

Unit 5 Exam 1 - Online Version - Solutions

1. Set the following for loop header so that it prints the numbers, 0 2 4 6 8.

```
for (int i = ___; i ___; i ____)
a. 2, < 10, += 2
b. 0, < 10, += 2
c. 2, <= 10, ++
d. 2, <= 10, += 2
e. 0, <= 10, += 2
```

2. The following if statement tests the rainfall in New York's Central Park during the months of June, July and August:

1

Which of the following code segments would produce the exact same output?

```
I.
      if (rain >= low) {
             if (rain <= high)
                   System.out.println("Rainfall amount is normal.");
      } else
            System.out.println("Rainfall amount is abnormal.");
II.
       if (rain >= low)
             if (rain <= high)</pre>
                   System.out.println("Rainfall amount is normal.");
            else
                   System.out.println("Rainfall amount is abnormal.");
      } else
             System.out.println("Rainfall amount is abnormal.");
III.
      if (rain >= low)
             System.out.println("Rainfall amount is normal.");
      else if (rain <= high)</pre>
            System.out.println("Rainfall amount is normal.");
      else
            System.out.println("Rainfall amount is abnormal.");
   a. I only
   b. II only
   c. III only
```

- d. II or III
- e. I. II or III



3. What does the following code do?

```
if (month == 4)
    if (day <= 21)
        System.out.println( "Aries");</pre>
```

- a. Prints a message if month is 4 or day is less than or equal to 21.
- b. Prints a message if month is 4 or day is greater than or equal to 21.
- c. Prints a message if month is 4 and day is less than or equal to 21.
- d. Prints a message if month is 4 and day is greater than or equal to 21.
- e. Doesn't work you cannot have two if statements together.
- 4. What is output by the following code segment?

- a. one
- b. two
- c. three
- d. four
- e. five
- 5. Which option completes the truth table for A &&!B?

A	В	A && !B	a.
1	1	(_1_)	b.
1	0	(_2_)	C.
0	1	(_3_)	d.
0	0	(_4_)	e.

```
a. (_1_) 1; (_2_) 1; (_3_) 1; (_4_) 1;
b. (_1_) 1; (_2_) 1; (_3_) 0; (_4_) 1;
c. (_1_) 1; (_2_) 0; (_3_) 0; (_4_) 0;
d. (_1_) 1; (_2_) 0; (_3_) 1; (_4_) 1;
e. (_1_) 0; (_2_) 1; (_3_) 0; (_4_) 0;
```

- 6. When defining a class, it is a best practice to declare ____ as private.
 - a. data
 - b. accessors
 - c. mutators
 - d. variables



7. Consider the class below:

```
public class A {
    public A() {
        System.out.print("one");
    }
    public A(int x) {
        System.out.print("two");
    }
}
```

What is output by the following?

```
A = new A();
```

- a. one
- b. two
- c. onetwo
- d. twoone
- e. nothing
- 8. Consider the complete class definition below:

```
public class Die {
    public static void rollIt() {
         /* Missing Code */
    }
}
```

Which of the following is the correct way to call the function rolllt() from another class?

- a. Die d = new Die();
 d.rollIt();
- b. Die d = new Die();
 rollIt(d);
- c. Die.rolllt();
- d. rollIt();
- e. None of the above
- 9. Classes use _____ to define their behavior.
 - a. constructors
 - b. methods
 - c. variables
 - d. parameters
 - e. references



Questions 10 – 12 refer to the following class definitions:

```
public class Battery {
     private boolean fullyCharged;
     private int charge;
     private String type;
     public Battery (int ch, String ty) {
            charge = ch;
            if (charge == 100)
                 fullyCharged = true;
            type = ty;
      public boolean isFullyCharged() {
           //returns true if the Battery is fully charged, false
otherwise
           //implementation not shown
      //Other methods not shown.
}//Battery
public class Inventory {
     ArrayList<Battery> inventory;
     public Inventory (ArrayList<Battery> inv) {
            inventory = inv;
      //other methods not shown
}//Inventory
```

