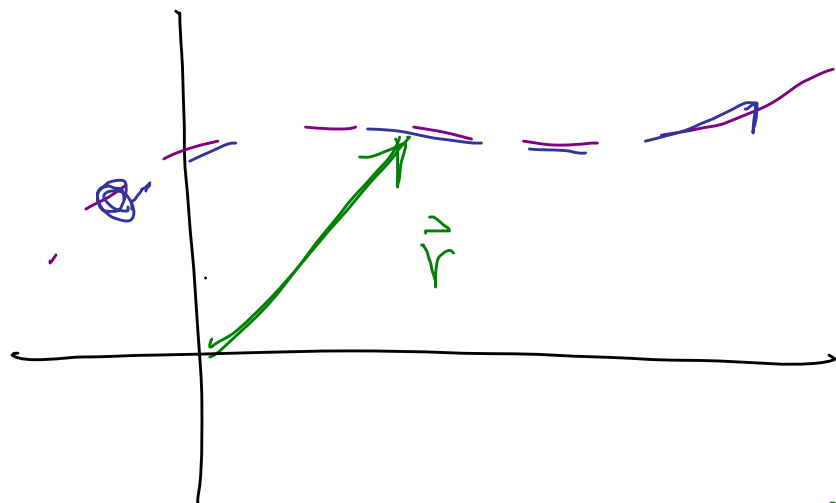


Phys 2110-4

1/27/12

Note Title

1/27/2012



$$\vec{r} = x\hat{i} + y\hat{j}$$

$$\vec{v} = v_x\hat{i} + v_y\hat{j}$$

$$v_x = \frac{dx}{dt} \quad v_y = \frac{dy}{dt}$$

$$\vec{a} = a_x\hat{i} + a_y\hat{j}$$

$$a_x = \frac{dv_x}{dt} \quad a_y = \frac{dv_y}{dt}$$

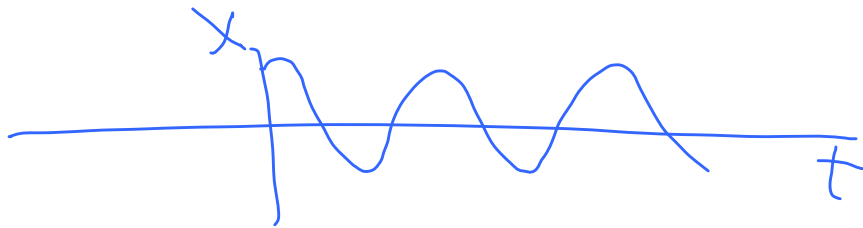
constant
acceleration

$$X = X_0 + V_{x0}t + \frac{1}{2}a_xt^2$$

$$V_x = V_{x0} + a_xt$$

$$V_x^2 = V_{x0}^2 + 2a_x(x - X_0)$$

$$X = X_0 + \frac{1}{2}(V_x + V_{x0})t$$



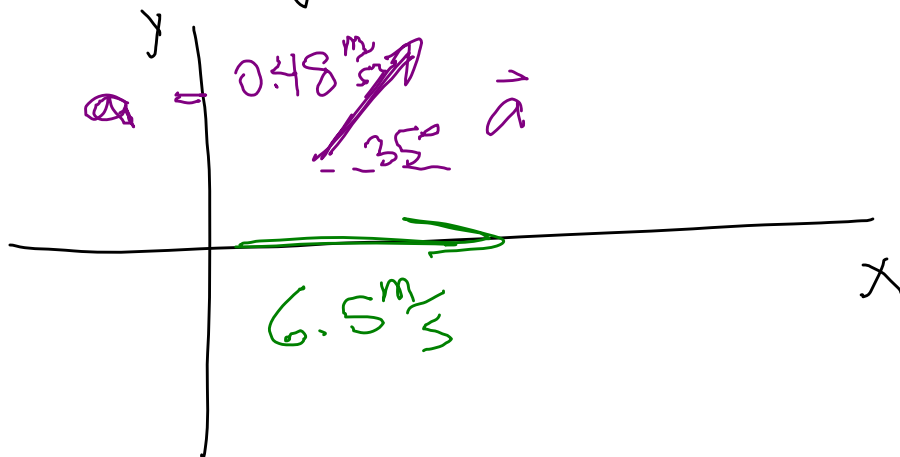
$$y = y_0 + V_{y0}t + \frac{1}{2}a_yt^2$$

$$V_y = V_{y0} + a_yt$$

$$V_y^2 = V_{y0}^2 + 2a_y(y - y_0)$$

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3.31 You're sailboating at $6.5 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$ when a wind gust hits lasting 6.3 s accelerating you at $0.48 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$ at 35° to orig. direction. Find mag. & dir. of your displacement during the gust.



