

AXE

The Rapid and Accurate Demultiplexer

Kevin Murray

@kdmurray91
kevin@kdmurray.id.au

Borevitz Lab, ANU

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- ▶ Bioinformatician @ Borevitz Lab
 - ▶ TraitCapture Project Developer
 - ▶ Genomics (Low level Sequence Analysis)
 - ▶ Phenomics (Image analysis)
 - ▶ Sample tracking, data standards, HPC
- ▶ Starting PhD in Bioinformatics next year (Borevitz/Forêt)



In big data, binary goes up to 2. #eyenary

- ▶ Sequencing == fire hose of data
- ▶ Need to put > 1 sample / lane
- ▶ Give BRF only one tube
- ▶ \therefore we need multiplexing
- ▶ \therefore de-multiplexing



The High Throughput Problem

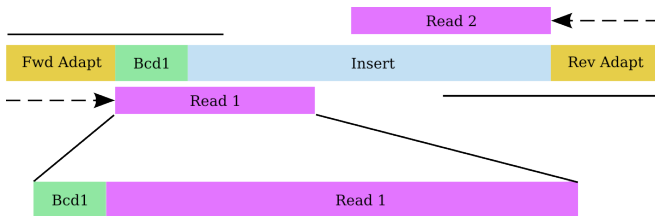
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DNA/Molecular Barcoding

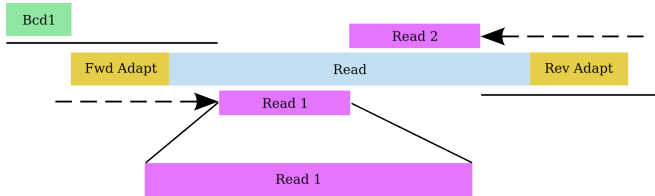
- ▶ DNA fragment contains per-sample unique seq.
- ▶ Sequenced, and “attached” to a read
- ▶ Must be balanced
- ▶ Hamming distance >2





So you need a demultiplexer?

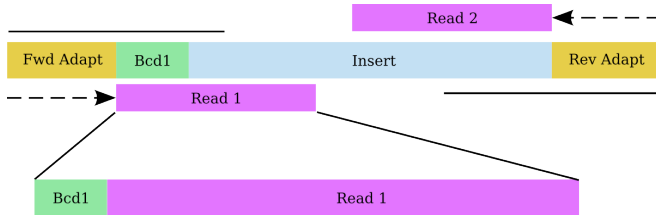
- ▶ Some studies use kit protocols
- ▶ Most kits use index reads
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So you need a demultiplexer?

- ▶ Some studies use kit protocols
- ▶ Most kits use index reads
- ▶ Illumina pipeline automatically demuxes these
- ▶ Many advanced/homebrew protocols use “in-read”
- ▶ Must be demultiplexed by user



De-multiplex with AXE

- ▶ Barcoding scheme requires advanced de-multiplexing
- ▶ Trie-based lookup algorithm
- ▶ Fast (PE lane in 5-10 mins)
- ▶ Implemented in C
- ▶ CLI and `libaxe.so + axe.h`
- ▶ GNU GPL v3+





Hamming distance

- ▶ Distance between two strings of equal length

ACTGTG

..x.x. = 2

ACAGCG

Hamming distance

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- ▶ Is a poor measure of seq. divergence:

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xxxxxx = 6

CTGTGA

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- ▶ `sum([0 if s1[i] == s2[i] else 1 for i in range(1)])`

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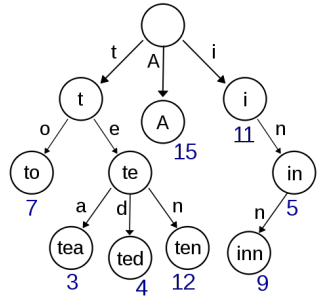
x..... = 1

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- ▶ `sum([0 if s1[i] == s2[i] else 1 for i in range(1)])`
- ▶ Conservative, Good Enough™

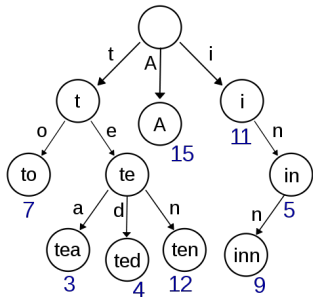
A Forest of Tries?

