

1.1:

Query:

```
-----1.1-----
IF OBJECT_ID('tempdb..#Visited') IS NOT NULL DROP TABLE #Visited;
IF OBJECT_ID('tempdb..#Queue') IS NOT NULL DROP TABLE #Queue;

-- Creating the Visited table
CREATE TABLE #Visited (
    paperID INT PRIMARY KEY,
    componentID INT
);

-- Creating the Queue table
CREATE TABLE #Queue (
    paperID INT,
    componentID INT
);

-- Creating the stored procedure to find connected components, using the BFS
method like professor mentioned
IF OBJECT_ID('dbo.ConnectedComponents') IS NOT NULL
    DROP PROCEDURE dbo.ConnectedComponents;
GO

CREATE PROCEDURE dbo.ConnectedComponents
AS
BEGIN
    DECLARE @CurrentComponentID INT = 1;
    DECLARE @CurrentPaperID INT;

    -- Insert initial seed
    INSERT INTO #Queue
    SELECT TOP 1 paperID, @CurrentComponentID FROM nodes WHERE paperID NOT IN
(SELECT paperID FROM #Visited);

    WHILE (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM #Queue) > 0
    BEGIN
        -- Dequeue
        SELECT TOP 1 @CurrentPaperID = paperID FROM #Queue;
        DELETE FROM #Queue WHERE paperID = @CurrentPaperID;

        -- Mark as visited
        IF NOT EXISTS (SELECT 1 FROM #Visited WHERE paperID =
@CurrentPaperID)
        BEGIN
            INSERT INTO #Visited (paperID, componentID) VALUES
(@CurrentPaperID, @CurrentComponentID);

            -- Enqueue unvisited adjacent nodes
            INSERT INTO #Queue (paperID, componentID)
            SELECT e.citedPaperID, @CurrentComponentID FROM edges e
```

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        WHERE e.paperID = @CurrentPaperID AND e.citedPaperID NOT IN
(SELECT paperID FROM #Visited)
        UNION
        SELECT e.paperID, @CurrentComponentID FROM edges e
        WHERE e.citedPaperID = @CurrentPaperID AND e.paperID NOT IN
(SELECT paperID FROM #Visited);
    END

    -- If the queue is empty, move to the next component
    IF (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM #Queue WHERE componentID =
@CurrentComponentID) = 0
    BEGIN
        IF (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM nodes WHERE paperID NOT IN (SELECT
paperID FROM #Visited)) > 0
        BEGIN
            SET @CurrentComponentID = @CurrentComponentID + 1;
            INSERT INTO #Queue
            SELECT TOP 1 paperID, @CurrentComponentID FROM nodes WHERE
paperID NOT IN (SELECT paperID FROM #Visited);
        END
    END
END;
END;
GO

-- Executed in 51`60 secs
EXEC dbo.ConnectedComponents;

-- Aggregating the component sizes and print components with their sizes and
titles
-- Note ComponentSize and componentID are different
WITH ComponentSizes AS (
    SELECT componentID, COUNT(*) AS ComponentSize
    FROM #Visited
    GROUP BY componentID
    HAVING COUNT(*) > 4 AND COUNT(*) <= 10
)
-- Printing Paper ID and title with component size >4 and <=10
SELECT v.paperID, n.paperTitle
FROM #Visited v
JOIN ComponentSizes cs ON v.componentID = cs.componentID
JOIN nodes n ON v.paperID = n.paperID
ORDER BY v.componentID, v.paperID;

```

Output: total of 51 rows.

8110, Understanding Skyrmions using Rational Maps

12215, Solitonic fullerene structures in light atomic nuclei

206160, Skyrmed Monopoles

210310, Homotopy of Rational Maps and the Quantization of Skyrmions

9904160, Spherically Symmetric Solutions of the SU(N) Skyrme Models

9611150, Dimensional Renormalization in  $\phi^4$  theory: ladders and rainbows

9612010,Weight Systems from Feynman Diagrams  
 9712140,Non-zeta knots in the renormalization of the Wess-Zumino model?  
 9805025,A dilogarithmic 3-dimensional Ising tetrahedron  
 9807125,How useful can knot and number theory be for loop calculations?  
 9507110,Calogero-Sutherland model from excitations of Chern-Simons vortices  
 9611185,A Nonrelativistic Chiral Soliton in One Dimension  
 9706080,Moving Frames Hierarchy and BF Theory  
 9709075,Chiral solitons from dimensional reduction of Chern-Simons gauged  
 9712255,Chiral solitons from dimensional reduction of Chern-Simons gauged  
 9508025,Quasiclassical QCD Pomeron  
 9511210,Modular Invariance and the Odderon  
 9611025,Direct solution of the hard pomeron problem for arbitrary conformal  
 9802100,Solution of the Odderon Problem  
 9805135,New Results on the Odderon in QCD  
 9212110,Three Dimensional Chern-Simons Theory as a Theory of Knots and Links III  
 9312215,Knot invariants from rational conformal field theories  
 9401095,Chirality of Knots  $9_{\{42\}}$  and  $10_{\{71\}}$  and Chern-Simons Theory  
 9607030,Vassiliev Invariants for Links from Chern-Simons Perturbation Theory  
 9807155,Combinatorial Formulae for Vassiliev Invariants from Chern-Simons Gauge  
 9812105,Vassiliev Invariants in the Context of Chern-Simons Gauge Theory  
 304155,Exact String-like Solutions of the Gauged Nonlinear  $O(3)$  Model  
 9303080,Non-Abelian Chern-Simons Quantum Mechanics  
 9506015,Statistical Mechanics of Non-Abelian Chern-Simons Particles  
 9507015,Topological and Nontopological Solitons in a Gauged  $O(3)$  Sigma Model  
 9509135,Classical and Quantum Mechanics of Non-Abelian Chern-Simons Particles  
 9703185, $N=2$  Supersymmetric Gauged  $O(3)$  Sigma Model  
 9707150,Bogomolnyi Solitons and Hermitian Symmetric Spaces  
 9805010,On the Gauged Non-compact Spin System  
 7080,Relativistic scalar Aharonov-Bohm scattering  
 9402020,Perturbative Bosonic End Anyon Spectra and Contact Interactions  
 9411175,Aharonov-Bohm Scattering of a Localized Wave Packet: Analysis of the  
 9502105,FIELD THEORETICAL AND QUANTUM MECHANICAL DESCRIPTIONS OF COLLIDING AND  
 9510085,Calculation of the Aharonov-Bohm wave function  
 9603185,The Aharonov-Bohm scattering : the role of the incident wave  
 9703090,Perturbative Expansion in the Galilean Invariant Spin One-Half  
 9703200,The Low Energy Limit of the Chern-Simons Theory Coupled to Fermions  
 9710025,On the Nonrelativistic Limit of the Scattering of Spin One-half  
 9906170,Radiative Corrections to the Aharonov-Bohm Scattering  
 3255,Dimensional Transmutation and Dimensional Regularization in Quantum  
 5195,A differential equation approach for examining the subtraction schemes  
 9412050,Generalised Point Interactions for the Radial Schrodinger Equation via  
 9511010,The regulated four parameter one dimensional point interaction  
 9706070,Non-perturbative regularization and renormalization: simple examples  
 9904055,Finiteness following from underlying theory: a natural strategy

# 9906015, Two- and Three-particle States in a Nonrelativistic Four-fermion Model

```
448 -- Printing Paper ID and title with component size >4 and <=10
449 SELECT v.paperID, n.paperTitle
450 FROM #Visited v
451 JOIN ComponentSizes cs ON v.componentID = cs.componentID
452 JOIN nodes n ON v.paperID = n.paperID
453 ORDER BY v.componentID, v.paperID;
```

	paperID	paperTitle
1	8110	Understanding Skyrmions using Rational Maps
2	12215	Solitonic fullerene structures in light atomic nuclei
3	206160	Skyrmed Monopoles
4	210310	Homotopy of Rational Maps and the Quantization of Skyrmions
5	9904160	Spherically Symmetric Solutions of the SU(N) Skyrme Models
6	9611150	Dimensional Renormalization in $\phi^4$ theory: ladders and rainbows
7	9612010	Weight Systems from Feynman Diagrams
8	9712140	Non-zeta knots in the renormalization of the Wess-Zumino model?
9	9805025	A dilogarithmic 3-dimensional Ising tetrahedron
10	9807125	How useful can knot and number theory be for loop calculations?
11	9507110	Calogero-Sutherland model from excitations of Chern-Simons vortices
12	9611185	A Nonrelativistic Chiral Soliton in One Dimension
13	9706080	Moving Frames Hierarchy and BF Theory
14	9709075	Chiral solitons from dimensional reduction of Chern-Simons gauged
15	9712255	Chiral solitons from dimensional reduction of Chern-Simons gauged
16	9508025	Quasiclassical QCD Pomeron
17	9511210	Modular Invariance and the Odderon

1.2:

Query:

```
IF OBJECT_ID('dbo.pagerankTop10') IS NOT NULL
    DROP PROCEDURE dbo.pagerankTop10;

