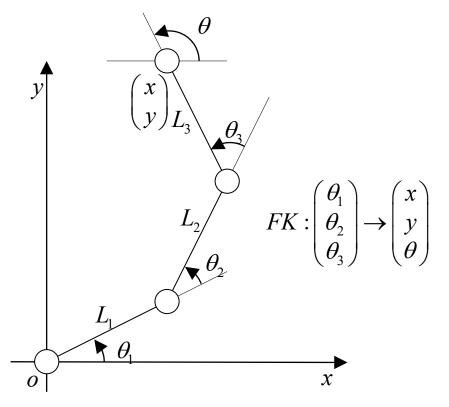


ロボットアームの順運動学: C++によるコーディング Robot Arm Forward Kinematics: C++ Coding

成瀬継太郎(会津大) Keitaro Naruse (Univ. of Aizu)



まとめ

• EigenとC++による順運動学関数のコーディング

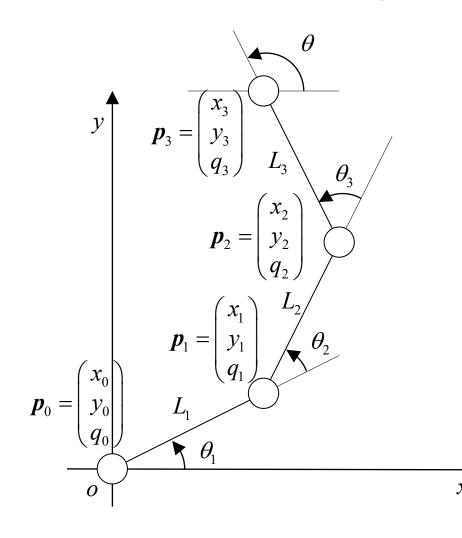
Summary

 C++ coding of a forward kinematics function with Eigen



ロボットアームの順運動学関数のC++コーディング

C++ Coding of Forward Kinematics Function of Robot Arm



目的:ロボットアームの順運動学をC++の関数として実装する

- 引数:関節角度ベクトル
- 戻り値:姿勢行列(各列が各関節の姿勢を表す)
- 行列とベクトルを使ったコードになるため、外部ライブラリとしてEigen を導入する

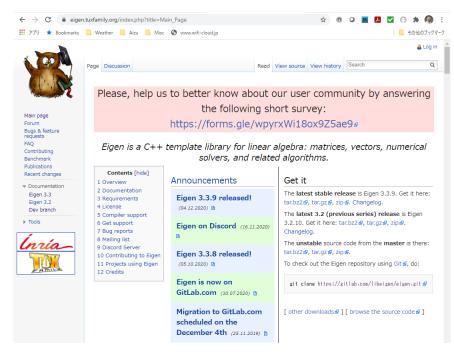
Objective: To implement a C++ function to solve forward kinematics of a robot arm

- Argument: A joint angle vector
- Return: A pose matrix, in which a column represents a pose of a joint
- We introduce an external library called Eigen, which can handle the linear algebra such as matrices and vectors

$$\boldsymbol{q} = \begin{pmatrix} \theta_1 \\ \theta_2 \\ \theta_3 \end{pmatrix} \longrightarrow \boldsymbol{p} = (\boldsymbol{p}_0, \boldsymbol{p}_1, \boldsymbol{p}_2, \boldsymbol{p}_3) = \begin{pmatrix} x_0 & x_1 & x_2 & x_3 \\ y_0 & y_1 & y_2 & y_3 \\ q_0 & q_1 & q & q_3 \end{pmatrix}$$



Eigenの導入 Introduction of Eigen



Eigen site: https://eigen.tuxfamily.org/

Eigenは線形代数のためのC++のテンプレートライブラリ. 行列, ベクトル. 数値解法. 関連アルゴリズムが利用可能

• 簡単な導入:ヘッダファイルをインクルードするだけで,外部 ライブラリをリンクする必要がない

Eigen is a C++ template library for linear algebra: matrices, vectors, numerical solvers, and related algorithms.

 Easy to introduce: Just include header files, and no need to specify external libraries, because it is a template library.

Linuxへのインストール方法 / Linux install

- sudo apt install libeigen3-dev
- Eigen is installed at /usr/include/eigen3/
- Just g++ as you do in a regular C++ source code

ウィンドウズユーザへ, WSL/WSL2をインストールして, Ubuntu18.04上で開発することをお勧めします Windows users: I recommend you install WSL/WSL2 and develop it in Linux



必要なインクルードファイルと順運動学関数

Required Include Files and Forward Kinematics Function

```
#include <iostream>
#include <cmath>
#include <eigen3/Eigen/Dense>
Eigen::Matrix<double, 3, 4> fk(const Eigen::Vector3d& q)
   // Robot arm link parameters
   const double L1 = 1.0, L2 = 1.0, L3 = 1.0;
   // A pose vector of joints and hand
   Eigen::Vector3d p0, p1, p2, p3;
   // A vector of the pose vectors as a matrix
    // p = (p0, p1, p2, p3)
```

