Week 6 – 2:

ROLL NO.:240801163

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Status Finished
Started Monday, 23 December 2024, 7:57 PM
Completed Monday, 23 December 2024, 8:08 PM
Duration 10 mins 38 secs

Q1) Given an array of numbers and a window of size k. Print the maximum of numbers inside the window for each step as the window moves from the beginning of the array.

Input Format

Input contains the array size, no of elements and the window size

Output Format

Print the maximum of numbers

Constraints

1 <= size <= 1000

Sample Input 1

8

 $1\,3\,5\,2\,1\,8\,6\,9$

3

Sample Output 1

555889

For example:

Input Result

8

13521869

3

555889

10

3751298532

3

77599985

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
   int n,k;
   scanf("%d",&n);
   int arr[n];
}
    6
              for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
   7 🔻
            {
    scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
}
   8
   9
              scanf("%d",&k);
for(int a=0;a<=n-k;a++)
   10
   11
   12 🔻
                    int max=arr[a];
for(int b=a;b<a+k;b++)</pre>
   13
   14
  15 🔻
                    if(arr[b]>max){
    may-arr[b]:
                   arr[b]>max){
    max=arr[b];
}

  16 ▼
   17
   18
   19
                    printf("%d ",max);
   20
   21
   22 }
```

OUTPUT:

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	8 1 3 5 2 1 8 6 9 3	5 5 5 8 8 9	5 5 5 8 8 9	~
~	10 3 7 5 1 2 9 8 5 3 2 3		7 7 5 9 9 9 8 5	~
sse	d all tests! 🗸			

Q2) Given an array and a threshold value find the output.

Input: {5,8,10,13,6,2}

Threshold = 3

Output count = 17

Explanation:

Number	Parts	Counts
5	{3,2}	2
8	{3,3,2}	3
10	{3,3,3,1}	4
13	{3,3,3,3,1}	5
6	{3,3}	2
2	{2}	1

Input Format

N - no of elements in an array

Array of elements

Threshold value

Output Format

Display the count

Sample Input 1

6

5 8 10 13 6 2

3

Sample Output 1

17

For example:

Input Result

6

5 8 10 13 6 2

3

17

7

20 35 57 30 56 87 30

10

33

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(){
   int n,t,count=0;
   scanf("%d",&n);
   int arr[n];
   for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
 7 🔻
                 scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
 8
 9
            scanf("%d",&t);
for(int j=0;j<n;j++)</pre>
10
11
12
                  while(arr[j]>0)
13
14
                  {
15
                       arr[j]-=t;
16
                      count++;
17
18
19
            printf("%d",count);
20 }
```

OUTPUT:

	Input	Expected	GOT	
	6	17	17	~
	5 8 10 13 6 2			
	3			
~	7	33	33	~
	20 35 57 30 56 87 30			
	10			
Passec	d all tests! 🗸			

Q3) Output is a merged array without duplicates. Input Format N1 - no of elements in array 1 Array elements for array 1 N2 - no of elements in array 2 Array elements for array2 **Output Format** Display the merged array Sample Input 1 5 12369 4 2 4 5 10 Sample Output 1 123456910 For example: Input Result 5 12369 2 4 5 10 123456910

Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
1
 2 •
    int main(){
 3
         int a,b;
         scanf("%d",&a);
4
 5
         int arr1[a];
 6
         for(int i=0;i<a;i++)</pre>
 7
         scanf("%d",&arr1[i]);
8
         scanf("%d",&b);
9
         int arr2[b];
10
         for(int i=0;i<b;i++)</pre>
         scanf("%d",&arr2[i]);
11
12
         int p=0,q=0;
13
         while((p < a) & (q < b))
14 ,
15
             if(arr1[p]<arr2[q])</pre>
16 •
17
                  printf("%d ",arr1[p]);
18
                  p++;
19
             }
20
             else if(arr1[p]>arr2[q])
21 ,
                  printf("%d ",arr2[q]);
22
23
                  q++;
24
             }
25
             else
26 •
27
                  printf("%d ",arr1[p]);
28
                  p++;
29
                  q++;
30
31
32
         for(int j=p;j<a;j++)</pre>
33 *
         {
             printf("%d ",arr1[j]);
34
35
         for(int j=q;j<b;j++)</pre>
36
37 ▼
         {
             printf("%d ",arr2[j]);
38
39
         }
40
   }
```

OUTPUT: