STA 601 - Homework 14

Kedar Prabhudesai

November 9, 2013

Probit Model:

Model Specification:

X is $(p \times n)$ matrix of predictor variables and β is a $(p \times 1)$ vector of regression co-efficients. Y is $(n \times 1)$ vector of binary responses. We use an additional latent variable Z to define our probit model.

General form of Probit Model:

$$z_i \sim \mathcal{N}(x_i'\beta, 1)$$

 $y_i = \mathbb{1}(z_i > 0)$

Which is the same as,

$$P(y_i = 1 \mid x_i, \beta) = \Phi(x_i'\beta)$$

$$\Phi(z) = \int_{-\infty}^{z} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-s^2/2} ds$$

Complete Data Likelihood:

$$L(x^{n}, y^{n} \mid z^{n}, \beta) = \prod_{i=1}^{n} \mathcal{N}(z_{i}; x_{i}'\beta, 1) \times \prod_{i=1}^{n} \mathbb{1}(z_{i} > 0) y_{i} + \mathbb{1}(z_{i} < 0) (1 - y_{i})$$

Prior Specification:

$$\beta \sim \mathcal{N}_p(\beta_0, \Sigma_\beta)$$

Posterior:

The posterior is given as,

$$p(z^n, \beta \mid x^n, y^n) \propto \mathcal{N}_p(\beta; \beta_0, \Sigma_\beta) \times \prod_{i=1}^n \mathcal{N}(z_i; x_i'\beta, 1) \times \prod_{i=1}^n [\mathbb{1}(z_i > 0)y_i + \mathbb{1}(z_i < 0)(1 - y_i)]$$

Full Conditionals:

To compute this posterior we can use Gibbs Sampling, for which we need to compute full conditionals.

$$p(\beta \mid x^n, y^n, z^n) \propto \mathcal{N}_p(\beta; \beta_0, \Sigma_\beta) \times \prod_{i=1}^n \mathcal{N}(z_i; x_i'\beta, 1)$$

 $\propto \mathcal{N}_p(\beta^*, \Sigma_\beta^*)$

Where, (Referring to class notes,)

$$\Sigma_{\beta}^{*} = (\Sigma_{\beta}^{-1} + X'X)^{-1}$$

Let $\Sigma_{\beta}^{-1} = 0$. (Improper Prior)

$$\beta^* = (X'X)^{-1}X'z$$

$$\Sigma_{\beta}^* = (X'X)^{-1}$$

$$p(z_i \mid z_{\sim i}, \beta, x^n, y^n) \propto \mathcal{N}(z_i; x_i'\beta, 1) \times [\mathbb{1}(z_i > 0)y_i + \mathbb{1}(z_i < 0)(1 - y_i)]$$

$$\therefore p(z_i \mid y_i = 1, z_{\sim i}, \beta, x^n) \propto \mathcal{N}_+(x_i'\beta, 1)$$

$$\therefore p(z_i \mid y_i = 0, z_{\sim i}, \beta, x^n) \propto \mathcal{N}_-(x_i'\beta, 1)$$

Where, \mathcal{N}_+ refers to the positive support of the Normal Distribution $[0, \infty]$, and \mathcal{N}_- is the negative support $[-\infty, 0]$.

Simulation:

I used one predictor, with true beta values [2, 5]. Using the above full conditionals we can do Gibbs Sampling as follows,

- (1) Start with $\{z_i^{(0)}\}$
- (2) Update $\beta^{(s)} \sim \mathcal{N}_p(\beta^*, \Sigma_{\beta}^*)$.
- (3) Update $(z_i^{(s)} \mid y_i = 1) \sim \mathcal{N}_+(x_i'\beta, 1)$ OR $(z_i^{(s)} \mid y_i = 0) \sim \mathcal{N}_-(x_i'\beta, 1)$.

Sampling Results:

I used 5000 samples with 1000 Burn-In. Following are estimates from Gibbs Sampler.

 $\beta_0 = 1.9550 [0.7548, 3.5509].$

 $\beta_1 = 4.5234 [2.6571, 6.7894].$

Appendix:

```
1 %% STA 601 - Homework 14
2 % Author: Kedar Prabhudesai
3 % Created on: 11/10/2013
5 close all;
6 clear all;
8 % Simulate Data
9 TrueBeta = [2 5];
10 % Predictors from Normal distribution with mean 1 and std dev. 2
11 X = 1 + 2.*randn(100,1);
12 % We append ones to X
13 X = cat(2, ones(100, 1), X);
  % Generate Z - Latent data
15 Z = X*TrueBeta' + randn(100,1);
16 % Set Y based on Z
17 Y = Z > 0;
18
19 XXInv = pinv(X'*X);
20
21 % Initialize prior values for bivariate beta prior
22 \quad b0 = [0 \ 0];
23 Sb = [0 0; 0 0];
25 nTrials = 5000;
26 nBurnIn = 1000;
27 betaSamples = zeros(nTrials,2);
28  zSamples = zeros(nTrials, size(X,1));
29 % Initialize Latent data
30 zSamples(1,:) = rand(100,1);
31  zDistObj = makedist('Normal');
33 for iTrial = 2:nTrials
       home; disp(iTrial)
34
       % Update Beta
35
       bStar = XXInv*X'*zSamples(iTrial-1,:)';
       bHere = mvnrnd(bStar, XXInv);
37
       betaSamples(iTrial,:) = bHere;
39
       % Update z
40
41
       for iData = 1:size(X,1)
           xHere = X(iData,:);
42
           XB = xHere*bHere';
44
           zDistObj.mu = XB;
45
           zRand = zDistObj.random();
46
47
           if Y(iData) == 1
               while zRand < 0
49
                   zRand = zDistObj.random();
50
               end
51
           else
52
               while zRand > 0
                   zRand = zDistObj.random();
54
56
           end
           zSamples(iTrial,iData) = zRand;
57
58
59 end
```

```
61 % Burn-In
62 betaSamples(1:nBurnIn,:) = [];
63 zSamples(1:nBurnIn,:) = [];
```