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### **STRING**

- IT IS PREDEFINED CLASS IN JAVA
- IT IS NON PRIMITIVE DATA TYPE
- STRING VALUE IS ALWAYS ENCLOSED IN DOUBLE QUOTES.
- SIZE OF STRING IS EQUAL TO NUMBER OF CHARACTERS ENTERED WITHIN DOUBLE QUOTES WHICH ARE DECLARED FOR THAT PARTICULAT STRING

#### **EXAMPLE:**

```
String s = "java class"
```

- TO FIND THE LENGTH OF THE STRING WE HAVE TO USE LENGTH()
  - s.length()

#### **EXAMPLE:**

WRITE A PROGRAM TO RETRIEVE THE CHAR FROM THE STRING

```
class Test1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        String s = "BitsQ";
        for (int i=0; i<s.length(); i++)
        {
            System.out.println(s.charAt(i));
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

# **ARRAY**

Array\_Name.length;

#### **STRING**

String\_Name.length();

- INDEX RANGE OF STRING ALSO STARTS O TO (STRING\_NAME.LENGTH()-1)
- charAt(index): IT IS A METHOD USED TO RETRIEVE CHAR FROM STRING

# **CONVERTING STRINGS TO ARRAY**

- WE CAN RETURN ARRAY OF CHARACTERS FROM THE STRING USING A METHOD toCharArray();
- IT WILL RETURN ARRAY OF CHARACTERS FROM STRING

```
class Test1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        String s = "BitsQ";
        char[] ch = s.toCharArray();
        for (int i=0; i<ch.length; i++)
        {
             System.out.println(ch[i]);
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

