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3BR23Al039-Peak Element Finder

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STUDENT REPORT DETAILS

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Name

DASARI KEERTHI

Roll Number

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PEAK ELEMENT FINDER

Description: You are given an N- dimensional array arr[]. A peak element in the array is defined as an element whose value is greater than or equal to its neighboring elements (if they exist). Your task is to find the index of any peak element in the given array

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Note: use 0-based indexing

Input:

An integer representing the number of elements in the array. N space-separated integers, denoting the elements of the array.

N space-separated integers ,denoting the elements of the array arr[]

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Sample Input:

5

1 3 20 4 1

Sample Output:

2

3BR23A1039 3BR23A1039 3BR23A1039 3BR23 38R23A1039 38R23A1

```
3BR23Al039-Peak Element Finder
  def find_peak_element(arr):
    n = len(arr)
    if n == 1:
      return 0
    if arr[0] > arr[1]:
      return 0
    if arr[n - 1] > arr[n - 2]:
      return n - 1
    for i in range(1, n - 1):
      if arr[i] > arr[i - 1] and arr[i] > arr[i + 1]:
        return i
    return -1
  n = int(input())
  arr = list(map(int, input().split()))
  index = find_peak_element(arr)
  if index != -1:
    print(index)
  else:
    print("No peak element found.")
5 / 5 Test Cases Passed | 100 %
```

https://practice.reinprep.com/student/get-report/6a9c6e64-7bbb-11ef-ae9a-0e411ed3c76b