



Shri Vile Parle Kelavani Mandal's MITHIBAI COLLEGE OF ARTS, CHAUHAN INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE & AMRUTBEN JIVANLAL COLLEGE OF COMMERCE AND ECONOMICS (AUTONOMOUS)

NAAC Reaccredited 'A' grade, CGPA: 3.57 (February 2016), Granted under RUSA, FIST-DST & -Star College Scheme of DBT, Government of Indi Best College (2016-17), University of Mumbai

Affiliated to the **UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI**

Program: Master of Science

Subject: Computer Science

Semester: III & IV

Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) with effect from the

Academic year 2022-23

A.C. No:

Agenda No:

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES

knowledge and be able to-On completion of the M.Sc. Computer Science, the learners should be enriched with

- Train students with widespread knowledge and understanding of advanced theoretical fundamentals in computer science.
- **PSO2:** Ready the students to take up an occupation in the extremely competitive ICT industry with research and development expertise acquired through Internship major project.
- **PSO3:** An aptitude to take on innovative research at the cutting edge of computer science and its associated zones.
- Learning, Cryptography, Natural Language Processing to name a few. Cultivate proficiency in innovative areas of computer science - Algorithms, Machine

Preamble

practice: This syllabus is an honest attempt to include following ideas, among other things, into

- Bring a new approach to syllabus, not a revision of the existing syllabus
- degrees in other related subjects. Create a unique identity for MSc in Comp Science distinct from similar
- Offers focus on core Computer Science subjects.
- Incorporate advanced and most recent trends.
- Identify and nurture research temper among students
- Offer provision for internship with industry.
- Focus, as far as possible, only on open source software.

will be met to a larger extent. By extending the syllabus to semester III and semester IV, it is assumed that these goals This syllabus for the semester I and semester II has tried to initiate steps to meet these goals.

The courses are as follows: -

Semester – III		
Course Title	Credits	Lecture/Week
Natural Language Processing	4	4
Software Defined Networks	4	4
Big Data Analytics	4	4
Deep Learning	4	4
Practical - Natural Language Processing	2	4
Practical - Social Network Analysis	2	4
Practical - Big Data Analytics	2	4
Practical - Deep Learning	2	4

Semester – IV		
Course Title	Credits	Credits Lecture/Week
Internship	12	-
Project Implementation	12	4

N.B.- (i) lecture hours for each course will thus be 60. modules. For each module the number of hours allotted are 15. The total number of The duration of each theory lecture will be of 60 minutes. A course consists of 4

For theory component value of One Credit is equal to 15 learning hours.

 Ξ duration of each practical will be of 4 hours, i.e. of 240 minutes. There will be one practical per batch for all but one courses per semester. The

For practical component the value of One Credit is equal to 30 learning hours

(iii) semester III. Thus in a week, a student will study 16 hours of theory and 16 hours of practical for

Evaluation Pattern

The performance of the learner will be evaluated in two components. The first component will be a Continuous Assessment with a weightage of 25% of total marks per course. The second component will be a Semester end Examination with a weightage of 75% of the total marks per course. The allocation of marks for the Continuous Assessment and Semester end Examinations is as shown below:

a) Details of Continuous Assessment (CA)

25% of the total marks per course:

Continuous Assessment	Details	Marks
Component 1 (CA-1)	Class Test/Research Paper Review/	15 marks
_	Assignment/ Presentation/ Mini Project	
Component 2 (CA-2)		

Minimum 2 component of Continuous Assessment need to be conducted per course.

b) Details of Semester End Examination

75% of the total marks per course. Duration of examination will be two and half hours.

Question Number	Description	Marks	Total Marks
1	Subjective questions based on Unit I (2/3)	16	24
2	Subjective questions based on Unit II (2/3)	16	24
3	Subjective questions based on Unit III (2/3)	16	24
4	Subjective questions based on Unit IV (2/3)	16	24
5	Subjective questions based on Unit I/II/III/IV (Que1 6 and Que2 5 marks Question Compulsory)	11	11
		Total Marks	75

Evaluation for practical papers

In the Practical exams, there will be 20% assessment for the journal and laboratory work and 80% as term end component to be conducted as a semester end exam per course. For each course there will be one examiner per batch who will evaluate the practical.

