

SOFTWAREENGINEERING FOR PHYSICISTS

Polysim

IDEA

Working on a **realistic-ish** project

Encounter irreducible **complexity**

Learn how to become a **team**

OUR PROJECT

Provenance tracking for scientific simulations

First, we need to understand
Provenance

FAIR PRINCIPLES + DATA PROVENANCE

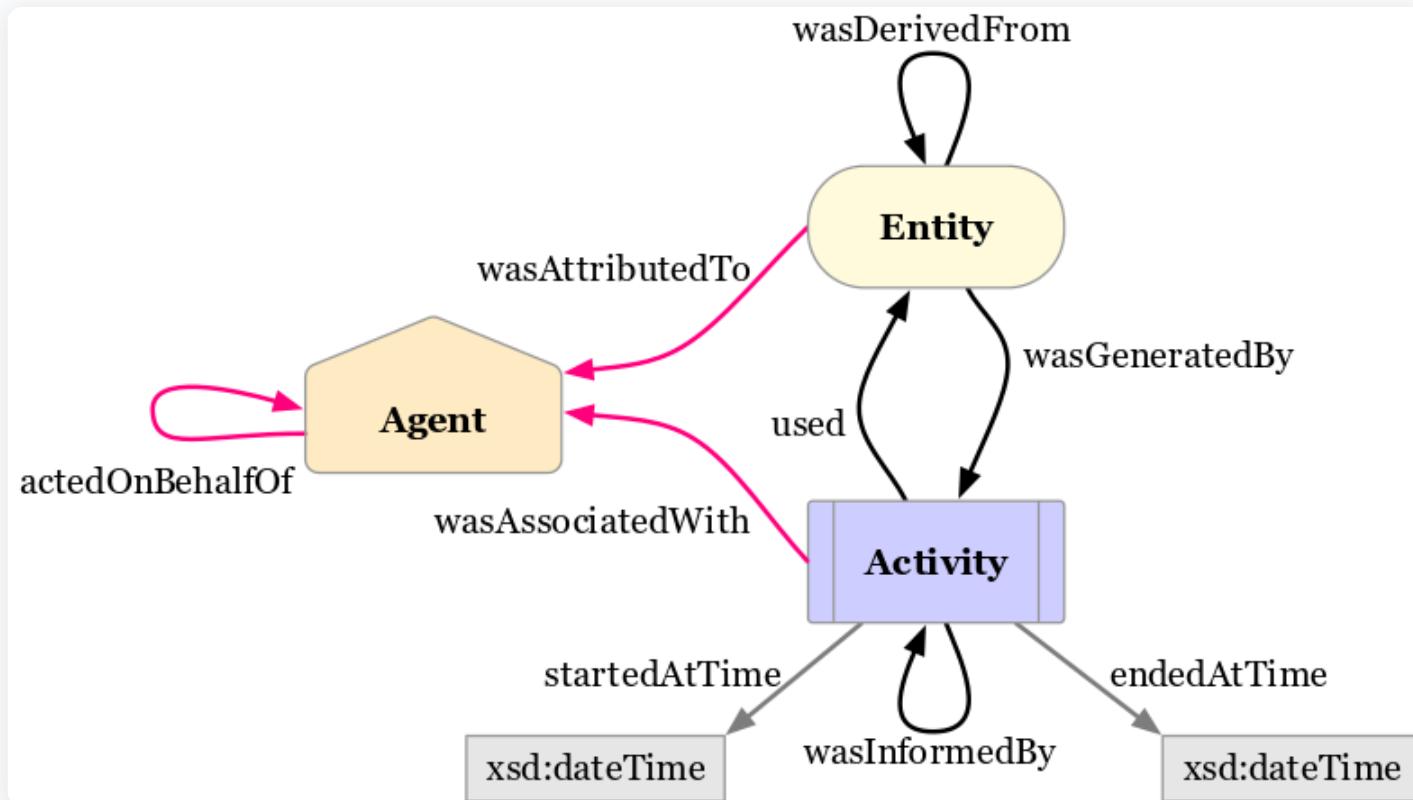
FAIR PRINCIPLES

- F – Findable (metadata, identifiers)
- A – Accessible (standards, protocols)
- I – Interoperable (tools, system)
- R – Reusable (structured)

WHAT IS DATA PROVENANCE?

- Where data comes from
- How it was produced
- Who produced it
- What transformations were applied

W3C PROV CONCEPTUAL MODEL



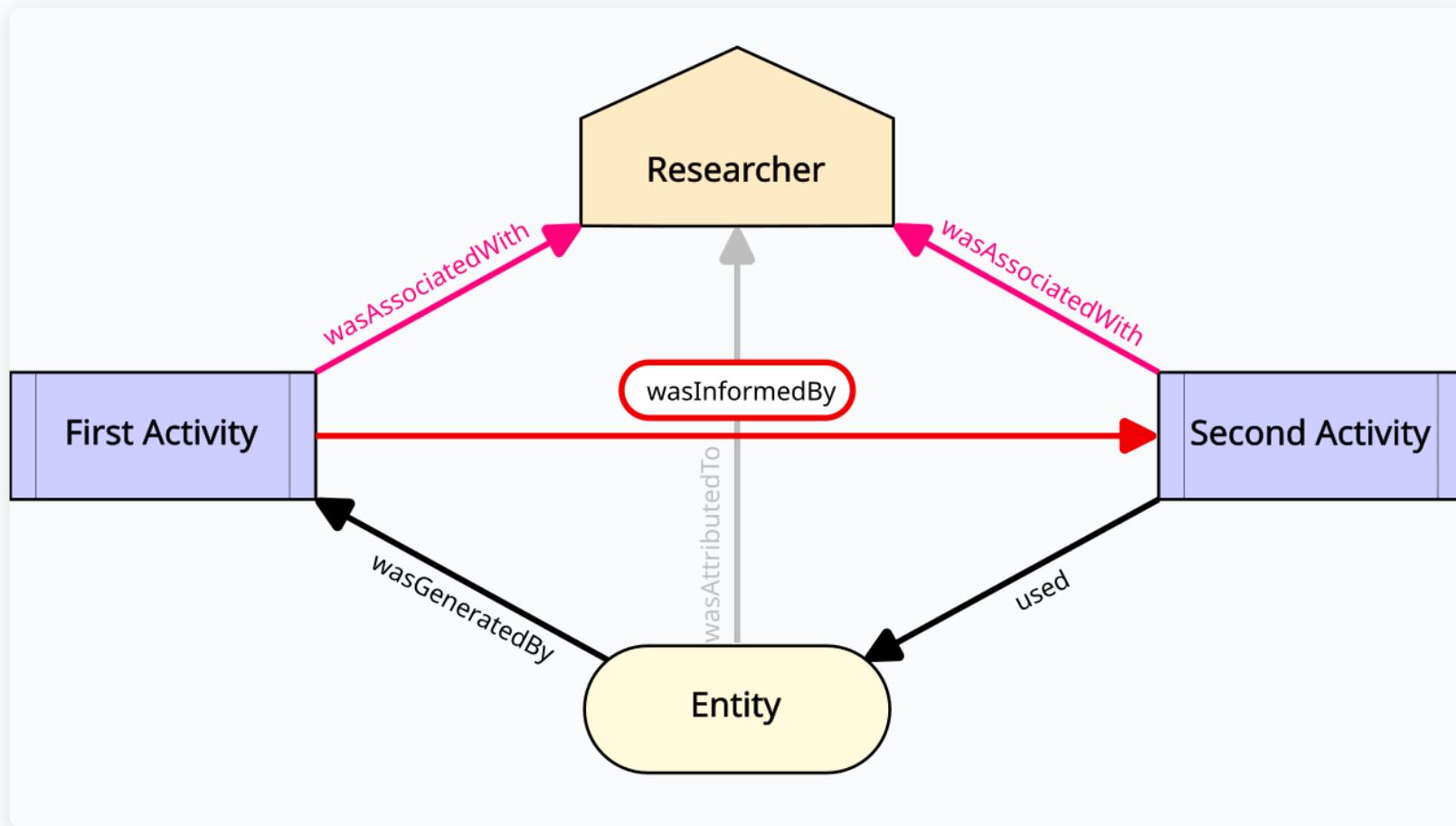
IMPORTANCE OF DATA PROVENANCE IN SCIENTIFIC SIMULATIONS

- Reproducibility
- Debugging & Error Tracking
- Collaboration & Sharing
- Data Reuse & FAIR Compliance
- Scientific Integrity & Validation
- Automation & Workflow Management

TRACKING DATA PROVENANCE IN SIMULATIONS

- Inputs & Outputs
- Processes
- Agents
- Environment

Polysim



Our answer to FAIR

POLYSIM

web application + CLI tool

to track provenance data for scientific simulations

Polysim

HOW TO BUILD A WEB APP?

BY USING OTHER PEOPLE'S STUFF

Whether technical...

- **Docker** containerization
- **Caddy** reverse proxy, ssl
- **Next.js** frontend+backend via trpc
- **PostgreSQL** database
- **Keycloak** authentication

... or organizational

- **git, CI/CD GitHub Actions**
- **best practices** code reviews, testing
- **agile methodologies** Scrum/Kanban

AGILE, SCRUM & KANBAN

1. WHAT IMPLIES "AGILE" REALLY?

Agile is **not** a tool. It is a mindset.

"Responding to change over following a plan." -- Agile Manifesto (2001)

1. WHAT IMPLIES "AGILE" REALLY?

- **Uncertainty**
- **Increments**
- **People** Collaboration > Rigid Processes

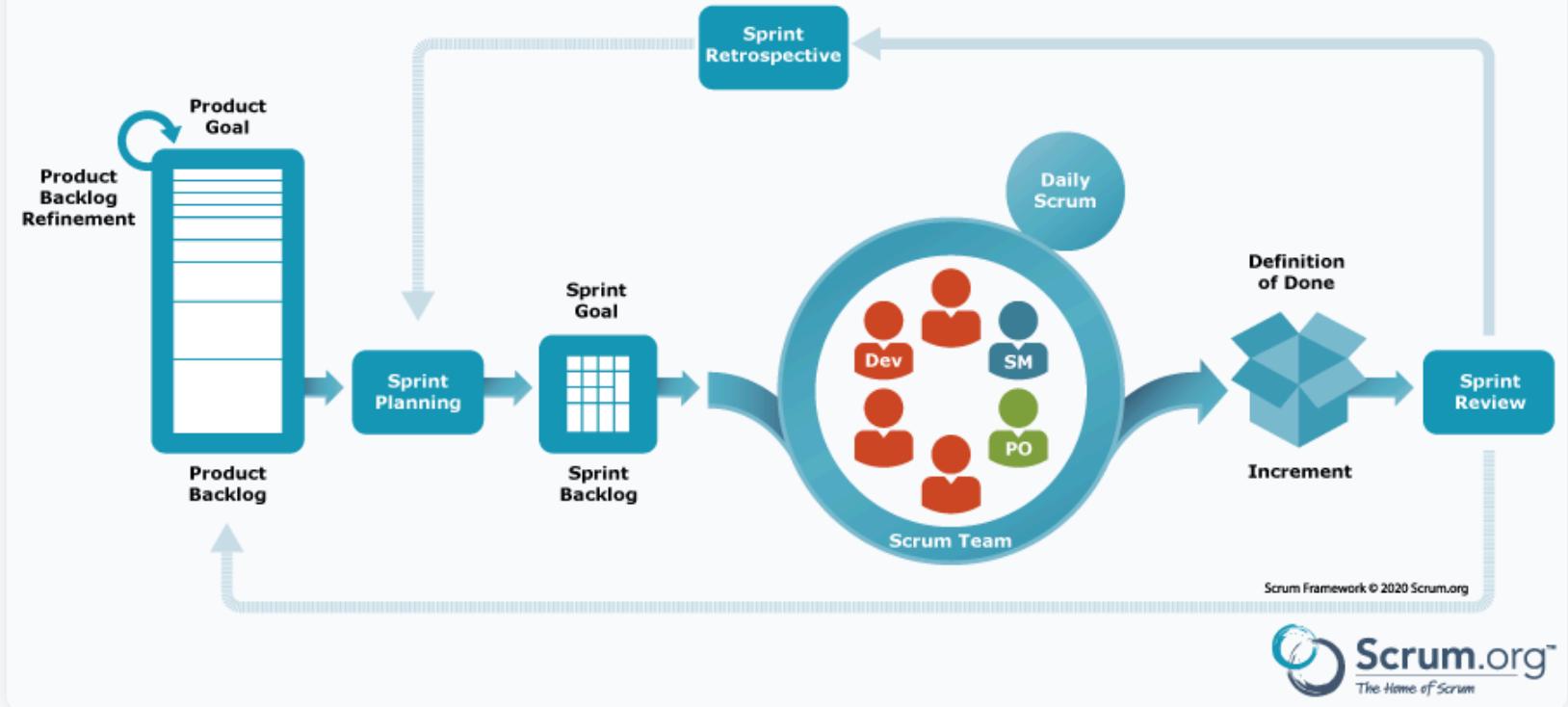
2. THE TOOLS

SCRUM (STRUCTURE)

Rhythm & Roles

- **Time-boxed:** Fixed Sprints
- **Roles:** PO, Scrum Master, Developers
- **Loop:** Plan → Work → Review → Retro
- **Goal:** Alignment & Inspect/Adapt

SCRUM FRAMEWORK



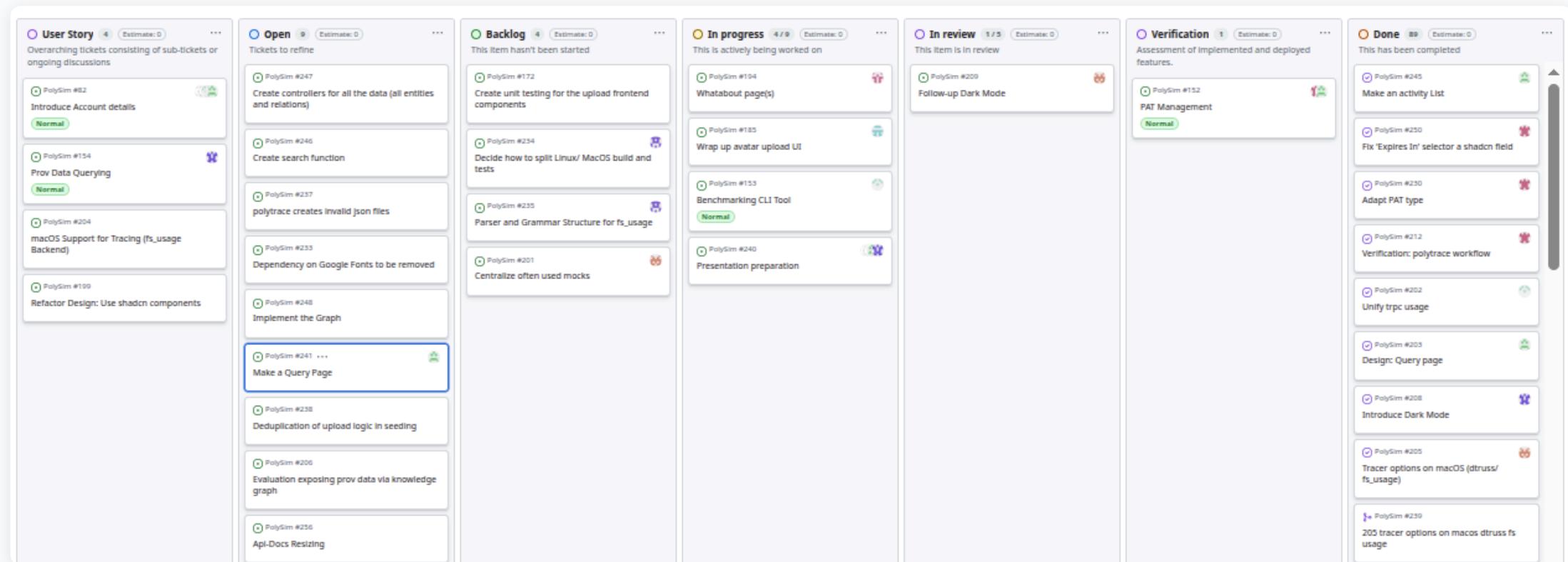
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KANBAN (FLOW)

Visualizing Work

- **Visual Board:** To Do → Doing → Done
- **Pull Principle:** No pushing tasks onto people
- **WIP Limits:** Stop starting, start finishing
- **Goal:** Optimize flow, reduce bottlenecks

OUR BOARD



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3. WHY DO WE DO THIS?

- Large Work Packages
- Team Coordination
- Fighting Complexity

4. HOW DID THIS PAN OUT FOR US?

FROM THEORY TO REALITY

THE REALITY CHECK

We started with strict **Scrum**, but...

