Bayesian and Modern Statistics: Homework 9

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September 27, 2013

I conduct missing data analysis via gibbs sampler and complete analysis. I generated true simulation data (100) from the bivariate normal distribution in the same settings of previous assignment. For the sampling parameters and missing data, I used gibbs sampling and set the burin in period (500) and samples (1000). I generate missing for p=0%,5%,10%,15%,20%,30%,40%,50% and conduct missing data analysis. I also conducted the complete analysis for p=5%,50% case by discarding the missing data and corresponding data. The estimation results show that even if the percentage of missing data is relatively high such as 40%,50%,95% credible interval include true value and their variance is not so deteriorated. On the other hand, in the case of complete analysis (discarding the other vector data correspond to missing data), the variances of posterior samples are higher than those of gibbs sampling. Comparing to the full data, gibbs sampling approach for missing data show the similar results, of course, if the rate of missing is high, it will deteriorate the posterior variances.

Estimation procedures.

I conducted gibbs sampling with the following manner.

- 1 Set the initial value for μ , Σ and Y_{miss}
- 2 Generate μ and Σ form posterior distribution

Generation of μ and Σ can be conducted as the same manner of the case of no missing data because gibbs sampling of μ and Σ is conducted given the generated data which correspond to missing data.

3 Generate missing data

Given the μ and Σ , we generate the missing data as a latent variable from conditional posterior distribution which is based on the conditional distribution of Gaussian distribution.

4 Iterate 2,3 step by the chain converging.

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Estimation results.

Table 1: The statistics of posterior samples, Table 2: The statistics of posterior samples, n = 0% (full)

p = 0% (1011)				p = 5%			
	Mean	SD	95%		Mean	SD	95%
μ_1	0.106	0.093	[-0.071, 0.289]	μ_1	0.111	0.097	[-0.077, 0.290]
μ_2	0.062	0.095	[-0.139, 0.257]	μ_2	0.064	0.097	[-0.124, 0.253]
Σ_{11}	0.899	0.123	[0.686, 1.176]	Σ_{11}	0.904	0.125	[0.683, 1.170]
Σ_{12}, Σ_{21}	0.690	0.114	[0.487, 0.941]	Σ_{12}, Σ_{21}	0.697	0.113	[0.495, 0.935]
Σ_{22}	0.940	0.138	[0.702, 1.249]	Σ_{22}	0.931	0.132	[0.692, 1.215]

Table 3: The statistics of posterior samples, Table 4: The statistics of posterior samples,

p = 10%				p = 15%			
	Mean	SD	95%	•	Mean	SD	95%
μ_1	0.113	0.099	[-0.079, 0.296]	μ_1	0.128	0.097	[-0.060, 0.321]
μ_2	0.064	0.098	[-0.128, 0.262]	μ_2	0.059	0.095	[-0.131, 0.245]
Σ_{11}	0.903	0.130	[0.675, 1.193]	Σ_{11}	0.912	0.129	[0.694, 1.201]
Σ_{12}, Σ_{21}	0.687	0.117	[0.483, 0.934]	Σ_{12}, Σ_{21}	0.679	0.113	[0.482, 0.927]
Σ_{22}	0.939	0.137	[0.709, 1.236]	Σ_{22}	0.932	0.132	[0.697, 1.241]

Table 5: The statistics of posterior samples, Table 6: The statistics of posterior samples, p = 20%

p - 2070				p = 3070			
	Mean	SD	95%		Mean	SD	95%
μ_1	0.105	0.097	[-0.083, 0.299]	μ_1	0.156	0.109	[-0.056, 0.368]
μ_2	0.070	0.102	[-0.121, 0.281]	μ_2	0.051	0.097	[-0.137, 0.242]
Σ_{11}	0.891	0.126	[0.673, 1.184]	Σ_{11}	0.973	0.143	[0.735, 1.275]
Σ_{12}, Σ_{21}	0.670	0.118	[0.473, 0.940]	Σ_{12}, Σ_{21}	0.671	0.119	[0.468, 0.940]
Σ_{22}	0.954	0.145	[0.696, 1.259]	Σ_{22}	0.860	0.138	[0.628,1.186]

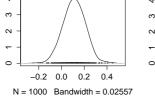
The density plot of posterior samples of complete analysis is as follows.

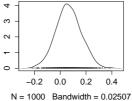
Table 7: The statistics of posterior samples, Table 8: The statistics of posterior samples, p=40% p=50%

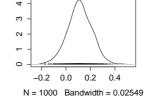
p - 4070				p = 5070			
	Mean	SD	95%		Mean	SD	95%
μ_1	0.083	0.102	[-0.113, 0.280]	μ_1	0.053	0.103	[-0.159, 0.250]
μ_2	0.123	0.107	[-0.088, 0.330]	μ_2	0.041	0.106	[-0.162, 0.234]
Σ_{11}	0.880	0.138	[0.664, 1.186]	Σ_{11}	0.933	0.148	[0.692, 1.282]
Σ_{12}, Σ_{21}	0.614	0.125	[0.382, 0.873]	Σ_{12}, Σ_{21}	0.674	0.126	[0.443, 0.940]
Σ_{22}	0.942	0.158	[0.687, 1.284]	Σ_{22}	0.973	0.154	[0.708, 1.334]

