

Coronavirus (COVID-19) Data Analysis in the United States

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Introduction

Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic is the most significant health disaster that has affected the world since its outbreak in early 2020. Since it is a contagious disease by the virus, the spread is entirely dependent on the human interactions. Reducing the chances of infection by wearing a mask, avoiding close distance from others, practicing good hygiene, and others have been a practice of life.

In this project, the data of COVID-19 pandemic in USA from January 2020 till present has been analyzed to examine the statistical distributions. The historical data of the coronavirus cases and deaths for each geography was included in the data. By analyzing it, the specific times and locations for the most incidences were examined. This analysis can also show which locations in the US are more prone to contagious disasters.

Packages Required

Packages with useful collection of functions were loaded in order to reproduce the code and results. They were standard packages used for tidying and analyzing the data. Packages for formatting the data visualization were also loaded.

Data Preparation

Loading Data

The data included incidences in the US from the start till present, including separate files for each year, entire country, and states.

```
## [1] "Daily Incidences in US"
```

```
## [1] 1086      3
```

```
## [1] "Daily Incidences in each State in US"
```

```
## [1] 57910     5
```

```
## [1] "Daily Incidences in each County in US during 2020"
```

```
## [1] 884737    6
```

```
## [1] "Daily Incidences in each County in US during 2021"
```

```
## [1] 1185373      6

## [1] "Daily Incidences in each County in US during 2022"

## [1] 1188042      6

## [1] "Daily Incidences in each County in US during 2023"

## [1] 32533      6
```

Tidying Data

Separate objects of datasets selected by groups of dates were created, including months which was extracted from the date, and by states. The datasets for the cases and deaths were accumulated for different groups:

- incidences by year - incidences by month and year - incidences in each county - incidences in each state by month - incidences in each state by year

```
# cleaning and reformating date for all tables
us$date <- as.Date(us$date)
us$yr <- format(as.Date(us$date), "%Y")
us$mnt <- format(as.Date(us$date), "%m")
us$dt <- format(as.Date(us$date), "%d")
us$year_month <- format(as.Date(us$date), "%Y-%m")

usstates$date <- as.Date(usstates$date)
usstates$yr <- format(as.Date(usstates$date), "%Y")
usstates$mnt <- format(as.Date(usstates$date), "%m")
usstates$dt <- format(as.Date(usstates$date), "%d")
usstates$year_month <- format(as.Date(usstates$date), "%Y-%m")

us2020$date <- as.Date(us2020$date)
us2020$yr <- format(as.Date(us2020$date), "%Y")
us2020$mnt <- format(as.Date(us2020$date), "%m")
us2020$dt <- format(as.Date(us2020$date), "%d")
us2020$year_month <- format(as.Date(us2020$date), "%Y-%m")

us2021$date <- as.Date(us2021$date)
us2021$yr <- format(as.Date(us2021$date), "%Y")
us2021$mnt <- format(as.Date(us2021$date), "%m")
us2021$dt <- format(as.Date(us2021$date), "%d")
us2021$year_month <- format(as.Date(us2021$date), "%Y-%m")

us2022$date <- as.Date(us2022$date)
us2022$yr <- format(as.Date(us2022$date), "%Y")
us2022$mnt <- format(as.Date(us2022$date), "%m")
us2022$dt <- format(as.Date(us2022$date), "%d")
us2022$year_month <- format(as.Date(us2022$date), "%Y-%m")

us2023$date <- as.Date(us2023$date)
us2023$yr <- format(as.Date(us2023$date), "%Y")
us2023$mnt <- format(as.Date(us2023$date), "%m")
us2023$dt <- format(as.Date(us2023$date), "%d")
```

```
us2023$year_month <- format(as.Date(us2023$date), "%Y-%m")
```

```
# Data by month and year
us_monthly <- us %>%
  group_by(year_month) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(cases = sum(cases),
                  deaths = sum(deaths))
print("Data by month and year")
```

```
## [1] "Data by month and year"
```

```
dim(us_monthly)
```

```
## [1] 37 3
```

```
# Data by year
us_yearly <- us %>%
  group_by(yr) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(cases = sum(cases),
                  deaths = sum(deaths))
print("Data by year")
```

```
## [1] "Data by year"
```

```
dim(us_yearly)
```

```
## [1] 4 3
```

```
# combine all years and extract date elements
us_incidences <- us2020 %>%
  rbind(us2021) %>%
  rbind(us2022) %>%
  rbind(us2023)
print("Total incidences")
```

```
## [1] "Total incidences"
```

```
dim(us_incidences)
```

```
## [1] 3290685 10
```

```
# Data by month, year, state
us_monthly_state <- us_incidences %>%
  group_by(year_month, state) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(cases = sum(cases),
                  deaths = sum(deaths))
```

```
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'year_month'. You can override using the
## '.groups' argument.
```

```
print("Monthly by each state")
```

```
## [1] "Monthly by each state"
```

```
dim(us_monthly_state)
```

```
## [1] 1956    4
```

```
# Data by year, state
us_yearly_state <- us_incidences %>%
  group_by(yr, state) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(cases = sum(cases),
                  deaths = sum(deaths))
```

```
## 'summarise()' has grouped output by 'yr'. You can override using the '.groups'
## argument.
```

```
print("Yearly by each state")
```

```
## [1] "Yearly by each state"
```

```
dim(us_yearly_state)
```

```
## [1] 223    4
```

```
# Cases by the month of each year
us2020_sum <- us2020 %>% group_by(mnt) %>% dplyr::summarise(cases = sum(cases))
us2021_sum <- us2021 %>% group_by(mnt) %>% summarise(cases = sum(cases))
us2022_sum <- us2022 %>% group_by(mnt) %>% dplyr::summarise(cases = sum(cases))
us2023_sum <- us2023 %>% group_by(mnt) %>% dplyr::summarise(cases = sum(cases))
us_incidences_tb <- us2020_sum %>%
  full_join(us2021_sum, by=c("mnt"), suffix=c("_2020", "_2021")) %>%
  full_join(us2022_sum, by=c("mnt"), suffix=c("_2020", "_2022")) %>%
  full_join(us2023_sum, by=c("mnt"), suffix=c("_2020", "_2023"))
print("Total incidences Year Comparison")
```

```
## [1] "Total incidences Year Comparison"
```

```
dim(us_incidences_tb)
```

```
## [1] 12    5
```

```
us_incidences_tb
```

```
## # A tibble: 12 x 5
##   mnt   cases_2020 cases_2021 cases_2020_2020 cases_2023
##   <chr>       <int>       <int>           <dbl>       <int>
## 1 01           41 729984096      2037666117 1008361520
```

```
## 2 02      736  773617710      2173725838      NA
## 3 03     1095533  916857453      2465286532      NA
## 4 04     19611708  944997168      2416616245      NA
## 5 05     45452114 1020501942      2562588439      NA
## 6 06     65288844 1003878600      2575997226      NA
## 7 07     111626136 1059339596      2769305619      NA
## 8 08     166758528 1148978762      2879851473      NA
## 9 09     199758786 1247666211      2859276626      NA
## 10 10     252794114 1390097002      2997886391      NA
## 11 11     338932078 1417533896      2936481621      NA
## 12 12     525970605 1575677425      3085650622      NA
```

```
# us_monthly_state
# us_yearly_state
```

Then, the accumulated datasets were filtered to the state of New York to analyze its distributions.

```
us_monthly_state_NY <- us_monthly_state %>%
  filter(state == "New York")
# dim(us_monthly_state_NY)

us_yearly_state_NY <- us_yearly_state %>%
  filter(state == "New York")
# dim(us_yearly_state_NY)

us_NY <- us_incidences %>%
  filter(state == "New York")
print("Filtered to NY")
```

```
## [1] "Filtered to NY"
```

```
dim(us_NY)
```

```
## [1] 59728    10
```

```
us_NY_counties <- us_NY %>%
  group_by(county) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(cases = sum(cases),
                  deaths = sum(deaths))
print("Incidences by County")
```

```
## [1] "Incidences by County"
```

```
dim(us_NY_counties)
```

```
## [1] 59    3
```

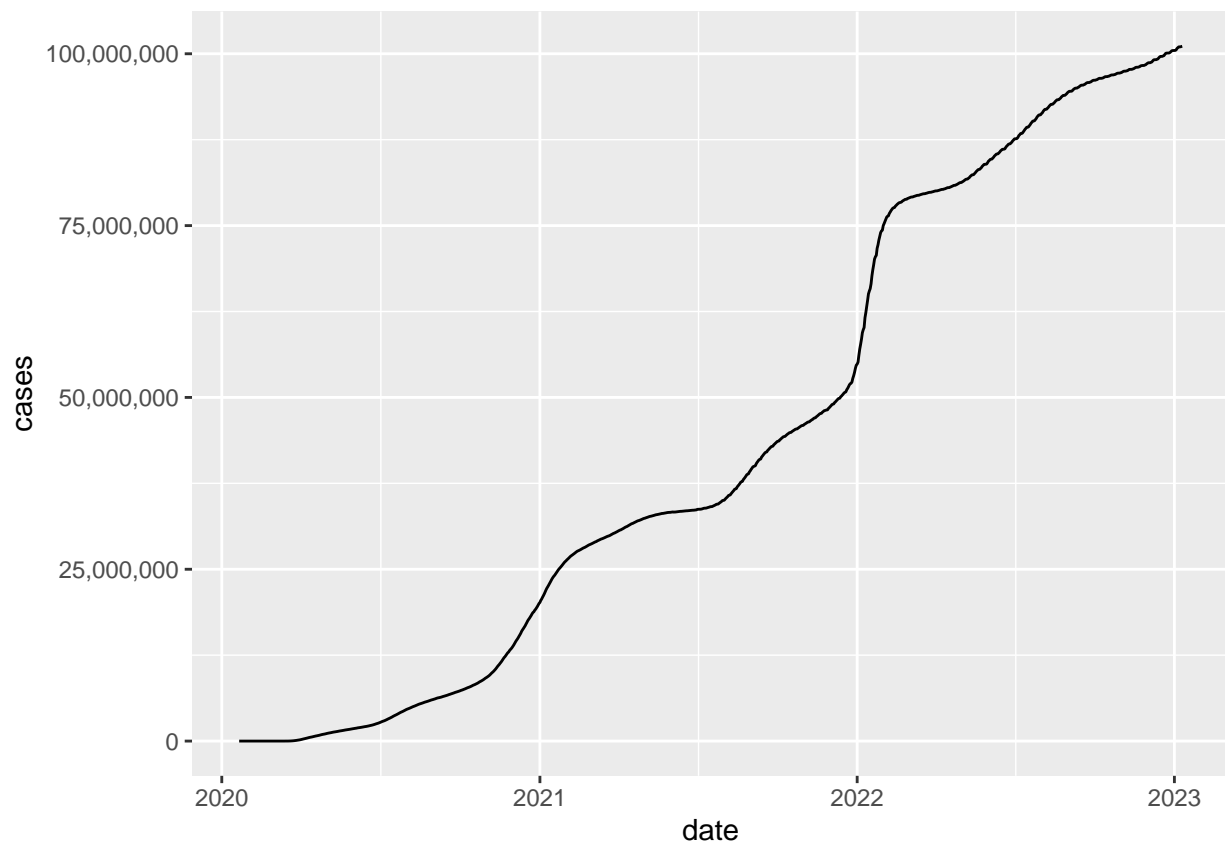
```
us_NY_counties
```

```
## # A tibble: 59 x 3
##   county      cases deaths
##   <chr>      <int> <int>
## 1 Albany    35190317 365511
## 2 Allegany   5044626  96030
## 3 Broome    26542338 357555
## 4 Cattaraugus 8641641 124948
## 5 Cayuga    9209962  94541
## 6 Chautauqua 13336983 173552
## 7 Chemung   12032234 145648
## 8 Chenango   5225899  75885
## 9 Clinton   8943469  48873
## 10 Columbia  5970468 104193
## # ... with 49 more rows
```

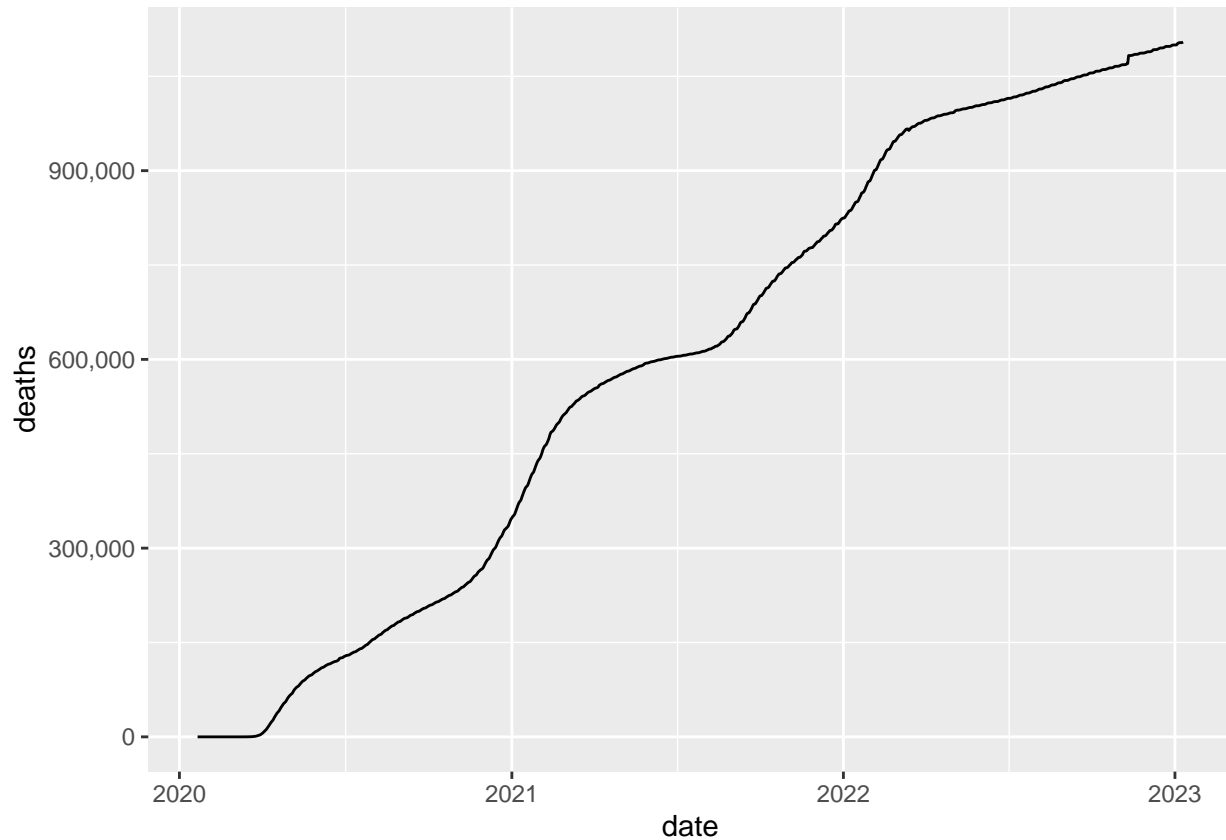
Exploratory Data Analysis

The pre-processed data was analyzed to calculate the statistical distribution of the cases and deaths by the groups. Firstly, the cases and deaths in the US from the beginning were visualized.

```
ggplot(us, aes(x=date, y=cases)) +
  geom_line() +
  scale_y_continuous(labels = comma)
```



```
ggplot(us, aes(x=date, y=deaths)) +
  geom_line() +
  scale_y_continuous(labels = comma)
```



The descriptive statistics was calculated for the tables.

```
print("Total daily cases in US")
```

```
## [1] "Total daily cases in US"
```

```
summary(us)
```

```
##      date      cases      deaths      yr
## Min.   :2020-01-21 Min.   :      1 Min.   :      0 Length:1086
## 1st Qu.:2020-10-18 1st Qu.: 8230724 1st Qu.: 219670 Class :character
## Median :2021-07-16 Median : 34102714 Median : 608502 Mode  :character
## Mean   :2021-07-16 Mean   : 43945776 Mean   : 597470
## 3rd Qu.:2022-04-13 3rd Qu.: 80451740 3rd Qu.: 986294
## Max.   :2023-01-10 Max.   :101091495 Max.   :1104459
##      mnt      dt      year_month
## Length:1086 Length:1086 Length:1086
## Class :character Class :character Class :character
## Mode  :character Mode  :character Mode  :character
##
##
##
```

```
print("Total daily cases in 2020")
```

```
## [1] "Total daily cases in 2020"
```

```
summary(us2020)
```

```
##      date      county      state      fips
## Min.   :2020-01-21 Length:884737 Length:884737 Min.   : 1001
## 1st Qu.:2020-06-08 Class :character Class :character 1st Qu.:18183
## Median :2020-08-17 Mode  :character Mode  :character Median :29215
## Mean   :2020-08-15                      Mean   :31262
## 3rd Qu.:2020-10-24                      3rd Qu.:46099
## Max.   :2020-12-31                      Max.   :78030
##                                           NA's   :8266
##      cases      deaths      yr      mnt
## Min.   :      0 Min.   :      0.0 Length:884737 Length:884737
## 1st Qu.:     36 1st Qu.:      0.0 Class :character Class :character
## Median :    228 Median :      4.0 Mode  :character Mode  :character
## Mean   :   1952 Mean   :     53.6
## 3rd Qu.:    993 3rd Qu.:     21.0
## Max.   :  770915 Max.   : 25144.0
##                      NA's   :18761
##      dt      year_month
## Length:884737 Length:884737
## Class :character Class :character
## Mode  :character Mode  :character
##
##
##
##
```

```
print("Total daily cases in 2021")
```

```
## [1] "Total daily cases in 2021"
```

```
summary(us2021)
```

```
##      date      county      state      fips
## Min.   :2021-01-01 Length:1185373 Length:1185373 Min.   : 1001
## 1st Qu.:2021-04-02 Class :character Class :character 1st Qu.:19035
## Median :2021-07-02 Mode  :character Mode  :character Median :30026
## Mean   :2021-07-02                      Mean   :31472
## 3rd Qu.:2021-10-01                      3rd Qu.:46119
## Max.   :2021-12-31                      Max.   :78030
##                                           NA's   :10803
##      cases      deaths      yr      mnt
## Min.   :      0 Min.   :      0.0 Length:1185373 Length:1185373
## 1st Qu.:   1136 1st Qu.:     20.0 Class :character Class :character
## Median :   2778 Median :     52.0 Mode  :character Mode  :character
## Mean   :   1160 Mean   :    193.6
## 3rd Qu.:   7340 3rd Qu.:   125.0
```



```
## Max. :1697286 Max. :35382.0
## NA's :28470
## dt year_month
## Length:1185373 Length:1185373
## Class :character Class :character
## Mode :character Mode :character
##
##
##
##
```

```
print("Total daily cases in 2022")
```

```
## [1] "Total daily cases in 2022"
```

```
summary(us2022)
```

```
## date county state fips
## Min. :2022-01-01 Length:1188042 Length:1188042 Min. : 1001
## 1st Qu.:2022-04-02 Class :character Class :character 1st Qu.:19035
## Median :2022-07-02 Mode :character Mode :character Median :30027
## Mean :2022-07-02 Mean :31483
## 3rd Qu.:2022-10-01 3rd Qu.:46121
## Max. :2022-12-31 Max. :78030
## NA's :13101
## cases deaths yr mnt
## Min. : 0 Min. : 0.0 Length:1188042 Length:1188042
## 1st Qu.: 2707 1st Qu.: 41.0 Class :character Class :character
## Median : 6723 Median : 99.0 Mode :character Mode :character
## Mean : 26733 Mean : 316.9
## 3rd Qu.: 17622 3rd Qu.: 235.0
## Max. :3632440 Max. :43935.0
## NA's :28470
## dt year_month
## Length:1188042 Length:1188042
## Class :character Class :character
## Mode :character Mode :character
##
##
##
##
```

```
print("Total daily cases in 2023")
```

```
## [1] "Total daily cases in 2023"
```

```
summary(us2023)
```

```
## date county state fips
## Min. :2023-01-01 Length:32533 Length:32533 Min. : 1001
## 1st Qu.:2023-01-03 Class :character Class :character 1st Qu.:19035
```

```
## Median :2023-01-05 Mode :character Mode :character Median :30027
## Mean :2023-01-05 Mean :31486
## 3rd Qu.:2023-01-08 3rd Qu.:46121
## Max. :2023-01-10 Max. :78030
## NA's :338
## cases deaths yr mnt
## Min. : 0 Min. : 0.0 Length:32533 Length:32533
## 1st Qu.: 3112 1st Qu.: 47.0 Class :character Class :character
## Median : 7835 Median : 110.0 Mode :character Mode :character
## Mean : 30995 Mean : 347.2
## 3rd Qu.: 20486 3rd Qu.: 257.0
## Max. :3654167 Max. :44178.0
## NA's :780
## dt year_month
## Length:32533 Length:32533
## Class :character Class :character
## Mode :character Mode :character
##
##
##
##
```

```
print("Total daily cases difference by the year")
```

```
## [1] "Total daily cases difference by the year"
```

```
summary(us_incidences_tb)
```

```
## mnt cases_2020 cases_2021 cases_2020_2020
## Length:12 Min. : 41 Min. :7.300e+08 Min. :2.038e+09
## Class :character 1st Qu.: 14982664 1st Qu.:9.380e+08 1st Qu.:2.453e+09
## Mode :character Median : 88457490 Median :1.040e+09 Median :2.673e+09
## Mean :143940769 Mean :1.102e+09 Mean :2.647e+09
## 3rd Qu.:213017618 3rd Qu.:1.283e+09 3rd Qu.:2.894e+09
## Max. :525970605 Max. :1.576e+09 Max. :3.086e+09
##
## cases_2023
## Min. :1.008e+09
## 1st Qu.:1.008e+09
## Median :1.008e+09
## Mean :1.008e+09
## 3rd Qu.:1.008e+09
## Max. :1.008e+09
## NA's :11
```

```
print("Distribution of county cases")
```

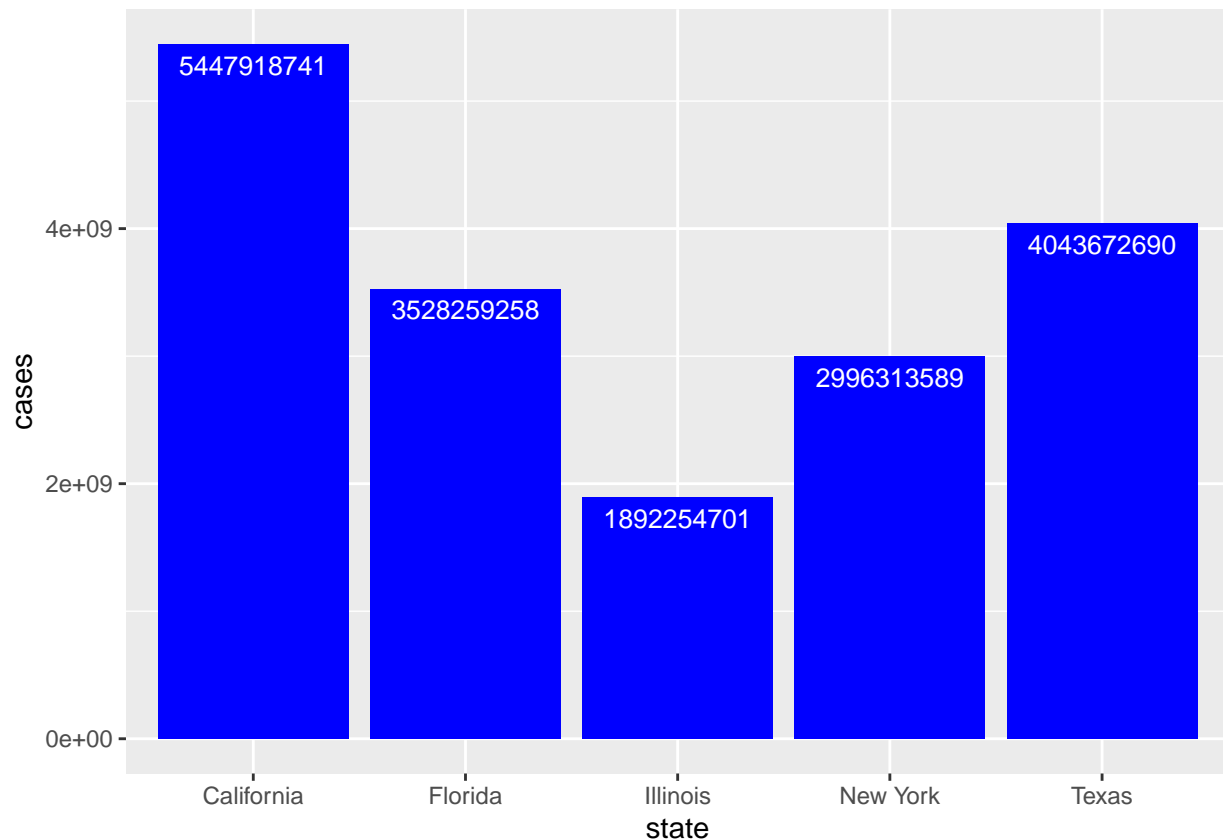
```
## [1] "Distribution of county cases"
```

```
summary(us_NY_counties)
```

