Label-Aware Chinese Event Detection with Heterogeneous Graph Attention Networks

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Research Objectives

• Task:

Chinese Event Detection (Chinese ED)

• Problem:

- insufficient word-character interaction
- event confusing

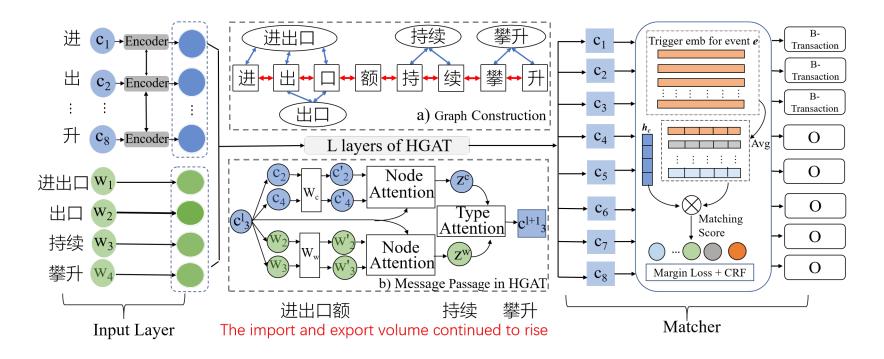
Purpose of our research:

Improve Chinese ED performance by handling the two issues above.

Contributions of this paper:

- To our best knowledge, we are the first to model the word-character interaction using a heterogeneous graph in Chinese ED.
- A matcher module to discriminate confusing event labels.
- Remark performances on ACE2005 and KBP2017.

Research Method



• Insufficient Word-Character Interaction

- A heterogeneous word-character interactive graph is constructed and heterogeneous graph attention networks works for semantics propagation.

Event Confusing

 A matcher module wiwh a pushing-away game is designed to enlarge the predicting gap between ground-truth event type and its confusing counterpart for each character.

Research Results

Main Results

- The state-of-the-art performances on ACE2005 and KBP2017.

Ablation Study

- The effectiveness of constructoin to the word-character interactive graph.
- The effectiveness of graph embedding strategy.
- How the matcher contributes to discriminate the confusing event labels.

Analysis

- The Word-character Mismatch problem could be alleviated
- The Interpretability of Event Label Embedding

Research Conclusions

Conclusion

- Sufficient exploitation of interaction between words and characters helps to boost performance.
- A a pushing-away game, which incorporates prior semantics of event labels and employing a margin loss, helps to predict event triggers more precisely.

Future Works

Explore our method for Named Entity Recognition (NER) task.