 True Positive Rate: 65.0% True Negati ve Rate: 66.7% Epoch: 98 D Loss: 1.29274 G Loss: 0.845982 True Positive Rate: 58.3% True Negati ve Rate: 56.7% Epoch: 99 D Loss: 1.29441 G Loss: 0.84067 True Positive Rate: 58.3% True Negati ve Rate: 66 7%

In [78]:

- 1 **from** IPython.display **import** Image
- 2 import cv2
- 3 import numpy as np

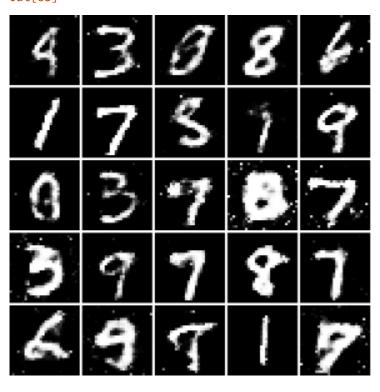
Out[78]:

True

In [83]:

- 1 img = cv2.imread('./GAN_generated_images/epoch49.png')
- 2 img = cv2.resize(img, None, fx=2.5, fy=2.5, interpolation=cv2.INTER_AREA)
- 3 cv2.imwrite('./GAN_generated_images/epoch49.png',img)
- 4 Image(filename='./GAN_generated_images/epoch49.png')

Out[83]:

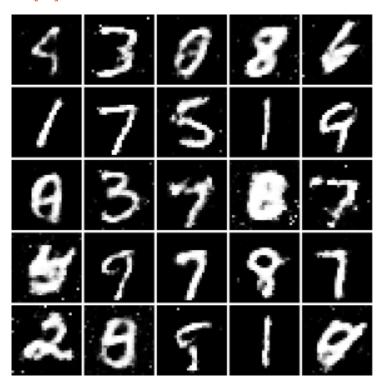




In [82]:

```
img = cv2.imread('./GAN_generated_images/epoch59.png')
img = cv2.resize(img, None, fx=2.5, fy=2.5, interpolation=cv2.INTER_AREA)
cv2.imwrite('./GAN_generated_images/epoch59.png',img)
Image(filename='./GAN_generated_images/epoch59.png')
```

Out[82]:

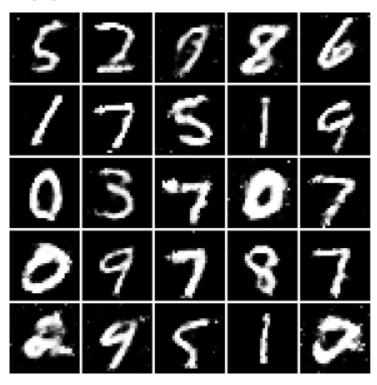




In [80]:

- img = cv2.imread('./GAN_generated_images/epoch73.png')
 img = cv2.resize(img, None, fx=2.5, fy=2.5, interpolation=cv2.INTER_AREA)
 cv2.imwrite('./GAN_generated_images/epoch73.png',img)
 Image(filename='./GAN_generated_images/epoch73.png')

Out[80]:

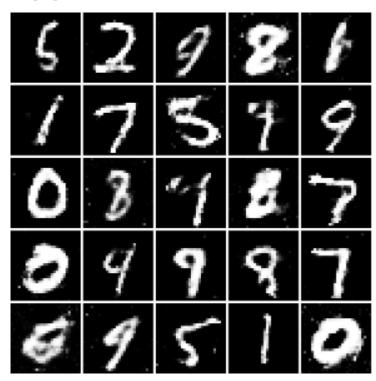




In [84]:

img = cv2.imread('./GAN_generated_images/epoch89.png')
img = cv2.resize(img, None, fx=2.5, fy=2.5, interpolation=cv2.INTER_AREA)
cv2.imwrite('./GAN_generated_images/epoch89.png',img)
Image(filename='./GAN_generated_images/epoch89.png')

Out[84]:

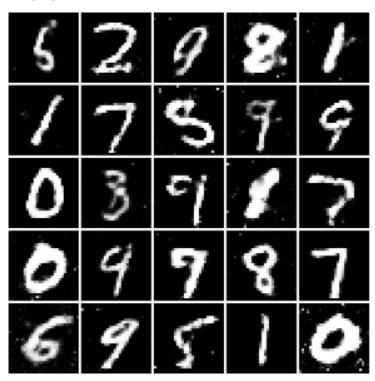




In [81]:

```
img = cv2.imread('./GAN_generated_images/epoch93.png')
img = cv2.resize(img, None, fx=2.5, fy=2.5, interpolation=cv2.INTER_AREA)
cv2.imwrite('./GAN_generated_images/epoch93.png',img)
Image(filename='./GAN_generated_images/epoch93.png')
```

Out[81]:

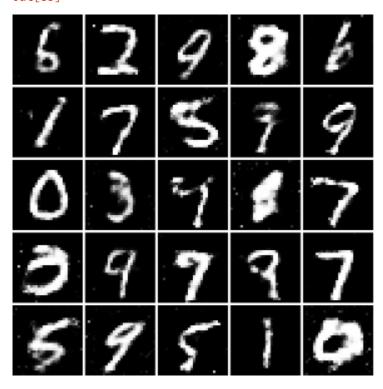




In [85]:

```
img = cv2.imread('./GAN_generated_images/epoch99.png')
img = cv2.resize(img, None, fx=2.5, fy=2.5, interpolation=cv2.INTER_AREA)
cv2.imwrite('./GAN_generated_images/epoch99.png',img)
Image(filename='./GAN_generated_images/epoch99.png')
```

Out[85]:





In []:

1