Phys 3810, Spring 2009 Problem Set #2

- 1. Griffiths, **2.10**
- 2. Griffiths, 2.11
- 3. Griffiths, 2.15
- 4. Griffiths, 2.19
- 5. Griffiths, 2.21
- **6.** Using Maple or the computer–math system of your choice, plot the square of the wave function for the 50th stationary state of the QM harmonic oscillator.

We'll use Eq. (2.85) of course, but if all we want is the appearance of the graph (to get a picture like Fig. (2.7) in the book) we don't need a specific m and ω because we can use the unitless variable ξ . We also don't need to worry about the normalization. So we just need to use the terms of (2.85) which depend on ξ . With these, the plot needs to go from about $\xi = -20$ to $\xi = 20$. (You decide how to show it the best.)

Recall in Maple to define a function, do (like):

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f(x) := 4*x^3 + 3*x^2 - 8;
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The Hermite polynomials are available in Maple with the function

HermiteH(n, x)

And to plot your defined function f(x), do like:

$$plot(f(x), x=-10..10);$$

Let's show Griffiths that he's not such a tough guy with his impressive-looking Fig. (2.7). You may want to try the 100th state, and... hell, get the 1000th state!