

Assignment No. 03

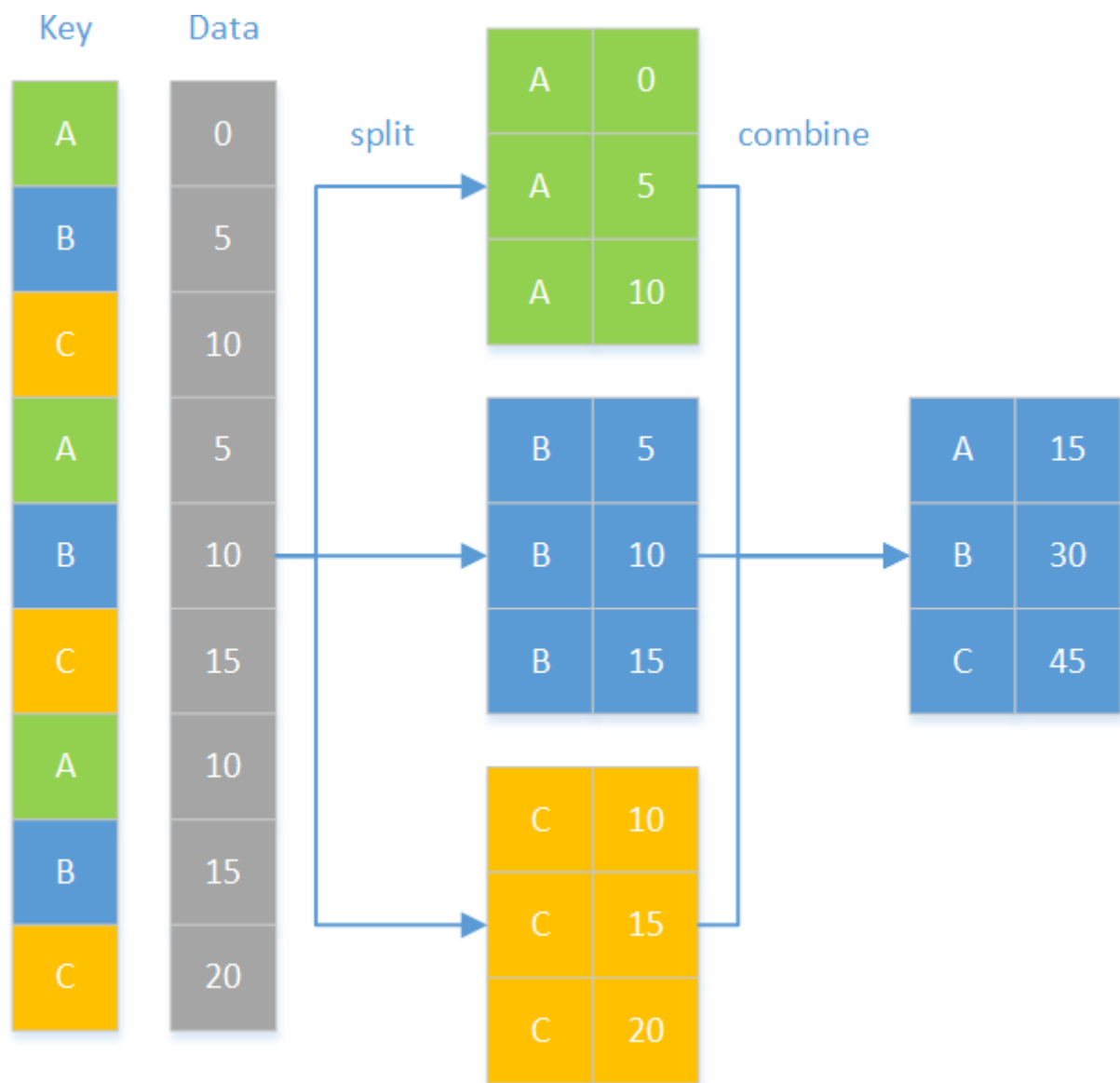
Basic Statistics - Measures of Central Tendencies and Variance

Perform the following operations on any open source dataset (eg. data.csv)

1. Provide summary statistics (mean, median, minimum, maximum, standard deviation) for a dataset (age, income etc.) with numeric variables grouped by one of the qualitative (categorical) variable. For example, if your categorical variable is age groups and quantitative variable is income, then provide summary statistics of income grouped by the age groups. Create a list that contains a numeric value for each response to the categorical variable.
 - A. Write a Python program to display some basic statistical details like percentile, mean, standard deviation etc. of the species of 'Iris-setosa', 'Iris-versicolor' and 'Iris-versicolor' of iris.csv dataset. Provide the codes with outputs and explain everything that you do in this step.

