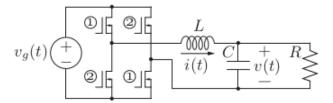
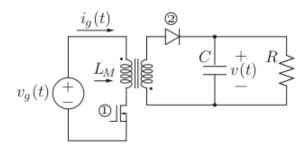
EE 458/533 – Power Electronics Controls, Winter 2022

Homework 1

Due Date: Thursday January 21 2022



Circuit for Problem 1: The single-phase voltage source inverter.



Circuit for Problem 2: The flyback converter.

6.)
$$L \frac{dI_{L}}{dt} = (V_{g} - V - 2R_{on}I_{L})D + (-V_{g} - V - 2R_{on}I_{L})D' = O$$

$$O = DV_{g} - D'V_{g} - V - \frac{2VR_{on}D}{R}D + \frac{2VR_{on}D'}{R}$$

$$O = (2D - 1)V_{g} - V(\frac{2R_{on} + I}{R})$$

$$V = \frac{R(2D - 1)V_{g}}{2R_{on} + R}$$

$$V = \frac{R(2D - 1)V_{g}}{2R_{on} + R}$$

$$C \frac{dV_{c}}{dt} = (I - \frac{V}{R})D + (I - \frac{V}{R})D' = O$$

$$O = I - \frac{V}{R} - \frac{V}{R} = \frac{(2D - 1)V_{g}}{2R_{on} + R}$$

$$X = A(x - \overline{x}) + B(x - \overline{x})$$

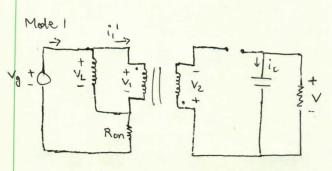
$$A = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \Big|_{x = \overline{x}, x = \overline{x}} = \frac{\partial f_{1}}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f_{2}}{\partial y} \Big|_{x = \overline{x}, x = \overline{x}} = \frac{\partial f_{2}}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f_{2}}{\partial y}$$

$$A = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \Big|_{x = \overline{x}, x = \overline{x}} = \frac{\partial f_{1}}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f_{2}}{\partial y} \Big|_{x = \overline{x}, x = \overline{x}} = \frac{2V_{2}}{R}$$

$$B = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \Big|_{x = \overline{x}, x = \overline{x}} = \frac{\partial f_{2}}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f_{2}}{\partial y} \Big|_{x = \overline{x}, x = \overline{x}} = \frac{2V_{2}}{R}$$

$$\frac{\partial f_{2}}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f_{2}}{\partial y} \frac{\partial f_{2}}{\partial y} \Big|_{x = \overline{x}, x = \overline{x}} = \frac{2V_{2}}{R}$$

$$\frac{\partial f_{2}}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f_{2}}{\partial y} \frac{\partial f_{2}}{\partial y} \Big|_{x = \overline{x}, x = \overline{x}} = \frac{2V_{2}}{R}$$



$$\frac{1}{1} = \frac{1}{1} = 0$$

$$x(t) = \begin{bmatrix} f_1(x(t), u(t)) \\ f_2(x(t), u(t)) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{d}{dt} < \frac{1}{t} & T_s \\ \frac{d}{dt} < v(t) > T_s \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x(t) = \left[\frac{1}{L} \left[\langle v_g(t) \rangle_{T_s} - Ron \langle i(t) \rangle_{T_s} \right] d(t) + \frac{1}{L} \left[\frac{\langle v(t) \rangle_{T_s}}{n} \right] d'(t) \right]$$

$$= \left[\frac{1}{L} \left[\frac{\langle v(t) \rangle_{T_s}}{R} \right] d(t) + \frac{1}{L} \left[\frac{\langle i(t) \rangle_{T_s}}{n} - \frac{\langle v(t) \rangle_{T_s}}{R} \right] d'(t) \right]$$

b.)
$$L \frac{dI_L}{dt} = (V_g - IR_{on})D + (-V_g)D' = 0$$

$$O = V_{gD} - \frac{nD}{RD'}R_{on}V - \frac{D'}{n}V$$

$$V = \frac{V_{9}D}{\frac{nDRm}{RD^{i}} + \frac{D^{i}}{n}}$$

$$C \frac{dV_c}{dt} = \left(\frac{-V}{R}\right)D + \left(\frac{I}{R} - \frac{V}{R}\right)D^t = 0$$

$$O = -\frac{V}{R} + \frac{I}{n}D'$$

$$I = \frac{nV}{RD'} = \frac{n}{RD'} \left[\frac{V_0D}{nDR_{00}} + \frac{D'}{D'} \right]$$

$$A = \frac{\partial f}{\partial \tilde{x}} \Big|_{\substack{x = \bar{x}, \\ u = \bar{u}}} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial \tilde{x}_L} & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial \tilde{x}_L} \\ \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial \tilde{x}_L} & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial \tilde{x}_L} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{Ron}{L}D & \frac{-D}{nL} + D' \\ \frac{D'}{nC} & \frac{-1'}{RC} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial \tilde{x}_L} & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial \tilde{x}_L} \\ \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial \tilde{x}_L} & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial \tilde{x}_L} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{-Ron}{L}D & \frac{-D'}{nL} + D' \\ \frac{D'}{nC} & \frac{-1'}{RC} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial \tilde{x}_L} & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial \tilde{x}_L} \\ \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial \tilde{x}_L} & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial \tilde{x}_L} \end{bmatrix}$$

