Built-in Functions

Functions and Wildcards in PostgreSQL



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Questions





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Functions in PostgreSQL

SQL Functions



- String Functions manipulating text
 - e.g., concatenate column values
- Math Functions calculations and working with aggregate data
 - e.g., perform geometric and currency operations
- Date/Time Functions
 - e.g., compute the length of a time span
- A great variety of Other Functions
 - have a look at the <u>official documentation</u>





Concatenation



Concatenating arguments

```
SELECT CONCAT(first_name, ' ',last_name) AS full_name
FROM authors;
```

- Concatenating with a specific separator
 - Skips any NULL values after the separator argument

```
SELECT CONCAT_WS(', ', last_name, born)
AS summary
FROM authors;
```

Extracting Substring (1)



Extract a part of a string

```
SUBSTRING(string, start_position, length)
SELECT SUBSTRING('SoftUni', 5, 3)
Uni
```

Example: get a short summary of a book

```
SELECT title,
    year_of_release,
    SUBSTRING(description, 1, 50) || '...' AS
summary
FROM books;
```

Extracting Substring (2)



Another way of writing the same function

```
SUBSTRING(string FROM start_position FOR length)
```

```
SELECT SUBSTRING('SoftUni' FROM 5 FOR 3)
```

Uni

Example: get full names in the format "A. Christie"

Problem: Find Book Titles



- Write a query to find all book titles that start with "The"
 - Query table books from the book_library database



Solution: Find Book Titles



```
SELECT title FROM books
WHERE SUBSTRING(title, 1, 3) = 'The'
ORDER BY id;
```



	title character varying (100)
1	The Mysterious Affair at Styles
2	The Big Four
3	The Murder at the Vicarage
4	The Mystery of the Blue Train
5	The Ring
6	The Alchemist
7	The Fifth Mountain
8	The Zahir

Get Chars



Get characters from the beginning or the end of a string

```
LEFT(string, count)

RIGHT(string, count)
```

Example: short titles (first 10 letters)

```
SELECT id, year_of_release,
    LEFT(title, 10) AS short_title
FROM books;
```

Replacing Strings



- Replacing all occurrences of a string with another
 - Performs a case-sensitive matching

```
REPLACE(string, pattern, replacement)

REPLACE('SoftUni', 'Soft', 'Hard')

HardUni
```

Example: censor the word 'Murder' from book titles

```
SELECT REPLACE(title, 'Murder', '******')
AS title_censored
FROM books;
```

Problem: Replace Titles



- Write a query to find all book titles that start with "The" and replace the substring with "***"
 - Query table books from the book_library database

	Title text
1	*** Mysterious Affair at Styles
2	*** Big Four
3	*** Murder at the Vicarage
4	*** Mystery of the Blue Train
5	*** Ring
6	*** Alchemist
7	*** Fifth Mountain
8	*** Zahir

Solution: Replace Titles



SELECT REPLACE(title, 'The','***')
 AS "Title"
FROM books
WHERE SUBSTRING(title, 1, 3) = 'The'
ORDER BY id;



Title text
*** Mysterious Affair at Styles
*** Big Four
*** Murder at the Vicarage
*** Mystery of the Blue Train
*** Ring
*** Alchemist
*** Fifth Mountain
*** Zahir

Remove Unwanted Chars



Remove spaces/chars from both sides of a string

```
SELECT TRIM(string)

SELECT TRIM(BOTH ' ' FROM ' Uni ' )
```

Remove spaces/chars from the left side of a string

```
SELECT TRIM(LEADING FROM string)
```

Remove spaces/chars from the right side of a string

```
SELECT TRIM(TRAILING FROM string)
```

Other String Functions



Change letter casing

```
LOWER(string)
```

UPPER(string)

Reverse order of all characters in a string

```
REVERSE(string)
```

Repeat string

REPEAT(string, count)

Count Number of Chars



Count the number of characters in a string

```
LENGTH(string)
```

```
CHAR_LENGTH(string)
```

