EXPNO: 04

Date: 31/08/04 A * SEARCH

APm:

To find the eshortest path from a estart node to a goal mode using A * search algorithm.

Algorithm:

- 1) Creatre open and closed sets, start with the Enthral state.
- 2) Add the start mode to the open sets with an sufficient cost of o.
 - 3) Remove the node with the lensest 't' value (cost + heusistic) from the open sets
 - 4) It the consent node is the path.
 - 5) For each nelphbor, calculate 'g', 'R', 'f' values.
 - Open set or a lovest cost path se found, update auto and percent.

F) Add the neighbour to the open sets

B' Pt Re not already Ph the closed sets.

8) Repeats untill the open et is empty or the goal is found.

Pregram:

Purpost heapq, defa_star (start, goal, A, nerghbours):

open set = []

heapq - heappush (open _cob), (oth (start)),0,

come - som = & 3

9-8000 = 8start :03

f_ocore = & start: A1 start) }

whole open_set:

-, cursoent = heapq · heappop(

of current == good:

path = []

won Ple current Ph came_ From:

path append (current)

Cersont = came _ from toursonty

path append (start) return path [::-1]

for neighbor in neighbors (current): tentathe-9=9-80000 [cument]+1 Rf nerghbor not Pu g-crose or bentative-g < 9-80000 DEAGRED : came_from [neighbor] = acrossent q-score [neighbor] = tentations q f_scare [negation] = textatine_g+A (nerghter) of nerghbor net the [P[2] for P Ph open _ set]: heappy = heappush (open set), (& - score [nergriber], bentoo he-q, netghbor)) return None def hewereble (node): 90al - postolou = (5,5) redurn als (nede to J-geal-perto) + abs (node [i] - goal -postion [i]) def neighbors (node): n/y = node

start = (0,0)geal = (5,5)path = a -star (atort, geal, fewerster, neighbors) prub (path)

Outputs:



Thus, the program is encurbed successfully and output is vertiled.