Signature Signature Signature

HOD Approved by Vice – Principal Approved by Principal

Program:	Master of S	cience (Comp	outer Science)	Semo	ester : III
Course: N	atural Lang	uage Process	ing	Cour	se Code:
	Teachi	ing Scheme		Eva	luation Scheme
Lecture	Practical	Tutorial		Continuous	Term End
(Hours	(Hours	(Hours	Credit	Assessment and	Examinations (TEE)
per	per	per		Evaluation (CAE)	(Marks-75
week)	week)	week)		(Marks - 25)	in Question Paper)
4	1	-	4	25	75

• The objective is to review natural language processing concepts and acquire how to apply basic algorithms for building various language Models.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, learners will be able to:

CO1: Summarize basic concepts of Natural Language Processing & implement Word Level Analysis

CO2: Interpret and implement part-of-speech tagging.

CO3: Deduce the Semantic Analysis & Pragmatics.

CO4: Apply and design a model for of regional or international languages and real-world problems such as machine translation, text categorization, text summarization and information extraction.

Module	Description	No of hours
1	Introduction to Natural Language Processing & Word Level Analysis	15
2	Vector Semantics, Part-of-Speech Tagging	
3	Dimension reduction, Topic Modelling & Information Extraction	
4	Machine translation and Word Senses	
	Total	60

Module	Natural Language Processing	No. of Hours/Credits 60/4
1	Introduction to Natural Language Processing & Word Level Analysis	15
	History of NLP, Generic NLP system, levels of NLP, Knowledge	
	in language processing, Ambiguity in Natural language, stages in	
	NLP, challenges of NLP, Applications of NLP.	
	Morphology analysis-survey of English Morphology, Inflectional	
	morphology & Derivational morphology, Lemmatization, Regular	
	expression, finite automata, finite state transducers (FST)	
	Morphological parsing with FST, Lexicon free FST Porter	
	stemmer.	
	N-gram language model - Unigram Language Model, Bigram,	
	Trigram, N-gram, Advanced smoothing for language modelling,	
	Empirical Comparison of Smoothing Techniques	
2	Vector Semantics, Part-of-Speech Tagging	15
	Vector semantics and embeddings – Lexical Semantics, Vector	
	semantics, Words and vectors, Cosine of measuring similarity,	
	TF-IDF – Weighing Terms in the vector, Word2Vec, GloVe	
	Part-Of-Speech tagging (POS)- Tag set for English (Penn	
	Treebank), Rule based POS tagging, Stochastic POS tagging,	
	Issues –Multiple tags & words, Unknown words. Introduction to	
	CFG, Sequence labelling: Hidden Markov Model (HMM),	
	Maximum Entropy, and Conditional Random Field (CRF),	
	Bidirectional Encoder Representations from Transformers	
	(BERT).	
3	Dimension reduction, Topic Modelling & Information Extraction	15
	Dimension Reduction and Topic Modelling – Latent Semantic	
	Indexing (LSI) Latent Semantic Analysis (LSA), Latent Dirichlet	
	Allocation (LSA)	
	Information Extraction, chunking, Developing and evaluating	
	chunkers, recursion in linguistic structure, Named Entity	
	Recognition, Relation Extraction	
4	Machine translation and Word Senses	15
	Need of MT, Problems of Machine Translation, MT Approaches,	
	Direct Machine Translations, Rule-Based Machine Translation,	
	Knowledge Based MT System, Statistical Machine Translation	
	(SMT), Parameter learning in SMT (IBM models) using EM),	
	Encoder-decoder architecture, Neural Machine Translation	
	Word Senses, Relations between Senses and WordNet	

Text Books:

- 1. Daniel Jurafsky, James H. Martin —Speech and Language Processing, Second Edition, Prentice Hall, 2008.
- 2. Natural Language Processing with Python^{||}, Steven Bird, Ewan Klein, and Edward Loper, 2nd Edition, O'Reilly, 2016.

Reference Books

- 1. Christopher D.Manning and Hinrich Schutze, Foundations of Statistical Natural Language Processing —, MIT Press, 1999
- 2. Siddiqui and Tiwary U.S., Natural Language Processing and Information Retrieval, Oxford University Press (2008).
- 3. Daniel M Bikel and Imed Zitouni Multilingual natural language processing applications Pearson, 2013
- 4. Alexander Clark (Editor), Chris Fox (Editor), Shalom Lappin (Editor) The Handbook of
- 5. Computational Linguistics and Natural Language Processing ISBN: 978-1-118-Steven Bird, Ewan Klein, Natural Language Processing with Python, O'Reilly

PRACTICAL: 2 Credit 4 Lecture/Week 60 Hours				
Sr. No.	Topic.			
1	Pre-processing of text (T Stemming)	okenization, Filtration, Script Va	lidation, Stop Word Removal,	
2	Morphological Analysis			
3	N-gram model			
4	POS tagging			
5	Chunking			
6	Named Entity Recognition	on		
7	Case Study/ Mini Project based on use of WordNet			
8	Implementing NLP model using BERT			
9	Implement miniature of a 1. Sentiment Analysis 2. Customer Support Bot 4. Text Summarization 5. Machine Translation	anyone of the following model		