- ▶ Trie is k-ary tree for k letter alphabet



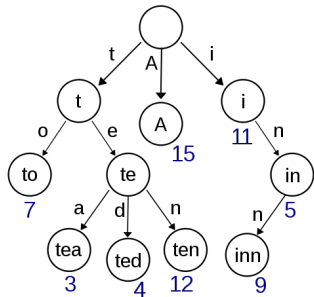
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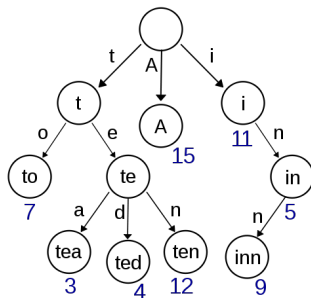
-
- ```

graph TD
 Root(()) -- t --> t1((t))
 Root -- A --> A1((A))
 Root -- i --> i1((i))
 t1 -- o --> to((to))
 t1 -- e --> te((te))
 A1 --- A1_val[15]
 i1 --- i1_val[11]
 i1 -- n --> in((in))
 te -- a --> tea((tea))
 te -- d --> ted((ted))
 te -- n --> ten((ten))
 in -- n --> inn((inn))
 to --- to_val[7]
 tea --- tea_val[3]
 ted --- ted_val[4]
 ten --- ten_val[12]
 inn --- inn_val[9]

```

# A Forest of Tries?

- ▶ Trie is k-ary tree for k letter alphabet
- ▶ Lookups are  $\mathcal{O}(l)$  for keys of  $l$
- ▶ i.e.,  $\mathcal{O}(1)$  WRT number of items, a  $la$  hash-tables
- ▶ Memory efficient (prefixes collapsed)
- ▶ Prefix lookups very fast (**re**trieval)



# Hamming Mismatch Trie

- ▶ Pre-calculate all strings with Hamming dist  $d$  from target
- ▶ Make trie, do lookups
- ▶ Essentially a FSM

AAAA  
CAAA  
GAAA  
TAAA  
ACAA  
AGAA  
ATAA  
AACAA  
AAGAA  
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```