$$a_x = a \cos \theta$$

$$= 0.393 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$a_y = a \sin \theta$$

$$= 0.275 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$$

$$V_{x0} = 6.5 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} \quad V_{y0} = 0$$

$$x = 0 + 6.5 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}} t + \frac{1}{2} (\cancel{0.458 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}}) t^2$$

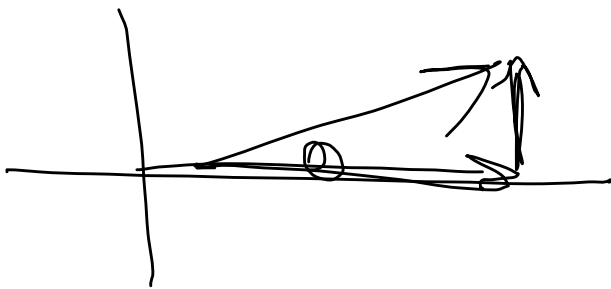
$$y = 0 + 0 + \frac{1}{2} (\cancel{0.142 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}}) t^2$$

$$t = 6.3 \text{ s}$$

gaffed!

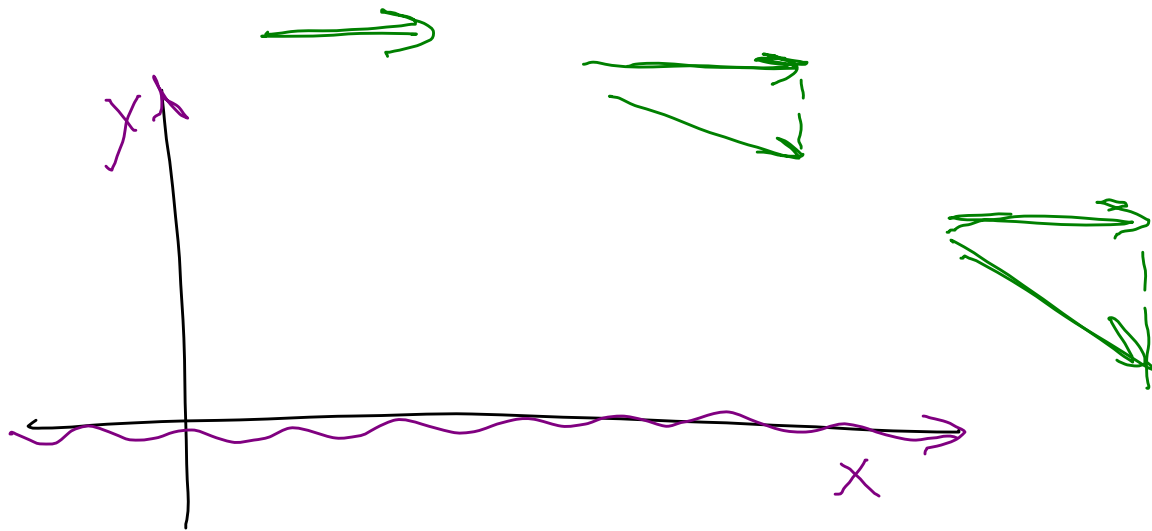
$$x = 50.0 \text{ m}$$

$$y = 2.8 \text{ m}$$



$$\text{mag} = \cancel{50.1} \text{ m}$$

$$\theta = \cancel{3.2}^\circ$$



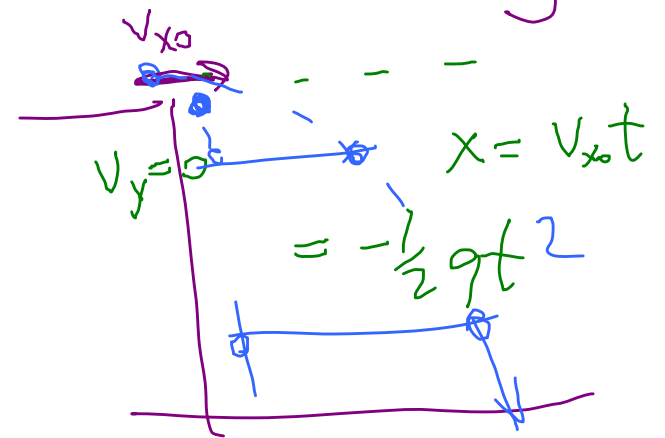
Projectiles

$$a_x = 0$$

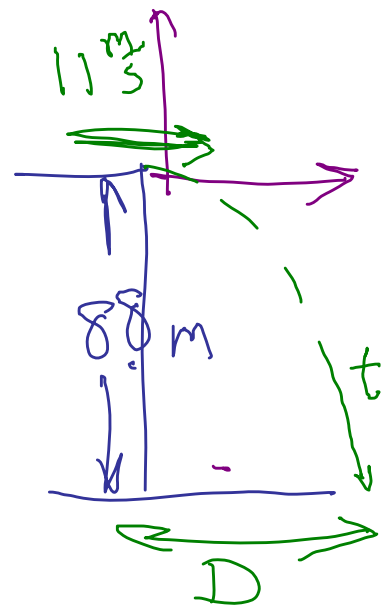
$$a_y = -9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} = -g$$

$$x = x_0 + v_{x0}t$$

$$y = y_0 + v_{y0}t - \frac{1}{2}gt^2$$