Program:	Master of S	cience (Comp	outer Science)	Semo	ester: III
Course: S	oftware Defi	ned Network	S	Cour	rse Code: New code
	Teachi	ing Scheme		Eva	luation Scheme
Lecture	Practical	Tutorial		Continuous	Term End
(Hours	(Hours	(Hours	Credit	Assessment and	Examinations (TEE)
per	per	per		Evaluation (CAE)	(Marks-75
week)	week)	week)		(Marks - 25)	in Question Paper)
4	-	-	4	25	75

 To advance conceptual cognizance of Software Defined Networks (SDN) and the study of industrial deployment use-cases of SDN.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, learners will be able to:

CO1: Deliberate basic concepts of Networking & to get accustomed with Software Defined Networks.

CO2: Infer the role of Open Flow protocol and SDN Controllers.

CO3: To model and solve industry applications based on SDN.

CO4: Apply network virtualisation for industry standard solutions.

Module	Description	No of hours
1	Introduction to Software Defined Networking	15
2	The Open Flow Specifications	15
3	Data centres	15
4	Network Functions Virtualization (NFV) and SDN	15
	Total	60

Module	Software Defined Networks	No. of Hours/Credits 60/4
1	Introduction to Software Defined Networking	15
	Challenges of traditional networks, Traditional Switch Architecture -	
	Control, Data and management Planes, Introduction to SDN, Need of	
	SDN, History of SDN, Fundamental characteristics of SDN (Plane	
	Separation, Simplified Device and Centralized control, How SDN	
	Works – Centralized and Distributed Control and Date Planes, Network	
	Automation and Virtualization, and Openness), SDN	
	Operation/Architecture, SDN API"s (Northbound API"s, Southbound API"s, East/West API"s), ONF, SDN Devices and SDN Applications.	
2	The Open Flow Specifications	15
_	Open Flow Specification – Drawbacks of Open SDN, SDN via APIs,	
	SDN via Hypervisor Based Overlays – SDN via Opening up the Device	
	- SDN Controllers - General Concepts, OpenFlow Overview, The	
	OpenFlow Switch, The OpenFlow Controller, OpenFlow Ports,	
	Message Types, Pipeline Processing, Flow Tables, Matching,	
	Instructions, Action Set and List, OpenFlow Protocol, Proactive and	
	Reactive Flow, Timers, OpenFlow Limitations, OpenFlow Advantages	
	and Disadvantages, Open v Switch Features	
3	Data centres	15
	Data Centre Definition, Data Centre Demands (Adding, Moving,	
	Deleting Resources, Failure Recovery, Multitenancy, Traffic	
	Engineering and Path Efficiency), Tunnelling Technologies for the Data	
Centre, SDN Use Cases in the Data Centre, Comparison of Open SDN,		
	Overlays, and APIs, Real-World Data Centre Implementations, SDN	
	use case in Data centres. Multitenant and Virtualized Multitenant Data	
	Centre – SDN Solutions for the Data Centre Network – VLANs – EVPN	
	- VxLAN - NVGRE	
4	Network Functions Virtualization (NFV) and SDN	15
-	Definition of NFV, SDN Vs NFV, In-line network functions, Benefits	
	of Network Functions Virtualization, Challenges for Network Functions	
	Virtualization, Leading NFV Vendors, Comparison of NFV and NV.	
	Wide Area Networks, Service Provider and Carrier Networks, Campus	
	Networks, Hospitality Networks, Mobile Networks, Optical Networks,	
	SDN vs P2P/Overlay Networks.	

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1. Paul Goransson and Chuck Black, —Software Defined Networks: A Comprehensive Approach, First Edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2014.

