ELEG 4701: Intelligent Interactive Robot Practice Lab 3: Introduction to ROS

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20 Sep, 2021

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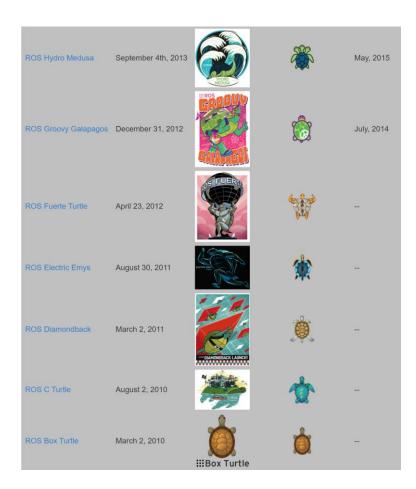
Outline

- 1. What is ROS
- 2. Install ROS on Ubuntu
- 3. Core concepts in ROS
- 4. Use of command line tools
- 5. Workspace and package
- 6. Programming practice

What is ROS

The history of ROS

Distro	Release date	Poster	Tuturtle, turtle in tutorial	EOL date
ROS Noetic Ninjemys (Recommended)	May 23rd, 2020	MOETIC- MINJEMYS		May, 2025 (Focal EOL)
ROS Melodic Morenia	May 23rd, 2018	Melodic Motenia 		May, 2023 (Bionic EOL)
ROS Lunar Loggerhead	May 23rd, 2017	III ROS		May, 2019
ROS Kinetic Kame	May 23rd, 2016	III ROS IVA MARE		April, 2021 (Xenial EOL)
ROS Jade Turtle	May 23rd, 2015	JADE TURLE HIROS		May, 2017
ROS Indigo Igloo	July 22nd, 2014			April, 2019 (Trusty EOL)

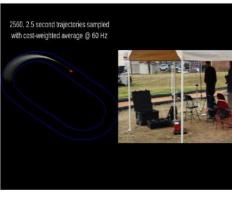


Application of ROS









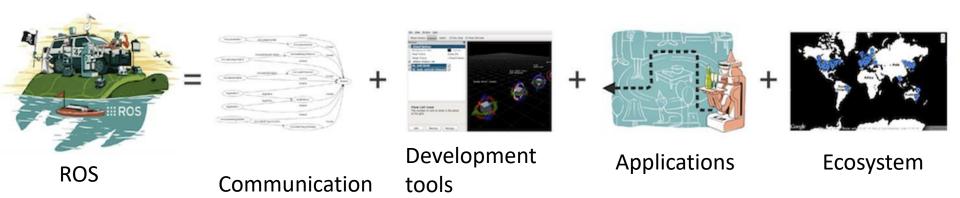


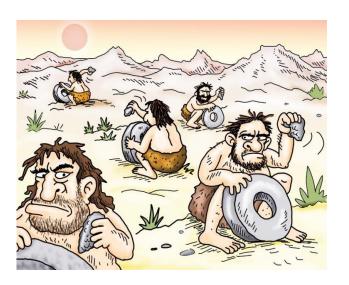






What is ROS





Legacy Mode

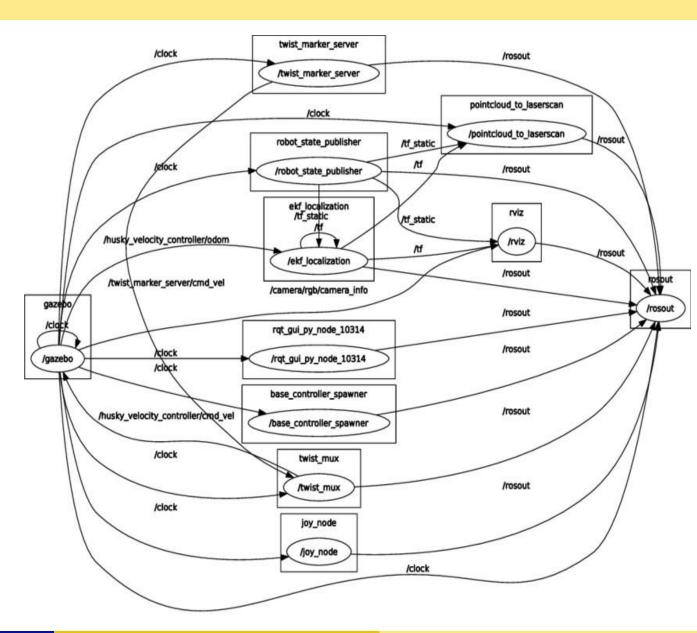


Modern Mode

Improve the software reuse rate in robotics research and development

Communication

Loosely coupled distributed communication



Development tools in ROS

WORKSPACES

Create Workspace

mkdir catkin_ws && cd catkin_ws wstool init src catkin_make source devel/setup.bash

