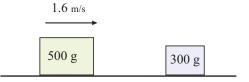
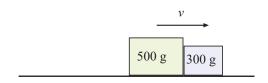
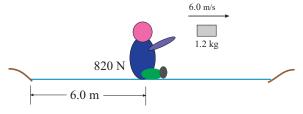
## Phys 2010 (NSCC), Spring 2007 Problem Set #7

1. A 500 g cart moves to the right on a one-dimensional track with a speed of  $1.6 \frac{m}{s}$ ; it strikes and sticks to a 300 g cart which is at rest. What is the speed of (combined) mass after the collision?



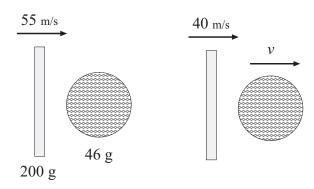


2. A 820-N man (that's his weight) sits in the middle of a frozen pond of radius 6.0 m. He is unable to get to the other side because of a lack of friction between his posterior and the ice. To overcome this difficulty, he throws his 1.2-kg physics textbook horizontally toward the



north shore at a speed of  $6.0\frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$ . How long does it take him to reach the south shore?

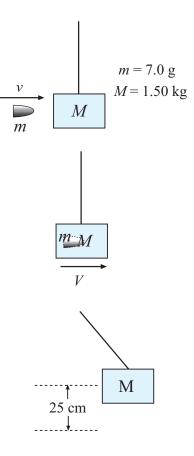
**3.** High-speed photographs show that the head of a 200-g golf club is traveling at  $55 \frac{m}{s}$  just before it strikes a 46-g golf ball at rest on a tee. After the collision, the club head travels (in the same direction) at  $40 \frac{m}{s}$ . Find the speed of the golf ball just after impact.



**4.** Find the total kinetic energy of the objects before and after the collision in problem 3. How much kinetic energy was lost?

 $\bf 5.~A~7.0\mbox{-}g$  bullet is fired into a 1.5-kg ballistic pendulum. The bullet sticks in the block and the block rises to a maximum height of 25 cm.

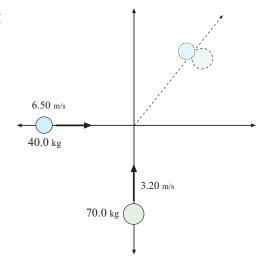
Using energy conservation, find the speed which the pendulum bob (and embedded bullet) must have had just after the collision.



**6.** In Problem 5, find the initial speed of the bullet.

7. On a frictionless surface, a 40.0 kg mass is moving in the +x direction with a speed of 6.50  $\frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$  and a 70.0 kg mass is in the +y direction with a speed of 3.20  $\frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$ ; they collide and stick together.

Find the velocity components  $(v_x \text{ and } v_y)$  of the combined mass after the collision



**8.** In problem 7 find the speed and direction of motion of the combined mass after the collision.