Phys 3820, Fall 2012 Problem Set #3

- 1. Griffiths, 7.6
- 2. Griffiths, 7.13
- 3. Griffiths, 7.14
- 4. Griffiths, 7.19
- **5.** Griffiths, **8.4**
- **6.** Griffiths, **8.7** For this one, you should use the result given in Eq. (8.51), though we didn't derive it:

$$\int_{x_1}^{x_2} p(x) \, dx = (n - \frac{1}{2})\pi\hbar \quad \text{for} \quad n = 1, 2, 3, \dots$$