

1. *Razavi Problem 6.7*: Estimate the poles of each circuit in Fig. 6.59. (*Hint*: First add/draw the parasitic capacitances of transistors, next try to lump them together and reduce the circuit, then use Miller approximation, and finally associate each node to a pole and file the pole from $1/RC$)

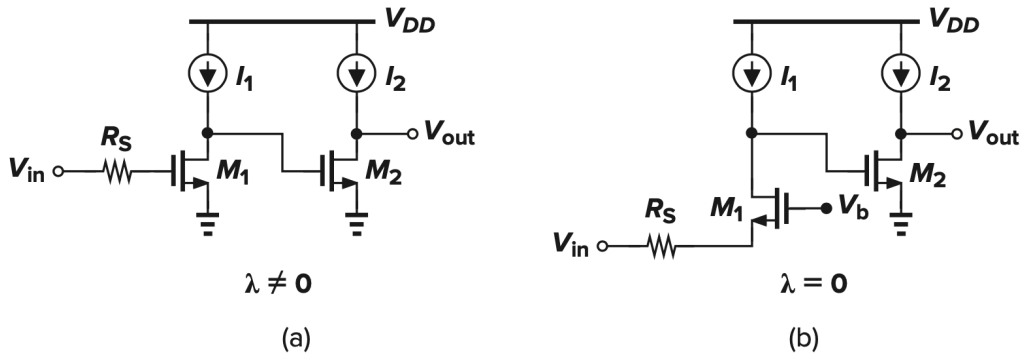
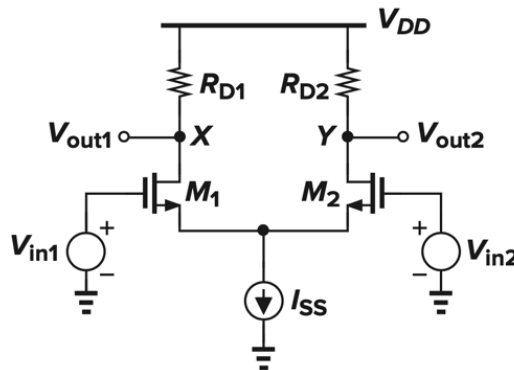


Figure 6.59

2. For the symmetric differential amplifier shown below, assume a capacitor of size 0.5pF is connected between output nodes (V_{out1} and V_{out2}), ignore all parasitic capacitances, $\lambda = \gamma = 0$, and $R_{D1} = R_{D2} = R_D$:



- What should be R_D for the amplifier to have a 3db-bandwidth of 100MHz?
- For a differential gain of 20, what should be g_m of input devices?
- What would be the I_{SS} and W for $M_{1,2}$ if $L=65\text{nm}$, $V_{od}=0.2\text{V}$ and $\mu_n C_{ox} = \frac{200\mu A}{V^2}$?
- If C_{GS} and C_{DB} of $M_{1,2}$ will be $\sim 1\text{fF}/\mu m$ and $\sim 0.2\text{fF}/\mu m$ (fF per μm -width), respectively, estimate an additional pole at the input created by $C_{gs1,2}$ and assuming a source resistance (R_s) of 100 Ω . (Use Miller approximation)
- Draw the amplitude and phase Bode plots using these two poles.