- **Constraint 1:** Unplanned work
- **Constraint 2:** Time constraints
- **Constraint 3:** Part-time nature

Result: Mismatch between process and reality.

HOW WE REACTED

Jugaad

"Overcoming harsh constraints by improvising an effective solution using limited resources."

OUR SOLUTION: SCRUMBAN

Flexibility & Adaptability

WE COMBINED THE BEST OF BOTH WORLDS

- From Scrum (Structure):
 - "Daily" syncs & Retrospectives (Alignment)
 - Shared Responsibility
- From Kanban (Flow):
 - Continuous refinement
 - **Pull-based** work (when time allows)
 - Flexible prioritizations

COMMUNICATION IS KEY

Polysim

Also for machine - \rightarrow human communication

```
component: "uploadActivity"
[21:20:42.806] DEBUG (515918): Inserting activity: {"id":"1307c813a68ff65fc52b278a891e90789ccce0a7a08a547dd32f119bf8ff9
c36","label":"New Activity Informed","started_at":"2026-01-29T20:20:42.790Z","ended_at":"2026-01-29T20:20:42.790Z","met
adata":{}}
    component: "uploadActivity"
[21:20:42.807] DEBUG (515918): Upserting agent association for user c39da29a-3402-476e-8e52-a11356363bf4
    component: "uploadActivity"
[21:20:42.810] DEBUG (515918): Existing entity IDs: 18476adf36adf358cf264c60fa3e58aa957aa8f2891cc9ffaa6a9b5f879e8fda
    component: "uploadActivity"
[21:20:42.810] DEBUG (515918): Inserting 2 new entities.
    component: "uploadActivity"
[21:20:42.811] DEBUG (515918): Inserted 2 new entities. Found 1 existing entities.
    component: "uploadActivity"
[21:20:42.813] DEBUG (515918): Some entities were not inserted because they already exist.
                                we need to find if some of these entities are used in wasInformedBy relations

    expected: 1
    inserted: 2
[21:20:42.814] DEBUG (515918): wasGeneratedBy rows: [{"entity_id":"18476adf36adf358cf264c60fa3e58aa957aa8f2891cc9ffaa6a
9b5f879e8fda","activity_id":"846a6dd9cfbf18e9d8471cdac8aa39493b69a82ff4a87370cf79c7a75cbeee0e"}]
    component: "uploadActivity"
[21:20:42.815] DEBUG (515918): wasUsed rows: [{"activity_id":"f98bde4965b63be2168da16d4440f36137bbbc19e8cb81b7e4beb35d7
1abf2b1","entity_id":"18476adf36adf358cf264c60fa3e58aa957aa8f2891cc9ffaa6a9b5f879e8fda","role":"input"}]
    component: "uploadActivity"
```

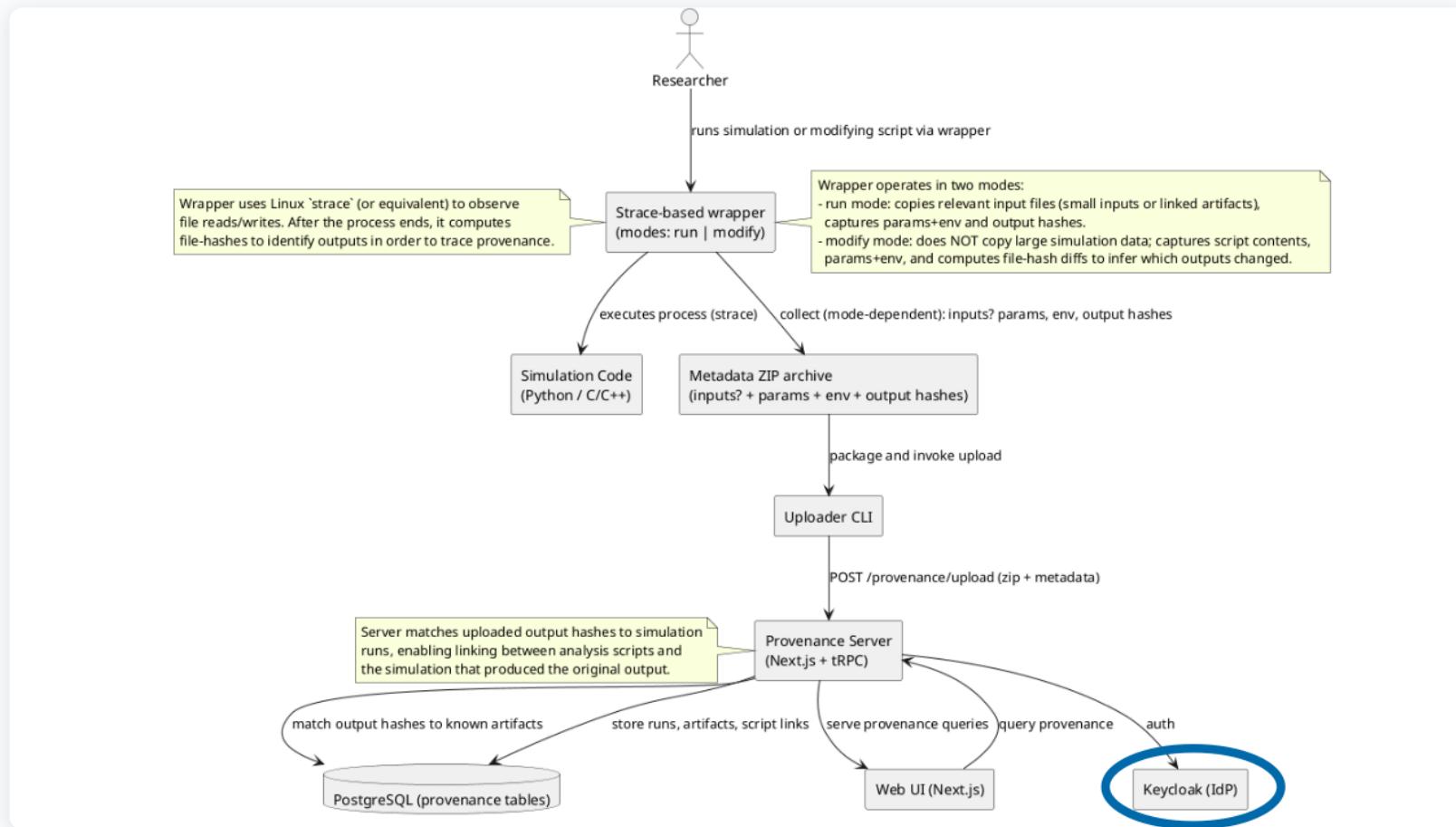
aka Logging

WHAT NEXT?

We **know** what we want to build

We **know** how we organize ourselves.

Now we need to **plan** the app.



WHY KEYCLOAK?

- **Trust the Pros:** Industry standard (BMW, Cisco, CERN)
- **Open Source:** Audited by thousands of developers
- **Focus on Features:** Skip weeks of auth work, build PolySim instead

SETTING UP KEYCLOAK WITH NEXT.JS

The Infrastructure

- Keycloak runs in its own Docker container
- Separate from the web app
- Port :8080

The Bridge

- next-auth connects Next.js to Keycloak
- Acts like a secure "translator"
- Handles redirects and *Polysim*

THE LOGIN FLOW

Step Action

1

User clicks "Login"