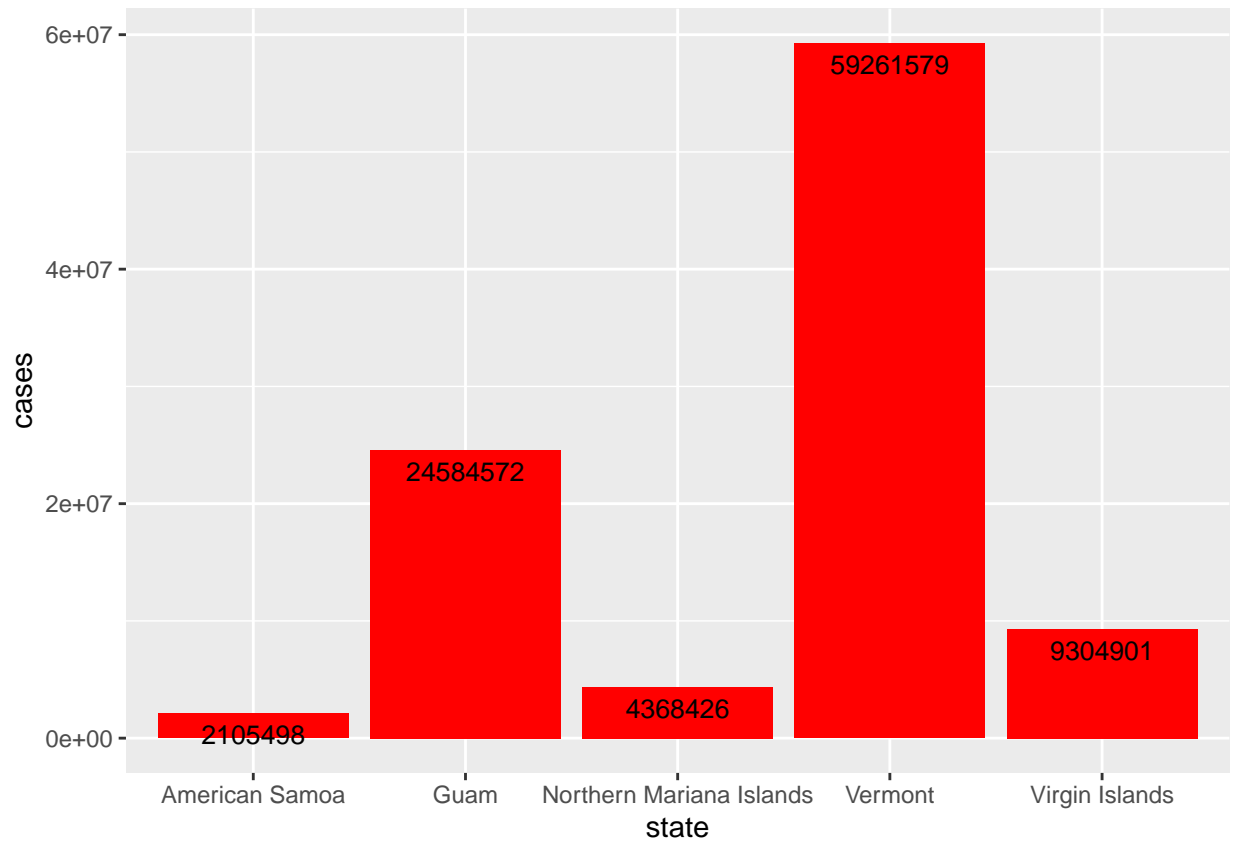
```
##      county      cases      deaths
## Length:59      Min.   :0.000e+00  Min.   :    2822
## Class :character 1st Qu.:5.398e+06  1st Qu.:   67544
## Mode  :character Median :9.210e+06  Median :   104193
##              Mean  :5.078e+07  Mean  :   904379
##              3rd Qu.:2.255e+07  3rd Qu.:   228599
##              Max.   :1.389e+09  Max.   :  33138240
```

The states in the US were ranked according to the sum of cases and deaths. Likewise, the New York counties were then ranked according to the sums of cases and deaths.

