Package 'sdcn'

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Type Package
Title Structures and Dynamics on (of) Complex Networks (sdcn)
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Author
Maintainer Wenfeng Feng <fengwenfeng@gmail.com></fengwenfeng@gmail.com>
 Description The package intends to implement general simulation of dynamics on (of) networks which have different structural features. The current goal is to simuate ecological interactions among species in ecological networks, as the first instance of complex networks. Modules should include: Dynamic models. Holling Type I, II dynamic models should be implemented for mutualistic networks, food webs, competitive networks, and mixed networks. Environmental Perturbations. Two types of perturbations: continuously pressed env. and repeated pulsed env. (stochastics). The perturbations can effect not only on (all or part of) species(nodes) but also on (all or part of) interactions(links). Null models of different structural features such as degree heterogeneity and modularity. Analysis of simulation results. Fit of empirical data? Imports deSolve (>= 1.10-8),
simecol (>= 0.8-4), rootSolve (>= 1.6.5)
License What license is it under?
Suggests knitr, testthat
VignetteBuilder knitr
LazyData true
R topics documented:
inc_to_adj init_lv2 model_lv2 M_PL_001 parms_lv2 perturb_growthrate sdcn

2 init_lv2

sim_ode_auto .	 											 					
sim_ode_press .	 											 					
swaplinks	 			 								 					

Index 8

inc_to_adj

transfer an incidence matrix to an adjacency matrix

Description

transfer an incidence matrix to an adjacency matrix

Usage

```
inc_to_adj(inc)
```

Arguments

inc,

an incidence matrix

Value

adj, an adiacency matrix

init_lv2

initial values of state variables, i.e., abundances of species

Description

Assign initial values according to two criteria: 1. using the equilibrium values of LV1 model as initial values. 2. If any of the initial values is less than 0, using the intrinsic growth rates as initial values.

Usage

```
init_lv2(parms)
```

Arguments

parms,

the parameters assigned to LV2 model

model_lv2 3

model_lv2	Lotka-Volterra (LV) Equations of Holling type II for mutualistic communities provided by Bastolla et al.

Description

Lotka-Volterra (LV) Equations of Holling type II for mutualistic communities provided by Bastolla et al.

Usage

```
model_lv2(time, init, parms, ...)
```

Arguments

 $\mbox{time,} \qquad \mbox{time step of simulation}$

init, the initial state of the LV system, a vector parms, parameters passed to LV model, a list of:

r a vector of the intrinsic growth rates of species
C the competitive matrix inside plants and animals
M the mutualistic matrix between plants and animals
h the saturate coefficient, handling time of species feed

Value

the derivation

M_PL_001

web-of-life data sets from Bascompte et atl.

Description

web-of-life data sets from Bascompte et atl.

Usage

M_PL_001

Format

data frames with rows and cols represent two different species groups

Source

```
http://www.web-of-life.es/map.php
```

4 perturb_growthrate

parms_lv2	parmaters for mutualistic LV2 model according to the network and the coefficients
	coefficients

Description

parmaters for mutualistic LV2 model according to the network and the coefficients

Usage

```
parms_lv2(graph, coeff)
```

Arguments

graph, the interaction topology of mutualistic communities, which is the incidence ma-

trix of a bipartite network

coeff, a list of coefficients:

alpha.mu, alpha.sd coefficients of the intrinsic growth rates of species

beta0.mu, beta0.sd the intra-species competition coefficients which determin

a uniform distribution in [beta0.mu - beta0.sd, beta0.mu + beta0.sd]

beta1.mu, beta1.sd the inter-species competition coefficients **gamma.mu, gamma.sd** the inter-species mutualism coefficients

delta trade-off coefficients of mutualistic interaction strengths **h.mu**, **h.sd** coefficients of the handling time of species

Value

a list of parameters for ode model:

r a vector of the intrinsic growth rates of species

C the competitive matrix inside plants and animals

M the mutualistic matrix between plants and animals

h the saturate coefficient, handling time of species feed

perturb_growthrate perturbation that effect on species by increasing/decreasing the intrinsic growth rates of species

Description

perturbation that effect on species by increasing/decreasing the intrinsic growth rates of species

Usage

```
perturb_growthrate(parms, nstar, r.delta = 0.01)
```

sdcn 5

Arguments

parms parameters assigned to the ODE model

nstar state values at equilibrium

r.delta difference of intrinsic growth rates at each iterating step

sdcn

sdcn: Structures and Dynamics on (of) Complex Networks.