2

Redirected to Keycloak login page

3

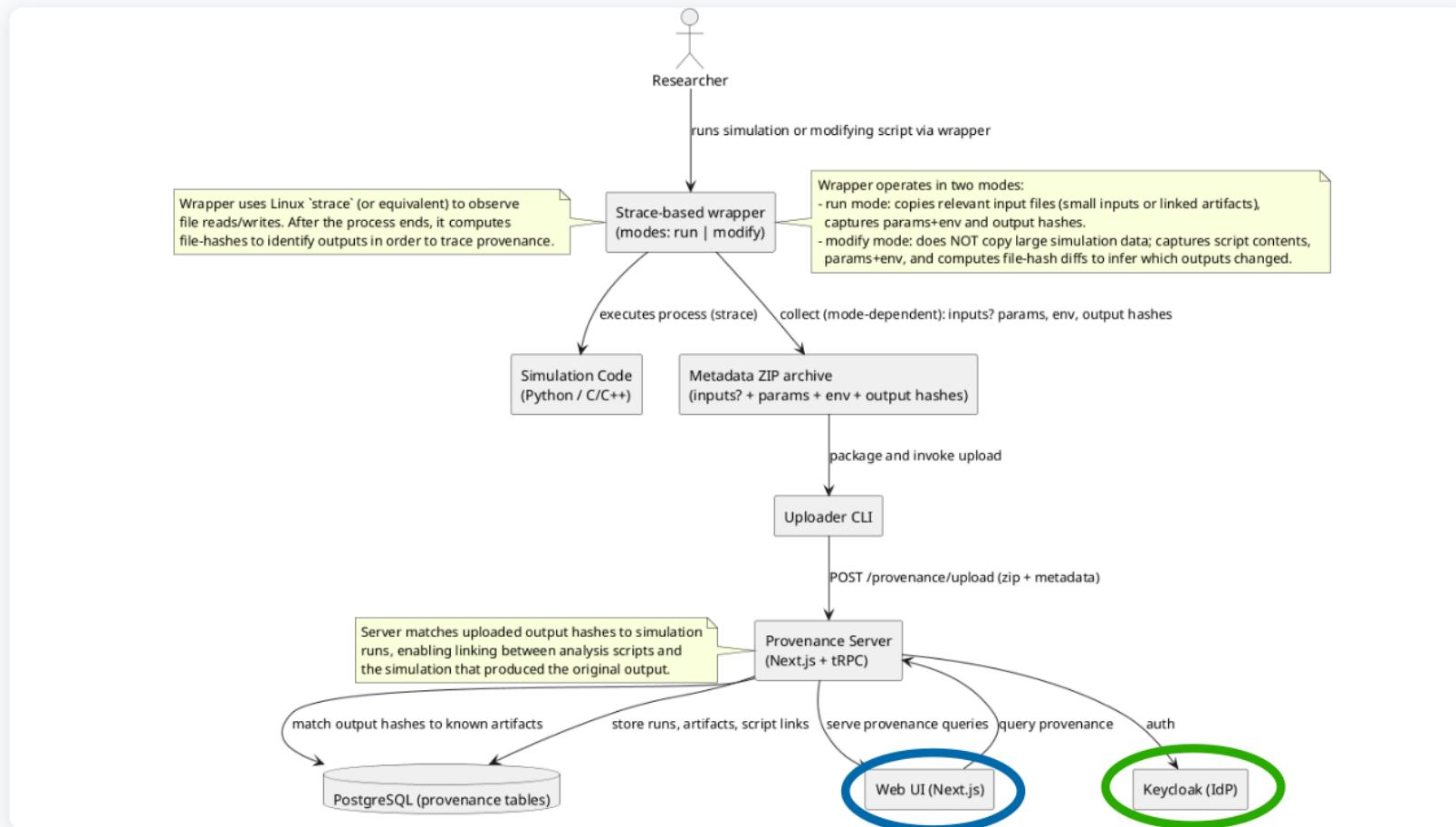
Keycloak verifies credentials

4

JWT Token returned

5

PolySim grants access 



REACT

Some things are easier clicked than typed

VISUALIZATION

- Good UI Matters
- Data without good Visuals is a bit useless
- The website should look nice and be easy to use

```
[{"activity": {"endedAt": 1769462822274, "id": "556e0c71d1b084clba3097b1d10a6ae70c72e23a4893cc2c9d8d3aaade76fd8b", "label": "Run make", "metadata": {"command": ["make"]}, "startedAt": 1769462808653}, {"entities": [{"createdAt": 1769462812831, "id": "52e83be305f9568ee29bd6e8dd870cd88dee01514eda57b4750fc359125b85d", "label": "lmroman9-regular.lua", "metadata": {"accesses": [{"role": "output", "accesses": [{"pid": 204677}], "role": "output"}, {"role": "input", "accesses": [{"pid": 204677}], "role": "input"}]}, {"path": "/home/enno/.local/texlive/2025/texmf-var/luatex-cache/generic/fonts/otl/lmroman9-regular.lua"}], "role": "output"}, {"createdAt": 1769462812539, "id": "47ce2619b7e7eb6554e7619b524288b78dc4768f4e4632cc99a6f321577f", "label": "lmroman5-regular.lua", "metadata": {"accesses": [{"role": "output", "accesses": [{"pid": 204677}], "role": "output"}, {"role": "input", "accesses": [{"pid": 204677}], "role": "input"}]}, {"path": "/home/enno/.local/texlive/2025/texmf-var/luatex-cache/generic/fonts/otl/lmroman5-regular.lua"}], "role": "output"}, {"createdAt": 1769462812483, "id": "261a511244475d0951223424aeba888db784c522ecf2ec4aeedc0b8681fcde5b", "label": "lmroman8-regular.lua", "metadata": {"accesses": [{"role": "output", "accesses": [{"pid": 204677}], "role": "output"}]}]
```

The screenshot shows a PostgreSQL database interface with the following details:

- Left Sidebar (Database Structure):**
 - Connected to `127.0.0.1@5432` (version 15.15).
 - Contains the `Security`, `polysimdb`, and `public` schemas.
 - `polysimdb` schema contains a `Query` and `activities` table.
 - `public` schema contains a `512K` table and a `Query`.
 - `Tables (14)` list:
 - `activities`
 - `agents`
 - `entities`
 - `knex_migrations`
 - `knex_migrations_lo...`
 - `personal_access_to...`
 - `personal_access_to...`
 - `skills_assessment_h...`
 - `used`
 - `user_data`
 - `was_associated_with`
 - `was_attributed_to`
 - `was_generated_by`
 - `was_informed_by`
 - `Views`, `Functions`, `Procedures`, and `postgres` are also listed.
- Top Bar:** Shows tabs for `package.json` (active), `activities`, `Properties`, `DATA`, `Log`, `ER`, `Monitor`, and a search bar.
- Query Bar:** Displays the query `SELECT * FROM activities LIMIT 100` and its execution results.
- Table View:** Shows the `activities` table with the following columns and data:

	<code>id</code>	<code>label</code>	<code>started_at</code>	<code>ended_at</code>	<code>metadata</code>
1	<code>6464d847ad7af6f4f63ba72</code>	Run /bin/sh	2026-01-12 19:42:17.246+	2026-01-12 19:42:17.264+	{"command": ["/bin/sh", "-c"]}
2	<code>9c2ac8444543d9426e4f45</code>	Run /bin/sh	2026-01-12 19:42:15.444+	2026-01-12 19:42:15.459+	{"command": ["/bin/sh", "-c"]}
3	<code>7c733c17cb80e12fae6b9f9</code>	Run /bin/sh	2026-01-12 19:42:15.336+	2026-01-12 19:42:15.363+	{"command": ["/bin/sh", "-c"]}
4	<code>d61c196b852a86dcadc9d6</code>	Run /bin/sh	2026-01-12 19:42:15.364+	2026-01-12 19:42:15.384+	{"command": ["/bin/sh", "-c"]}
5	<code>3f0f5e8f4a66b11ce328492</code>	Run /bin/sh	2026-01-12 19:42:15.415+	2026-01-12 19:42:15.443+	{"command": ["/bin/sh", "-c"]}
6	<code>cfe2fd54801ebf6c3b502d1</code>	Run /bin/sh	2026-01-12 19:42:15.308+	2026-01-12 19:42:15.334+	{"command": ["/bin/sh", "-c"]}
7	<code>36b872dbb722d417d6786</code>	Run /bin/sh	2026-01-12 19:42:15.385+	2026-01-12 19:42:15.414+	{"command": ["/bin/sh", "-c"]}
8	<code>6fe449eb209b5acc555452</code>	Run /bin/sh	2026-01-12 19:42:15.276+	2026-01-12 19:42:15.305+	{"command": ["/bin/sh", "-c"]}

WE NEED TO LOOK AT THE WEBSITE!

HOW DO WE VISUALIZE THINGS IN OUR WEBSITE?