Count the number of bits in a string

```
BIT_LENGTH(string)
```

More string functions at <u>PostgreSQL documentation</u>



Math Functions

Arithmetic Operators and Numeric Functions

Math Functions



- PostgreSQL supports basic arithmetic operations
- Problem: find the area of triangles by the given side and height

id [PK] integer	side numeric	height numeric
1	2	4
2	1	18
3	4.5	3
4	8	12
5	3	5



id [PK] integer	area numeric
1	4.00000000000000000
2	9.0000000000000000
3	6.75000000000000000
4	48.00000000000000000
5	7.50000000000000000

```
SELECT id,
    (side*height)/2 AS area
FROM triangles
ORDER BY id;
```



Arithmetic Operators



Supported common arithmetic operators

Operator/ Function	n Description
	Subtraction
+	Addition
*	Multiplication
1	Division
%, MOD(a, b)	Modulo
^, POWER(a, b)	Exponentiation
<pre>//, SQRT(a)</pre>	Square root
@, ABS(a) Absolute value	

Math Functions(1)



Get the value of Pi (15-digit precision)

```
SELECT PI(); #3.141592653589793
```

Get the result from an integer division

```
SELECT DIV(11, 2); #5
```

FLOOR & CEILING



FLOOR & CEILING – return the nearest integer

```
FLOOR(value)

SELECT FLOOR(33.68); #33

CEILING(value)

SELECT CEILING(33.68); #34
```

Math Functions (2)



ROUND – obtain desired precision

```
ROUND(value)
                             Can be negative
ROUND(value, precision)
SELECT ROUND(33.6888);
                           #34
SELECT ROUND(33.6888, 2); #33.69
SELECT ROUND(33.6888,-1); #30
```

Math Functions (3)



TRUNC - truncate to n decimal places

```
TRUNC(value)

SELECT TRUNC(12.588); #12

TRUNC(value, precision)

SELECT TRUNC(12.588, 1); #12.5
```

Problem: Format Costs



- Write a query to display each book's title and cost
 - Query table books from the book_library database
 - Format the cost to 3 digits after the decimal point
 - Name the column modified_price

title character varying (100)	modified_price numeric
Unfinished Portrait	15.990
The Mysterious Affair at Styles	17.990
The Big Four	14.990
The Murder at the Vicarage	13.990
The Mystery of the Blue Train	12.990
Julius Caesar	11.990
Timon of Athens	13.990
As You Like It	18.990

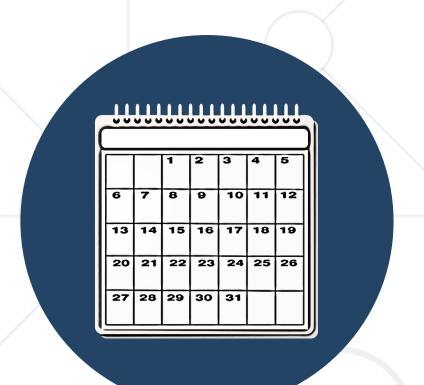
Solution: Format Costs



SELECT title,
 TRUNC(cost, 3)
AS modified_price
FROM books
ORDER BY id;



title character varying (100)	modified_price numeric
Unfinished Portrait	15.990
The Mysterious Affair at Styles	17.990
The Big Four	14.990
The Murder at the Vicarage	13.990
The Mystery of the Blue Train	12.990
Julius Caesar	11.990
Timon of Athens	13.990
As You Like It	18.990



Date/Time Functions

Date Functions (1)



- EXTRACT extract a segment from a date as an integer
 - Part can be second, minute, hour, day, week, month, year

```
EXTRACT(part FROM date)
```

AGE – find the difference between two dates

```
AGE(first_date, second_date)
```

Date Functions – Example: Life Span



- Write a query to calculate how long have authors lived
 - Use AGE
 - Query table authors

Full Name text	Life Span interval
Agatha Christie	85 years 3 mons 27 days
William Shakespeare	51 years 11 mons 27 days
Danielle Schuelein-Steel	[null]
Joanne Rowling	[null]
Lev Tolstoy	82 years 2 mons 11 days
Paulo Souza	[null]
Stephen King	[null]
John Tolkien	81 years 7 mons 30 days

Solution Example: Life Span





Full Name text	Life Span interval
Agatha Christie	85 years 3 mons 27 days
William Shakespeare	51 years 11 mons 27 days
Danielle Schuelein-Steel	[null]
Joanne Rowling	[null]
Lev Tolstoy	82 years 2 mons 11 days
Paulo Souza	[null]
Stephen King	[null]
John Tolkien	81 years 7 mons 30 days

