Hands-on Lab: Working with Multiple Tables in MySQL using phpMyAdmin

Estimated time needed: 20 minutes

In this lab, you will learn how to create tables and load data in the MySQL database service using the phpMyAdmin graphical user interface (GUI) tool.

Software Used in this Lab

In this lab, you will use MySQL. MySQL is a Relational Database Management System (RDBMS) designed to efficiently store, manipulate, and retrieve data.

To complete this lab you will utilize MySQL relational database service available as part of IBM Skills Network Labs (SN Labs) Cloud IDE. SN Labs is a virtual lab environment used in this course.

Database Used in this Lab

The database used in this lab is an internal database. You will be working on a sample HR database. This HR database schema consists of 5 tables called **EMPLOYEES**, **JOB_HISTORY**, **JOBS**, **DEPARTMENTS** and **LOCATIONS**. Each table has a few rows of sample data. The following diagram shows the tables for the HR database:

SAMPLE HR DATABASE TABLES

EMPLOYEES

EMP_ID	F_NAME	L_NAME	SSN	B_DATE	SEX	ADDRESS	JOB_ID	SALARY	MANAGER_ID	DEP_ID
E1001	John	Thomas	123456	1976-01-09	M	5631 Rice, OakPark,IL	100	100000	30001	2
E1002	Alice	James	123457	1972-07-31	F	980 Berry ln, Elgin,IL	200	80000	30002	5
E1003	Steve	Wells	123458	1980-08-10	M	291 Springs, Gary,IL	300	50000	30002	5

JOB_HISTORY

EMPL_ID	START_DATE	JOBS_ID	DEPT_ID
E1001	2000-01-30	100	2
E1002	2010-08-16	200	5
E1003	2016-08-10	300	5

JOBS

JOB_IDENT	JOB_TITLE	MIN_SALARY	MAX_SALARY
100	Sr. Architect	60000	100000
200	Sr.SoftwareDeveloper	60000	80000
300	Jr.SoftwareDeveloper	40000	60000

DEPARTMENTS

DEPT_ID_DEP	DEP_NAME	MANAGER_ID	LOC_ID
2	Architect Group	30001	L0001
5	Software Development	30002	L0002
7	Design Team	30003	L0003
5	Software	30004	L0004

LOCATIONS

LOCT_ID	DEP_ID_LOC
L0001	2
L0002	5
L0003	7

Objectives

After completing this lab you will be able to:

- Write SQL queries that access more than one table
- Compose queries that access multiple tables using a nested statement in the WHERE clause
- Build queries with multiple tables in the FROM clause
- Write Implicit Join queries with join criteria specified in the WHERE clause
- Specify aliases for table names and qualify column names with table aliases

In this lab, you will through some SQL practice problems that will provide hands-on experience with SQL queries that access multiple tables. You will be:

- Accessing Multiple Tables with Sub-Queries
- Accessing Multiple Tables with Implicit Joins

How does an Implicit version of CROSS JOIN (also known as Cartesian Join) statement syntax look?

```
SELECT column_name(s)
FROM table1, table2;
```

How does an Implicit version of INNER JOIN statement syntax look?

```
SELECT column_name(s)
FROM table1, table2
WHERE table1.column_name = table2.column_name;
```

Exercise 1: Accessing Multiple Tables with Sub-Queries

1. Problem:

   > *Retrieve only the EMPLOYEES records that correspond to jobs in the JOBS table.*

   ▶ Solution
   ▶ Output
2. Problem:

   > *Retrieve only the list of employees whose JOB_TITLE is Jr. Designer.*

   ▶ Solution
   ▶ Output
3. Problem:

   > *Retrieve JOB information and who earn more than $70,000.*

   ▶ Solution
   ▶ Output
4. Problem:

   > *Retrieve JOB information and list of employees whose birth year is after 1976.*

   ▶ Solution
   ▶ Output
5. Problem:

   > *Retrieve JOB information and list of female employees whose birth year is after 1976.*

   ▶ Solution
   ▶ Output

Exercise 2: Accessing Multiple Tables with Implicit Joins

1. Problem:

   > *Perform an implicit cartesian/cross join between EMPLOYEES and JOBS tables.*

   ▶ Solution
   ▶ Output
2. Problem:

   > *Retrieve only the EMPLOYEES records that correspond to jobs in the JOBS table.*

   ▶ Solution
   ▶ Output
3. Problem:

   > *Redo the previous query, using shorter aliases for table names.*

   ▶ Solution
   ▶ Output
4. Problem:

   > *Redo the previous query, but retrieve only the Employee ID, Employee Name and Job Title.*

   ▶ Solution
   ▶ Output
5. Problem:

   > *Redo the previous query, but specify the fully qualified column names with aliases in the SELECT clause.*

   ▶ Solution
   ▶ Output

Solution Script

If you would like to run all the solution queries of the SQL problems of this lab with a script, download the script below. Import the script to mysql phpadmin interface and run. Follow Hands-on Lab : Create tables using SQL scripts and Load data into tables on how to import a script to MYsql phpadmin interface and run it.

- MultipleTables_Solution_Script.sql

Congratulations! You have completed this lab, and you are ready for the next topic.

Author(s)

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Changelog

Date	Version	Changed by	Change Description
2021-11-01	0.1	Lakshmi Holla, Malika Singla	Initial Version