 2. Thomas D. Nadeau, Ken Gray, —SDN: Software Defined Networks, O'Reilly Media, 2013.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Siamak Azodolmolky, —Software Defined Networking with Open Flow, Packet Publishing, 2013.
- 2. Vivek Tiwari, —SDN and Open Flow for Beginners, Amazon Digital Services, Inc., 2013.
- 3. Fei Hu, Editor, —Network Innovation through Open Flow and SDN: Principles and Design, CRC Press, 2014.
- 4. Open Networking Foundation (ONF) Documents, https://www.opennetworking.org, 2015

PRACT	TICAL: 2 Credit	4 Lecture/Week	60 Hours
Sr. No.	Topic.		
1	Implement Inter-VLAN Ro	outing.	
2	OSPF/BGP/NAT Impleme	entations.	
3	•	ommands in Mininet and emulate of	t using Virtual Box and Mininet. lifferent custom network topology
4	* *	_	r. Install controller and run custom controller. Identify inserted flows
5	functionality using POX		gure a switch to provide a firewall reate- Firewall
6	Write a simple router wit It will process the pack outgoing interface. Make so packets go to the corr	th a static routing table. The router tets just like a real router, and t e sure you receive the Ethernet fran	s an Emulator and POX controller. will receive raw Ethernet frames. hen forward them to the correct me and create the forwarding logic ter
7	Phase V: Emulate a Data Centre and manage it via a Cloud Network Controller: create a multi-rooted tree-like (Clos) topology in Mininet to emulate a data centre.		
8	network controller in or environment, in the cont	rder to orchestrate multiple netwext of network virtualization and	fic SDN applications on top of the vork tenants within a data centre management. 76/mod_resource/content/2/exerc

Program: Master of Science (Computer Science)				Semo	ester : III
Course: Big Data Analytics				Course Code:	
Teaching Scheme			Eva	luation Scheme	
Lecture	Practical	Tutorial		Continuous	Term End
(Hours	(Hours	(Hours	Credit	Assessment and	Examinations (TEE)
per	per	per		Evaluation (CAE) (Marks-75	
week)	week)	week)		(Marks - 25)	in Question Paper)
4	-	-	4	25	75

To provide an overview and understanding of big data, different forms of big data and tools to analyse big data.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, learners would be able to:

CO1: Recognize big data, characteristics and its sources.

CO2: Summarize big data storage techniques and apply programming paradigm for big data.

CO3: Analyse techniques to identify similar items and its applications.

CO4: Recommend different data stream algorithms.

CO5: Appraise advanced algorithm for managing large datasets.

CO6: Assess various link analysis and recommender system techniques.

Module	Description	No of hours
1	Introduction to bigdata, MapReduce & NoSQL	15
2	Finding similar items	15
3	Mining Data Streams & Frequent Itemset	15
4	Link Analysis & Recommendation System	15
	Total	60

Module	Big Data Analytics	No. of Hours/Credits 60/4
1	Introduction to bigdata, MapReduce & NoSQL	15
	Introduction to Big Data, Big Data characteristics, types of Big Data, Traditional vs. Big Data business approach, Case Study of Big Data Solutions.	
	Distributed file system, Introduction to Map Reduce: The map tasks, Grouping by key, The reduce tasks, Combiners, Details of MapReduce Execution, Coping with node failures. Algorithms	
	Using MapReduce: Matrix-Vector Multiplication, Computing Selections and Projections, Union, Intersection, and Difference, Natural Join.	
	Introduction to NoSQL, NoSQL business drivers, CAP Theorem NoSQL data architecture patters: key-value stores, graph stores, column family (Bigtable)stores, document stores, NoSQL system to handle big data problems.	
2	Finding Similar items	15
	Finding Similar Items, Applications of Near-Neighbour Search, Similarity of documents, Collaborative filtering as a similar-sets problem, Distance Measures: Definition of a Distance Measure, Euclidean Distances, Jaccard Distance, Cosine Distance, Edit Distance, Hamming Distance, k-Shingles, Choosing the Shingle Size, Hashing Shingles, Shingles built from Words. Similarity-Preserving Summaries of Sets, Locality Sensitive hashing for documents, Application of LSH.	
3	Mining Data Streams & Frequent Itemset	15
	Introduction to streams concepts – Stream data model and architecture, Stream computing, Sampling data in a stream, Filtering streams, Counting distinct elements in a stream, Estimating moments, Counting oneness in a Window, Decaying window. Handling Larger Datasets in Main Memory, Algorithm of Park, Chen, and Yu, The Multistage Algorithm, The Multihash Algorithm	
4	Link Analysis and Recommendation system	15
	Link analysis: PageRank, Efficient Computation of PageRank, Topic-Sensitive PageRank, Link Spam, Hubs and authorities Recommendation Systems: A Model for Recommendation Systems, Content-Based Recommendations, Collaborative Filtering, Dimensionality reduction	

Text Books:

- 1. Mining of Massive Datasets, Anand Rajaraman and Jeffrey David Ullman, Cambridge University Press, 2012.
- 2. Alex Holmes "Hadoop in Practice", Manning Press, Dreamtech Press.
- **3.** Dan McCreary and Ann Kelly "Making Sense of NoSQL" A guide for managers and the rest of us, Manning Press

Reference Books

- 1. Big Data for Dummies, J. Hurwitz, et al., Wiley, 2013
- 2. Understanding Big Data Analytics for Enterprise Class Hadoop and Streaming Data, Paul C. Zikopoulos, Chris Eaton, Dirk deRoos, Thomas Deutsch, George Lapis, McGraw-Hill, 2012.
- 3. Big data: The next frontier for innovation, competition, and productivity, James Manyika ,Michael Chui, Brad Brown, Jacques Bughin, Richard Dobbs, Charles Roxburgh, Angela Hung Byers, McKinsey Global Institute May 2011.
- 4. Big Data Glossary, Pete Warden, O'Reilly, 2011.
- 5. Big Data Analytics: From Strategic Planning to Enterprise Integration with Tools, Techniques, NoSQL, and Graph, David Loshin, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2013

PRACT	TICAL: 2 Credit	4 Lecture/Week	60 Hours			
Sr. No.	Topic.					
1.	Write a map-reduce program to count the number of occurrences of each word in the given dataset. (A word is defined as any string of alphabetic characters appearing between non-alphabetic characters like nature's is two words. The count should be case-insensitive. If a word occurs multiple times in a line, all should be counted)					
2.	Practical on NoSQL					
3.	Write a map-reduce program to find matrix-vector multiplication					
4.	Write a program to construct different types of k-shingles for given document.					
5.	Implement min hashing and LSH.					
6.	Implement bloom's filter.					
7.	Implement flajolet-mar	tin algorithm to count distinct ele	ments.			
8.	Compute the n-moment for a given stream where n is given.					
9.	Implement frequent Itemset algorithm					
10.	Implement PageRank Algorithm					
11.	Implement basic collab	orative filtering				

Program: Master of Science (Computer Science)				Seme	ster : III
Course: Deep Learning				Course Code:	
Teaching Scheme				Evaluation Scheme	
Lecture	Practical	Tutorial		Continuous	Term End
(Hours	(Hours	(Hours	Credit	Assessment and	Examinations (TEE)
per	per	per		Evaluation (CAE)	(Marks-75
week)	week)	week)		(Marks - 25)	in Question Paper)
4	-	-	4	25	75

 To summarize the basic concepts of deep neural network, demonstrate various deep neural networks and develop applications based on deep neural network.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course, learners will be able to:

CO1: Identify the data types of Deep Neural Network

CO2: Implement regularization on a Deep Neural Network

CO3: Design auto-encoders and implement auto-encoders in applications

CO4: Represent a recurrent neural network

CO5: Interpret the architecture of Convolution Neural Network

CO6: Implement Convolution Neural Network in image classification

CO7: Discuss and compare open issues and trends in deep learning

Module	Description	No of hours
1	Deep Neural Networks	15
2	Autoencoders and Recurrent Neural Network	15
3	Convolution Neural Network	15
4	Improving Deep Neural Network and Applications of Deep Learning	15
	Total	60

Module	Deep Learning	No. of Hours/Credits 60/4
1	Deep Neural Networks	15
	Introduction to Deep Learning: Data types useful for deep	
	learning, problems that can be solved using DL, basic structure of	
	deep neural networks models. Training a Deep Neural Network,	
	Reusing pre-trained layers, L1 and L2 Regularization, Optimizers	
	for Deep Neural Network – Adagrad, Adadelta, Adam, Types of	
	Deep Learning Algorithms	
2	Autoencoders and Recurrent Neural Network	15
	Autoencoders and its relation to PCA, Regularization in	
	autoencoders, Denoising autoencoders, Sparse autoencoders,	
	Contractive autoencoders.	
	Recurrent Neural Network - Backpropagation through time	
	(BPTT), Vanishing and Exploding Gradients, Long-Short Term	
	Memory (LSTM), Gated Recurrent Units (GRU)	
3	Convolution Neural Network	15
	Computer Vision, Edge Detection, Strided Convolutions,	
	Convolutions Over Volume, One Layer of a Convolutional	
	Network, Simple Convolutional Network Example, Pooling	
	Layers, CNN Example, ResNets, Inception Networks, Transfer	
	Learning, Data Augmentation, State of Computer Vision, Object	
	Localization, Landmark Detection, Object Detection	
4	Improving Deep Neural Network and Applications of Deep	15
	Learning	
	Dropout, Early stopping, Dataset augmentation, Better activation	
	functions, Better weight initialization methods, Batch	
	Normalization. Applications: Face Recognition, One Shot	
	Learning, Siamese Network, Triplet Loss, Face Verification and	
	Binary Classification, Neural style transfer, Deep ConvNets	
	learning, Cost Function, Content Cost Function, Style Cost	
	Function, 1D and 3D Generalizations, Case Studies	