By,

1. Provide summary statistics (mean, median, minimum, maximum, standard deviation) for a dataset (age, income etc.) with numeric variables grouped by one of the qualitative (categorical) variable. For example, if your categorical variable is age groups and quantitative variable is income, then provide summary statistics of income grouped by the age groups. Create a list that contains a numeric value for each response to the categorical variable. ¶



In [150]:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
student = pd.read_csv("/content/StudentsPerformance.csv")
```

In [151]:

```
student.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1000 entries, 0 to 999
Data columns (total 8 columns):
 #   Column                                  Non-Null Count  Dtype  
---  -
 0   gender                                1000 non-null   object  
 1   race/ethnicity                        1000 non-null   object  
 2   parental level of education          1000 non-null   object  
 3   lunch                                 1000 non-null   object  
 4   test_preparation_course              1000 non-null   object  
 5   math_score                           991 non-null    float64  
 6   reading_score                        995 non-null    float64  
 7   writing_score                         994 non-null    float64  
dtypes: float64(3), object(5)
memory usage: 62.6+ KB
```

In [152]:

```
student.describe()
```

Out[152]:

	math_score	reading_score	writing_score
count	991.000000	995.000000	994.000000
mean	66.116044	69.223116	68.113682
std	15.217867	14.577775	15.182945
min	0.000000	17.000000	10.000000
25%	57.000000	59.000000	58.000000
50%	66.000000	70.000000	69.000000
75%	77.000000	79.000000	79.000000
max	100.000000	100.000000	100.000000

In [153]:

```
student.head()
```

Out[153]:

	gender	race/ethnicity	parental level of education	lunch	test_preparation_course	math_score	reading_score
0	female	group B	bachelor's degree	standard	none	72.0	72.0
1	female	group C	some college	standard	completed	69.0	69.0
2	female	group B	master's degree	standard	none	90.0	90.0
3	male	group A	associate's degree	free/reduced	none	47.0	47.0
4	male	group C	some college	standard	none	76.0	76.0

In [154]:

```
male_female = student.groupby('gender')['gender'].count()  
print(male_female)
```

```
gender  
female    518  
male      482  
Name: gender, dtype: int64
```

In [155]:

```
student.test_preparation_course.unique()
```

Out[155]:

```
array(['none', 'completed'], dtype=object)
```

In [156]:

```
mean_math = student.groupby('gender').math_score.mean()
```

In [157]:

```
print(mean_math)
```

```
gender  
female    63.654902  
male      68.725572  
Name: math_score, dtype: float64
```

In [158]:

```
mean_math_test_preparation = student.groupby(['gender', 'test_preparation_course']).math_score.mean()
print(mean_math_test_preparation)
```

```
gender  test_preparation_course
female  completed              67.331492
         none                  61.632219
male    completed              72.339080
         none                  66.677524
Name: math_score, dtype: float64
```

In [159]:

```
student.math_score.unique()
```

Out[159]:

```
array([ 72.,  69.,  90.,  47.,  76.,  71.,  88.,  40.,  64.,  38.,  58.,
        nan,  78.,  50.,  18.,  46.,  54.,  66.,  65.,  44.,  74.,  73.,
        70.,  62.,  63.,  56.,  97.,  81.,  75.,  57.,  55.,  53.,  59.,
        82.,  77.,  33.,  52.,   0.,  79.,  39.,  67.,  45.,  60.,  61.,
        41.,  49.,  30.,  80.,  42.,  27.,  43.,  68.,  85.,  98.,  87.,
        51.,  99.,  84.,  91.,  83.,  89.,  22., 100.,  96.,  94.,  48.,
        35.,  34.,  86.,  92.,  37.,  28.,  24.,  26.,  95.,  36.,  29.,
        32.,  93.,  19.,  23.,   8.] )
```

Group by of a Single Column and Apply the describe() Method on a Single Column

In [160]:

```
print(student.groupby('gender').math_score.describe())
```

	count	mean	std	min	25%	50%	75%	max
gender								
female	510.0	63.654902	15.593640	0.0	54.0	65.0	74.0	100.0
male	481.0	68.725572	14.371106	27.0	59.0	69.0	79.0	100.0

In [161]:

```
groups = pd.cut(student['math_score'],bins=4)
groups
```

Out[161]:

```
0      (50.0, 75.0]
1      (50.0, 75.0]
2      (75.0, 100.0]
3      (25.0, 50.0]
4      (75.0, 100.0]
...
995    (75.0, 100.0]
996    (50.0, 75.0]
997    (50.0, 75.0]
998    (50.0, 75.0]
999    (75.0, 100.0]
Name: math_score, Length: 1000, dtype: category
Categories (4, interval[float64, right]): [(-0.1, 25.0] < (25.0, 50.0] <
(50.0, 75.0] <
(75.0, 100.0]]
```

In [162]:

```
student.groupby(groups)['math_score'].count()
```

Out[162]:

```
math_score
(-0.1, 25.0]      7
(25.0, 50.0]    143
(50.0, 75.0]    567
(75.0, 100.0]   274
Name: math_score, dtype: int64
```

In [163]:

```
pd.crosstab(groups, student['gender'])
```

Out[163]:

	gender	female	male
math_score			
(-0.1, 25.0]		7	0
(25.0, 50.0]		90	53
(50.0, 75.0]		301	266
(75.0, 100.0]		112	162

2. Write a Python program to display some basic statistical details like percentile, mean, standard deviation etc. of the species of 'Iris-setosa', 'Iris-versicolor' and 'Iris-versicolor' of iris.csv dataset.

Python Descriptive Statistics – Measuring Central Tendency

In [164]:

```
import statistics as st
```

In [165]:

```
data = [1,2,3,4,5,6]
```

In [166]:

```
st.mean(data)
```

Out[166]:

3.5

In [167]:

```
st.median(data)
```

Out[167]:

3.5

In [187]:

```
#Will show error as data is having no unique modal value  
st.mode(data)
```

```
-----  
-  
StatisticsError                                Traceback (most recent call last)  
t)  
<ipython-input-187-7adf61ce2b58> in <module>()  
      1 #Will show error as data is having no unique modal value  
----> 2 st.mode(data)  
  
/usr/lib/python3.7/statistics.py in mode(data)  
    504     elif table:  
    505         raise StatisticsError(  
--> 506             'no unique mode; found %d equally common values' %  
len(table)  
    507         )  
    508     else:
```

StatisticsError: no unique mode; found 5 equally common values

In [169]:

```
data1 = [1,2,7,5,4,7,8,2,1,7]  
st.mode(data1)
```

Out[169]:

7

In [170]:

```
#Variance  
st.variance(data1)
```

Out[170]:

7.6

In [171]:

```
#Variance  
st.variance(data1)
```

Out[171]:

7.6

In [172]:

```
import pandas as pd  
df = pd.DataFrame(data1)
```

In [173]:

```
df.mean()
```

Out[173]:

0 4.4
dtype: float64

In [174]:

```
df.mode()
```

Out[174]:

0
0 7

In [175]:

```
df.median()
```

Out[175]:

0 4.5
dtype: float64

In [176]:

```
#using California housing train csv file
df1 = pd.read_csv("/content/sample_data/california_housing_train.csv")
df1
```

Out[176]:

	longitude	latitude	housing_median_age	total_rooms	total_bedrooms	population	households
0	-114.31	34.19	15.0	5612.0	1283.0	1015.0	
1	-114.47	34.40	19.0	7650.0	1901.0	1129.0	
2	-114.56	33.69	17.0	720.0	174.0	333.0	
3	-114.57	33.64	14.0	1501.0	337.0	515.0	
4	-114.57	33.57	20.0	1454.0	326.0	624.0	
...
16995	-124.26	40.58	52.0	2217.0	394.0	907.0	
16996	-124.27	40.69	36.0	2349.0	528.0	1194.0	
16997	-124.30	41.84	17.0	2677.0	531.0	1244.0	
16998	-124.30	41.80	19.0	2672.0	552.0	1298.0	
16999	-124.35	40.54	52.0	1820.0	300.0	806.0	

17000 rows × 9 columns



In [177]:

```
df1.mean()
```

Out[177]:

```
longitude      -119.562108
latitude        35.625225
housing_median_age  28.589353
total_rooms     2643.664412
total_bedrooms   539.410824
population     1429.573941
households      501.221941
median_income    3.883578
median_house_value 207300.912353
dtype: float64
```

In [178]:

```
df1["households"].mean()
```

Out[178]:

501.2219411764706

In [179]:

```
df1["households"].median()
```

Out[179]:

409.0

In [180]:

```
df1["households"].mode()
```

Out[180]:

```
0    306.0
1    386.0
dtype: float64
```

In [181]:

```
df1["households"].var()
```

Out[181]:

147856.2770525285

In [182]:

```
st.stdev(df1["households"])
```

Out[182]:

384.5208408559009

Descriptive Statistics on IRIS dataset

In [183]:

```
import pandas as pd
data = pd.read_csv("iris.csv")
print('Iris-setosa')
```

Iris-setosa

In [184]:

```
setosa = data['species'] == 'Iris-setosa'
print(data[setosa].describe())
```

	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width
count	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
mean	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
std	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
min	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
25%	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
50%	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
75%	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
max	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

In [185]:

```
print('\nIris-versicolor')
setosa = data['species'] == 'Iris-versicolor'
print(data[setosa].describe())
```

Iris-versicolor

	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width
count	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
mean	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
std	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
min	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
25%	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
50%	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
75%	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
max	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

In [186]:

```
print('\nIris-virginica')
setosa = data['species'] == 'Iris-virginica'
print(data[setosa].describe())
```

Iris-virginica

	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width
count	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
mean	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
std	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
min	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
25%	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
50%	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
75%	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
max	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN