

Phys 1120-4 11/21/12

Note Title

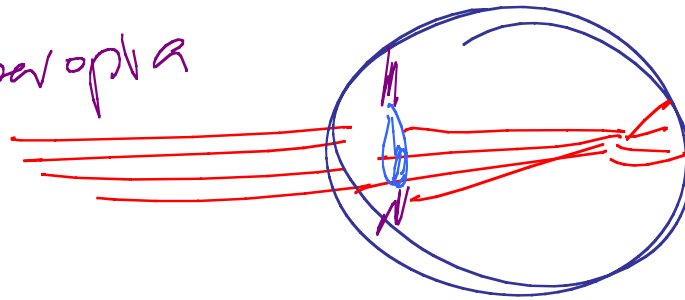
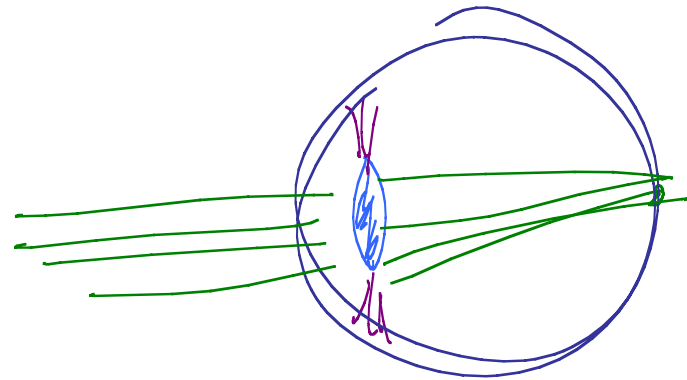
11/21/2012

Lenses

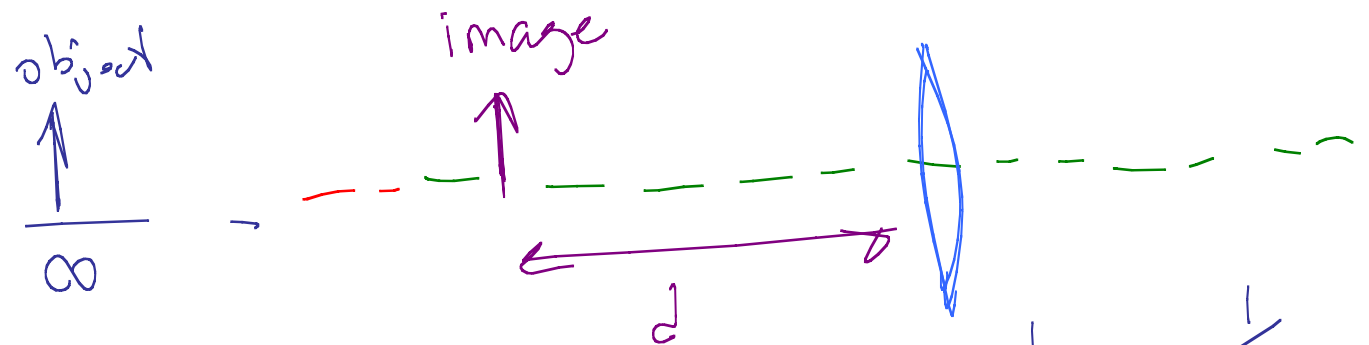
Eye!

Nearsightedness

Myopia, Hyperopia



Such a person can focus objects at a distance d . (Far point)



Strategy

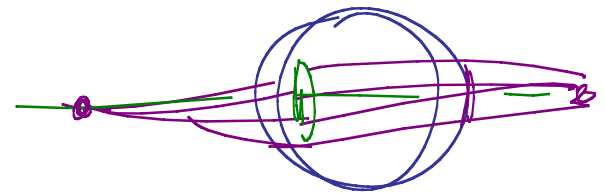
Take $S = \infty$ $S' = -d \rightarrow \frac{1}{\infty} + \frac{1}{(-d)} = \frac{1}{f}$
 $f = -d$ Diverging

Another problem

Farsightedness
Presbyopia

Normal
eye all
can't handle

$$S < 25 \text{ cm}$$



Can see things as close as d (near point)

Strategy: Object is at 25 cm
Image is at d

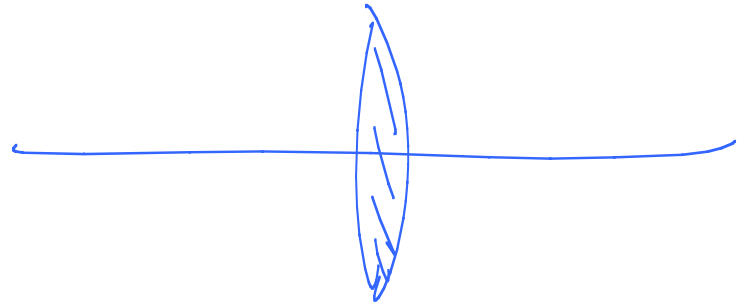
$$d > 25 \text{ cm}$$

$$\frac{1}{25\text{cm}} + \frac{1}{(-d)} = \frac{1}{f}$$

$$\frac{1}{f} \quad m^{-1} = \text{diopter}$$

$$d > 25 \text{ m}$$

$$f > 0 \quad \text{Convex}$$



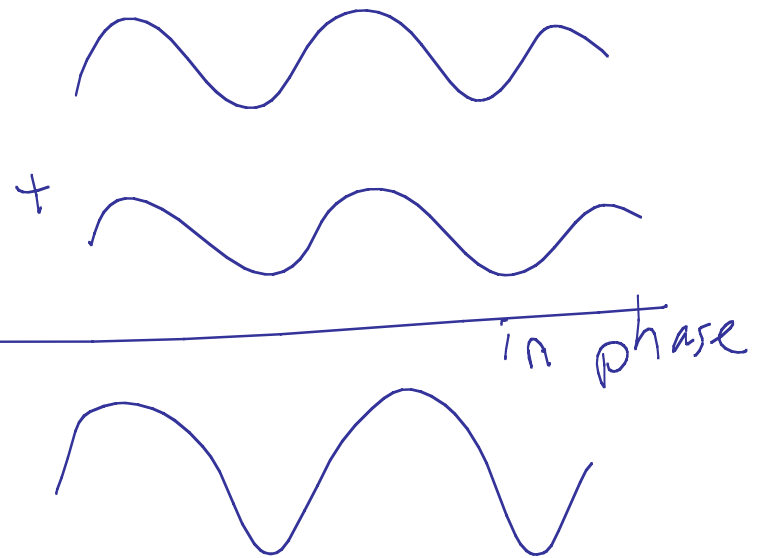
Chap 32

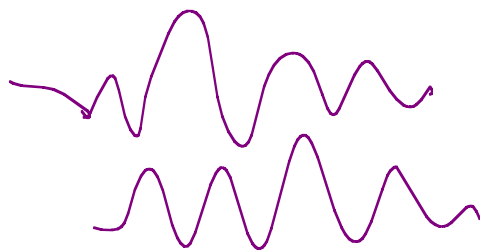
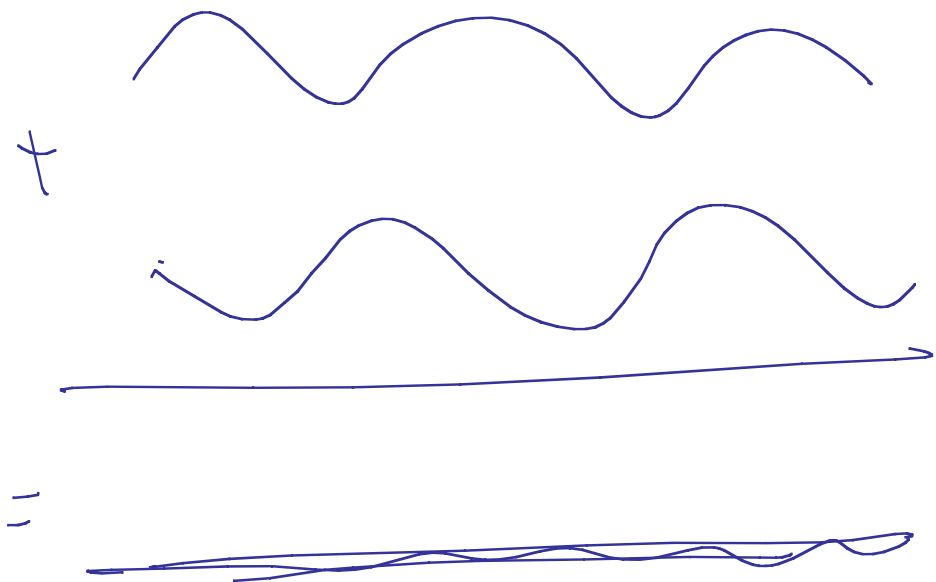
Interference & Diffraction