Add Repo to Workspace

roscd; cd ../src wstool set repo_name \ --git http://github.com/org/repo_name.git \ --version=kinetic-devel wstool up

Resolve Dependencies in Workspace

sudo rosdep init # only once rosdep update rosdep install --from-paths src --ignore-src \ --rosdistro=\${ROS_DISTRO} -y

PACKAGES

Create a Package

catkin_create_pkg package_name [dependencies ...]

Package Folders

C++ header files include/package_name Source files. Python libraries in

subdirectories

scripts Python nodes and scripts

Message, Service, and msg, srv, action Action definitions

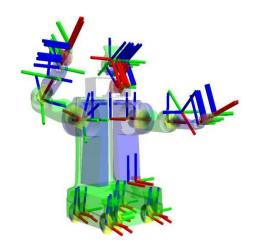
Release Repo Packages

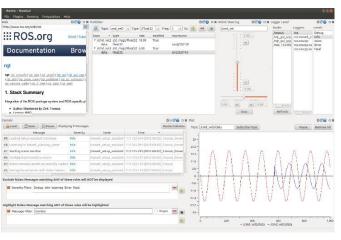
catkin_generate_changelog # review & commit changelogs catkin_prepare_release

bloom-release --track kinetic --ros-distro kinetic repo_name

Reminders

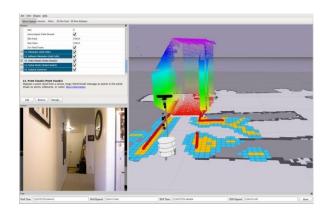
- Testable logic
- Desktop dependencies in a separate package





TF coordinate transformation

QT Toolbox



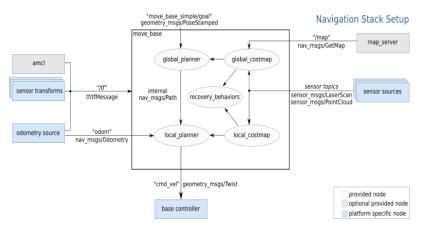


Command line and compiler

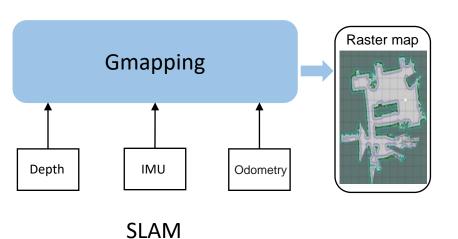
Rviz Gazebo

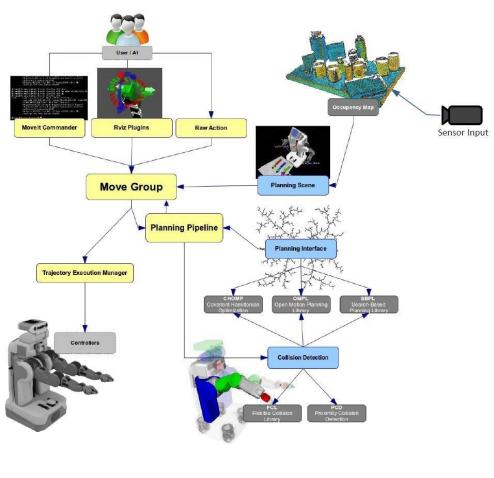
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Applications



Navigation





Movelt

Ecosystem of ROS

1.Distubrition: ROS distribution includes a series of feature packages with version numbers that can be installed directly

2.Repository: ROS relies on opensource code on a shared network, and different organizations can develop or share their own robotics software

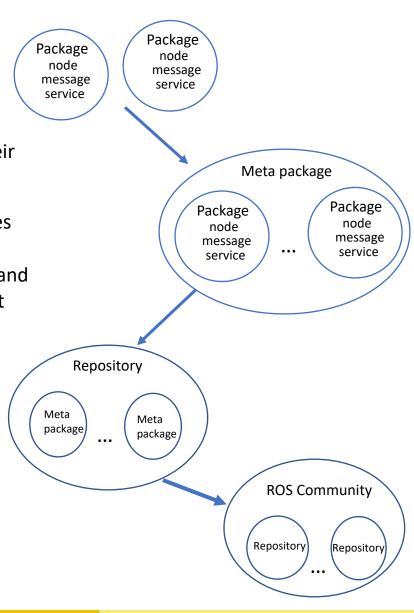
3.ROS wiki: The main forum for recording ROS information files

4. Mailing list: The main channel for exchanging ROS updates, and also for exchanging various questions about ROS development

5.ROS answer: Website for consulting ROS related issues

6.Blog: Post news, pictures, videos from the ROS community

www.ros.org



Choose one distribution version



About | Support | Discussion Forum | Service Status | Q&A answers.ros.org

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kinetic

ROS Kinetic Kame

ROS Kinetic Kame is the tenth ROS distribution release. It was released May 23rd, 2016.