Description

The sdcn package provides three categories of functions:

- 1. Structures
- 2. Dynamics
- 3. Analysis

Structures functions

swaplinks

Dynamics functions

```
model_lv2, parms_lv2
```

sim_ode_auto

Simulate ODE dynamics of autonomous systems. The dynamic starts at initialized state variables, and ends in equilibrium (or error where some values of state variables approach infinity?)

Description

Simulate ODE dynamics of autonomous systems. The dynamic starts at initialized state variables, and ends in equilibrium (or error where some values of state variables approach infinity?)

Usage

```
sim_ode_auto(model, parms, init, steps = 1000, stepwise = 1,
  extinct_threshold)
```

Arguments

model of ODE dynamics

parms parameters assigned to the model

init initial values of the model according to the parameters

steps steps of simulation

stepwise step length

extinct_threshold

abundance threshold, species with abundance less than that is considered to be exintet

6 sim_ode_press

Value

a list of:

out output of one ODE simulation, including the trajectory of values of state variables

nstar the values of state variables in equilibrium

Phi the Jacobian matrix in equilibrium

model model of ODE dynamics

parms parameters assigned to the model

extinct number of extinct species
survived number of survived species

sim_ode_press

Simulate ODE dynamics of non-autonomous systems. A example is ecosystems under "press" perturbations. The dynamic is iteration of successive ODE dynamics of automous systems (sim_ode_auto), while at each iterating step, the parameters and/or state values of systems are changed to reflect "press" perturbations.

Description

Simulate ODE dynamics of non-autonomous systems. A example is ecosystems under "press" perturbations. The dynamic is iteration of successive ODE dynamics of automous systems (sim_ode_auto), while at each iterating step, the parameters and/or state values of systems are changed to reflect "press" perturbations.

Usage

```
sim_ode_press(model, parms, init, steps = 1000, stepwise = 1,
    extinct_threshold, perturb, iter_steps = 500, isout = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

model model of ODE dynamics

parms parameters assigned to the model

init initial values of the model according to the parameters

steps steps of simulation

stepwise step length

extinct_threshold

abundance threshold, species with abundance less than that is considered to be

exintct

perturb a function that change the parameters and state values after each iteration step

iter_steps possiblely maximum iteration steps

isout if output the transiting trajectory of each ODE iterate step
... any arguments which are transferred to perturbation function

swaplinks 7

swaplinks	Swapping links Algorithm for null model of bipartite networks, that generates random network (ensembles) which keep the node degree
	distribution of a real network.

Description

Swapping links Algorithm for null model of bipartite networks, that generates random network (ensembles) which keep the node degree distribution of a real network.

Usage

```
swaplinks(bigraph, ntry = 5000)
```

Arguments

bigraph, incidence matrix of a bipartite network, rows and cols represent two groups of

nodes/species

ntry, the maximum possible times of swapping links to try

Value

an incidence matrix of bipartite network whose links being randomly swapped.

Examples

```
## Not run:
require(bipartite) # for plot
data(M_PL_003)
# M_PL_003 <- as.matrix(M_PL_003)
bipartite::visweb(M_PL_003)
M_PL_003.rand = swaplinks(M_PL_003)
bipartite::visweb(M_PL_003.rand)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

Index

```
*Topic datasets
M_PL_001, 3

inc_to_adj, 2
init_lv2, 2

M_PL_001, 3
model_lv2, 3, 5

parms_lv2, 4, 5
perturb_growthrate, 4

sdcn, 5
sdcn-package (sdcn), 5
sim_ode_auto, 5, 6
sim_ode_press, 6
swaplinks, 5, 7
```