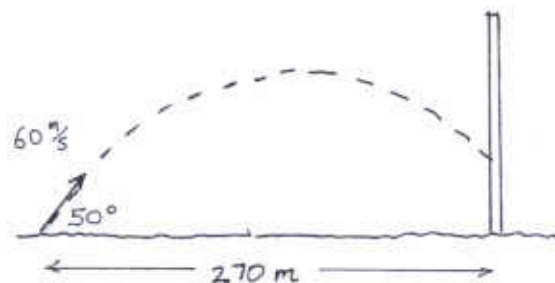


Name _____

Phys 121

Quiz #2

1. A projectile is fired from ground level with an initial speed of $60 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$ at an angle of 50° above the horizontal toward a vertical wall 270 m from the launch point.



a) What is the x -component of the velocity when the projectile strikes the wall?

V_x does not change since $a_x = 0$

$$V_x = V_{0x} = 60 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \cdot \cos 50^\circ = \boxed{38.6 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}}$$

b) At what time (after launching) does the projectile strike the wall?

When does $x = 270 \text{ m}$?

$$x = v_{0x} t = (38.6 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}) t$$

$$270 \text{ m} = (38.6 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}) t \quad t = \frac{270 \text{ m}}{38.6 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}} = \boxed{7.00 \text{ s}}$$

c) What is the initial y -component of the projectile's velocity?

$$v_{0y} = 60 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \sin 50^\circ = \boxed{46.0 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}}$$

d) At what height does the projectile strike the wall?

At $t = 7.00 \text{ s}$,

$$\begin{aligned} y &= v_{0y} t + \frac{1}{2} a_y t^2 \\ &= (46.0 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}})(7.00 \text{ s}) + \frac{1}{2} (-9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2})(7.00 \text{ s})^2 \\ &= \boxed{81.6 \text{ m}} \end{aligned}$$

e) What is the speed of the projectile when it strikes the wall?

At $t = 7.00 \text{ s}$,

$$\begin{aligned} v_y &= v_{0y} + a_y t \\ &= 46.0 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} + (-9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2})(7.00 \text{ s}) \\ &= -22.6 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \end{aligned}$$

and $v_x = 38.6 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$

So $v = \sqrt{(38.6 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}})^2 + (-22.6 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}})^2} = 44.7 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$

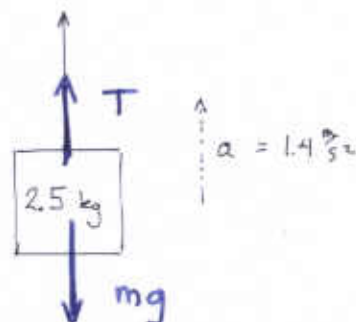
2. A 2.5-kg mass is pulled vertically upward by a string, such that it is given a constant upward acceleration of $1.4 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$. What is the tension in the string?

Forces are as shown.

$$T - mg = ma$$

$$T = mg + ma = m(g + a)$$

$$= (2.5 \text{ kg})(9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} + 1.4 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}) = 28 \text{ N}$$



3. A 4.0-kg mass is dragged over a rough surface with a coefficient of kinetic friction 0.25 by a horizontal force of 30 N what is its acceleration?

Here, $F_N = mg$.

The x-forces give:

$$30 \text{ N} - f_k = ma$$

$$30 \text{ N} - \mu_k F_N = 30 \text{ N} - \mu_k mg = 30 \text{ N} - (0.25)(4.0 \text{ kg})(9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}) = 20.2 \text{ N} = ma$$

You must show all your work!

$$a = \frac{20.2 \text{ N}}{4.0 \text{ kg}}$$

$$A_x = A \cos \theta \quad A_y = A \sin \theta \quad A = \sqrt{A_x^2 + A_y^2} \quad \theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{A_y}{A_x}$$

$$v = v_{0x} + a_x t \quad v = v_{0y} + a_y t \quad x = v_{0x} t + \frac{1}{2} a_x t^2 \quad y = v_{0y} t + \frac{1}{2} a_y t^2$$

$$v_x^2 = v_{0x}^2 + 2a_x x \quad v_y^2 = v_{0y}^2 + 2a_y y \quad v_x^2 = v_{0x}^2 + 2a_x x \quad v_y^2 = v_{0y}^2 + 2a_y y$$

$$F = ma \quad f_s^{\text{max}} = \mu_s F_N \quad f_k = \mu_k F_N \quad g = 9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \quad \text{Weight} = mg$$

$$= 5.05 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$