1. Platforms

ROS Kinetic Kame is primarily targeted at the Ubuntu 16.04 (Xenial) release, though other Linux systems as well as Mac OS X, Android, and Windows are supported to varying degrees. For more information on compatibility on other platforms, please see • REP 3: Target Platforms. It will also support Ubuntu 15.10 Wily and Debian Jessie.

2. Installation

Please see the installation instructions. There are binary packages available for Ubuntu distributions Wily and Xenial for x86, x86 64, and armhf architectures.

3. Release Planning

See Planning

4. Changes

To get a better idea of the parts of ROS which have been changed in ROS Kinetic, please look at the ROS Kinetic Migration page.

ROS 2 Documentation

The ROS Wiki is for ROS 1. Are you using ROS 2 (Dashing/Foxy/Rolling)? Check out the ROS 2 Documentation

维基		
Distributions		
ROS/Installation		
ROS/Tutorials		
RecentChanges		
kinetic		
网页		
只读网页		
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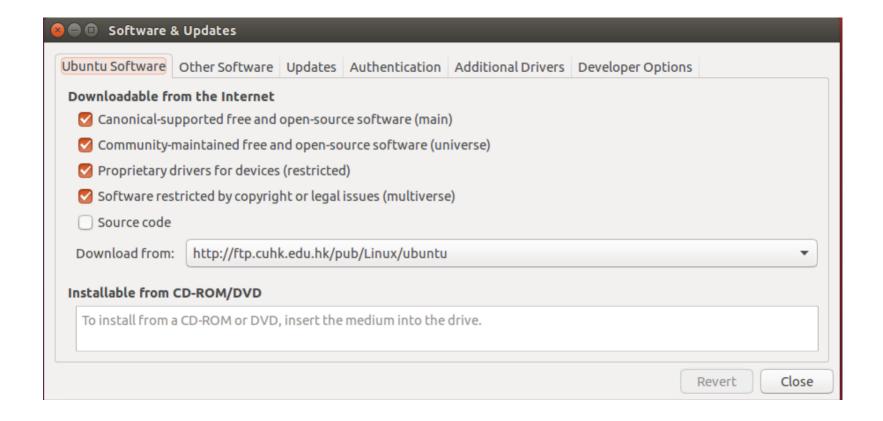
用户

附件 更多操作:

源码 执行

登录

Configure your Ubuntu repositories



1.Setup your sources.list

sudo apt install python-rosdep python-rosinstall python-rosinstall-generator python-wstool build-essential

2.Set up your keys

sudo apt install curl # if you haven't already installed curl curl -s https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ros/rosdistro/master/ros.asc | sudo apt-key add -

3.Installation

sudo apt-get update sudo apt-get install ros-kinetic-desktop-full

4. Environment setup

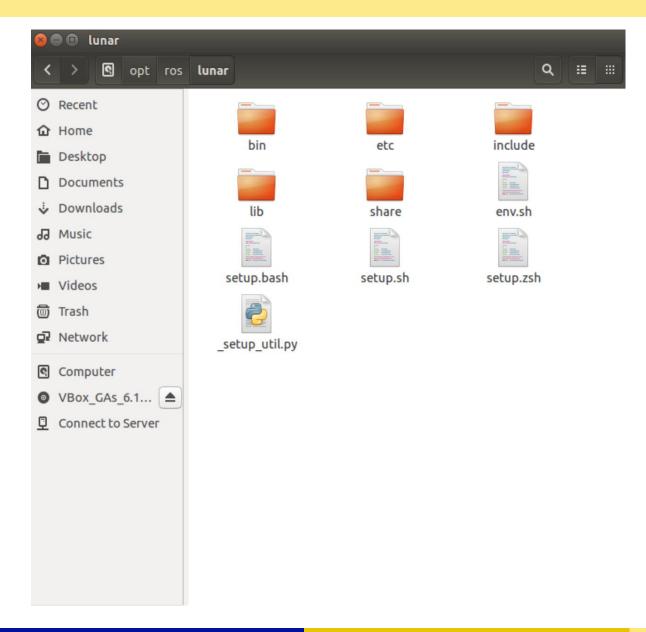
echo "source /opt/ros/kinetic/setup.bash" >> ~/.bashrc source ~/.bashrc

