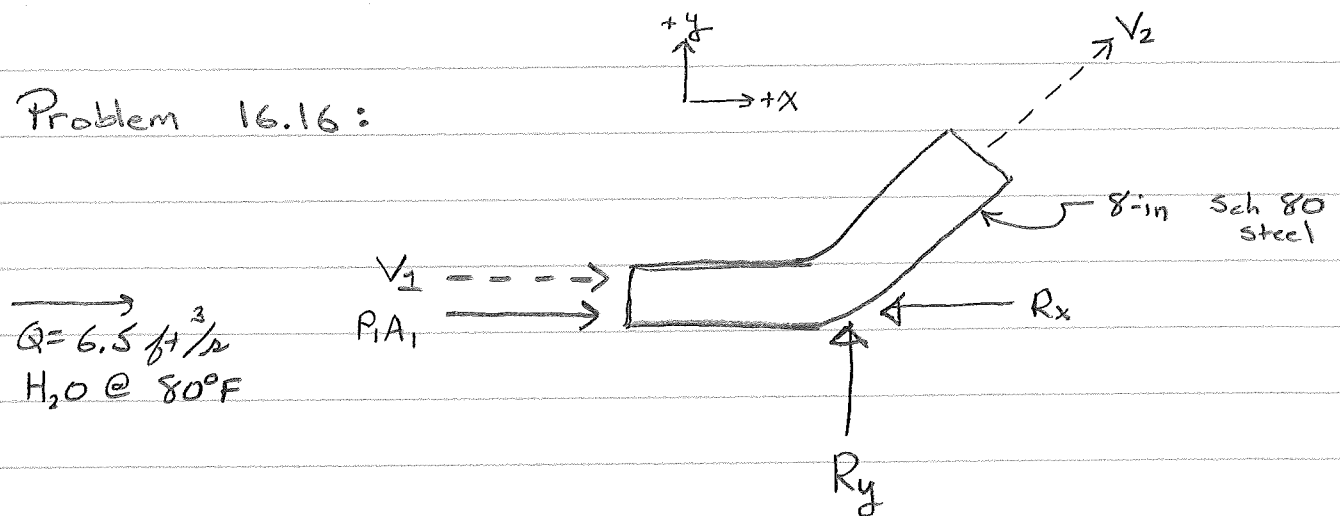


Problem 16.16:



Note that since pipe discharges into atm $P_2 = 0 \text{ psig}$ and we will be using P_1 as a gauge pressure.

First find P_1 from the general energy eq

$$\frac{P_1}{\gamma} + \frac{V_1^2}{2g} + \cancel{z_1} + \cancel{h_A} - \cancel{h_R} - h_L = \cancel{\frac{P_2}{\gamma}} + \cancel{z_2} + \frac{V_2^2}{2g}$$

$V_1 = V_2$
 $z_1 = z_2$ no pumps
 no motors
 P_2 at atm

$$\frac{P_1}{\gamma} - h_L = 0 \Rightarrow P_1 = \gamma h_L$$

$$h_L \text{ is the minor loss in the elbow: } h_L = K \left(\frac{V^2}{2g} \right) \quad (10-1)$$

where

$$K = \frac{L_e}{D} f_T \quad (10-8)$$

$$\text{and therefore } P_1 = \gamma f_T \left(\frac{L_e}{D} \right) \frac{V^2}{2g}$$

$$V = \frac{Q}{A} = \frac{6.5 \text{ ft}^3/\text{s}}{0.3174 \text{ ft}^2} = 20.48 \text{ ft/s}$$

From table F.2 (pg 501)

$$f_T = 0.014 \quad (\text{table 10.5 pg 242})$$

$$(L_e/D) = 16 \quad (\text{table 10.4})$$

$$P_i = \gamma f_T \left(\frac{L_e}{D} \right) \frac{V^2}{2g}$$

$$P_i = \left(62.2 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^3} \right) (0.014) (16) \frac{(20.48 \text{ ft/s})^2}{2 (32.2 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}^2})} = 90.74 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^2}$$

From table A.1 (pg 488)

Now that we have P_i we can compute forces:

X-direction:

$$P_i A_1 - R_x = \rho Q (V_{2x} - V_{1x}) = \rho Q (V_2 \cos 45^\circ - V_1)$$

$$\text{using } V_2 = V_1 = V$$

$$P_i A_1 - R_x = \rho Q V (\cos 45^\circ - 1) \Rightarrow R_x = P_i A_1 - \rho Q V (\cos 45^\circ - 1)$$

$$R_x = \left(90.74 \frac{\text{lb}}{\text{ft}^2} \right) (0.3174 \text{ ft}^2) - \left(1.93 \frac{\text{slug}}{\text{ft}^3} \right) \left(6.5 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{s}} \right) \left(20.48 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}} \right) (-0.293)$$

Table A.2 pg 489

$$R_x = 28.80 \text{ lb} + 75.28 \frac{\text{slug} \cdot \text{ft}}{\text{s}^2} \Rightarrow R_x = 104.1 \text{ lb}$$

lb

Y-direction:

$$R_y = \rho Q (V_{2y} - V_{1y}) = \rho Q (V_2 \sin 45^\circ - 0)$$

using $V_2 = V$

$$R_y = \rho Q V \sin 45^\circ$$

$$R_y = \left(1.93 \frac{\text{slugs}}{\text{ft}^3} \right) \left(6.5 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{s}} \right) \left(20.48 \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{s}} \right) (0.707) = 181.64 \text{ lb}$$

$$R_y = 181.6 \text{ lb}$$