- shadcn components based on React
 - Responsive
 - Design toolbox
- Tables
- Graph view of Provenance

CHALLENGES

- Dark mode
- Different component sources

IMPLEMENTING AVATAR UPLOAD

The Evolution: From File Input → Dialog

Before

Generic Shadcn file component

No preview

Confusing UX

After

Dedicated Dialog modal

Live preview before upload

Clear, focused workflow

AVATAR UPLOAD WORKFLOW

Click avatar (sidebar) → Account Page → "Upload Avatar" button → Dialog opens → Preview image → Confirm upload

STORING AVATARS IN THE DATABASE

Image → Base64 String → Database

- Convert image to **Base64** text format
- Send via **tRPC mutation**
- Store directly in PostgreSQL
- **No external cloud storage needed**

RETRIEVING AVATARS

Database → Base64 String → Browser Display

- tRPC query fetches the Base64 string
- Browser converts it back to an image
- Shown in sidebar and profile page
- Simple and efficient 

EXPERIENCE: COMPLEXITY IN PRACTICE

What looks simple becomes surprisingly tricky

Avatar upload seemed straightforward, but required:

- Base64 encoding/decoding
- Real-time UI updates
- Proper error handling

Our solution: Iterate, test, refine

BRIDGING FRONTEND & BACKEND

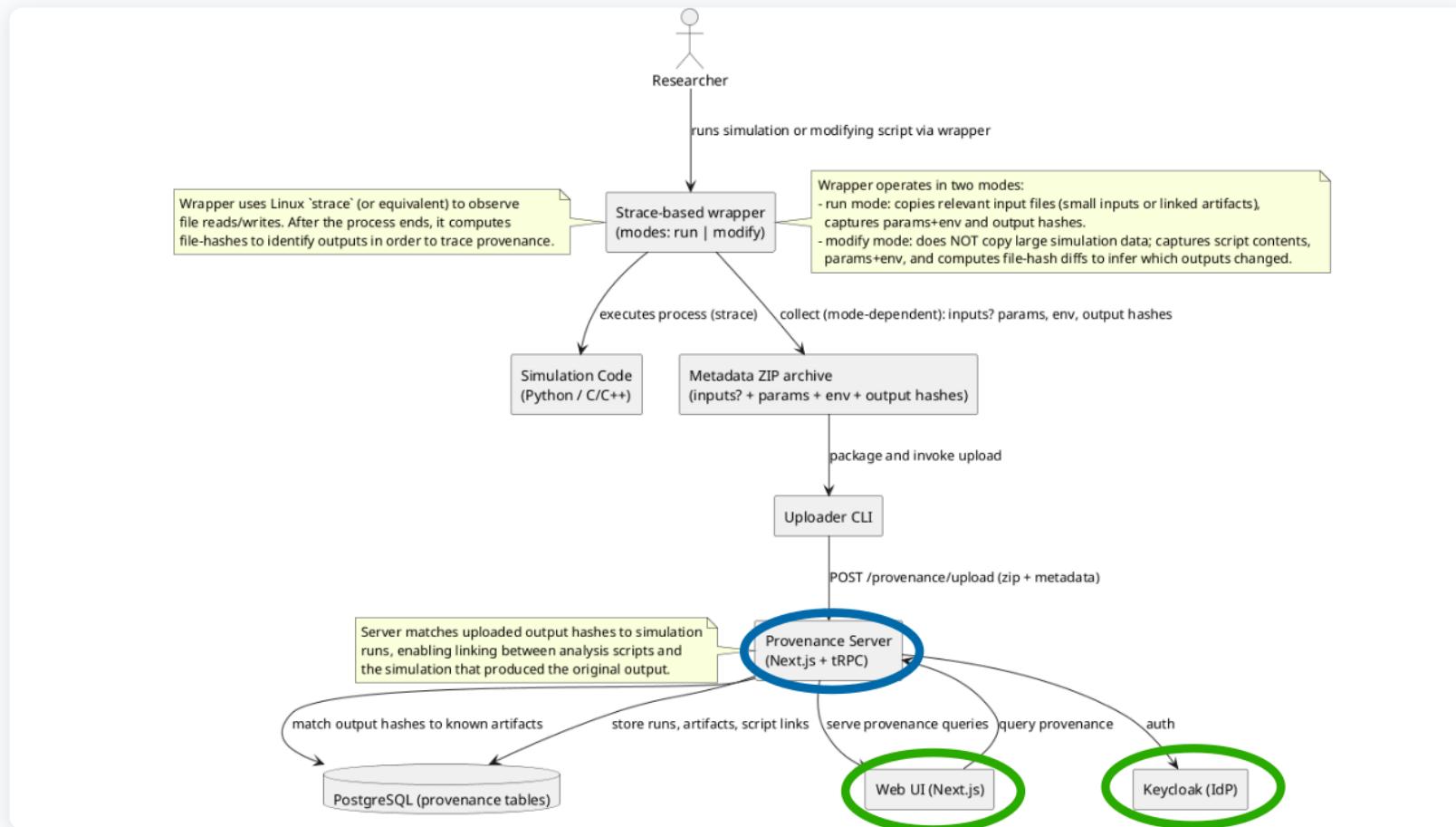
NEXT.JS + TRPC

Type-Safe Full-Stack

Next.js = Folder → Route mapping

trpc = frontend↔backend as simple as (typed) function

easy internal and public API development



PERSONAL ACCESS TOKENS (PATS)

AUTHENTICATION FOR THE PUBLIC API

For CLI tools like **PolyTrace**, we need a secure authentication method:

- No interactive login possible
- Classic solution: **Personal Access Tokens**

WHAT ARE PERSONAL ACCESS TOKENS?

A PAT is a long-lived token for API authentication.

Key characteristics:

- Generated by backend, shown **once**
- Stored **hashed** on server
- Sent via Authorization header
- Alternative to username/password

WHY USE PATS?

NON-INTERACTIVE AUTHENTICATION

Automated systems (CLI tools, scripts) cannot perform interactive logins.

LEAST-PRIVILEGE ACCESS

PATs can be scoped with specific permissions.

SAFE REVOCATION

Compromising a PAT doesn't require resetting the user's password.

TOKEN GENERATION WORKFLOW



TOKEN GENERATION WORKFLOW

1. Random bytes

64 bytes → hex



TOKEN GENERATION WORKFLOW

1. Random bytes

64 bytes → hex



2. Token

a3f2...8d1c



TOKEN GENERATION WORKFLOW

1. Random bytes

64 bytes → hex

2. Token

a3f2...8d1c



3. HMAC

+ secret "blablabla"

→ 7c8e...



TOKEN GENERATION WORKFLOW

1. Random bytes

64 bytes → hex

2. Token

a3f2...8d1c

↑ 4. SHA-256

2f1a... (stored in
DB)

3. HMAC ↓

+ secret "blablabla"
→ 7c8e...

SECURITY: DOUBLE HASHING

Why HMAC + SHA-256?

HMAC with server secret

- Secret in env vars only
- Never exposed to clients/DB
- Prevents rainbow tables

SHA-256 hash

- Stored in PostgreSQL
- One-way, cannot recover token

CODE IMPLEMENTATION

```
const token = crypto.randomBytes(64).toString('hex');
const hmac = crypto.createHmac('sha256', process.env.SERVER_SECRET);
const salted = hmac.update(token).digest('hex');
const hash = crypto.createHash('sha256').update(salted).digest('hex');
// Store hash in DB, show token to user ONCE
```

HOW WE USE PATS IN POLYSIM

1. User generates PAT via web interface
2. Token shown **once** (store locally)
3. PolyTrace sends PAT in requests
4. Server validates and grants access