5. Dependencies for building packages

sudo apt install python-rosdep python-rosinstall python-rosinstall-generator python-wstool build-essential

6. Initialize rosdep

sudo rosdep init rosdep update



Run ROS Master



Run Turtlesim

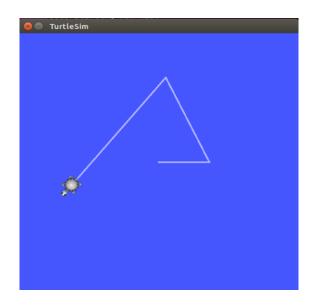


Run Turtlesim's control node



\$ rosrun turtlesim turtlesim_node

\$ rosrun turtlesim turtle teleop key



```
eleg@eleg-VirtualBox:~$ rosrun turtlesim turtlesim_node
[ INFO] [1631690510.668787374]: Starting turtlesim with node name /turtlesim
[ INFO] [1631690510.674501602]: Spawning turtle [turtle1] at x=[5.544445], y=[5.544445], theta=[0.000000]
XmbTextListToTextProperty result code -2
XmbTextListToTextProperty result code -2
XmbTextListToTextProperty result code -2
```

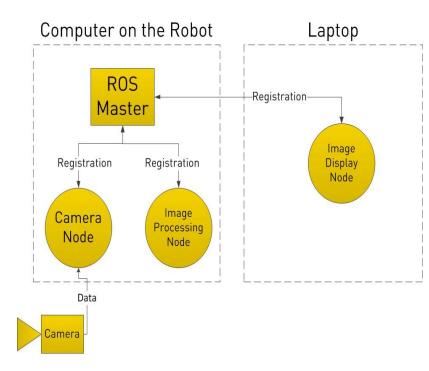
```
eleg@eleg-VirtualBox:~$ rosrun turtlesim turtle_teleop_key
Reading from keyboard
-----
Use arrow keys to move the turtle.
```

Node -- Execution Unit

- Processes that perform specific tasks, independently run executables
- Different nodes can use different programming languages and can be distributed to run on different hosts
- The name of the node must be unique in the system

ROS Master – Control center

- Provide naming and registration services for nodes
- Track and record topic/service communications to assist nodes in finding each other and establishing connections
- Provides a parameter server that nodes use to store and retrieve runtime parameters



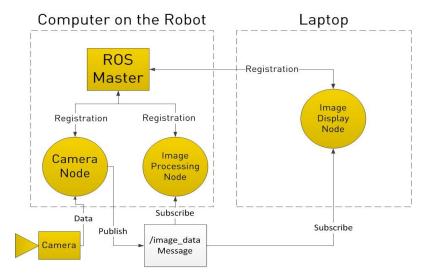
Topic -- Asynchronous communication

- Important bus used to transfer data between nodes
- Using the publish/subscribe model, data is transferred from publisher to subscriber, and publishers or subscribers of the same topic may not be unique

Message – Topic data

- Has certain types and data structures, including the standard types provided by ROS and user-defined types
- Use programming language-independent .msg file define message, the programming process generates the corresponding code files

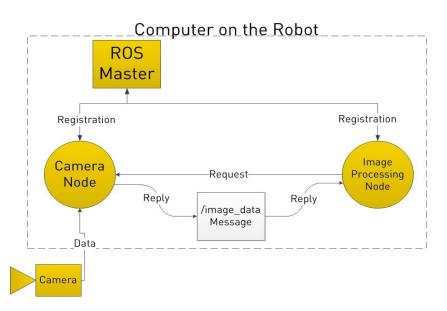


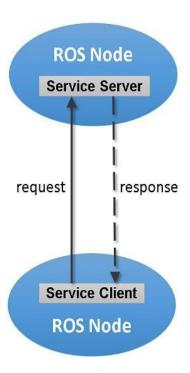


Topic Model(publish/subscribe)

Service -- Synchronous communication

- Using the client/server model(C/S), the client sends the request data, the server finishes processing and returns the answer data
- Different nodes can use different programming languages and can be distributed to run on different hosts
- Use programming language-independent .srv files to define request and response data structures, and generate the corresponding code files during the compile process





Service Model(request/response)

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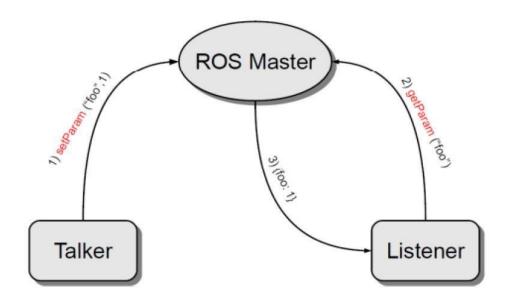
The difference between topics and services

	Торіс	Service
Synchronicity	Asynchronous	Synchronous
Communication Model	Publish/subscribe	Request/response
Underlying protocols	ROSTCP/ROSUDP	ROSTCP/ROSUDP
Feedback mechanism	NO	YES
Buffer	YES	NO
Real-time	Week	Strong
Node Relationships	Many-to-Many	One to many
Applicable scenarios	Data Transfer	Logic Processing

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Parameter-- Global Shared Dictionary

- Net-accessible shared, multivariate dictionaries
- The node uses this server to store and retrieve runtime parameters
- Suitable for storing static, non-binary configuration parameters, not for storing dynamically configured data



Parameter Model(Global Shared Dictionary)

File System

Package

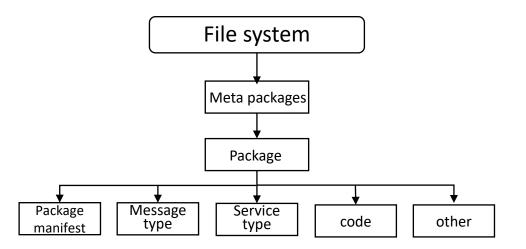
 The basic unit in ROS software, containing node source code, configuration files, data definitions

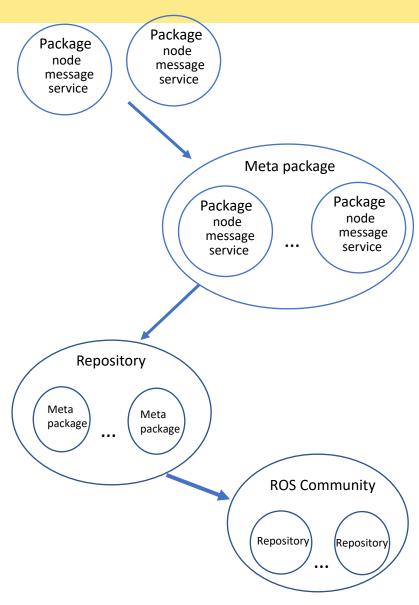
Package manifest

 Record basic information about the package, including author information, license information, dependency options, compilation flags, etc.

Meta Packages

 A collection of multiple functional packages for the same purpose





Use of command line tools

Use of command line tools

Common commands

- rostopic
- rosnode
- rosservice
- rosparam
- rosmsg
- rossrv

WORKSPACES

Create Workspace

mkdir catkin ws && cd catkin ws wstool init src catkin_make source devel/setup.bash

Add Repo to Workspace

roscd; cd ../src wstool set repo_name \ --git http://github.com/org/repo_name.git \ --version=kinetic-devel

Resolve Dependencies in Workspace

sudo rosdep init # only once rosdep update rosdep install --from-paths src --ignore-src \ --rosdistro=\${ROS_DISTRO} -y

PACKAGES

Create a Package

catkin_create_pkg package_name [dependencies ...]

Package Folders

SEC

include/package_name C++ header files Source files.

> Python libraries in subdirectories

scripts Python nodes and scripts

Message, Service, and msg, srv, action Action definitions

Release Repo Packages

catkin_generate_changelog # review & commit changelogs catkin prepare release bloom-release --track kinetic --ros-distro kinetic repo name

Reminders

- Testable logic
- Publish diagnostics
- Desktop dependencies in a separate package

CMakeLists.txt

Skeleton

cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 2.8.3) project(package_name) find_package(catkin REQUIRED) catkin package()

Package Dependencies

To use headers or libraries in a package, or to use a package's exported CMake macros, express a build-time dependency:

find_package(catkin REQUIRED COMPONENTS roscpp)

Tell dependent packages what headers or libraries to pull in when your package is declared as a catkin component:

catkin_package(INCLUDE_DIRS include LIBRARIES \${PROJECT NAME} CATKIN DEPENDS roscpp)

Note that any packages listed as CATKIN DEPENDS dependencies must also be declared as a <run depend> in package.xml.