コンソール出力のため For console out

三角関数のため For cos() and sin() out

Eigenによるベクトルと行列表現のため For vectors and matrices with Eigen

戻り値:ロボットアームの姿勢 double型3*4行列 = 各姿勢が3要素(x,y,q) * 4姿勢

Return: A robot arm pose of a double 3*4 matrix = each pose has 3 components of (x,y,q)*4 poses

$$p = (p_0, p_1, p_2, p_3) = \begin{pmatrix} x_0 & x_1 & x_2 & x_3 \\ y_0 & y_1 & y_2 & y_3 \\ q_0 & q_1 & q_2 & q_3 \end{pmatrix}$$
 引数: 関節角度ベクトル double型3要素ベクトル Argument: A joint angle vector of 3 double components

Eigen::Matrix<double, 3, 4> p;

Code is available at https://github.com/keitaronaruse/Naruse-robotics-tutorial/blob/main/src/cpp/fk-3link-planar.cc



順運動学関数の続き Forward Kinematics Function (Continued)

```
// Forward kinematics calculation
// p0: A pose of the first joint = the base
p0 << 0.0, 0.0, 0.0;
p.col(0) = p0;
// p1: A pose of the second joint = the end of the first link
p1 \ll L1 * std::cos(q(0)), L1 * std::sin(q(0)), q(0); p1 = p0 + p1;
p.col(1) = p1;
// p2: A pose of the third joint = the end of the second link
p2 \ll L2 * std::cos(q(0)+q(1)), L2 * std::sin(q(0)+q(1)), q(1); p2 = p1 + p2;
p.col(2) = p2;
// p3: A pose of the hand tip = the end of the third link
p3 \ll L3 * std::cos(q(0)+q(1)+q(2)), L3 * std::sin(q(0)+q(1)+q(2)), q(2); p3 = p2 + p3;
// Assign p3 to the 3rd column of the matrix p
p.col(3) = p3;
                        \boldsymbol{p} = (\boldsymbol{p}_0, \boldsymbol{p}_1, \boldsymbol{p}_2, \boldsymbol{p}_3) = \begin{pmatrix} x_0 & | x_1 & | x_2 & | x_3 \\ y_0 & | y_1 & | y_2 & | y_3 \\ q_0 & | q_1 & | q_2 & | q_3 \end{pmatrix}
return(p);
```



順運動学関数の実行 Run Forward Kinematics Function

```
int main()
   // A joint angle vector (q1, q2, q3)
   Eigen::Vector3d q;
   // Initial value is (0.1, 0.4, 0.9) [rad]
   q << 0.1, 0.4, 0.9;
   // A set of poses as a matrix
   // p = (p0, p1, p2, p3)
   Eigen::Matrix<double, 3, 4> p;
   // Forward kinematics solution
   p = fk(q);
   // Console out the joint angle vector
   std::cout << q << std::endl;</pre>
   // Console out the pose matrix = a vector of poses
   std::cout << p << std::endl;</pre>
   return(0);
```

```
naruse@Naruse-Office-NewPC: $ cd robotics-tutorial/
naruse@Naruse-Office-NewPC: \(^{\text{robotics}}\) robotics-tutorial $ Is -Ia
total 12
drwxr-xr-x 3 naruse naruse 4096 Mar 13 12:15 ..
drwxr-xr-x 6 naruse naruse 4096 Mar 13 12:15 ..
drwxr-xr-x 1 naruse naruse 4096 Mar 13 12:15 ..
drwxr-xr-x 2 naruse naruse 4096 Mar 13 14:35 src
naruse@Naruse-Office-NewPC: \(^{\text{robotics}}\) robotics-tutorial \(^{\text{src}}\) s -Ia
total 116
drwxr-xr-x 2 naruse naruse 4096 Mar 13 14:35 ..
drwxr-xr-x 3 naruse naruse 4096 Mar 13 12:15 ...
rwxr-xr-x 1 naruse naruse 103560 Mar 13 12:15 ...
rwxr-xr-x 1 naruse naruse 2790 Mar 13 14:4 ft-31 ink-planar.cc
naruse@Naruse-Office-NewPC: \(^{\text{robotics}}\) robotics-tutorial/src\(^{\text{src}}\) s++ fk-31 ink-planar.cc
naruse@Naruse-Office-NewPC: \(^{\text{robotics}}\) robotics-tutorial/src\(^{\text{src}}\) s-1
0 0 0.995004 1.87259 2.04255
0 0.0998334 0.579259 1.56471
0 0 0.1 0.5 1.4
naruse@Naruse-Office-NewPC: \(^{\text{robotics}}\) robotics-tutorial/src\(^{\text{src}}\) - a
naruse@Naruse-Office-NewPC: \(^{\text{robotics}}\) robotics-tutorial/src\(^{\text{src}}\)
```