3.33 A carpenter tosses shingle horizontally off an 8.8m-roof at $11 \frac{m}{s}$. a) How long does it take shingle to reach ground? b) How far does it move horizontally?



a) $x = 11 \frac{m}{s} t$ $a_x = 0$
 $y = -\frac{1}{2} g t^2$ $a_y = 0$

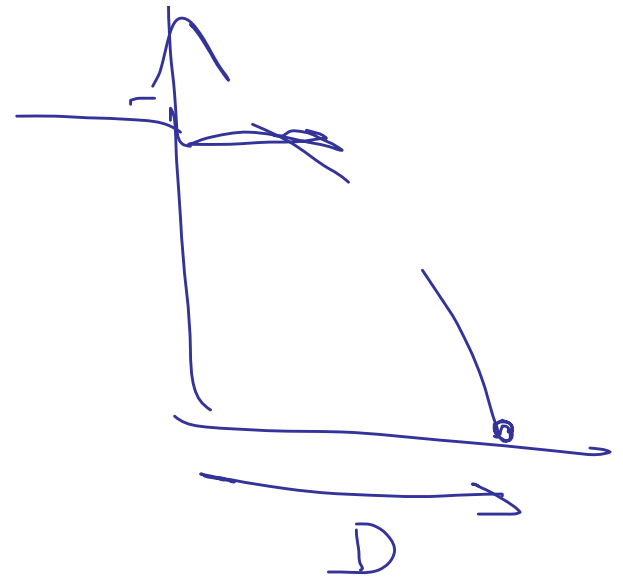
When does $y = -8.8m$?

$$-8.8 \text{ m} = -\frac{1}{2} g t^2$$

$$t = 1.3 \text{ s}$$

b) What is x at this time?

$$x = \left(11 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}\right) t = 15 \text{ m}$$



3.34 An arrow fired horizontally at $41 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$ travels 23 m horizontally. From what height was it fired?

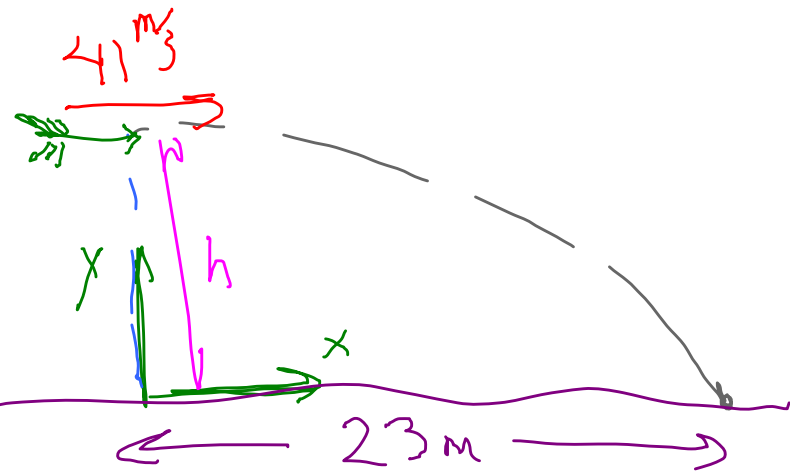
$$x = (41 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}) t$$

$$y = h + 0 - \frac{1}{2} g t^2$$

Time when it
hit ground

$$23 \text{ m} = (41 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}) t$$
$$= 0.561 \text{ s}$$

$$x_0 = 0$$
$$v_{x0} = 41 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$
$$a_x = 0$$