Messages, Services

These go after find package[], but before catkin package[].

find_package(catkin REQUIRED COMPONENTS message generation std_msgs)

add_message_files(FILES MyMessage.msg) add service files(FILES MyService.msg) generate_messages(DEPENDENCIES std_msgs) catkin_package(CATKIN_DEPENDS message_runtime std_msgs)ww

Build Libraries. Executables

Goes after the catkin_package() call. add_library(\${PROJECT_NAME} src/main) add executable(\${PROJECT NAME} node src/main) target link libraries(\${PROJECT_NAME}_node \${catkin_LIBRARIES})

Installation

install(TARGETS \${PROJECT NAME} DESTINATION \${CATKIN PACKAGE LIB DESTINATION}) install(TARGETS \${PROJECT_NAME}_node DESTINATION \${CATKIN_PACKAGE_BIN_DESTINATION}) install(PROGRAMS scripts/myscript DESTINATION \${CATKIN_PACKAGE_BIN_DESTINATION}) install(DIRECTORY launch DESTINATION \${CATKIN PACKAGE SHARE DESTINATION})

RUNNING SYSTEM

Run ROS using plain:

Alternatively, roslaunch will run its own roscore automatically if it can't find

roslaunch my_package package_launchfile.launch

Suppress this behaviour with the --wait flag.

Nodes, Topics, Messages

rosnode list rostopic list rostopic echo cmd vel rostopic hz cmd_vel rostopic info cmd vel rosmsg show geometry_msgs/Twist

Remote Connection

Master's ROS environment:

- ROS IP or ROS HOSTNAME set to this machine's network address.
- ROS MASTER URI set to URI containing that IP or hostname.

Your environment:

- ROS IP or ROS HOSTNAME set to your machine's network address.
- ROS MASTER URI set to the URI from the master.

To debug, check ping from each side to the other, run roswtf on each side.

ROS Console

Adjust using rqt_logger_level and monitor via rqt_console. To enable debug output across sessions, edit the \$HOME/.ros/config/rosconsole.config and add a line for your package:

log4j.logger.ros.package_name=DEBUG

And then add the following to your session: export ROSCONSOLE_CONFIG_FILE=\$HOME/.ros/config/rosconsole.config

Use the roslaunch --screen flag to force all node output to the screen, as if each declared <node> had the output="screen" attribute.



www.clearpathrobotics.com/ros-cheat-sheet © 2015 Clearpath Robotics, Inc. All Rights Reserved.

Use of command line tools

Let's visit the below website to learn more

http://wiki.ros.org/ROS/Tutorials/NavigatingTheFilesystem

Example

Run ROS Master



Run Turtlesim



Run Turtlesim's control node



\$ rosrun turtlesim turtlesim_node

\$ rosrun turtlesim turtle_teleop_key



```
eleg@eleg-VirtualBox:~$ rosrun turtlesim turtlesim_node
[ INFO] [1631690510.668787374]: Starting turtlesim with node name /turtlesim
[ INFO] [1631690510.674501602]: Spawning turtle [turtle1] at x=[5.544445], y=[5.544445], theta=[0.000000]
XmbTextListToTextProperty result code -2
XmbTextListToTextProperty result code -2
XmbTextListToTextProperty result code -2
```

```
eleg@eleg-VirtualBox:~$ rosrun turtlesim turtle_teleop_key
Reading from keyboard
------
Use arrow keys to move the turtle.
```

Example

View the list of topics

\$ rosnode list

Pub a topic message

Use tab button

Call a service request

\$ rostopic pub /turtle1/cmd_vel geometry_msgs/Twist "liner: x:1.0 y:0.0 z:0.0 angular: x:0.0 y:0.0 z:0.0

\$ rosservice call /spawn "x 5.0

y: 5.0

theater: 0.0

name: 'turtle2'"

Workspace and package

Workspace

Workspace is a folder where engineering development related files are stored

- src: source space for source code
- build: build space for the files generated by the intermediate compile process
- devel: development space
- install: install space

```
workspace folder/
                           -- WORKSPACE
  src/
                           -- SOURCE SPACE
    CMakeLists.txt
                           -- The 'toplevel' CMake file
   package 1/
      CMakeLists.txt
      package.xml
   package n/
      CMakeLists.txt
      package.xml
 build/
                           -- BUILD SPACE
    CATKIN IGNORE
                           -- Keeps catkin from walking this directory
  devel/
                           -- DEVELOPMENT SPACE (set by CATKIN DEVEL PREFIX)
   bin/
    etc/
    include/
   lib/
    share/
    .catkin
    env.bash
    setup.bash
    setup.sh
  install/
                           -- INSTALL SPACE (set by CMAKE INSTALL PREFIX)
   bin/
   etc/
    include/
   lib/
    share/
    .catkin
    env.bash
    setup.bash
    setup.sh
```

