#### Homework 3 Karsen Diepholz A20371990

#### **Exercises:**

2.

- a. Support for e = 8/10 = .8 Support for item {b,d} = 2/10 = .2 Support for item {b,d,e} = 2/10 = .2
- b. Confidence for rule  $\{b,d\} \rightarrow \{e\} = .2/.2 = 100\%$ Confidence for rule  $\{e\} \rightarrow \{b,d\} = .2/.8 = 25\%$ Confidence is not symmetric.
- c. Support for  $\{e\} = \% = .8$ Support for  $\{b,d\} = 5/5 = 1$ Support for  $\{b,d,e\} = \% = .8$
- d. Confidence  $\{b,d\} \rightarrow \{e\} = .8/1 = 80\%$ Confidence  $\{e\} \rightarrow \{b,d\} = .8/.8 = 100\%$
- e. There are no apparent relationships between  $s_1, s_2, c_1, c_2$  according to our measured values.

6.

- a. Total Rules =  $3^{\text{items}}$ - $2^{(\text{items}+1)}$ +1 Total Rules =  $3^{6}$ - $2^{7}$ +1 = 602 Maximum number of rules is 602
  - b. Since minsup > 0, all items are frequent items.
    But the maximum size of frequent item sets that can be is the maximum number of items in one transaction, so in this case, 4.
  - c. Number of data items = 6  $(\frac{6}{3}) = 20$

d.

Item Set	Support Count
milk, beer	1
milk, diapers	4
mild, bread	3
milk, butter	2

milk, cookies	1
beer, diapers	3
beer, bread	0
beer, butter	0
beer, cookies	2
diapers, bread	2
diapers, butter	3
diapers, cookies	1
bread, butter	5
bread, cookies	1
butter, cookies	1

e. Confidence of  $\{a\} \rightarrow \{b\} = support\{a,b\}/support\{a\}$ 

Confidence {bread}  $\rightarrow$  {butter} = 5/5 = 1

Confidence {butter}  $\rightarrow$  {bread} = 5/5 = 1

8.

a.

Item		Support
	1	5
	2	5
	3	6
	4	4
	5	4

 $\{1,2,3\}$ :  $\{1,2,3,4\}$ ,  $\{1,2,3,5\}$ 

{1,2,4}: {1,2,4,5}

{1,2,5}: not possible to extend

{1,3,4}: {1,3,4,5}

 $\{1,3,4\}$ : no new items

{2,3,4}: {2,3,4,5}

 $\{2,3,5\}$ : no new items

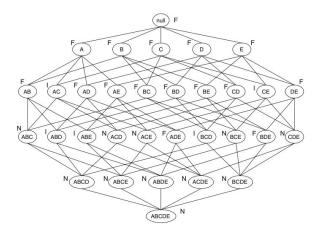
{3,4,5}: not possible to extend

All candidates: {1,2,3,4},{1,2,3,5},{1,2,3,6},{1,2,4,5},{1,2,4,6},{1,2,5,6}

- b. All candidates: {1,2,3,4}, {1,2,3,5}, {1,2,4,5}, {2,3,4,5}, {2,3,4,6}
- c. {1,2,3,4} is the only candidate that will survive the pruning step.

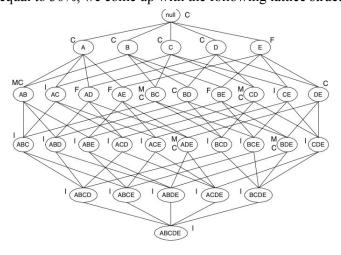
9.

a. Lattice set:



- b. The number of frequent itemsets is given by f/total number = 16/32 = 50%
- c. The pruning ratio is given by the ratio of N to the total number of itemsets (32). N=11, so 11/32 = 34%
- d. The number of *I* is 5, so 5/32 = 15.6%

12. With threshold equal to 30%, we come up with the following lattice structure:



13.

a.

	С	$\overline{c}$
b	3	4
$\bar{b}$	2	1

	d	$\bar{d}$
a	4	1
ā	5	0

	d	$\bar{d}$
b	6	1
$\overline{b}$	3	0

	С	$\overline{c}$
e	2	4
$\overline{e}$	3	1

	a	$\overline{a}$
c	2	3
$\overline{c}$	3	2

a. Support

Rules	Support	Rank
b> c	0.3	3
a> d	0.4	2
b> d	0.6	1
e> c	0.2	4
c> a	0.2	4

### Confidence

Rules	Confidence	Rank
b> c	3/7	3
a> d	4/5	2
b> d	6/7	1
e> c	2/6	5
c> a	2/5	4

### Interest $(x \rightarrow y)$

Rules	Interest	Rank
b> c	0.214	3
a> d	0.72	2
b> d	0.771	1
e> c	0.167	5
c> a	0.2	4

# IS $(x \rightarrow y)$

Rules	IS(x> y)	Rank
b> c	0.507	3
a> d	0.596	2
b> d	0.756	1
e> c	0.365	5
c> a	0.4	4

## Klosgen $(x \rightarrow y)$

Rules	Klosgen	Rank
b> c	-0.039	2
a> d	-0.063	4
b> d	-0.033	1
e> c	-0.075	5

c> a	-0.045	3
------	--------	---

Odds Ratio  $(x \rightarrow y)$ 

Rules	Odds Ratio	Rank
b> c	0.375	2
a> d	0	4
b> d	0	4
e> c	0.167	3
c> a	0.444	1

20.

a. Support(A) = .1, Support(B) = .9, Support (A,B) = .09  
Interest(A,B) = 9, 
$$\phi$$
(A,B) = .89  
 $c(A \rightarrow B) = .9$ ,  $c(B \rightarrow A) = .9$ 

b. Support(A) = .9, Support(B) = .9, Support(A,B) = .89  
Interest(A,B) = 1.09, 
$$\phi$$
(A,B) = .89  
 $c(A \rightarrow B) = .98, c(B \rightarrow A) = .98$ 

c. Interest, support, and confidence are non-invariant if and only if the  $\phi$ -coefficient is invariant. This is because the  $\phi$ -coefficient takes into account absence and presence of an item.