Text Books:

- 1. Adam Gibson, Josh Pattern, "Deep Learning A Practitioner's Approach", 1st Edition, O"Reilly, 2017.
- 2. Ian Goodfellow, YoshuaBengio, Aaron Courville, "Deep Learning", 1st Edition, MIT Press, 2016
- 3. Jeff Heaton, "Artificial Intelligence For Humans: Vol. 3 Deep Learning and Neural Network", Lightning Source Inc, 2015

4. N D Lewis, "Deep Learning made easy with R: A Gentle Introduction for Data Science", 1st Edition, Createspace Independent Pub 2016.

Reference Books

- 1. Duda, R.O., Hart, P.E., and Stork, D.G., Pattern Classification, 2nd Edition Wiley 2000
- 2. Theodoridis, S. and Koutroumbas, K., Pattern Recognition. 4th Edition, Academic Press Elsevier 2009
- 3. Russell, S. and Norvig, N. Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, 3rd Edition Prentice Hall Series in Artificial Intelligence 2010
- 4. Bishop, C. M. Neural Networks for Pattern Recognition. Oxford University Press, 1995
- 5. Richard Szeliski, Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applications, 2nd Edition Springer 2010

PRACT	FICAL: 2 Credit	4 Lecture/Week	60 Hours		
Sr. No.	Topic.				
1	Representative power of	of a neural network			
2	Tuning of weights and	biases using Gradient Descent			
3	Demonstration of Adag	rad / Adadelta optimizaer			
4	L1 & L2 Regularization Technique				
5	Demonstration of Vanishing and Exploding Gradient Descent				
6	Implementing Autoencoders				
7	Implementing RNN in any one application domain				
8	Image Classification using CNN				
9	Dropout / Early-stopping Regularization Technique				
10	Batch Normalization				
11	Demonstration of any o	one real-life application of Deep	Neural Network		

Program: M.Sc Computer Science		
Course: Internship		
Teaching Scheme		
	Continuous Assessment and Evaluation	
Credit	(CAE)	
- 12		

Demonstrate expertise and integrate foundational concepts in software, project, management, and/or team skills during the design, development, test, and/or delivery activities in a computing-related industry setting.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course the learners will:

CO1: Apply and Integrate theory and practice.

CO2: Develop communication, interpersonal and other critical skills in the job

CO3: Develop work competencies for a specific profession or occupation.

CO4: Apply higher order thinking skills, such as critical thinking, analysis, synthesis, evaluation, and complex problem solving, to "real world" situations

- Students need to complete Internship in any of the industry which includes networks, software developer, android development, security, data science and not limited to.
- They are expected to complete at least 480 hours.
- They need to submit appointment / internship letter along with necessary documents.
- Tutoring / lecturing / demonstrator is not considered for internship.
- Every week they need to report to college and present the work which he/she did in the organization in the form of PPT.

EVALUATION AND INTERNSHIP REPORT GUIDELINES

All students are required to submit a report at the end of their internship. The report must be at least 12 pages in length (not including the cover page). The report should be written in your own words. One should treat the report as a professional, scholarly document. This means proper citations must be given if text is taken from a company website, trade brochures, or any other public sources. The report will count towards 20% of the internship grade. All reports must be approved by the student's supervisor. Students can either have the supervisor sign off on a hard copy version of the report or can forward an e-mail to their advisor from the supervisor stating that the report has been read and approved. The report must be submitted to the student's advisor within two weeks after finishing their internship. Failure to submit the report on time could affect the approval of a future internship.

The report should follow the following format:

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. Cover Page

The following information must be provided on the first page. It should be centered in the middle of the page:

- § Name
- § Student ID Number
- § Internship Semester and Year
- § Employer and Employer Location
- § Supervisor Name and E-mail

2. Abstract

An abstract is not introduction; it is a brief (50-70 words) summary of your report.

3. Introduction

Explain which company you interned with, where the facility was located, what the business of the company is, the area you worked in and the main emphasis of your internship.

4. Discussion of Projects

Discuss in detail the areas of responsibility you had to deal with during your internship. Although this is an overview of your internship experience, include technical details about the projects you

worked on. How many lines of code? What technologies, languages, tools, systems were used? Discuss the significance of your efforts relative to the company's operations.