Problem & Solution: Year of Birth



- Write a query to show the author's year of birth
 - Use EXTRACT
 - Query table authors

SELECT first_name, last_name,
 EXTRACT(year FROM born)
 AS year
FROM authors;



first_name character varying (30)	last_name character varying (30)	year numeric
Agatha	Christie	1890
William	Shakespeare	1564
Danielle	Schuelein-Steel	1947
Joanne	Rowling	1965
Lev	Tolstoy	1828
Paulo	Souza	1947
Stephen	King	1947

Date/Time Functions (2)



NOW – obtains the current date and time, including time zone

```
SELECT NOW(); #2023-02-23 10:49:42.662178+02
```

CURRENT DATE and CURRENT TIME

```
SELECT CURRENT_DATE; #2023-02-23

SELECT CURRENT_TIME; #10:55:17.495425+02:00
```

TO_CHAR – formats the date value according to the format

```
SELECT TO_CHAR(NOW(), 'DD Month YYYY') AS "Date";
#23 February 2023
```

Problem: Format Dates of Birth



- Write a query to display each author's last name, date of birth
 - Query table authors from the book_library database
 - Format the born field, for example, 15 (Mon) Sep 1890
 - Name the column Date of Birth

Last Name character varying (30)	Date of Birth text
Christie	15 (Mon) Sep 1890
Shakespeare	26 (Sun) Apr 1564
Schuelein-Steel	14 (Mon) Jul 1947
Rowling	31 (Sat) Jul 1965
Tolstoy	09 (Tue) Sep 1828
Souza	24 (Sun) Aug 1947
King	21 (Sun) Sep 1947

Solution: Format Dates of Birth



SELECT last_name AS "Last Name",
 TO_CHAR(born,
 'DD (Dy) Mon YYYYY') AS
 "Date of Birth"
FROM authors;



Last Name character varying (30)	Date of Birth text
Christie	15 (Mon) Sep 1890
Shakespeare	26 (Sun) Apr 1564
Schuelein-Steel	14 (Mon) Jul 1947
Rowling	31 (Sat) Jul 1965
Tolstoy	09 (Tue) Sep 1828
Souza	24 (Sun) Aug 1947
King	21 (Sun) Sep 1947



Wildcards

Selecting Results by Partial Match

Wildcards



- Used to substitute any other character(s) in a string
 - '%' represents zero, one, or multiple characters
 - '_' represents a single character
 - Can be used in combinations
- Used with LIKE operator in a WHERE clause
 - Similar to Regular Expressions



Wildcards – Examples



Find any values that start with "S"

```
WHERE last_name LIKE 'S%';
```

Find any values that have "o" in the second position

```
WHERE middle_name LIKE '_o%';
```

Find any values that start with "A" and end with "a"

```
WHERE first_name LIKE 'A%a';
```

Wildcard Escape Characters



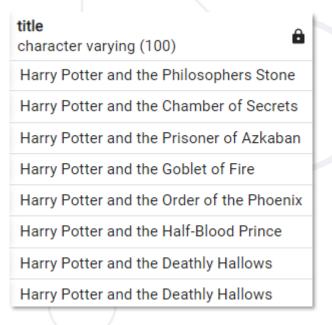
ESCAPE – specify a prefix to treat special characters as normal

```
SELECT id, last_name FROM authors WHERE last_name LIKE '%1!_%' ESCAPE '!';
```

Problem: Harry Potter Books



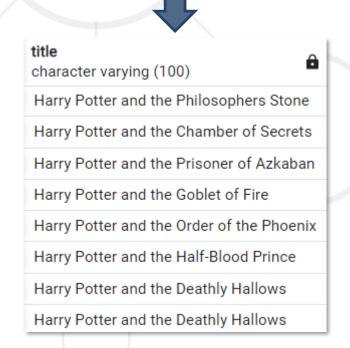
- Write a query to retrieve information about the titles of all Harry Potter books
 - Use Wildcards
 - Query book_library database, table books



Solution: Harry Potter Books



SELECT title FROM books
WHERE title LIKE '%Harry Potter%'
ORDER BY id;



Summary



- PostgreSQL provides various built-in functions
 - String functions
 - Math functions
 - Date/Time functions
- Using Wildcards, we can obtain results by partial string matches
 - WHERE clause and LIKE operator





Questions?

















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