Table 9: The statistics of posterior samples, Table 10: The statistics of posterior samples, complete analysis p = 5% complete analysis p = 50%

complete analysis p 370				complete unary sis p 3070			
	Mean	SD	95%		Mean	SD	95%
μ_1	0.132	0.095	[-0.045, 0.315]	μ_1	0.175	0.158	[-0.148, 0.495]
μ_2	0.061	0.097	[-0.122, 0.244]	μ_2	0.064	0.170	[-0.272, 0.402]
Σ_{11}	0.889	0.130	[0.663, 1.169]	Σ_{11}	0.995	0.224	[0.643, 1.540]
Σ_{12}, Σ_{21}	0.696	0.118	[0.492, 0.951]	Σ_{12}, Σ_{21}	0.795	0.212	[0.470, 1.285]
Σ_{22}	0.941	0.140	[0.702, 1.259]	Σ_{22}	1.163	0.259	[0.779, 1.800]







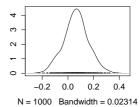
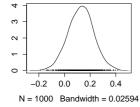
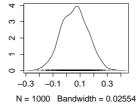
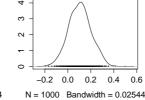


Figure 1: The density Figure 2: The density Figure 3: The density Figure 4: The density plot of posterior samplet of posterior samplet of posterior samplet of θ_1 , p=5% ples of θ_2 , p=5% ples of θ_1 , p=10% ples of θ_2 , p=10%







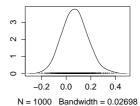
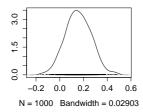
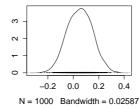
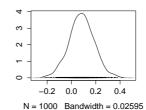
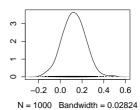


Figure 5: The density Figure 6: The density Figure 7: The density Figure 8: The density plot of posterior samplet of posterior samplet of posterior samplet of posterior samplet of θ_1 , p = 15% ples of θ_2 , p = 15% ples of θ_1 , p = 20% ples of θ_2 , p = 20%



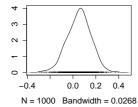


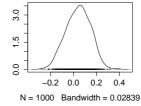


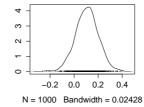


plot of posterior samples of θ_1 , p = 30%

Figure 9: The density Figure 10: The den-Figure 11: The den-Figure 12: The density plot of posterior sity plot of posterior sity plot of posterior samples of θ_2 , p = samples of θ_1 , p = samples of θ_2 , p = 30%







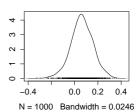
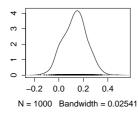
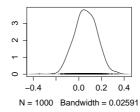
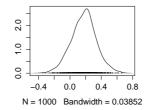


Figure 13: The den-Figure 14: The den-Figure 15: The den-Figure 16: The density plot of posterior sity plot of posterior sity plot of posterior sity plot of posterior samples of θ_1 , p = samples of θ_2 , p = samples of full data, samples of full data, $\theta_1, p = 0\%$ 50%50% $\theta_2, p = 0\%$







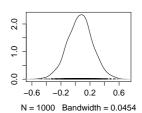


Figure 17: The den-Figure 18: The den-Figure 19: The den-Figure 20: The density plot of posterior sity plot of posterior sity plot of posterior sity plot of posterior samples of complete samples of complete samples of complete analysis, θ_1 , p = 5% analysis, θ_2 , p = 5% analysis, θ_1 , p = 50% analysis, θ_2 , p = 50%













Figure 21: Figure 22: Figure 23: Figure 24: Figure 25: Figure 26: The density plot of poste- plot of













Figure 27: Figure 28: Figure 29: Figure 30: Figure 31: Figure 32: The density The density The density The density The density The density plot of poste-plot of poste-plot of poste-plot of poste-plot of poste-plot of posterior samples of rior samples of rior samples of rior samples of rior samples of $\Sigma_{11}, p = 15\%$ $\Sigma_{12}, p = 15\%$ $\Sigma_{22}, p = 15\%$ $\Sigma_{11}, p = 20\%$ $\Sigma_{12}, p = 20\%$ $\Sigma_{22}, p = 20\%$













Figure 33: Figure 34: Figure 35: Figure 36: Figure 37: Figure 38: The density plot of poste- plot of













40: Figure Figure 39: Figure $\Sigma_{11}, p = 50\%$ $\Sigma_{12}, p = 50\%$ $\Sigma_{22}, p = 50\%$

41: Figure 42: Figure 43: Figure 44: plot of poste- plot o rior samples of rior samples of rior samples of $\nabla v = v = 50\%$ $\nabla v = v = 50\%$ of full data, of full data, $\Sigma_{11}, p = 0\%$ $\Sigma_{12}, p = 0\%$ $\Sigma_{22}, p = 0\%$













Figure 45: Figure 46: Figure 47: Figure 48: Figure 49: Figure 50: density The density The density The density The density The density plot of poste-plot of poste-plot of poste-plot of poste-plot of poste-plot of postesamples rior samples of rior samples rior samples of rior samples complete complete anal- of complete of complete anal- of analysis, Σ_{11} , ysis, Σ_{12} and analysis, Σ_{22} , analysis, Σ_{11} , ysis, Σ_{12} and analysis, Σ_{22} , $\Sigma_{21}, p = 5\%$ p = 5%p = 50% $\Sigma_{21}, p = 50\%$ p = 50%p = 5%