Name\_

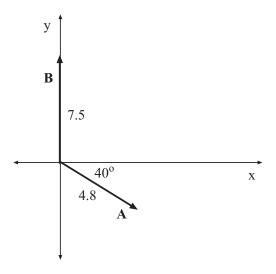
Feb. 14, 2007

1. Convert  $5.5 \frac{g}{cm^2}$  to units of  $\frac{kg}{m^2}$ 

$$5.5 \frac{g}{cm^2} = (5.5 \frac{g}{cm^2}) \left(\frac{1 \text{ kg}}{1000 \text{ g}}\right) \left(\frac{100 \text{ cm}}{1 \text{ m}}\right)^2 = 55 \frac{kg}{m^2}$$

**2.** Vector **A** has a magnitude of 4.8 and is directed at  $40^{\circ}$  below the x axis. Vector **B** has a magnitude of 7.5 and points in the +y direction.

Find the magnitude and direction of A + B.



The components of the vectors are:

$$A_x = 4.8\cos 40^\circ = 3.68$$
  $A_y = -4.8\sin 40^\circ = -3.09$   $B_x = 0$   $B_y = +7.5$ 

If C = A + B then

$$C_x = A_x + B_x = 3.68$$
  $C_y = A_y + B_y = 4.41$ 

The magnitude of C is

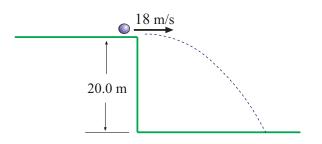
$$C = \sqrt{C_x^2 + C_y^2} = 5.74$$

and it points at and angle  $\theta$ , where

$$\tan \theta = \frac{C_y}{C_x} = 1.20 \implies \theta = 50.2^{\circ}$$

(That is the correct angle since both components of C are positive.)

**3.** A golf ball flies off the edge of a cliff (horizontally) with a speed of  $18.0\frac{m}{s}$ . The cliff has a height of 20.0 m.



a) How long does the ball spend in flight?

Here,  $v_{0x}=18.0\frac{\rm m}{\rm s}$ ,  $v_{oy}=0$ ,  $a_x=0$ ,  $a_y=-9.8\frac{\rm m}{\rm s^2}$ . Find the time at which y=-20.0 m. The y equation of motion gives

$$y = -20.0 \text{ m} = 0 + \frac{1}{2}(-9.8\frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2})t^2 \implies t^2 = \frac{2(20.0 \text{ m})}{(9.8\frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2})} = 4.08 \text{ s}^2$$

Then:

$$t = 2.02 \text{ s}$$

b) How far does the ball land from the base of the cliff?

Find the value of x at the time found in part (a). The x equation of motion gives:

$$x = (18.0 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}})t + 0 = (18.0 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}})(2.02 \text{ s}) = 36.4 \text{ m}$$

You must show all your work and include the right units with your answers!

$$A_{x} = A\cos\theta \qquad A_{y} = A\sin\theta \qquad A = \sqrt{A_{x}^{2} + A_{y}^{2}} \qquad \tan\theta = A_{y}/A_{x}$$
 
$$v_{x} = v_{0x} + a_{x}t \qquad x = v_{0x}\Delta t + \frac{1}{2}a_{x}t^{2} \qquad v_{x}^{2} = v_{0x}^{2} + 2a_{x}x \qquad x = \frac{1}{2}(v_{0x} + v_{x})t$$
 
$$v_{y} = v_{0y} + a_{y}t \qquad y = v_{0y}\Delta t + \frac{1}{2}a_{y}t^{2} \qquad v_{y}^{2} = v_{0y}^{2} + 2a_{y}y \qquad y = \frac{1}{2}(v_{0y} + v_{y})t$$
 
$$g = 9.80\frac{m}{s^{2}} \qquad \mathbf{F}_{net} = m\mathbf{a}$$