## COMPUTATIONAL STATISTICS

Lectures: Mon 2:30-3:20 Room T3 (Meng Wah Complex)

Thu 1:30-3:20 Room TT404 (T.T. Tsui Building)

Course Description: This course aims to introduce modern computationally-intensive methods in statistics. It emphasizes the role of computation as a fundamental tool of statistical estimation, inference, discovery in data analysis, and for development of statistical theory and methods. The course content includes generation of random variables; optimization techniques including Newton's method, the expectation-maximization (EM) algorithm and the minorization-maximization (MM) algorithm; integration including Laplace approximation, Gaussian quadrature, and the importance sampling method; Markov chain Monte Carlo methods including data augmentation algorithm, Gibbs sampler, and the Metropolis-Hastings algorithm; Bootstrap methods. Python programming is required throughout the course.

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**Tutor:** Mr. LIU Yehong, Rm 112, e-mail: liuyh@connect.hku.hk

**Texts Used:** Lecture notes will be provided. No text is required while relevant references are listed as follows:

#### **References:**

- [1] Carlin, B. and Louis, T. (2008). Bayesian Methods for Data Analysis. Third Edition. Chapman and Hall/CRC.
- [2] Gelman, A., Carlin, J. B., Stern, H. S., Dunson, D. B., Vehtari, A. and Rubin, D. B. (2014). Bayesian Data Analysis. Third Edition. Chapman and Hall/CRC.
- [3] Tan, M., Tian, G.L. and Ng, K.W. (2010). *Bayesian Missing Data Problems: EM, Data Augmentation and Non-iterative Computation*. Chapman & Hall/CRC, Boca Raton.
- [4] Givens, G.H. and Hoeting, J.A. (2005). Computational Statistics. Wiley, New York.
- [5] Gentle, J.E. (2002). Elements of Computational Statistics. Springer, New York.
- [6] Gentle, J.E. (2003). Random Number Generation and Monte Carlo Methods. Springer, New York.
- [7] Robert, C.P. and Casella, G. (2005). *Monte Carlo Statistical Methods (2nd Ed.)*. Springer, New York.
- [8] Tanner, M.A. (1996). Tools for Statistical Inference: Methods for the Exploration of Posterior Distributions and Likelihood Functions (3rd Ed.). Springer, New York.
- [9] McLachlan, G.J. and Krishnan, T. (1997). *The EM Algorithm and Extensions*. Wiley, New York.
- [10] Gilks, W.R., Richardson, S. and Spiegelhalter, D.J. (1996). *Markov Chain Monte Carlo in Practice*. Chapman & Hall, London.

- [11] Efron, B. and Tibshirani, R.J. (1993). *An Introduction to the Bootstrap*. Chapman & Hall, London.
- [12] Davison, A.C. and Hinkley, D.V. (1997). Bootstrap Methods and Their Application. Cambridge University Press, New York.
- [13] Lange, K. (1999). Numerical Analysis for Statistics. Springer, New York.
- [14] Lange, K. (2004). Optimization. Springer, New York.

# **Teaching and Assessment**

One 3-hour lecture and one 1-hour tutorial per week. Students will be graded according to one 2-hour written examination (50% weighting) and a coursework assessment (50% weighting) based on assignments, tutorials and a class test. Partially or wholly copied assignments will be penalized and/or reported as plagiarism. (See university website: <a href="http://www.hku.hk/plagiarism">http://www.hku.hk/plagiarism</a>)

### **Learning Objectives and Outcomes:**

Upon successful completion of the course, students should understand

- (1) Bayesian estimation and inference procedures
- (2) Bayesian modeling and computation
- (3) Markov chain Monte Carlo methods
- (4) random variable generation
- (5) Monte Carlo integration
- (6) bootstrapping methods
- (7) Newton-Raphson and Fisher scoring algorithms
- (8) EM and MM algorithms
- (9) Missing data problems

Most importantly, students should be able to apply them to solve practical problems.

#### Department's policy on absence from class test

If for any reason you are or have been unable to attend a mid-term/class test, and if you wish to have a supplementary mid-term/class test, within **7 days** of the absence,

- (a) all **full-time** students should write to the <u>General Office</u> of the Department of Statistics and Actuarial Science giving reasons for your absence;
- (b) all **part-time** students should write to the <u>course instructor</u> giving reasons for your absence.

A special/supplementary test is normally granted to those absent from the original test due to illness and with <u>original medical certificate</u> provided. Students absent due to other reasons are not granted a special/supplementary test unless with very special circumstances and with valid documental proofs provided.