### **LINKEDLIST**

### WHAT IS LINKED LIST?

- IT IS AN IMPLEMENTATION CLASS OF LIST( I )
- UNDERLYING DATA STRUCTURE IS DOUBLY LINKED LIST.
- IT ALLOWS DUPLICATE OBJECTS
- NULL INSERTION IS POSSIBLE
- HETEROGENEOUS OBJECTS ARE ALLOWED
- INSERTION ORDER IS PRESERVED
- IMPLEMENTS SERIALIZATION AND CLONEABLE(I) BUT DOESN'T IMPLEMENT RANDOMACCESS(I).

## **CONSTRUCTOR OF LINKED LIST**

- LinkedList L = new LinkedList();
- LinkedList L = new LinkedList(collection c)

### **SPECIFIC METHODS OF LINKED LIST**

- addFirst(Object obj)
- addLast(Object obj)
- removeFirst(Object obj)
- removeLast(Object obj)
- getFirst(Object obj)
- getLast(Object obj)

```
package collectionpractice;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.LinkedList;

public class LinkedListDemo
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        LinkedList I = new LinkedList();
        l.add(1);
        l.add(1);
        l.add("hello");
        l.add(null);
        l.add(1.1);
        System.out.println("LinkedList objects are "+I);
```

```
l.addFirst(20);
    System.out.println("after adding 20 as first "+I);
    l.addLast(200);
    System.out.println("after adding 200 as last "+I);
    l.removeFirst();
    System.out.println("after removing first "+I);
    l.removeLast();
    System.out.println("after removing last "+I);
    System.out.println("first object is "+I.getFirst());
    System.out.println("last object is "+I.getLast());
    System.out.println(I.get(0));

    ArrayList a = new ArrayList(I);
    System.out.println(a);
}
```

### **LINKEDLIST ADVANTAGES**

- LinkedList OBJECTS MAY NOT BE PRESENT IN CONSECUTIVE MEMORY LOCATIONS.
- ADDITION AND DELETION IN EBTWEEN DOESN'T INVOLVE SHOFT OPERATION.
- HENCE, LINKEDLIST IS PREFFERED WHEN OUR FREQUENT OPERATION IS ADDITION/DELETION.

# **LINKED LIST DISADVANTAGES**

- LINKEDLIST, OBEJCTS MAY NOT BE PRESENT CONSECUTIVE MEMORY LOCATIONS AND IT DOESN'T IMPLEMENT RANDOM ACCESS ( I ).
- IF WE NEED TO ACCESS ANY OBJECT, WE NEED TO TRAVERSE ALL THE WAY FROM BEGINNING
- SO IT IS NOT PREFFERED FOR RETRIEVAL OPERATION.