

TEAM ID : NM2023TMID06783

PROJECT NAME : IOT BASED ADAPTIVE STREET LIGHTING SYSTEM

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import utime

import gc

from lcd_api import LcdApi

from machine import I2C

# PCF8574 pin definitions

MASK_RS = 0x01    # P0

MASK_RW = 0x02    # P1

MASK_E = 0x04    # P2

SHIFT_BACKLIGHT = 3 # P3

SHIFT_DATA = 4 # P4-P7

class I2cLcd(LcdApi):

    #Implements a HD44780 character LCD connected via PCF8574 on I2C

    def __init__(self, i2c, i2c_addr, num_lines, num_columns):

        self.i2c = i2c

        self.i2c_addr = i2c_addr

        self.i2c.writeto(self.i2c_addr, bytes([0]))

        utime.sleep_ms(20) # Allow LCD time to powerup

        # Send reset 3 times

        self.hal_write_init_nibble(self.LCD_FUNCTION_RESET)

        utime.sleep_ms(5) # Need to delay at least 4.1 msec

        self.hal_write_init_nibble(self.LCD_FUNCTION_RESET)

        utime.sleep_ms(1)

        self.hal_write_init_nibble(self.LCD_FUNCTION_RESET)

        utime.sleep_ms(1)

        # Put LCD into 4-bit mode

        self.hal_write_init_nibble(self.LCD_FUNCTION)

        utime.sleep_ms(1)

        LcdApi.__init__(self, num_lines, num_columns)
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cmd = self.LCD_FUNCTION

if num_lines > 1:

cmd |= self.LCD_FUNCTION_2LINES

self.hal_write_command(cmd)

gc.collect()

def hal_write_init_nibble(self, nibble):

# Writes an initialization nibble to the LCD.

# This particular function is only used during initialization.

byte = ((nibble >> 4) & 0x0f) << SHIFT_DATA

self.i2c.writeto(self.i2c_addr, bytes([byte | MASK_E]))

self.i2c.writeto(self.i2c_addr, bytes([byte]))

gc.collect()

def hal_backlight_on(self):

# Allows the hal layer to turn the backlight on

self.i2c.writeto(self.i2c_addr, bytes([1 << SHIFT_BACKLIGHT]))

gc.collect()

def hal_backlight_off(self):

#Allows the hal layer to turn the backlight off

self.i2c.writeto(self.i2c_addr, bytes([0]))

gc.collect()

def hal_write_command(self, cmd):

# Write a command to the LCD. Data is latched on the falling edge

of E.

byte = ((self.backlight << SHIFT_BACKLIGHT) |

(((cmd >> 4) & 0x0f) << SHIFT_DATA))

self.i2c.writeto(self.i2c_addr, bytes([byte | MASK_E]))

self.i2c.writeto(self.i2c_addr, bytes([byte]))

byte = ((self.backlight << SHIFT_BACKLIGHT) |

(cmd & 0x0f) << SHIFT_DATA))

self.i2c.writeto(self.i2c_addr, bytes([byte | MASK_E]))

self.i2c.writeto(self.i2c_addr, bytes([byte]))

if cmd <= 3:

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# The home and clear commands require a worst case delay of
4.1 msec

utime.sleep_ms(5)

gc.collect()

def hal_write_data(self, data):
    # Write data to the LCD. Data is latched on the falling edge of
    E.

    byte = (MASK_RS |
            (self.backlight << SHIFT_BACKLIGHT) |
            (((data >> 4) & 0x0f) << SHIFT_DATA))

    self.i2c.writeto(self.i2c_addr, bytes([byte | MASK_E]))

    self.i2c.writeto(self.i2c_addr, bytes([byte]))

    byte = (MASK_RS |
            (self.backlight << SHIFT_BACKLIGHT) |
            ((data & 0x0f) << SHIFT_DATA))

    self.i2c.writeto(self.i2c_addr, bytes([byte | MASK_E]))

    self.i2c.writeto(self.i2c_addr, bytes([byte]))

gc.collect()
DATE
17MAY2023
TEAM ID
NM2023TMID06799
PROJECT NAME
WOWKI PROJECT USE OF ULTRASONIC
SENSOR
"""Provides an API for talking to HD44780 compatible character LCDs."""

import time

class LcdApi:
    """Implements the API for talking with HD44780 compatible character
    LCDs.

    This class only knows what commands to send to the LCD, and not how
    to get

```

them to the LCD.

It is expected that a derived class will implement the hal_XXX functions.

The following constant names were lifted from the avrlib lcd.h header file, however, I changed the definitions from bit numbers to bit masks.

#

HD44780 LCD controller command set

LCD_CLR = 0x01 # DB0: clear display

LCD_HOME = 0x02 # DB1: return to home position

LCD_ENTRY_MODE = 0x04 # DB2: set entry mode

LCD_ENTRY_INC = 0x02 # --DB1: increment

LCD_ENTRY_SHIFT = 0x01 # --DB0: shift

LCD_ON_CTRL = 0x08 # DB3: turn lcd/cursor on

LCD_ON_DISPLAY = 0x04 # --DB2: turn display on

LCD_ON_CURSOR = 0x02 # --DB1: turn cursor on

LCD_ON_BLINK = 0x01 # --DB0: blinking cursor

LCD_MOVE = 0x10 # DB4: move cursor/display

LCD_MOVE_DISP = 0x08 # --DB3: move display (0-> move cursor)

LCD_MOVE_RIGHT = 0x04 # --DB2: move right (0-> left)

LCD_FUNCTION = 0x20 # DB5: function set

LCD_FUNCTION_8BIT = 0x10 # --DB4: set 8BIT mode (0->4BIT mode)

LCD_FUNCTION_2LINES = 0x08 # --DB3: two lines (0->one line)

LCD_FUNCTION_10DOTS = 0x04 # --DB2: 5x10 font (0->5x7 font)

LCD_FUNCTION_RESET = 0x30 # See "Initializing by Instruction" section

LCD_CGRAM = 0x40 # DB6: set CG RAM address

LCD_DDRAM = 0x80 # DB7: set DD RAM address

LCD_RS_CMD = 0

LCD_RS_DATA = 1

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LCD_RW_WRITE = 0
LCD_RW_READ = 1
def __init__(self, num_lines, num_columns): self.num_lines = num_lines
if self.num_lines > 4:
self.num_lines = 4
self.num_columns = num_columns
if self.num_columns > 40:
self.num_columns = 40
self.cursor_x = 0
self.cursor_y = 0
self.implied_newline = False
self.backlight = True
self.display_off()
self.backlight_on()
self.clear()
self.hal_write_command(self.LCD_ENTRY_MODE | self.LCD_ENTRY_INC)
self.hide_cursor()
self.display_on()
def clear(self):
"""Clears the LCD display and moves the cursor to the top left
corner.
"""
self.hal_write_command(self.LCD_CLR)
self.hal_write_command(self.LCD_HOME)
self.cursor_x = 0
self.cursor_y = 0
def show_cursor(self):
"""Causes the cursor to be made visible."""
self.hal_write_command(self.LCD_ON_CTRL | self.LCD_ON_DISPLAY |
self.LCD_ON_CURSOR)
def hide_cursor(self):

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"""Causes the cursor to be hidden."""
self.hal_write_command(self.LCD_ON_CTRL | self.LCD_ON_DISPLAY)

def blink_cursor_on(self):
    """Turns on the cursor, and makes it blink."""
    self.hal_write_command(self.LCD_ON_CTRL | self.LCD_ON_DISPLAY |
self.LCD_ON_CURSOR | self.LCD_ON_BLINK)

def blink_cursor_off(self):
    """Turns on the cursor, and makes it no blink (i.e. be solid)."""
    self.hal_write_command(self.LCD_ON_CTRL | self.LCD_ON_DISPLAY |
self.LCD_ON_CURSOR)

def display_on(self):
    """Turns on (i.e. unblanks) the LCD."""
    self.hal_write_command(self.LCD_ON_CTRL | self.LCD_ON_DISPLAY)

def display_off(self):
    """Turns off (i.e. blanks) the LCD."""
    self.hal_write_command(self.LCD_ON_CTRL)

def backlight_on(self):
    """Turns the backlight on.

```

This isn't really an LCD command, but some modules have backlight controls, so this allows the hal to pass through the command.