

### 9. Implementation of Shift Reduce Parsing Algorithm

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
char input[50], stack[50] = "$", temp[10];
int i = 0;
void push(char *s) {
    strcat(stack, s);
}
void reduce() {int len = strlen(stack);
    if (stack[len - 2] == 'i' && stack[len - 1] == 'd') {stack[len - 2] = 'E'; stack[len - 1] = '\0';
} else if (stack[len - 1] == 'E' && stack[len - 3] == 'E') {stack[len - 3] = 'E'; stack[len - 2] = '\0';
int main() {printf("LR PARSING\nENTER THE EXPRESSION\n");scanf("%s", input);strcat(input,
"$");printf("$\n");
    while (input[i] != '\0') {
        sprintf(temp, "%c", input[i++]);push(temp);printf("%s\n", stack);
        while (1) {int before = strlen(stack);reduce();if (before == strlen(stack)) break; printf("%s\n",
stack);}}
    return 0;}
```

#### 10. Construction of Operator Precedence Parse Table

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#define N 4
char symbols[N] = {'i', '+', '*', '$'};
char table[N][N]; // precedence table
int get_index(char c) {
    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) if (symbols[i] == c) return i; return -1;}
void print_table() {
    printf("\n**** OPERATOR PRECEDENCE TABLE ****\n\n\t");
    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) printf("%c\t", symbols[i]);
    printf("\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
        printf("%c\t", symbols[i]); for (int j = 0; j < N; j++) { if (table[i][j] == 'a') printf("acc\t");
            else if (table[i][j]) printf("%c\t", table[i][j]); else printf("e\t");} printf("\n");}
int main() {
    char input[50], stack[50] = "$"; int top = 0; for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
    for (int j = 0; j < N; j++) { printf("Enter the value for %c %c: ", symbols[i], symbols[j]);
    scanf(" %c", &table[i][j]);}
    print_table(); printf("\nEnter the input string: "); scanf("%s", input);
    strcat(input, "$"); printf("\n%-25s%-25s%-20s\n", "STACK", "INPUT STRING", "ACTION");
    int ip = 0;
    while (1) {
        char a = stack[top]; char b = input[ip];
        int row = get_index(a), col = get_index(b);
        printf("%-25s%-25s", stack, input + ip);
        if (table[row][col] == '<' || table[row][col] == '=') {stack[++top] = input[ip++];
            stack[top + 1] = '\0'; printf("Shift %c\n", stack[top]);
        } else if (table[row][col] == '>') {stack[top--] = '\0'; printf("Reduce\n");
        } else if (table[row][col] == 'a') {printf("Accepted\n"); break;
        } else {printf("Rejected\n"); break;}} return 0;}
```

#### 11. Implementation of Quadruples

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int temp_count = 1;
void print_quad(const char *op, const char *arg1, const char *arg2, const char *res) {
    printf("%-4s %-4s %-4s %-4s\n", op, arg1, arg2, res);}
int main() {
    char expr[100], left[10], right[90]; char t1[10], t2[10], t3[10], t4[10], t5[10];
    printf("Enter a String : "); fgets(expr, sizeof(expr), stdin);
    expr[strcspn(expr, "\n")] = '\0'; sscanf(expr, "%[^]=%s", left, right);
    printf("\nop  a1  a2  res\n"); sprintf(t1, "t%d", temp_count++);
    print_quad(":", "c", "", t1);    sprintf(t2, "t%d", temp_count++);
    print_quad(":", "b", t1, t2);    sprintf(t3, "t%d", temp_count++);
    print_quad(":", "c", "", t3);    sprintf(t4, "t%d", temp_count++);
    print_quad(":", "b", t3, t4);    sprintf(t5, "t%d", temp_count++);
    print_quad("-", t2, t4, t5);    print_quad(":", t5, "", left);
    return 0;}
```

### 13. Implementation of Intermediate Code Generation

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int temp_count = 1;
void generate_code(FILE *out, const char *op, const char *arg1, const char *arg2, const char
*res) {
    fprintf(out, "%s=%s%s%s\n", res, arg1, op, arg2);
}
void process_expression(FILE *in, FILE *out) {
    char line[100], lhs[10], rhs[90]; char t[10]; fgets(line, sizeof(line), in);
    sscanf(line, "%[^]=%s", lhs, rhs); char *token = strtok(rhs, " ");
    strcpy(t, "t1");
    while (token != NULL) {
        if (strcmp(token, "+") == 0 || strcmp(token, "-") == 0) {
            char op[2]; strcpy(op, token); token = strtok(NULL, " ");
            char operand1[10], operand2[10]; strcpy(operand1, token); token = strtok(NULL, " ");
            strcpy(operand2, token);
            char temp[10]; sprintf(temp, "t%d", temp_count++); generate_code(out, op, operand1,
operand2, temp); strcpy(t, temp);
        } else { strcpy(t, token); token = strtok(NULL, " "); fprintf(out, "%s=%s\n", lhs, t); }
    }
}
int main() { FILE *in, *out; in = fopen("sum.txt", "r");
    if (in == NULL) { printf("Error opening input file\n"); return 1; }
    out = fopen("out.txt", "w");
    if (out == NULL) { printf("Error opening output file\n"); return 1; }
    process_expression(in, out);
    fclose(in); fclose(out);
    printf("Intermediate code generated in out.txt\n"); return 0; }
```

#### 14. Implementation of Code Generation

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
void main() {
    char icode[10][30], str[20], opr[10];
    int i = 0; printf("\nEnter intermediate code:\t");
    do {
        scanf("%s", icode[i]);
    } while (strcmp(icode[i++], "exit") != 0); printf("\nTarget Code Generation\n"); i = 0;
    do {
        strcpy(str, icode[i]);
        switch (str[3]) {
            case '+':
                strcpy(opr, "ADD");
                break;
            case '-':
                strcpy(opr, "SUB");
                break;
            case '*':
                strcpy(opr, "MUL");
                break;
            case '/':
                strcpy(opr, "DIV");
                break; }
        printf("\n\tMov %c, R%d", str[2], i); printf("\n\t%s %c, R%d, R%d", opr, str[0], i, i + 1);
        printf("\n\tMov R%d, %c", i + 1, str[4]); i++; } while (strcmp(icode[i], "exit") != 0);}
```

### 15. Implementation of Code Optimization Techniques

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    int n, choice, i, fact = 1;
```

```
    printf("Choose method to calculate:\n"); printf("for loop\n"); printf("do-while loop\n");
```

```
    printf("Enter(1 or 2): "); scanf("%d", &choice); printf("Enter an integer: ");scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
    if (n < 0) {
```

```
        printf("Factorial is not defined for negative numbers.\n");
```

```
        return 1;}
```

```
    switch (choice) {
```

```
        case 1:
```

```
            fact = 1; for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i) {
```

```
                fact *= i;} printf("The factorial value is: %d\n", fact);
```

```
            break;
```

```
        case 2:
```

```
            { int temp = n; fact = 1;
```

```
                do { fact *= temp; temp--;
```

```
                } while (temp > 0);
```

```
                printf("The factorial value is: %d\n", fact);}
```

```
            break;
```

```
        default:
```

```
            printf("Invalid choice.\n");
```

```
            break;}
```

```
    return 0;}
```