Use case: Upload provenance from PolyTrace

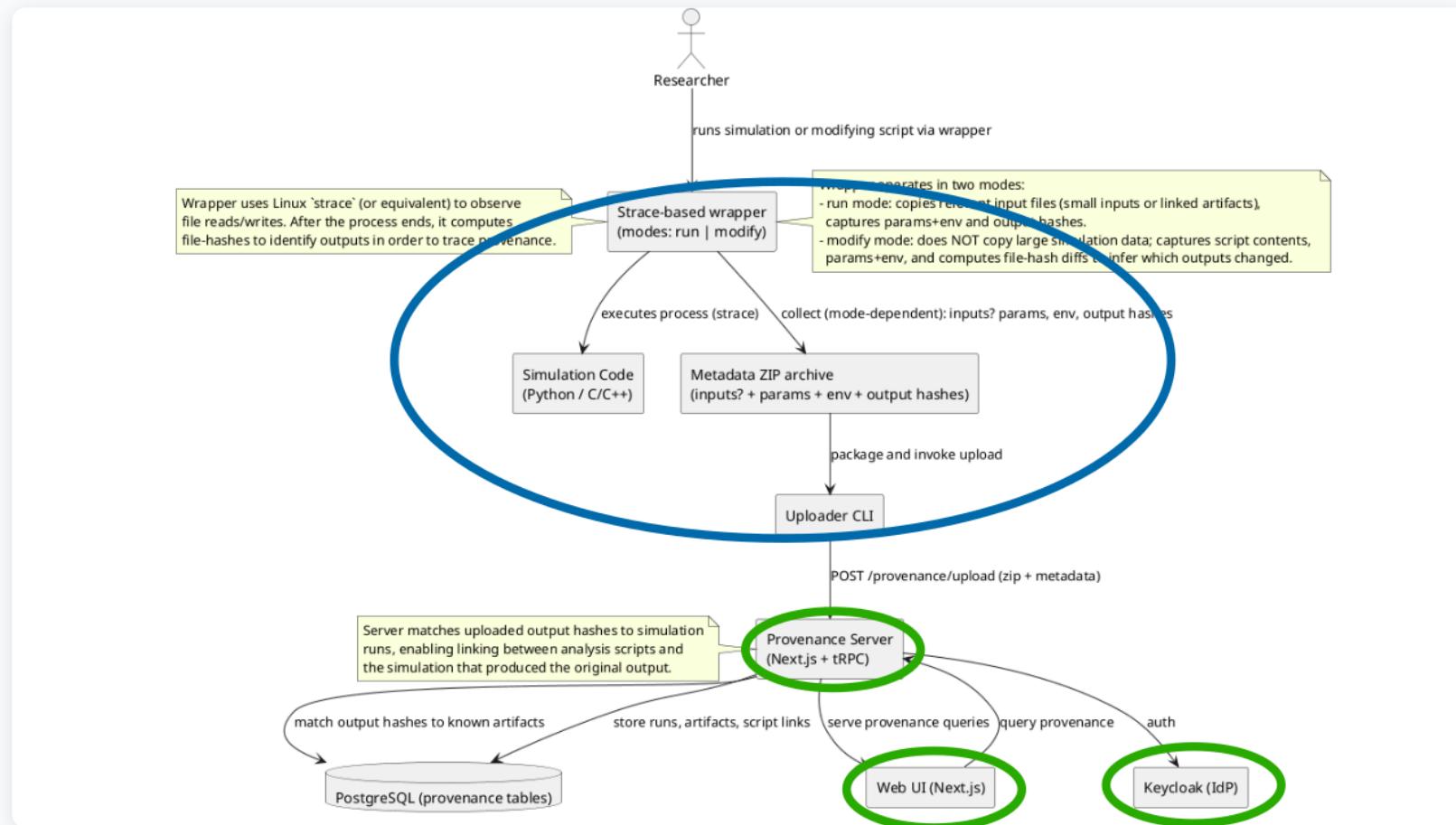
BACKEND AUTHENTICATION FLOW

1. Client sends PAT in Authorization header
2. Server applies HMAC + SHA-256
3. Compare with stored hash in PostgreSQL
4. If valid: Inject user into tRPC context
5. Procedures use context for auth

```
const userId = getUserIdFromContext(ctx);
```

public API secured with PATs!

→ <http://localhost:3000/api-doc>



POLYTRACE AND UPLOADER

WHAT IS POLYTRACE?

A CLI tool to record filesystem activity

Polysim

Run
PolyTrace
executes
the target
program

Run
PolyTrace
executes
the target
program



**Run
PolyTrace**
executes
the target
program



Execute
target and
child
processes

**Run
PolyTrace**
executes
the target
program



Execute
target and
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PolyTrace
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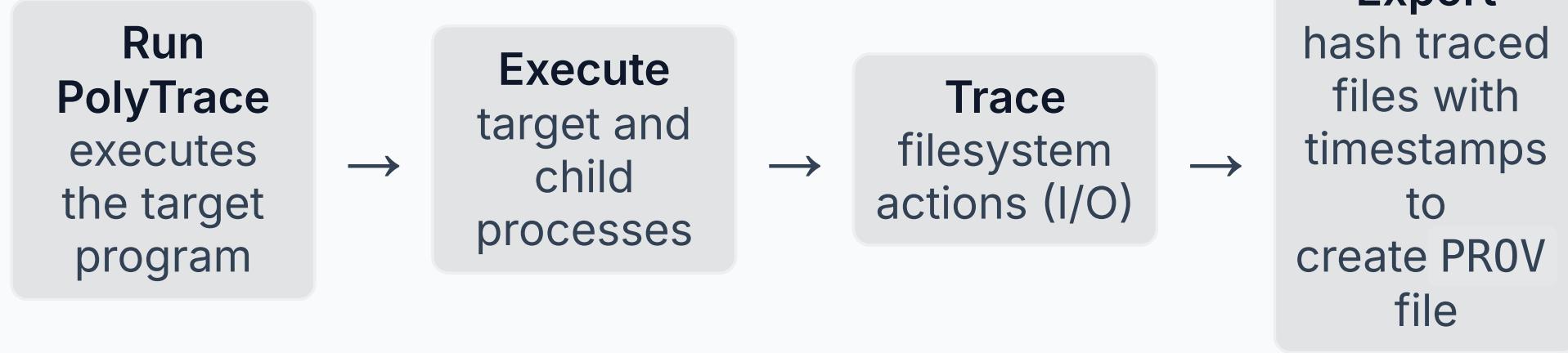
Execute
target and
child
processes

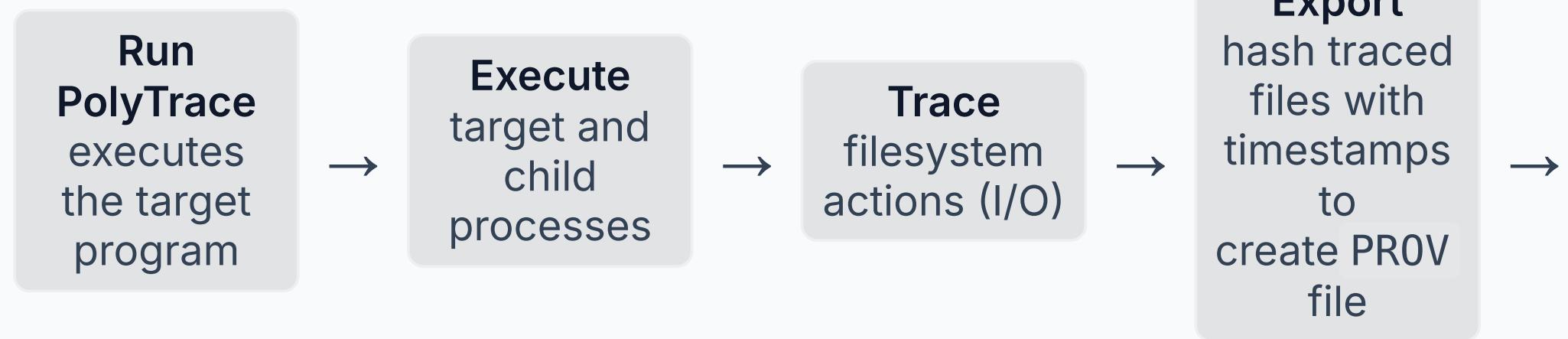


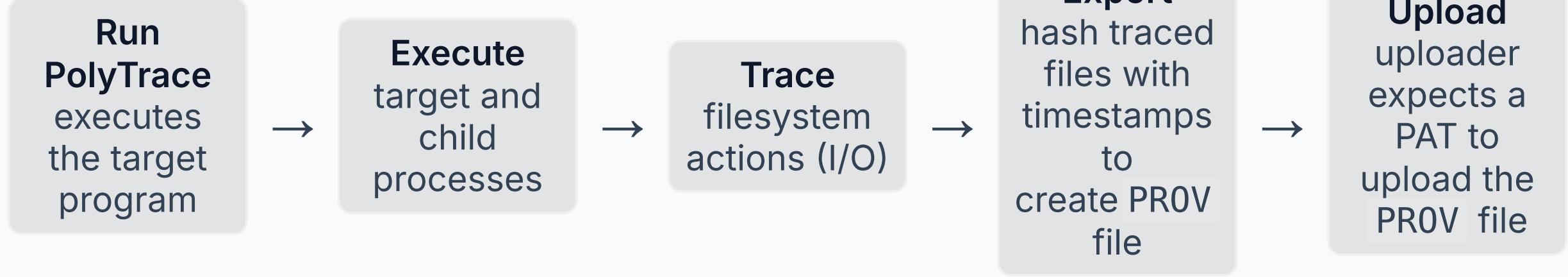
Trace
filesystem
actions (I/O)

Run PolyTrace
executes
the target
program









PLATFORM SUPPORT

OS	How PolyTrace traces filesystem activity
Linux	Uses strace
Windows	Uses strace via WSL
macOS	Uses fs_usage with some limitations

POLYTRACE PIPELINE

Polysim

POLYTRACE PIPELINE

PolyTrace executes target
program

```
#!/bin/sh
BASE_DIR=$(cd "$(dirname "$0")" && pwd)
OUT="$BASE_DIR/tmp/simple_run_out"
rm -f "$OUT"
cat /etc/ld.so.cache > /dev/null 2>/dev/null || true
echo hello > "$OUT"
sleep 0.01
exit 0
```

