#### **Hawassa University**

Wondo Genet College of Forestry and Natural Resources/ Department of Geographic Information Science 2024/2025 Academic Year, Semester II
Geospatial data Management (GISc 3115)

# Course outline/plan

**Instructor**: Kedyalew Sahle (Lecturer), Office Nr 59, kefyalewsahle.k@gmail.com, 0916835940 **ECTS:** 5 (2 hours lecture and 3 hours practical)

Course description- This course explores the current geographic information (GI) situation at various levels, emphasizing GIS partnerships and collaboration. It covers Spatial Data Infrastructure (SDI), including its history, advantages, and application. The course delves into metadata, its uses, and standards, and examines the impact of globalization, politics, and extreme events on GIS. It also addresses legal, economic, and ethical aspects of geographic information. By integrating previous knowledge and preparing for advanced topics, students will develop technical, analytical, collaborative, and ethical skills essential for effective geospatial information management.

#### Course objective: Students completing this subject should:

- ✓ Explain the information situation in the country at different level (local to national)
- ✓ Explain the limiting factors in information exchange
- ✓ Create metadata
- ✓ Participate in Infrastructures (SDI) establishment/maintenance of Initiate and organize establishment of SDI
- ✓ Use current Information Technology to improve the accessibility of information/data
- ✓ The importance of political support for GIS
- ✓ The role of extreme events as business drivers

Schedule (5ECTS course: a course with 2 hrs theory and 3 hours practical)

Week	Topics to be covered	Major teaching-learning activities &
		Assessment of learning
1 and 2	1. Overview to Information Situation	4 hours theory
	✓ Current geographic information situation at different	·
	levels: Local administration, project level, Regional	
	administration level,	
	✓ Need for SDI	
	✓ Components of SDI	
	Assignment 1: Consider the case of local level	6 hours
	administration such as Town or District that you know to	- review (WWW based)
	discuss the following issues: What institutions exist in the	Practical (1.1 and 1.2)
	administration area requiring any type of geographic	
	information? What are the major types of geographic	
	information that they need for their activities. Which	
	institutions can be potentially responsible as	
	collector/provider of information? Which institutions can be	
	groped as user? What are the potential sources of the	
	geographic data?	
	Practical: 1.1 Design a standard for a database that will be	
	used by different institutions of the same administration area	
	1.2 Apply the designed database (enter data to the database	
	for part of the administration using different approaches)	

3	2. Spatial Data Infrastructure	4 hours theory
	✓ What is SDI, History,	
	✓ Advantage of SDI,	
	✓ Levels/types of SDI,	
	✓ Factors leading to Application of SDI	
	✓ SDI Stakeholders, Experiences in applying	
	(success of SDI)	
	Assignment (practical) 2: Use internet or documents	6 hours review (WWW based) and
	(provided by the instructor) to evaluate different types	group work
	of SDI available worldwide. Discuss the principles, the	group work
	components and stake holders of each of the SDI.	
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	Argue their experiences (positive and negative in	
	applying SDI).	
	Practical 2: Using data from different sources	
	✓ Refering to practical 1.1 and 1.2	
	FIRST EXAMINATION (Test	I)
4 and	3. Metadata	2 hours theory
5	✓ Definition, Uses of metadata,	
	✓ Components/aspects of metadata,	
	✓ Objectives of metadata (does and doesn't),	
	✓ Implementation decisions, Standards	
	Demonstration:	7 hours practical
	✓ Metadata of imagery	, p.
	✓ Metadata of vector dataset	
	✓ Create metadata using ArcGIS catalogue and QGIS	
	Assignment (practical) 3.1: Download an imager covering	
	one district in Ethiopia (Landsat 8 or 9) and preprocess	
	the image (stacking and clipping), vector data from	
	WWW covering the whole part of Ethiopia.	
	Assignment (practical) 3.2: Create a metadata for two types	
	of data (1) thematic data with geographic coordinate system	
	(preferably national level - Ethiopia level); (2) local level data	
	with projected coordinate system; (3) imagery/aerial	
	photograph. The instructor can provide the students the	
	sample data or they can use their own data.	
	Remark: Due to internet connection problem – use evenings	
	or morning hours for downloading image	2 haves The area
6	<ul><li>4. System Architecture</li><li>✓ System Architecture for SDI</li></ul>	2 hours Theory
	✓ System Architecture for SD1 ✓ Interoperability	
	✓ Interoperability and standards	
	1	
	✓ Client Server Architecture	2 have prostical
	Practical: Evaluate a database (given by the instructor)	3 hours practical
	✓ Interoperability	
	✓ The database architecture	
	✓ Propose standards to improve the Interoperability	

