

Exp No: 09

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## IMPLEMENTATION OF CLUSTERING

### TECHNIQUES - K MEANS

AIM:

To implement a k-Means clustering techniques using Python.

EXPLANATION:

- \* Import k means from sklearn cluster
- \* Assign X & Y
- \* Call the function k means()
- \* Perform scatter operation and display output.

ALGORITHM:

- \* Initialize
  - choose the no of clusters k
  - Randomly initialize k centroids
- \* Assign Data Points to clusters
  - for each dataset
  - Calculate the distance between the data points and each centroid.
  - Assign the data point to the cluster where centroid is the closest.

\* Recalculate centroids

→ For each cluster, compute the new centroid by calculating the mean of all data points assigned to that cluster.

\* Repeat

→ Repeat ~~step~~ 2 and 3 until the cluster assignments do not change. This is called convergence.

\* Stopping Criteria :

→ Algorithm stops when one of the following occurs.

→ The centroids do not change between iterations

→ A Maximum no of iterations is reached.

CODE:

```
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans  
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt  
import numpy as np
```

```
X = np.array([1, 2], [1, 4], [1, 8], [4, 2], [4, 4],  
              [4, 0], [10, 2], [10, 4], [10, 0])
```

```
kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=3, random_state=0)  
kmeans.fit(X)
```

$Y\_k\text{ means} = k\text{ means} . \text{predict}(x)$

`plt . scatter (X[:,0], X[:,1], c= Y_k means,  
S=50, c map='viridis')`

`centroids = kmeans . cluster_centers`

`plt . scatter (centroids[:,0], centroids[:,1],  
c='red', S=200, alpha=0.75,  
marker='x')`

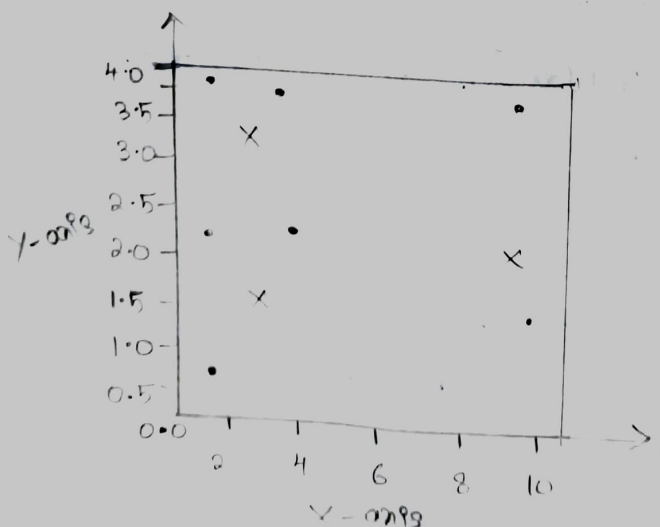
`plt . xlabel ("X - axis")`

`plt . ylabel ("Y - axis")`

`plt . title ("K - means Clustering")`

`plt . show()`

### OUTPUT:



### RESULT:

Thus, the K - Means clustering Program  
is executed successfully and output is verified.