Workspace

Create a ROS Workspace

\$ mkdir -p ~/catkin_ws/src

\$ cd ~/catkin_ws/src

\$ catkin_init_workspace

Compile Workspace

\$ cd ~/catkin_ws/

\$ catkin_make

Environment setup

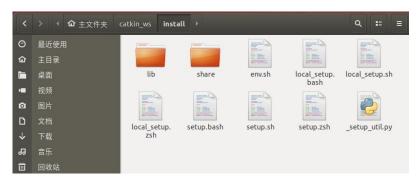
\$ source devel/setup.bash

Check environment

\$ echo \$ROS_PACKAGE_PATH /home/youruser/catkin_ws/src:/opt/ros/kinetic/share







Package

The simplest possible package might have a structure which looks like this:

my_package/ CMakeLists.txt package.xml

Creating a catkin Package

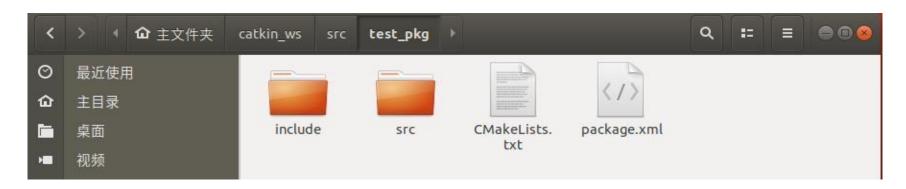
catkin_create_pkg <package_name> [depend1] [depend2] [depend3]

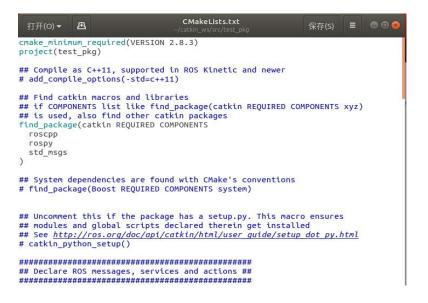
```
$ cd ~/catkin_ws/src
$ catkin_create_pkg beginner_tutorials std_msgs rospy roscpp
```

Building a catkin workspace and sourcing the setup file

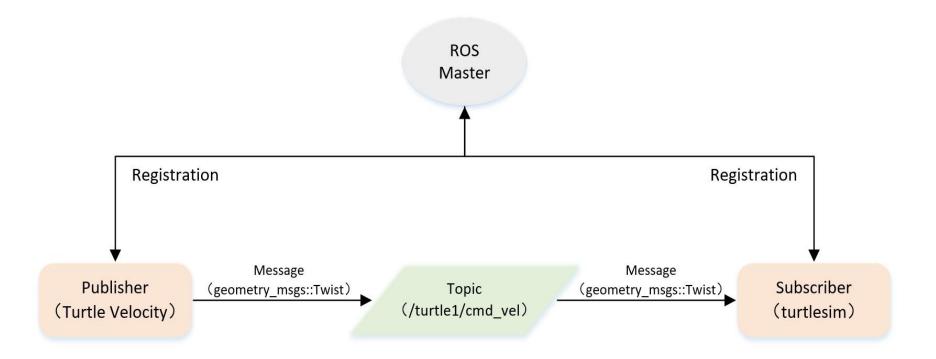
```
$ cd ~/catkin_ws
$ catkin_make
$ source ~/catkin_ws/devel/setup.bash
```

Package





```
package.xml
 打开(o) ▼
                                                           保存(s) = 😑 🖹
           Æ
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<package format="2">
 <name>test_pkg</name>
 <version>0.0.0</version>
 <description>The test pkg package</description>
 <!-- One maintainer tag required, multiple allowed, one person per tag -->
 <!-- Example: -->
 <!-- <maintainer email="jane.doe@example.com">Jane Doe</maintainer> -->
 <maintainer email="hcx@todo.todo">hcx</maintainer>
 <!-- One license tag required, multiple allowed, one license per tag -->
 <!-- Commonly used license strings: -->
 <!-- BSD, MIT, Boost Software License, GPLv2, GPLv3, LGPLv2.1, LGPLv3 -->
 cense>TODO</license>
 <!-- Url tags are optional, but multiple are allowed, one per tag -->
 <!-- Optional attribute type can be: website, bugtracker, or repository -->
 <!-- Example: -->
 <!-- <url type="website">http://wiki.ros.org/test pkg</url> -->
```



Topic Model(publish/subscribe)

```
$ cd ~/catkin_ws/src
$ catkin_create_pkg eleg_T03topic_yoursid std_msgs roscpp geometry_msgs turlesim
```



```
#example: sid 1155135432 and the node name will be velocity publisher 5432
# finish this task and show the result in the terminal.
from geometry_msgs.msg import Twist
def velocity_publisher():
    rospy.init_node('node name', anonymous=True)
   # TODO 1: finish the code below
    turtle_vel_pub = rospy.Publisher( topic_name, msg_class, queue_size=10)
    rate = rospy.Rate(10)
    while not rospy.is_shutdown():
        vel_msg = Twist()
        # modify the code below and import something at the start of the file, you should use the \pi in math library rather than 3.14
        vel_msg.linear.x = 0
        vel_msg.linear.y = 0
        vel_msg.linear.z = 0
        vel_msg.angular.x = 0
        vel msg.angular.y = 0
        vel_msg.angular.z = 0
        turtle_vel_pub.publish(vel_msg)
        #TODO 3: modify the code below, let the terminal output velocity
        rospy.loginfo("Publsh turtle velocity command[% velocity m/s, %velocity radius]",
                vel msg.linear.x, vel msg.angular.z)
        # delay as loop rate
        rate.sleep()
if __name__ == '__main__':
        velocity_publisher()
    except rospy.ROSInterruptException:
```

How to implement a publisher

- Initialize the ROS node
- Register node
 information with ROS
 Master, including the
 name of the published
 topic and the type of
 messages in the topic
- Creating Message Data
- Post messages on a recurring basis with a certain frequency

```
$ cd ~/catkin_ws
$ catkin_make
$ source devel/setup.bash
$ roscore
$ rosrun turtlesim turtlesim_node
# rosrun your_package your_ROS_node
```

```
eleg@eleg-VirtualBox: ~/catkin_ws

[INFO] [1631848355.965107]: Publsh turtle velocity command[1.000000 m/s, 1.000000 radius [INFO] [1631848356.062636]: Publsh turtle velocity command[1.000000 m/s, 1.000000 radius [INFO] [1631848356.165153]: Publsh turtle velocity command[1.000000 m/s, 1.000000 radius [INFO] [1631848356.262655]: Publsh turtle velocity command[1.000000 m/s, 1.000000 radius [INFO] [1631848356.359284]: Publsh turtle velocity command[1.000000 m/s, 1.000000 radius [INFO] [1631848356.459053]: Publsh turtle velocity command[1.000000 m/s, 1.000000 radius [INFO] [1631848356.559593]: Publsh turtle velocity command[1.000000 m/s, 1.000000 radius [INFO] [1631848356.659128]: Publsh turtle velocity command[1.000000 m/s, 1.000000 radius [INFO] [1631848356.759708]: Publsh turtle velocity command[1.000000 m/s, 1.000000 radius [INFO] [1631848356.859972]: Publsh turtle velocity command[1.000000 m/s, 1.000000 radius [INFO] [1631848356.961572]: Publsh turtle velocity command[1.000000 m/s, 1.000000 radius [INFO] [1631848356.961572]: Publsh turtle velocity command[1.000000 m/s, 1.000000 radius [INFO] [1631848356.961572]: Publsh turtle velocity command[1.000000 m/s, 1.000000 radius [INFO] [1631848356.961572]: Publsh turtle velocity command[1.000000 m/s, 1.000000 radius [INFO] [1631848356.961572]: Publsh turtle velocity command[1.000000 m/s, 1.000000 radius [INFO] [1631848356.961572]: Publsh turtle velocity command[1.000000 m/s, 1.000000 radius [INFO] [1631848356.961572]: Publsh turtle velocity command[1.000000 m/s, 1.000000 radius [INFO] [1631848356.961572]: Publsh turtle velocity command[1.000000 m/s, 1.000000 radius [INFO] [1631848356.961572]: Publsh turtle velocity command[1.000000 m/s, 1.000000 radius [INFO] [1631848356.961572]: Publsh turtle velocity command[1.000000 m/s, 1.000000 radius [INFO] [1631848356.961572]: Publsh turtle velocity command[1.000000 m/s, 1.000000 radius [INFO] [1631848356.961572]: Publsh turtle velocity command[1.000000 m/s, 1.000000 m/s, 1.000000 m/s]
```