POLYTRACE PIPELINE

PolyTrace executes target program



strace output

```
#!/bin/sh
BASE_DIR=$(cd "$(dirname "$0")" && pwd)
OUT="$BASE_DIR/tmp/simple_run_out"
rm -f "$OUT"
cat /etc/ld.so.cache > /dev/null 2>/dev/null || true
echo hello > "$OUT"
sleep 0.01
exit 0
```

```
1769772754.266682 --- SIGCHLD {si_signo=SIGHLD, si_code=CLD_EXITED, si_pid=960733, si_uid=1000
1769772754.266720 chdir("/home/tobias/Projekte/PolySim/tools/polytrace/test/fixtures") = 0
1769772754.266818 +++ exited with 0 ===+
1769772754.265826 newfstatat(AT_FDCWD, "/home/tobias/.sdkman/candidates/java/current/bin/dirnam
1769772754.265864 newfstatat(AT_FDCWD, "/home/tobias/.nvm/versions/node/v24.9.0/bin dirname", 0
1769772754.265880 newfstatat(AT_FDCWD, "/home/tobias/.local/bin/ dirname", 0x7ffc1d955610, 0) =
1769772754.265894 newfstatat(AT_FDCWD, "/usr/local/sbin/ dirname", 0x7ffc1d955610, 0) = -1 ENOEN
1769772754.265908 newfstatat(AT_FDCWD, "/usr/local/bin/ dirname", 0x7ffc1d955610, 0) = -1 ENOENT
1769772754.265922 newfstatat(AT_FDCWD, "/usr/sbin/ dirname", 0x7ffc1d955610, 0) = -1 ENOENT (Dat
1769772754.265935 newfstatat(AT_FDCWD, "/usr/bin/ dirname", {st_mode=S_IFREG|0755, st_size=35208
1769772754.265955 execve("/usr/bin/ dirname", ["dirname", "test/fixtures/simple_run.sh"], 0x5cd2
1769772754.266179 access("/etc/ld.so.preload", R_OK) = -1 ENOENT (Datei oder Verzeichnis nicht
1769772754.266194 openat(AT_FDCWD, "/etc/ld.so.cache", O_RDONLY|O_CLOEXEC) = 3
1769772754.266242 openat(AT_FDCWD, "/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc.so.6", O_RDONLY|O_CLOEXEC) = 3
1769772754.266515 openat(AT_FDCWD, "/usr/lib/locale-archive", O_RDONLY|O_CLOEXEC) = 3
1769772754.266671 close(3) = 0
```

POLYTRACE PIPELINE

PolyTrace executes target program



fs_usage output

```
#!/bin/sh
BASE_DIR=$(cd "$(dirname "$0")" && pwd)
OUT="$BASE_DIR/tmp/simple_run_out"
rm -f "$OUT"
cat /etc/ld.so.cache > /dev/null 2>/dev/null || true
echo hello > "$OUT"
sleep 0.01
exit 0
```

```
17:31:54.814998 fsgetpath /usr/lib/dyld 0.000038 simple_run.6475663
17:31:54.815776 fsgetpath /usr/lib/dyld 0.000019 simple_run.6475663
17:31:54.816178 open F=3 (R*****\_\_*****) . 0.000098 simple_run.6475663
17:31:54.816182 fcntl F=3 <getpath> 0.000004 simple_run.6475663
17:31:54.816187 close F=3 0.000005 simple_run.6475663
17:31:54.816197 fsgetpath /Users/efemyuksel/PolySim/tools/polytrace/test/fixtures/simple_run 0.
17:31:54.816213 fsgetpath /usr/lib/dyld 0.000015 simple_run.6475663
17:31:54.816345 open F=3 (R*****\_\_*****f**) 0.000030 simple_run.6475663
17:31:54.816396 openat F=4 (R****\_\_\\_\_*\*) [3]//..../System/Volumes/Preboot/Cryptexes/OS
17:31:54.816415 fstatat64 [4]/System/Library/dyld 0.000012 simple_run.6475663
17:31:54.816440 openat F=6 (R*****\_\_*****) [4]/System/Library/dyld 0.000024 simple_run.6475663
17:31:54.816444 fcntl F=6 <getpath> 0.000003 simple_run.6475663
17:31:54.816451 close F=3 0.000003 simple_run.6475663
17:31:54.816452 close F=5 0.000001 simple_run.6475663
17:31:54.816454 close F=4 0.000001 simple_run.6475663
```

POLYTRACE PIPELINE



fs_usage output



PROV output

```
17:31:54.814998 fsgetpath /usr/lib/dyld 0.000038 simple_run.6475663
17:31:54.815776 fsgetpath /usr/lib/dyld 0.000019 simple_run.6475663
17:31:54.816178 open F=3 (R*****\_\_*****) . 0.000098 simple_run.6475663
17:31:54.816182 fcntl F=3 <getpath> 0.000004 simple_run.6475663
17:31:54.816187 close F=3 0.000005 simple_run.6475663
17:31:54.816197 fsgetpath /Users/efemeyuksel/PolySim/tools/polytrace/test/fixtures/simple_run 0.
17:31:54.816213 fsgetpath /usr/lib/dyld 0.000015 simple_run.6475663
17:31:54.816345 open F=3 (R*****\_\_*****f**) 0.000030 simple_run.6475663
17:31:54.816396 openat F=4 (R*****\_\_*****f**) [3]/.../System/Volumes/Preboot/Cryptexes/OS
17:31:54.816415 fstatat64 [4]/System/Library/dyld 0.000012 simple_run.6475663
17:31:54.816440 openat F=6 (R*****\_\_*****f**) [4]/System/Library/dyld 0.000024 simple_run.6475
17:31:54.816444 fcntl F=6 <getpath> 0.000003 simple_run.6475663
17:31:54.816451 close F=3 0.000003 simple_run.6475663
17:31:54.816452 close F=5 0.000001 simple_run.6475663
17:31:54.816454 close F=4 0.000001 simple_run.6475663
17:31:54.816455 close F=6 0.000001 simple_run.6475663
```

```
{
  "activity": {
    "endedAt": 1769725453183,
    "id": "cf843303e1d1269de4c3155fae1b8d1fee2bf84f4bde84b1f004e4784a7b9458",
    "label": "Run /bin/sh",
    "metadata": {
      "command": [
        "/bin/sh",
        "-c",
        "/home/tobias/Projekte/PolySim/tools/polytrace/test/fixtures/simple_run.sh"
      ]
    },
    "startedAt": 1769725453141
  },
  "prov:wasGeneratedBy": [
    {
      "activity": {
        "endedAt": 1769725453183,
        "id": "cf843303e1d1269de4c3155fae1b8d1fee2bf84f4bde84b1f004e4784a7b9458",
        "label": "Run /bin/sh",
        "metadata": {
          "command": [
            "/bin/sh",
            "-c",
            "/home/tobias/Projekte/PolySim/tools/polytrace/test/fixtures/simple_run.sh"
          ]
        }
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

UPLOADER

```
→ prov_upload_input git:(240-presentation-preparation) ../../../../build/bin/upload --setup
PolySim Upload Tool