Wave nature of light

Recall waves from 2110

Constructive
interference





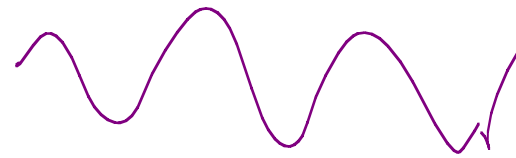
Destructive interference

Normally light
is : ~~not~~ monochromatic

Not coherent

Bits of light not in
phase

Laser light is coherent



Do experiments

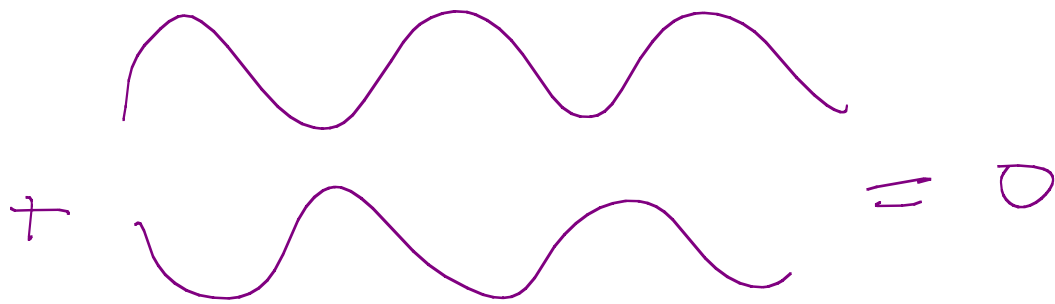
where sometimes
have const inter
destruct inter.

We "hold back" part
of wave,
waves cancel or add

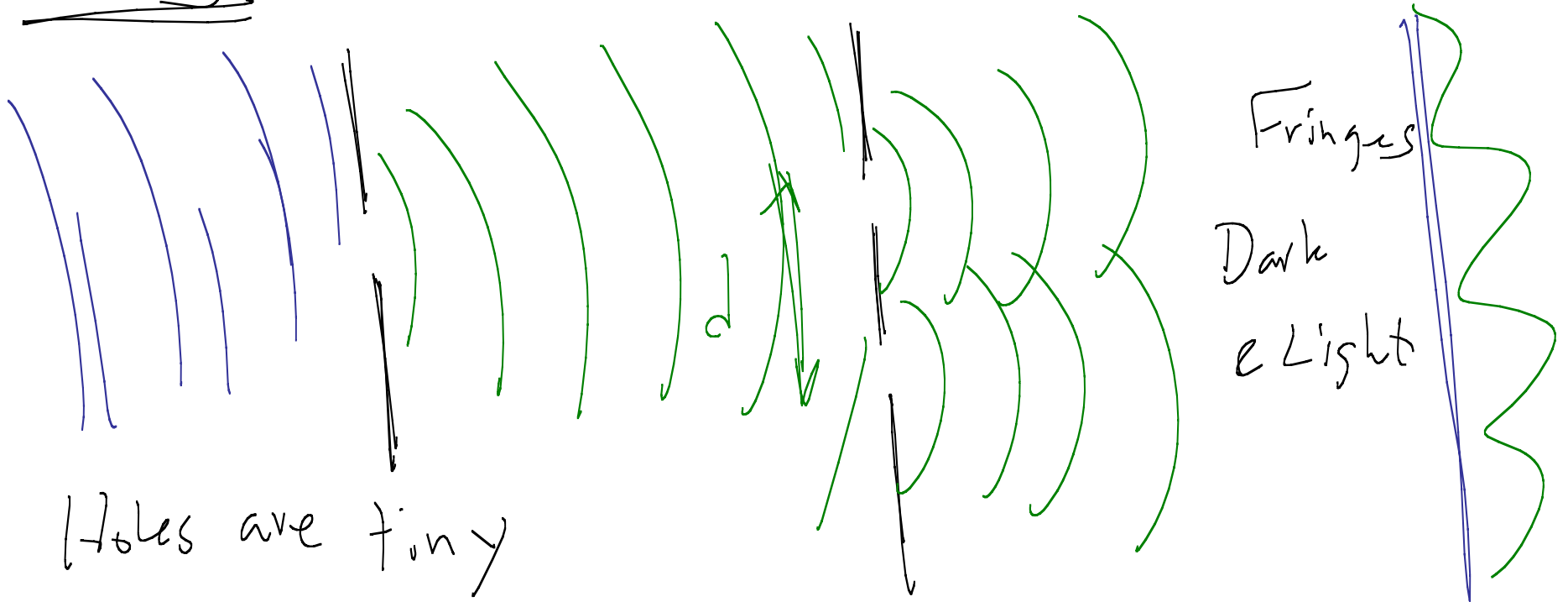
If we hold one wave back by integer #
wavelengths, still in phase constructive

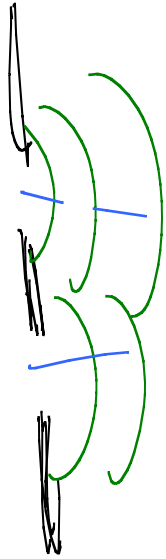
hold one wave back $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{3}{2}$, $\frac{5}{2}$

half - odd # of wavelengths, destructive



Young Double-Slit Expt ~1801





Light - Waves are full λ different. Constructive
Dah

- One wave is half $\frac{1}{2} \lambda$ behind other

- Same phase Light

More to come...