

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Phys 121, Section 2

Quiz #1

1. Express  $0.106 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{cm}^2}$  in units of  $\frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^2}$ .

$$0.106 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{cm}^2} = \left(0.106 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{cm}^2}\right) \left(\frac{1 \text{ kg}}{10^3 \text{ g}}\right) \left(\frac{100 \text{ cm}}{1 \text{ m}}\right)^2$$

$$= \boxed{1.06 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^2}}$$

2. Vector **A** has magnitude 3.12 and points at  $40.0^\circ$  above the  $x$  axis; vector **B** has magnitude 11.3 and points at  $62^\circ$  below the  $x$  axis.

Find the magnitude and direction of  $\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B}$ .

$$A_x = (3.12) \cos 40^\circ = 2.390$$

$$A_y = (3.12) \sin 40^\circ = 2.005$$

$$B_x = (11.3) \cos(-62^\circ) = 5.305$$

$$B_y = (11.3) \sin(-62^\circ) = -9.977$$

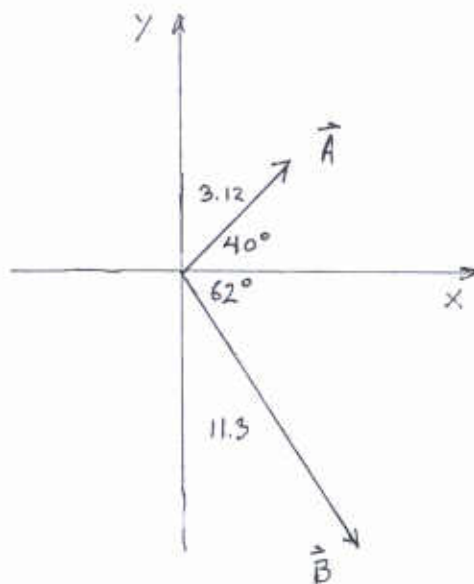
with  $\vec{C} = \vec{A} + \vec{B}$ , then

$$C_x = A_x + B_x = 7.695$$

$$C_y = A_y + B_y = -7.972$$

$$\text{mag. of } \vec{A} + \vec{B} \text{ is } C = \sqrt{C_x^2 + C_y^2} = \boxed{11.08}$$

$$\text{Direction is } \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{C_y}{C_x}\right) = \boxed{-46.0^\circ}$$



3. A rock is thrown straight down from the top of a tall building with speed  $10.0 \frac{m}{s}$ .

a) After 3.0 s, what is the speed of the rock?

$$v_0 = -10.0 \frac{m}{s} \quad a = -9.8 \frac{m}{s^2}$$

At  $t = 3.0 s$ ,

$$v = v_0 + at = (-10.0 \frac{m}{s}) + (-9.8 \frac{m}{s^2})(3.0 s)$$

$$= -39.4 \frac{m}{s} \Rightarrow \text{Speed is } |v| = 39.4 \frac{m}{s}$$

a) After 3.0 s, how far has the rock fallen?

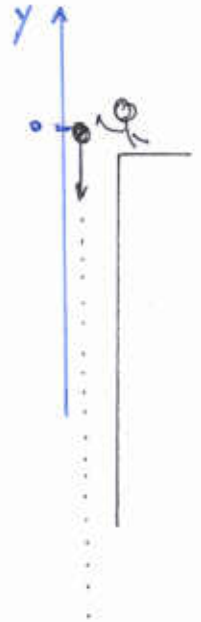
At  $t = 3.0 s$ ,

$$y = v_0 t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2 = (-10.0 \frac{m}{s})(3.0 s) + \frac{1}{2} (-9.8 \frac{m}{s^2})(3.0 s)^2$$

$$= -74.1 m$$

Rock has fallen

$$74.1 m$$



$$A_x = A \cos \theta \quad A_y = A \sin \theta$$

$$A = \sqrt{A_x^2 + A_y^2}$$

$$\theta = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{A_y}{A_x} \right)$$

You must show all your work!

$$g = 9.8 \frac{m}{s^2} \quad v = v_0 + at \quad x = v_0 t + \frac{1}{2} at^2$$

$$v^2 = v_0^2 + 2ax \quad x = \frac{1}{2}(v_0 + v)t$$

$$1 m = 10^2 cm$$

$$1 kg = 10^3 g$$