At that time, $y = 0$

$$0 = h - \frac{1}{2}g(0.561\text{ s})^2$$

$$h = 1.54\text{ m}$$

Big long example, projectile

Ball is fired
from ground
level at
 30 m/s , 50°



How long does it spend in flight?
How far does it go (horiz?)
What was the max height?

$$x_0 = y_0 = 0$$



$$V_{x0} = (30 \frac{m}{s})(\cos 50^\circ) = 19.28 \frac{m}{s}$$

$$V_{y0} = (30 \frac{m}{s})(\sin 50^\circ) = 22.98 \frac{m}{s}$$

$$a_x = 0 \quad a_y = -9.8 \frac{m}{s^2}$$

How long it spend in flight?

What is t when $y = 0$

$$y = 0 + (22.98)t - \frac{1}{2}(9.8 \frac{m}{s^2})t^2$$

$$y = t \left[22.98 - \frac{1}{2} (9.8 \frac{m}{s^2}) t \right]$$

$$t = 0$$

$$t = \frac{2(22.98)}{9.8} = 4.75$$

What was Range?

What was value of x at that time?

$$x = (19.28 \frac{m}{s})(4.7) = 90.4 \text{ m} = R$$

What was max ht.

What was t when $v_y = 0$

$$v_y = v_{y0} - g t$$

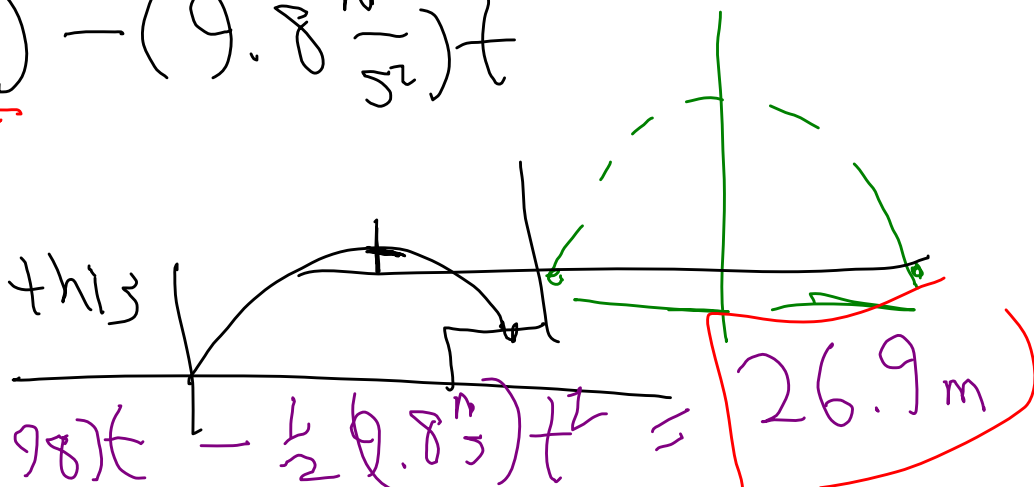
$$a_y = -g$$

$$0 = (22.98 \frac{m}{s}) - (9.8 \frac{m}{s^2}) t$$

$$t = 2.34 s$$

H = what is y at this time?

$$y = (22.98)t - \frac{1}{2}(9.8)t^2 = 26.9 m$$





What is the range
what is the max height?

$$V_{x0} = V_0 \cos \theta$$

$$V_{y0} = V_0 \sin \theta$$

$$X = (v_0 \cos \theta) t$$

$$y = (v_0 \sin \theta) t - \frac{1}{2} g t^2$$

Time of flight.

When is $y = 0$

$$0 = (v_0 \sin \theta) t - \frac{1}{2} g t^2$$
$$= t \left[v_0 \sin \theta - \frac{1}{2} g t \right]$$

$$t = \frac{2 v_0 \sin \theta}{g}$$

v_x is
next time,