CREATE or alter PROCEDURE pagerankTop10
AS
BEGIN
    SET NOCOUNT ON;
    -- Declaring variables
    DECLARE @dampingFactor FLOAT = 0.85;
```

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DECLARE @convergenceThreshold FLOAT = 0.0001;
DECLARE @maxIterations INT = 100;
DECLARE @iteration INT = 0;
DECLARE @change FLOAT = 1;
DECLARE @totalNodes INT;
DECLARE @initialPageRank FLOAT;
DECLARE @danglingPageRank FLOAT;

-- Get the total number of nodes
SELECT @totalNodes = COUNT(*) FROM nodes;
SET @initialPageRank = 1.0 / @totalNodes;

-- Prepare PageRank table
IF OBJECT_ID('tempdb..#pagerank') IS NOT NULL DROP TABLE #pagerank;
CREATE TABLE #pagerank (
    paperID INT PRIMARY KEY,
    currentRank FLOAT,
    previousRank FLOAT
);
INSERT INTO #pagerank (paperID, currentRank, previousRank)
SELECT paperID, @initialPageRank, 0 FROM nodes;
IF OBJECT_ID('tempdb..#od') IS NOT NULL DROP TABLE #od;
CREATE TABLE #od (
    paperID INT PRIMARY KEY,
    outDegree INT
);
INSERT INTO #od (paperID, outDegree)
SELECT paperID, COUNT(*) as outDegree
FROM edges
GROUP BY paperID;
WHILE @iteration < @maxIterations AND @change > @convergenceThreshold
BEGIN
    SELECT @danglingPageRank = SUM(pr.currentRank)
    FROM #pagerank pr
    LEFT JOIN #od od ON pr.paperID = od.paperID
    WHERE od.outDegree IS NULL OR od.outDegree = 0;
    UPDATE #pagerank SET previousRank = currentRank;
    UPDATE pr SET
        currentRank = (1.0 - @dampingFactor) / @totalNodes +
@dampingFactor * (
        @danglingPageRank / @totalNodes +
        ISNULL((
            SELECT SUM(linkPR.currentRank / od.outDegree)
            FROM edges e
            JOIN #pagerank linkPR ON e.paperID = linkPR.paperID
            JOIN #od od ON e.paperID = od.paperID
            WHERE pr.paperID = e.citedPaperID
        ), 0)
    )
    FROM #pagerank pr;
    SELECT @change = SUM(ABS(pr.currentRank - pr.previousRank)) FROM
#pagerank pr;
    SET @iteration = @iteration + 1;
END

-- Normalizing PageRank to ensure total is approximately 1
DECLARE @totalRank FLOAT;

```

```

SELECT @totalRank = SUM(currentRank) FROM #pagerank;
UPDATE #pagerank SET currentRank = currentRank / @totalRank;

-- Returning top 10 PageRank values
SELECT TOP 10 n.paperID, n.paperTitle, pr.currentRank AS PageRank
FROM #pagerank pr
INNER JOIN nodes n ON pr.paperID = n.paperID
ORDER BY PageRank DESC;
select top 10 sum(pr.currentRank) from #pagerank pr
-- Cleanup
DROP TABLE #pagerank;
DROP TABLE #od;

SET NOCOUNT OFF;
END
GO
-- took 1 min 2 sec
EXEC pagerankTop10;

```

Solution:

9504090,Massless Black Holes and Conifolds in String Theory,0.014483501591241628  
9510135,Bound States Of Strings And p-Branes,0.014332338497068676  
9711200,The Large N Limit of Superconformal Field Theories and  
Supergravity,0.013720434292142251  
9802150,Anti De Sitter Space And Holography,0.009750191349440204  
208020,Open strings and their symmetry groups,0.008507365221009602  
9602065,D--branes and Spinning Black Holes,0.007546057051157169  
9305185,Duality Symmetries of 4D Heterotic Strings,0.0074477986603390224  
9611050,TASI Lectures on D-Branes,0.007146338753937785  
9501030,Strong/Weak Coupling Duality from the Dual String,0.00571187542765774  
9602135,Entropy and Temperature of Black 3-Branes,0.005419288622883694

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```
ORDER BY PageRank DESC;  
select top 10 sum(pr.currentRank) from #pagerank pr  
-- Cleanup  
DROP TABLE #pagerank;  
DROP TABLE #od;  
  
SET NOCOUNT OFF;  
END  
GO  
-- took 1 min 2 sec  
EXEC pagerankTop10;
```

PrintTop10Papers()

pagerankTop10()

Output

Result 272

Result 272-1-2

10 rows

CSV

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Refresh

Settings

	paperID	paperTitle	PageRank
1	9504090	Massless Black Holes and Conifolds in String Theory	0.014483501591241628
2	9510135	Bound States Of Strings And p-Branes	0.014332338497068676
3	9711200	The Large N Limit of Superconformal Field Theories and Supergra...	0.013720434292142251
4	9802150	Anti De Sitter Space And Holography	0.009750191349440204
5	208020	Open strings and their symmetry groups	0.008507365221009602
6	9602065	D--branes and Spinning Black Holes	0.007546057051157169
7	9305185	Duality Symmetries of 4D Heterotic Strings	0.0074477986603390224
8	9611050	TASI Lectures on D-Branes	0.007146338753937785
9	9501030	Strong/Weak Coupling Duality from the Dual String	0.00571187542765774
10	9602135	Entropy and Temperature of Black 3-Branes	0.005419288622883694

Total page rank : 1.00000000000000169

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