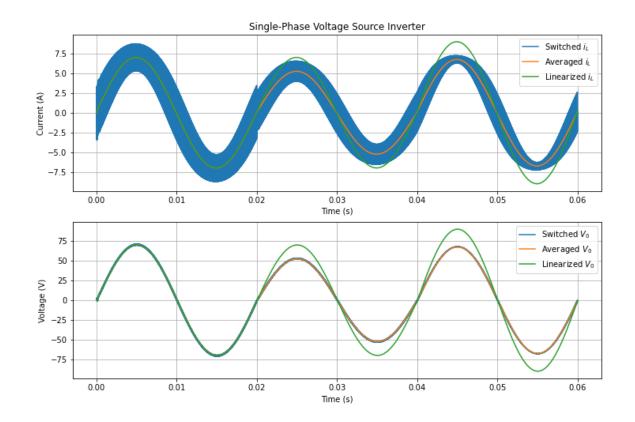
$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial \tilde{x}_L} & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial \tilde{x}_L} \\ \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial \tilde{x}_L} & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial \tilde{x}_L} \end{bmatrix}$$

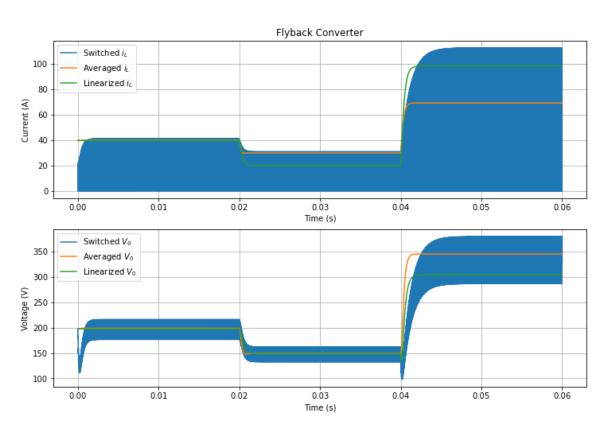
$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{-Ron}{L}D & \frac{-D'}{nL} + D' \\ \frac{D'}{nC} & \frac{-1'}{RC} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial \tilde{x}_L} & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial \tilde{x}_L} \\ \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial \tilde{x}_L} & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial \tilde{x}_L} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -RonD & -D' \\ L & 2L \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} D' & -1 \\ 2C & RC \end{bmatrix}$$





$$3 \text{ a.)} \quad q = 0.02 = \frac{1}{N_r + 1} \rightarrow N_r = 49$$

$$q_r = \frac{1}{N_{r+1}} = \frac{1}{\frac{T_{SW}}{2T_{Clk}} + 1} = \frac{1}{\frac{f_{Clk}}{2f_{SW}} + 1}$$

b.)
$$N_{\Gamma} = \frac{T_{SW}}{2T_{Clk}} \rightarrow 2^{N_{pwm}} = \frac{f_{Clk}}{Zf_{SW}}$$

$$2^{16} = \frac{f_{clk}}{2f_{sw}} - 7 \quad f_{sw} = \frac{f_{clk}}{2 \cdot 2^{16}} = \frac{100 \, \text{MHz}}{2 \cdot 65,536} = \frac{762 \, \text{Hz}}{762 \, \text{Hz}}$$

$$q = \frac{1}{N_r + 1} = \frac{1}{65,536} = 1.5 E-5$$

d.)
$$V_0 = V_{in} \cdot D$$
 and $n=2$, $R=10$, $R_{on}=15m\Omega$

$$\frac{nDR_{on}}{RD^{1}} + \frac{D^{1}}{n}$$

$$\Delta V_0 = V_{in} \quad \Delta D = V_{in} \quad 1.5E-5$$

$$\frac{n\Delta DR_{on}}{R(1-\Delta D)} + \frac{(1-\Delta D)}{n} = \frac{2(1.5E-5)(15E-3)}{10(1-1.5E-5)} + \frac{(1-1.5E-5)}{2}$$

$$\Delta V_0 = 3E-5 V_{in}$$