== Configuring PolySim Upload ==

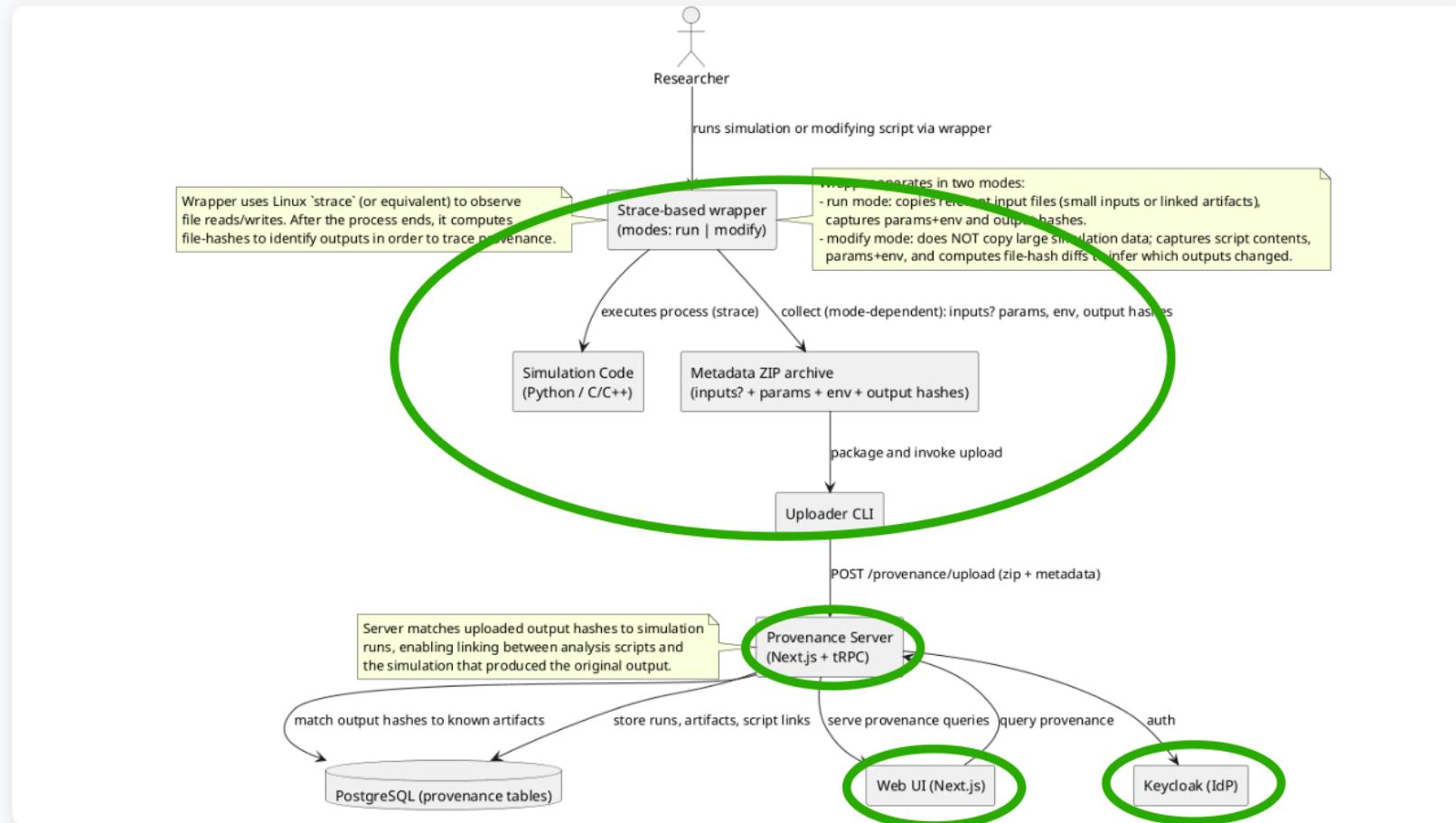
== PolySim Upload Configuration Setup ==
This wizard will help you configure the upload settings.

Enter upload URL. Skip it to set default URL. (default: https://polysim.work):
Default URL has been set.

Enter Personal Access Token (PAT):

Configuration saved to: "/home/tobias/.config/polysim/config.json" (user read/write only)
→ prov_upload_input git:(240-presentation-preparation) ../../../../build/bin/upload fork_exec.json
PolySim Upload Tool

Using configuration:
host: polysim.work
port: 443
basePath: /api/public
use_ssl: true
Using payload argument: fork_exec.json
Uploading activity to server...
Success: {
  "counts": {
    "activities": 1,
    "entities": 3,
    "used": 1,
    "wasAssociatedWith": 0,
    "wasGeneratedBy": 1,
```



POLYSIM

- Full-stack web application (2 servers)
- CLI tracing tool (PolyTrace)
- integration with Keycloak Auth

GOOD SOFTWARE DEVELOPER PRACTICE

well tested code

Does it work as intended?
What if someone change something that they didnt wrote?
What if we break something unrelated with our changes?

```
✓ src/app/account/skills-assessment/utils/getDefaultAssessmentList.test.ts (12)
✓ src/app/api/auth/[...nextauth]/authOptions.test.ts (1 test) 164ms
✓ src/components/client/ErrorState.test.tsx (5 tests) 80ms
✓ src/components/client/SyncStatusIndicator.test.tsx (4 tests) 54ms
✓ src/components/client/Page.test.tsx (5 tests) 170ms
✓ src/components/client>LoadingState.test.tsx (5 tests) 85ms
✓ src/components/client/StarRating.test.tsx (5 tests) 164ms
✓ src/components/client/UserAvatar.test.tsx (6 tests) 151ms
✓ src/app/account/skills-assessment/components/RatingScale.test.tsx (5 tests) 200ms
✓ src/app/account/skills-assessment/components/ConfirmResetDialog.test.tsx (4 tests) 110ms
✓ src/components/navigation/navMain.test.tsx (2 tests) 46ms
✓ src/app/account/skills-assessment/components/SubSkillItem.test.tsx (4 tests) 100ms
✓ src/app/account/skills-assessment/components/CategorySection.test.tsx (3 tests) 100ms
✓ src/app/account/pat/page.test.tsx (7 tests) 412ms
✓ src/app/account/skills-assessment/components/SkillItem.test.tsx (9 tests) 280ms
✓ src/app/account/skills-assessment/page.test.tsx (7 tests) 346ms

Test Files 16 passed (16)
Tests 84 passed (84)
Start at 21:20:36
Duration 2.20s (transform 1.83s, setup 1.59s, collect 7.93s, tests 2.72s, entries, prepare 1.90s)

✓ src/server/controller/pAccessToken.test.ts (1 test) 3315ms
✓ src/server/controller/uploadActivity.test.ts (8 tests) 3328ms
✓ src/server/db.test.ts (2 tests) 3418ms
✓ src/server/controller/user.test.ts (5 tests) 3495ms
✓ src/server/controller/logs.test.ts (2 tests) 3547ms
✓ src/server/controller/skillsAssessment.test.ts (6 tests) 3553ms

Test Files 7 passed (7)
Tests 35 passed (35)
Start at 21:20:39
Duration 4.23s (transform 163ms, setup 2.50s, collect 121ms, tests 23.64s, , prepare 547ms)
```

```
> polysim@0.1.0 test:e2e
> playwright test

[dotenv@17.2.2] injecting env (16) from .env.example.development
Running 6 tests using 1 worker
[dotenv@17.2.2] injecting env (0) from .env.example.development
[dotenv@17.2.2] injecting env (0) from .env.example.development
[chromium] > tests/e2e/skills-assessment.spec.ts:13:9 > Skills
{ name: 'TypeScript' }
  6 passed (17.0s)

To open last HTML report run:
npx playwright show-report

[100%] Linking CXX executable strace_parser_test
gmake[3]: Verzeichnis „/home/tobias/Projekte/PolySim/tools/polytrace“
[100%] Built target strace_parser_test
gmake[2]: Verzeichnis „/home/tobias/Projekte/PolySim/tools/polytrace“
gmake[1]: Verzeichnis „/home/tobias/Projekte/PolySim/tools/polytrace“
Running tests (ctest)
Test project /home/tobias/Projekte/PolySim/tools/polytrace/build
  Start 1: strace_parser_test
1/1 Test #1: strace_parser_test ..... Passed    2.99 sec
100% tests passed, 0 tests failed out of 1
Total Test time (real) = 2.99 sec
```

CONCLUSION:

- Self-Organized Teamwork: Process optimization through regular Retrospectives (transition from Scrum to Scrumban).
- Industry Standards: Integrated Git Workflows, mandatory Code Reviews, and automated CI/CD pipelines.
- FAIR & Provenance: Built a system to track scientific data origin, ensuring reproducibility in research.
- Architectural Clarity: Managed high complexity using *Polysim*

CURRENT STATE OF THE PROJECT

Working PoC: Functional "Vertical Slice" from CLI-tracing
to Database and UI-visualization

Infrastructure: Full-stack integration with Docker, Keycloak
Auth, and tRPC type-safety

LESSONS LEARNED

Complexity Management: Balancing feature-richness with
core logic

Team Coordination: Overcoming communication
bottlenecks

Aligning work in a non-full-time environment.

Process Realism: Adapting workflows to fit actual student
time-constraints

SUMMARY: A MULTI-LAYERED COURSE

Team Dynamics: Collaborative development on a complex,
real-world project

Modern Tech Stack: Hands-on experience with Next.js,
PostgreSQL, and Type-safe APIs

Scientific Value: Bridging the gap between software
engineering and FAIR simulation principles

End - Questions?

Left intentionally blank

Currently deployed at
<https://polysim.work>

Username: demo.user
Password: tu-dortmund