/-A-A-A-A
| | | \-C
| | | -G
| | | -T
| | | \-C-A
| | -G-A
-| | -T-A
| \-C-A-A
| -G-A-A
| -T-A-A
|-C-A-A-A
|-G-A-A-A
\ -T-A-A-A

```

# The Algorithm

- ▶ Take read
- ▶ Walk trie w/ start of read
- ▶ Mark full-length matches
- ▶ Take longest match

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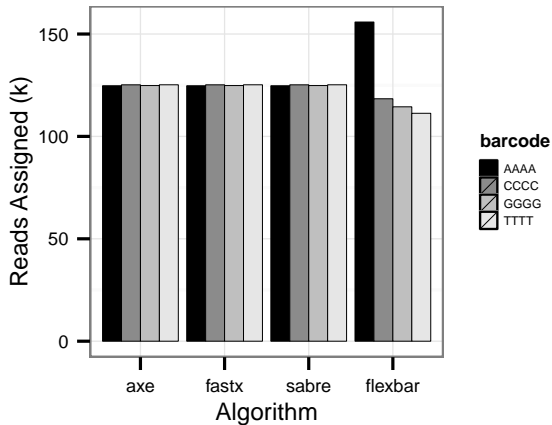
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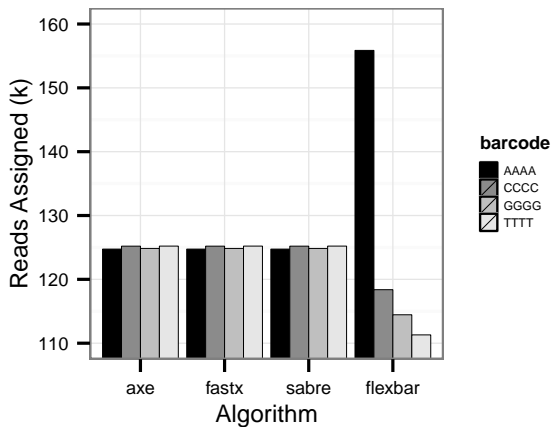
- ▶ Contrived example:
  - ▶ wgsim 500k reads from *A. thaliana* ChrC
  - ▶ Add AAAA, CCCC, GGGG, TTTT to 5'
  - ▶ Insert 1 mismatch
- ▶ “GBS-like” example:
  - ▶ Different length barcodes
  - ▶ RE site in reads
  - ▶ AAAA, CCCC, GGGG, TTTT, AAAAAAAAAA, CCCCCCCC, GGGGGGGG, TTTTTTTT
  - ▶ Mismatches in RE and barcode
- ▶ Measure reads assigned, USER + SYS time, reads/sec
- ▶ Cross-compare to sabre, fastx, flexbar
- ▶ I'll show you how it's done if we have time



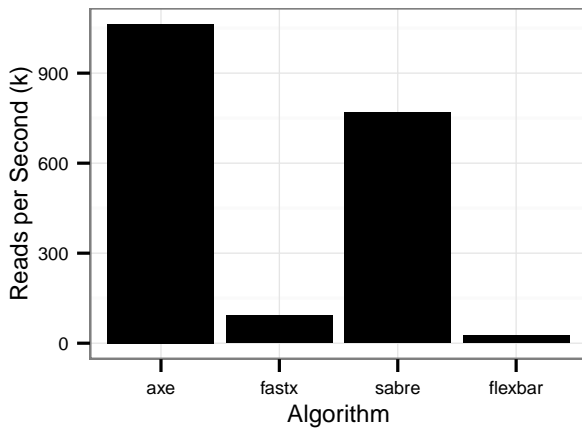
# Benchmarking Results



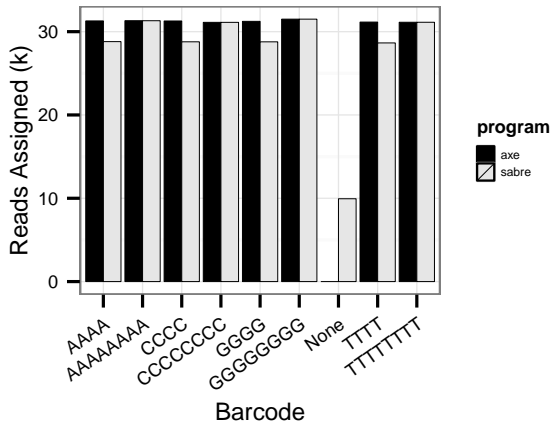
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# Testing Axe

- ▶ If we have time, let's look at the IPython Notebook, it contains a lot more benchmarking.
- ▶ Or, I'll show you how to use it on the CLI

- ▶ Made a fast, accurate demultiplexer
  - ▶ More barcoding modes supported
  - ▶ Faster than all others I've seen
  - ▶ Just as or more accurate as slower algorithms
- ▶ Future work
  - ▶ Adaptor removal: load adaptors in, do it backwards?
  - ▶ Levenshtein distance? NDFSM?
  - ▶ Integrate w/ sample tracking (w/ Aaron, Cam @ GDU)
  - ▶ Code audit & tests



# Thanks

- ▶ Justin Borevitz & Norman Warthmann
- ▶ Sylvain Forêt
- ▶ Aaron Chuah
- ▶ Cam Jack
- ▶ Jared Streich & Collin Ahrens ( $\beta$ -testers)



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