5. Summary and Conclusions

Summarize your work and learning experience. Explain how the internship either reinforced or changed your career goals. Discuss any new perspectives you obtained because of this experience. Elaborate on the benefits you realized from the internship. Did you face any challenges or difficulties in your assignments? How did you solve these issues? In what ways did you apply what you have learned in your graduate courses to the internship?

Evaluation Scheme

Internship Evaluation	Description	Credits	Contents of Evaluation
Components			
1	Joint Evaluation by the Industry mentor and the faculty coordinator on: -The Project Work	6	There will be two components of evaluation: (i)Joint evaluation by the Industry

<u> </u>			
	accomplished, and -		mentor and the
	The overall learning		faculty mentor to be
	outcomes of the		coordinated by
	Internship		faculty members.
			(ii) Faculty mentor
			will write a
			Subjective Feedback
			Report in support of
			grade awarded. The
			report can be
			common or be
			submitted
			separately. Note: If
			the industry mentor
			does not have the
			liberty to write
			grades or subjective
			report on the
			student's work due
			to the policy of
			his/her organization
			then faculty mentor
			has to submit the
			evaluation for full
			components.
2	Report Writing and	3	The components of
	Viva Voce		evaluation will be: -
			Problem
			formulation,
			Technique and Tools
			used in solving the
			problem, Execution
			of project -Written
			expression -Any
			additional
			component, as
			considered important
			by a department
3	Presentation and	3	The components of
_	evaluation of	-	evaluation will be: -
	domain knowledge		Style and
	in the area of		Effectiveness of
	internship		presentation -Oral
	Interniship		Expression -Domain
			Knowledge -Any
			additional
			component, as
	1		=
			considered important
			considered important by a department

Following points can be considered for evaluation

- 1. Demonstrates student learning during the internship
- 2. Demonstrates professional and acceptable non-verbal behaviour
- 3. Appropriate use of AV aids
- 4. Confidence as a presenter
- 5. Presentation is eye catching and conveys the focus of the internship immediately
- 6. Concise but Complete description of entire internship
- 7. Elements are logically arranged / presented
- 8. Graphics are visually appealing and professional
- 9. Communication skills
- 10. Maintains eye contact
- 11. Internship viva voce
- 12. Understands the question(s) asked
- 13. Ability to answer without third-party support with appropriate and adequate information
- 14. Promptly gives correct answers
- 15. Demonstrates confidence while answering
- 16. Accepts others' views, her mistakes and listens to others' suggestions and/or critique
- 17. Overall impression left by intern

Program: Master of Science (Computer Science)			Semester: IV	
Course: Project Implementation	Cou	rse Code:		
Teaching Scheme	Evaluation Scheme			
Learner Effort (Total Hours)	Credit	Continuous Assessment and Evaluation (CAE	Term End Examinations (TEE)	
360 - 400	12	50	250	

- Identifying research problem on basis of thorough literature review
- Identifying suitable datasets and incrementally create research methodology
- Implementing or performing experiments and develop correct practices of observing the results
- Applying various analytical techniques to evaluate results and deferring appropriate conclusions

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course the learners will:

- **CO1:** Apply fundamental and disciplinary concepts and methods in ways appropriate to their principal areas of study.
- **CO2:** Plan, analyze, design a research project and demonstrate the ability to communicate effectively in speech and writing.
- **CO3:** Incorporate information from various sources and devise a solution to the problem.
- **CO4:** Exercise the skills, persistence, and commitment to excellence needed to engage in lifelong learning.

Guidelines for Project Implementation in Semester – IV

- To ensure proper conduction of each project, progress of each project should be monitored on continuous basis first by the supervisor.
- Students are expected to gather raw datasets for the completion of the project.
- Student must report progress of project to project supervisor (teacher in-charge) once a week.
- Project supervisor should conduct mid-semester presentations of the student project as part of continuous evaluation.
- Evaluation scheme for continuous evaluation:

Maximum: 50 Marks

	Excellent	Good	Average	Poor
	(100 - 80%)	(80 - 70%)	(70 - 50%)	(<50%)
Topic selection	Complete	Somewhat	Useful but not	Useful for
& Problem	Innovative and	innovative and	innovative, meets	limited group,
Definition	useful,	useful, within	expectations,	not innovative,
(20%)	Exceeds	expectations and its	problems and its	problem are not
	expectations	implications are	implications are	well defined and
	and problem	well understood.	not well	specified.
	and its		described and	
	implication are		presented.	
	thoroughly			
	understood.			