7	5. Spatial Data Quality	2 hours theory
	✓ Data Quality Information (DQI)	_ nound uncory
	✓ Accuracy, Precision, Bias	
	✓ Error Modeling	
	Second EXAMINATION (Test	2)
	Practical: Review the standards defined for urban and	3 hours practical
	rural cadaster in Ethiopia	
	✓ Data Quality Information (DQI)	
	✓ Accuracy	
	✓ Possible Errors	
8	6. Data Modeling for SDI	2 hours theory
	✓ Data Modeling	
	✓ Abstraction of Real World	
	✓ Types of abstraction	
	✓ Problems of information sharing (Heterogeneities)	
	✓ Distributed database concept	
	Practical: Problems identification in data sharing	3 hours practical
	✓ Data Quality Information (DQI)	
9 and	7. GIS Internet Services and SDI Technologies	2 hours theory
10	✓ System Architecture	
	✓ Available Services	
	✓ Technologies that support internet GIS services	
	✓ Commercial tools for internet GIS	
	Practical: Review the system architecture of a given GIS	3 hours practical
	Service (developed by the instructor)	
11	8. Globalization, politics, and GIS	2 hours theory
	✓ Global databases,	
	✓ Global partnerships for standards,	
	<ul><li>✓ GIS and Extreme events: SDI and terrorism,</li><li>✓ GIS contribution in extreme events (Risk</li></ul>	
	assessment, Preparedness, Mitigation, Response,	
	Recovery)	
	Practical:	3 hours practical
	✓ Search of spatial and non-spatial dataset that are	C TOURS Processin
	covering Ethiopia and East Africa	
	✓ Produce report about the data that are available	
	in WWW	
	✓ Download and preprocess selected data	
	bowindad and preprocess selected data	
	(minimum 2: 1 yector and 1 ractor)	
12	(minimum 2: 1 vector and 1 raster)  9. Aspects of Geographic Information	2 hours theory
12	9. Aspects of Geographic Information	2 hours theory
12	<ul><li>9. Aspects of Geographic Information</li><li>✓ Legal aspects,</li></ul>	2 hours theory
12	<ul> <li>9. Aspects of Geographic Information</li> <li>✓ Legal aspects,</li> <li>✓ Economic aspects,</li> </ul>	2 hours theory
12	<ul> <li>9. Aspects of Geographic Information</li> <li>✓ Legal aspects,</li> <li>✓ Economic aspects,</li> <li>✓ Geospatial information as property,</li> </ul>	2 hours theory
12	<ul> <li>9. Aspects of Geographic Information</li> <li>✓ Legal aspects,</li> <li>✓ Economic aspects,</li> <li>✓ Geospatial information as property,</li> <li>✓ Dissemination of geospatial information, Ethical</li> </ul>	2 hours theory
12	<ul> <li>9. Aspects of Geographic Information</li> <li>✓ Legal aspects,</li> <li>✓ Economic aspects,</li> <li>✓ Geospatial information as property,</li> <li>✓ Dissemination of geospatial information, Ethical aspects</li> </ul>	, and the second
12	<ul> <li>9. Aspects of Geographic Information</li> <li>✓ Legal aspects,</li> <li>✓ Economic aspects,</li> <li>✓ Geospatial information as property,</li> <li>✓ Dissemination of geospatial information, Ethical</li> </ul>	2 hours theory  3 hours practical (search in WWW)

## Third EXAMINATION (Practical Exam)

## Fourth EXAMINATION (Final Exam)

### **Methods of assessment**

Continuous assessment:

- tests/quiz = 20%
- practical activities (evaluated individual on computer) = 10%
- assignment = 10%

Practical exam = 10%

Final examinations = 50%