



Blackjack UML Diagram:

CLASSES / NOUNS:

Deck

- 52 Cards / 4 Suits - diamonds, clubs, spades, hearts)
- Each suit has 4 of each numValueCard (4 two's, 4 three's, 4 fours...up to 4 ten's)
- Each suit has 4 of each faceValueCard (4 J's, 4 Q's, 4 K's, 4 A's)
- fullCount and remainingCount of deck

Players

- Player1 and Dealer

Hand

- Each player starts with a Hand of 2 cards out of the 52 each.

gameResults

- win
- lose
- bust
- Blackjack
- push

Possible objects/classes

Deck, fullCount, remainingCount, Card, Suits, numCardValue, faceCardValue, Player, Hand, ptotalCardValue, dtotalCardValue

PROCESS / METHODS / VERBS:

1.

resetDeck() - Dealer shuffles/resets deck to **fullCount = 52**

2.

deal() - Dealer deals Player1 a random card (**pcard1**) from fullCount = 52

show() - pcard1 is shown

subtract() - **fullCount - 1 = remainingCount**

3.

deal() - Dealer deals Dealer a random card (**dcard1**) from remainingCount

noShow() - dcard1 is not shown

subtract() - **remainingCount - 1 = remainingCount;**

4.

deal() - Dealer deals Player1 a random card (**pcard2**) from remainingCount

show() - pcard2 is shown

subtract() - **remainingCount - 1 = remainingCount;**

5.

deal() - Dealer deals Dealer a random card (**dcard2**) from remainingCount

show() - dcard2 is shown

subtract() - **remainingCount - 1 = remainingCount;**

**6. If pcard1 or pcard2 is an Ace, Player1 chooses pcard1Value = 1 or 11 or pcard2Value = 1 or 11
if dcard1 is an Ace, use dcard1value = 11**

7.

assignValue() - assigns pcard1, pcard2, dcard2 values (**pcard1Value, pcard2Value, dcard2Value**)

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8.

addValue() - adds pcard1Value + pcard2Value (after check for #6) = **ptotalCardValue**

show() - Shows ptotalCardValue and dcard2Value (after check for #6)

9.

chooseHit() - Player1 chooses Hit = Dealer deals Player1 a random card (**pcard3**) from remainingCount

subtract() - remainingCount - 1 = remainingCount;

assignValue() - assigns pcard3 a value = **pcard3Value**

addPValue() - adds pcard1Value + pcard2Value + pcard3Value = ptotalCardValue

If pcard1Value + pcard2Value + pcard3Value is < 21 go back to chooseHit() or chooseStay()

If pcard1Value + pcard2Value + pcard3Value is > 21 checkForWin() = "bust"

stop function when Player1 decides to chooseStay() or checkForWin() = "bust".

OR

10.

chooseStay() - Player1 chooses Stay = pcard1Value + card2Value = ptotalCardValue
(no change to remainingCount)

11.

flipDcard1() - reveal dcard1

assignDcard1Value - assigns dcard1 a value

addDValue() - dcard1Value + dcard2Value = **dtotalCardValue**

if dtotalCardValue < 17, Dealer must dealerHit()

12.

dealerHit() - Dealer deals Dealer a random card (**dcard3**) from remainingCount

subtract() - remainingCount - 1 = remainingCount;

assignDcard3Value() - assigns dcard3 a value = **dcard3Value**

addDValue() - dcard1Value + dcard2Value + dcard3Value = dtotalCardValue

stop function when dtotalCardValue is >= 17 but ! > 21

if dtotalCardValue = 21 checkForWin() = "lose"

if dtotalCardValue > 21 checkForWin() = "win"

if dtotalCardValue = ptotalCardValue - checkForWin() = "push"

13.

checkForWin() - Dealer checks winning conditions

if ptotalCardValue is closer to 21 than dtotalCardValue = "win"

if dtotalCardValue is closer to 21 than ptotalCardValue = "lose"

if ptotalCardValue is > 21 = "lose"

if ptotalCardValue is = 21 = "Blackjack Win"

if ptotalCardValue is = dtotalCardValue = "push"

14.

showWinner() - Dealer "announces" results of checkForWin()

Back to #1. resetDeck()