Literature Survey Purpose and need of the project (25%)	Outstanding investigation in all aspects. Detailed and extensive explanation of the purpose and need of the project	Well-researched project, good depth and thoroughness, sensible planning of research and well referenced throughout. Collects a great deal of information and good study of the existing systems	Research is clear and structured. Appropriate coverage is present and referenced. Moderate study of the existing work; collects some basic information	Minimal research or cursory coverage , minimal referencing, Moderate explanation of the purpose and need of the project
Justification of Project Objectives and Proposed Methodology (25%)	All objectives of the proposed work are well defined; Steps to be followed to solve the defined problem are clearly specified	Good justification to the objectives; Methodology to be followed is specified but detailing is not done	Incomplete justification to the objectives proposed; Steps are mentioned but unclear; without justification to objectives	Limited information Only Some objectives of the proposed work are defined
Demonstration and Presentation (30%)	Objectives achieved as per time frame. Contents of presentations are appropriate and well arranged	Objectives achieved as per time frame. Contents of presentations are appropriate but not well arranged	Objectives achieved as per time frame. Contents of presentations are appropriate but not well arranged	Objectives not achieved as per time frame. Contents of presentations are not appropriate

• Evaluation Scheme for End Semester: Maximum: 250 Marks

	Excellent (100 – 80%)	Good (80 – 70%)	Average (70 – 50%)	Poor (<50%)
Project Report (20%)	Project report is according to the specified format References and citations are appropriate and well mentioned	Project report is according to the specified format References and citations are appropriate but not mentioned well	Project report is according to the specified format but some mistakes In-sufficient references and citations	Project report not prepared according to the specified format References and citations are not appropriate
Description of	Complete	Complete	Incomplete	Inappropriate
Concepts and	explanation of	explanation of the	explanation of the	explanation of the

Technical I (15%)	Details	the key concepts and strong description of the technical requirements of the project	key concepts but in- sufficient description of the technical requirements of the project	key concepts and in-sufficient description of the technical requirements of the project	key concepts and poor description of the technical requirements of the project
Project Demonstrat (30%)	tion	All defined objectives are achieved. Each module working well and properly demonstrated. All modules of project are well integrated and system working is accurate	All defined objectives are achieved. Each module working well and properly demonstrated. Integration of all modules not done and system working is not Very satisfactory	All defined objectives are achieved. Modules are working well in isolation and properly demonstrate. Modules of project are not properly integrated	Only some of the defined objectives are achieved. Modules are not in proper working form that further leads to failure of integrated system
Presentatio (20%)	n	Contents of presentations are appropriate and well delivered Proper eye contact with audience and clear voice with good spoken language	Contents of presentations are appropriate and well delivered Clear voice with good spoken language but less eye contact with audience	Contents of presentations are appropriate but not well delivered Eye contact with only few people and unclear voice	Contents of presentations are not appropriate and not well delivered Poor eye contact with audience and unclear voice
Conclusion Discussion (15%)		Results are presented in very appropriate manner Project work is well summarized and concluded Future extensions in the project are well specified	Results are presented in good manner Project work summary and conclusion not very appropriate Future extensions in the project are specified	Results presented are not much satisfactory Project work summary and conclusion not very appropriate Future extensions in the project are not specified	Results are not presented properly Project work is not summarized and concluded Future extensions in the project are not specified
Guidelines f	for Doc	umentation of Pr	oject Implementation	n in Semester – IV	
1.	Title: Title of the project				
2.	Introduction: An introduction to the topic of around 3-5 pages, giving proper back ground of the topic discussed				
3.	Literature survey: A detailed survey of the relevant works done by others in the domain.				

	Student is expected to refer at least 8-10 research papers. It may be around 10 to 12 pages.
4.	Objective: A detailed objective of the proposal is needed. It may be of 1 to 2 pages.
5.	Methodology: A proper and detailed procedure of how to solve the problem discussed. It shall contain the techniques, tools, software and data to be used. It shall be of around 3 to 5 pages.
6.	Implementation details: A description of how the project has been implemented. It shall be of 2 to 4 pages.
7.	Experimental set up and results: A detailed explanation on how experiments were conducted, what software used and the results obtained. Details like screen shots, tables and graphs can come here. It shall be of 6 to 10 pages.
8.	Analysis of the results: A description on what the results means and how they have been arrived at. Different performing measures or statistical tools used etc may be part of this. It shall be of 4 to 6 pages.
9.	Conclusion: A conclusion of the project performed in terms of its outcome (May be half a page).
10.	Future enhancement: A small description on what enhancement can be done when more time and resources are available (May be half a page).
11.	Program code: The program code is optional to be given as appendix.
12.	The report may be of around 40 - 80 pages (excluding program code), which needs to be signed by the teacher in charge and head of the Department. Student should submit the signed project implementation report.