```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import scipy as sp

In [2]: %matplotlib inline
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.style.use('ggplot')

In [3]: %%file hw_data.csv
id,sex,weight,height
1,M,190,77
2,F,120,70
3,F,110,68
4,M,150,72
5,0,120,66
6,M,120,60
7,F,140,70
Writing by data scy
```

Writing hw_data.csv

Python

1. Finish creating the following function that takes a list and returns the average value.

Add each element in the list to total and return total

DO NOT use a library function nor sum()

```
In [4]: def average(my_list):
    total = 0
    for item in my_list:
        total = total + item
    total = total/len(my_list)
    return total

average([1,2,1,4,3,2,5,9])
Out[4]: 3.375
```

2. Using a Dictionary keep track of the count of numbers (or items) from a list

3. Using the counts() function you created above and the .split() function, return a dictionary of most occuring words from the following paragraph. Bonus, remove punctuation from words.

```
In [48]: paragraph_text = '''
         For a minute or two she stood looking at the house, and wondering what
         The Fish-Footman began by producing from under his arm a great letter,
         Then they both bowed low, and their curls got entangled together.
         Alice laughed so much at this, that she had to run back into the wood
         Alice went timidly up to the door, and knocked.
         'There's no sort of use in knocking,' said the Footman, 'and that for
         'Please, then,' said Alice, 'how am I to get in?'
         'There might be some sense in your knocking,' the Footman went on with
         'I shall sit here,' the Footman remarked, 'till tomorrow-'
         At this moment the door of the house opened, and a large plate came sk
         import re
         new_para = re.sub(r'[^a-zA-Z0-9]', '', paragraph_text)
         #print(new_para)
         para_list = new_para.split()
         #print(para_list)
         counts(para_list)
Out[48]: {'For': 3,
          'a': 15,
          'minute': 1,
           'or': 2,
           'two': 2,
           'she': 6,
           'stood': 1,
           'looking': 2,
           'at': 6,
           'the': 32,
           'house': 2,
           'and': 17,
           'wondering': 1,
           'what': 2,
           'to': 15,
           'do': 1,
           'next': 2,
           'when': 2,
           'suddenly': 1,
```

4. Read in a file using open() and iterated through the file line-by-line write each line from the file to a new file in a title() -ized. Create your own file for input

This is the first line -> This Is The First Line

Hint: There's a function to do this

```
In [34]: file = open("week2-dummy.txt", "r")
print(file.read())
```

Magna Ultrices Ligula Inceptos Nullam Cras Non Porttitor Dis Felis Non Vivamus Est

Rhoncus per ipsum taciti porta felis, lacus praesent, augue augue. Ne c. Lacus. Magna faucibus interdum taciti erat. Euismod iaculis turpis eu metus. Tristique convallis porttitor elit eget ante dis curabitur. Pellentesque Lacinia Massa Tempor

Lectus in purus habitant massa taciti aliquam diam est vestibulum nul la. Massa. Nec tortor. Montes curabitur. Odio proin placerat magna li gula pharetra sagittis habitant vulputate integer rhoncus, est sodale s dapibus.

Cubilia enim sollicitudin curabitur curae;. Varius nibh sem nibh nisi cum ultrices ut amet. Elit, molestie ultrices mus cubilia. Condimentu m. Consectetuer Etiam, quis feugiat magnis nam eu, gravida pulvinar u t accumsan adipiscing quam commodo enim elit tellus morbi condimentum erat.

```
In [33]: file = open("week2-dummy.txt", "r")
    newfile = open("week2-dummytitle.txt", "a")
    for x in file:
        newfile = open("week2-dummytitle.txt", "a")
        newfile.write(x.title())
        print(x.title())
```

Magna Ultrices Ligula Inceptos Nullam Cras

Non Porttitor Dis Felis Non Vivamus Est

Rhoncus Per Ipsum Taciti Porta Felis, Lacus Praesent, Augue Augue. Ne c. Lacus. Magna Faucibus Interdum Taciti Erat. Euismod Iaculis Turpis Eu Metus. Tristique Convallis Porttitor Elit Eget Ante Dis Curabitur.

Pellentesque Lacinia Massa Tempor

Lectus In Purus Habitant Massa Taciti Aliquam Diam Est Vestibulum Nul la. Massa. Nec Tortor. Montes Curabitur. Odio Proin Placerat Magna Li gula Pharetra Sagittis Habitant Vulputate Integer Rhoncus, Est Sodale s Dapibus.

Cubilia Enim Sollicitudin Curabitur Curae;. Varius Nibh Sem Nibh Nisi Cum Ultrices Ut Amet. Elit, Molestie Ultrices Mus Cubilia. Condimentu m. Consectetuer Etiam, Quis Feugiat Magnis Nam Eu, Gravida Pulvinar U t Accumsan Adipiscing Quam Commodo Enim Elit Tellus Morbi Condimentum Erat.

```
In [36]: newfile = open("week2-dummytitle.txt", "r")
print(newfile.read())
```

Magna Ultrices Ligula Inceptos Nullam Cras Non Porttitor Dis Felis Non Vivamus Est

Rhoncus Per Ipsum Taciti Porta Felis, Lacus Praesent, Augue Augue. Ne c. Lacus. Magna Faucibus Interdum Taciti Erat. Euismod Iaculis Turpis Eu Metus. Tristique Convallis Porttitor Elit Eget Ante Dis Curabitur. Pellentesque Lacinia Massa Tempor

Lectus In Purus Habitant Massa Taciti Aliquam Diam Est Vestibulum Nul la. Massa. Nec Tortor. Montes Curabitur. Odio Proin Placerat Magna Li gula Pharetra Sagittis Habitant Vulputate Integer Rhoncus, Est Sodale s Dapibus.

Cubilia Enim Sollicitudin Curabitur Curae;. Varius Nibh Sem Nibh Nisi Cum Ultrices Ut Amet. Elit, Molestie Ultrices Mus Cubilia. Condimentu m. Consectetuer Etiam, Quis Feugiat Magnis Nam Eu, Gravida Pulvinar U t Accumsan Adipiscing Quam Commodo Enim Elit Tellus Morbi Condimentum Erat.

Numpy

1. Given a list, find the average using a numpy function.

```
In [66]: simple_list = [1,2,1,4,3,2,5,9]
np.mean(simple_list)
```

Out[66]: 3.375

2. Given two lists of Heights and Weights of individual, calculate the BMI of those individuals, without writing a for-loop

```
In [103]: heights = [174, 173, 173, 175, 171]
    weights = [88, 83, 92, 74, 77]
    #type(heights)

    heights_format = np.array(heights)/100
    heights_format
    #bmi is weight/height^2

    heightssq = heights_format**2
    heightssq

    bmi = np.array(weights)/heightssq
    bmi

Out[103]: array([29.06592681, 27.73229978, 30.73941662, 24.16326531, 26.33288875])
```

3. Create an array of length 20 filled with random

values (between 0 to 1)

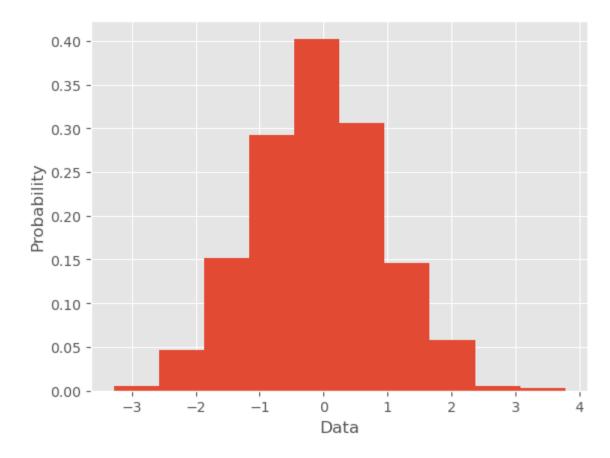
```
In [67]: new_array = np.random.randint(2, size=20)
new_array
Out[67]: array([0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1])
```

4. Create an array with at least 1000 random numbers from normal distributions (normal). Then, plot a histogram of these values (plt.hist).

```
In [16]: random_array = np.random.normal(size=1000)
    random_array

plt.hist(random_array, density = True)
    plt.ylabel('Probability')
    plt.xlabel('Data')
```

Out[16]: Text(0.5, 0, 'Data')



Pandas

1. Read in a CSV () and display all the columns and their respective data types

```
In [60]: hw_data = pd.read_csv("hw_data.csv", dtype = {'id': int, 'sex': str,
          print(hw_data)
                      weight
                              height
             id sex
              1
                  Μ
                         190
                                   77
          0
                  F
                                   70
              2
                         120
          2
              3
                  F
                         110
                                   68
          3
                         150
              4
                                   72
                  Μ
          4
              5
                  0
                         120
                                   66
          5
              6
                                   60
                  Μ
                         120
          6
                  F
                         140
                                   70
```

2. Find the average weight

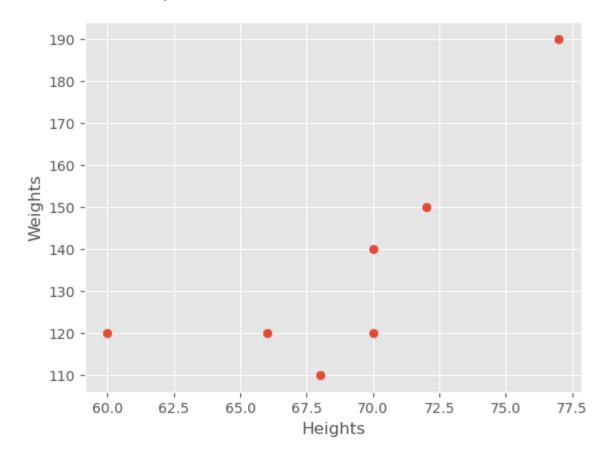
```
In [61]: hw_data['weight'].mean()
Out[61]: 135.71428571428572
```

3. Find the Value Counts on column sex

4. Plot Height vs. Weight

```
In [107]: plt.scatter(hw_data['height'], hw_data['weight'])
   plt.xlabel('Heights')
   plt.ylabel('Weights')
```

Out[107]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Weights')



5. Calculate BMI and save as a new column

```
In [113]: bmi = (hw_data['weight']/(hw_data['height']**2))*703
hw_data['BMI'] = bmi
hw_data
```

Out[113]:

	id	sex	weight	height	ВМІ
0	1	М	190	77	22.528251
1	2	F	120	70	17.216327
2	3	F	110	68	16.723616
3	4	М	150	72	20.341435
4	5	0	120	66	19.366391
5	6	М	120	60	23.433333
6	7	F	140	70	20.085714

6. Save sheet as a new CSV file hw_dataB.csv

```
In [114]: hw_data.to_csv('hw_dataB.csv')
```

Run the following (Mac)

```
In [115]: !cat hw_dataB.csv

    ,id,sex,weight,height,BMI
    0,1,M,190,77,22.52825096980941
    1,2,F,120,70,17.216326530612243
    2,3,F,110,68,16.72361591695502
    3,4,M,150,72,20.341435185185187
    4,5,0,120,66,19.366391184573004
    5,6,M,120,60,23.43333333333334
    6,7,F,140,70,20.085714285714285
```

Run the following (Windows)

```
In [ ]: !type hw_dataB.csv
```