- 10. To add a method that can count how many Battery objects in the ArrayList inventory are charged at less than 50%, which of the following is true?
 - a. The method should be implemented in Battery.
 - b. The method should be implemented in Battery and Inventory.
 - c. The method could be implemented in Battery or Inventory.
 - d. The method should be implemented in Inventory.
 - e. The method cannot be written because the ArrayList is declared private.
- 11. Which accessor method could **not** be implemented in Battery?
 - a. isFullyCharged() //returns true if a Battery is fully charged
 - b. getType() //returns the type of a Battery
 - c. getInventory() //returns the ArrayList of all of the Batteries in the Inventory
 - d. getCharge() //returns the charge of a Battery
 - e. equals() //returns true if the type and charge of two Batteries are the same



12. The following method in Inventory is intended to count how many batteries are fully charged:

```
public int countFullyCharged() {
    int c = 0;

    /* Missing Code */
    return c;
}
```

What should replace /* Missing Code */ so that the method works as intended?

```
a.
    for (Battery b: inventory)
        c++;
b.
    for (Battery b: inventory)
        if (b.isFullyCharged())
        c++;
c.
    for (Battery b: inventory)
        if (b.charge == 100)
              c++;
d.
    if (inventory.isFullyCharged())
        c++;
```

- e. None of the above
- 13. Methods used to change variables are called _____.
 - a. accessors
 - b. equals
 - c. toString
 - d. void
 - e. mutators
- 14. Write the header for the default constructor for a class called Ship.
 - a. private void Ship()
 - b. public int Ship()
 - c. private Ship()
 - d. public Ship()
 - e. public void Ship()



15. Which of the following is the correct way to declare a static variable called x?

```
a. int x;b. private int x;c. x;d. private constant int x;e. private static int x;
```

16. What is printed as a result of executing the following code segment?

```
ArrayList<String> list = new ArrayList<String>();
list.add ("cookies");
list.add ("nachos");
list.add ("chips");
list.add ("trail mix");
list.add ("celery");

for (String s: list)
    if (s.length() > 4 && s.length() < 6)
        System.out.print(s.toUpperCase() +" ");</pre>
```

- a. NACHOS CHIPS
- b. CHIPS
- c. chips
- d. nachos chips
- e. NACHOS CHIPS CELERY
- 17. Consider the following declaration for an ArrayList:

```
ArrayList<String> list = new ArrayList<String>();
```

After values have been added to the array, the following segment processes the ArrayList:

```
list.add(list.get(0));
list.remove(0);
```

Which of the following best describes what this segment does?

- a. Adds the last letter in the String onto the beginning.
- b. Moves the first String in the ArrayList to the end of the ArrayList.
- c. Removes the first letter in each String in the ArrayList.
- d. Adds the first letter in the String onto the end.
- e. Does not change the Strings in the ArrayList.



18. You have written a program to create a grocery list. As each item is placed into your basket you call a method called removeltem and it should remove the item from your list. Which of the statements about the code below is true?

```
public static void removeItem(ArrayList<String> li, String remove)
{
      for (String s: li)
           if (s.equals(remove))
                  li.remove(s);
```

- a. No changes are made to the ArrayList because the if (s.equals(remove)) is never true.
- b. An exception will be thrown.
- c. The list will have all of the instances of the word passed in as a parameter removed.
- d. Nothing, changes made to object data types are not preserved after method calls.
- e. All elements in the ArrayList are removed.
- 19. Consider the following code segment:

```
ArrayList<Light> bulbs = new ArrayList<Light>();
bulbs.add(new Light());
bulbs.remove(0);
bulbs.add(new Light());
Light b = new Light();
bulbs.add(1, b);
bulbs.add(new Light());
bulbs.remove(0);
bulbs.add(new Light());
bulbs.remove(2);
bulbs.remove(1);
bulbs.add(new Light());
```

What is the size of bulbs after running the code?

- b. 3 c. 4
- d. 5
- e. 6
- 20. What goes in between the < > when instantiating a new ArrayList?
 - a. A primitive variable
 - b. A class data type
 - c. A primitive data type
 - d. Any data type
 - e. A class variable