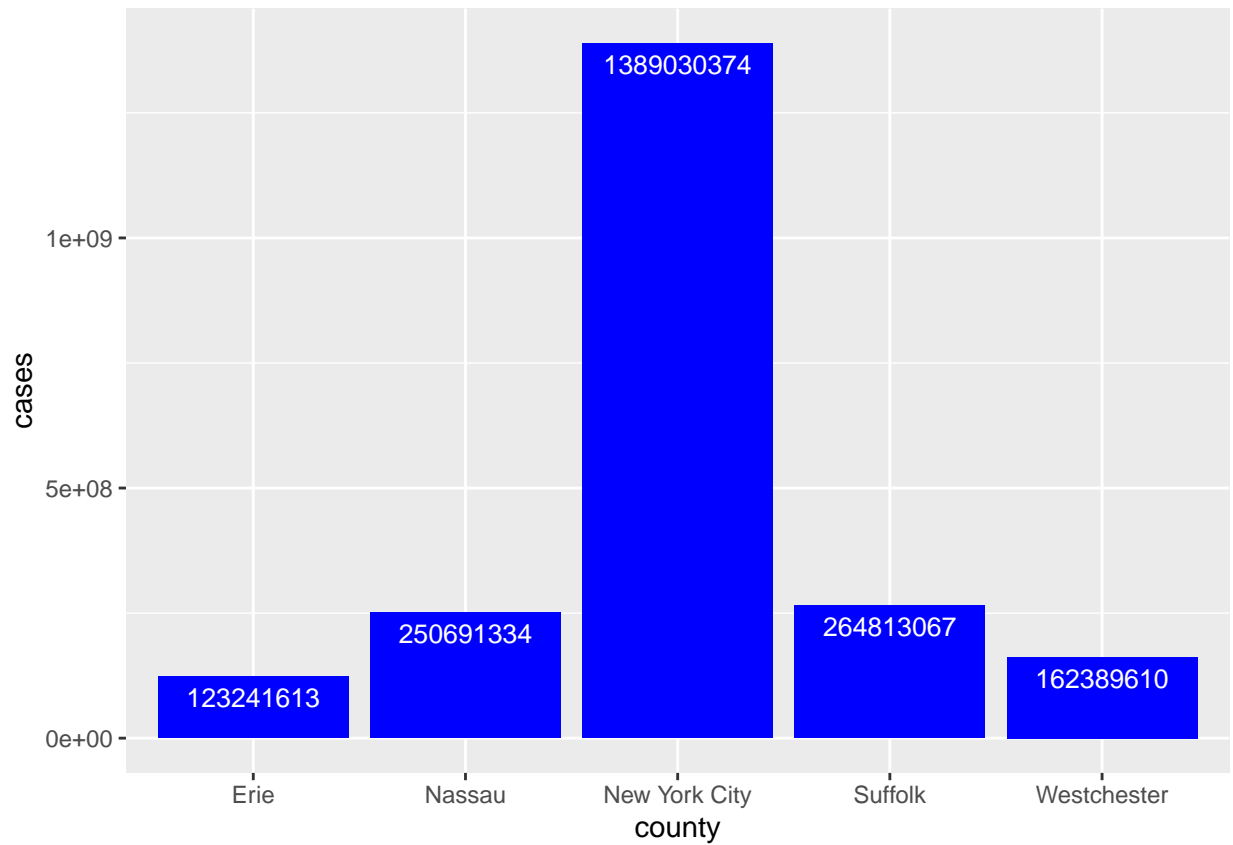
```
# top 5 counties according to number of cases
us_states_top5 <- us_yearly_state %>%
  group_by(state) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(cases = sum(cases)) %>%
  arrange(desc(cases)) %>%
  slice(1:5)
ggplot(us_states_top5, aes(x=state, y=cases)) + geom_bar(stat="identity", fill="blue") + geom_text(aes
```



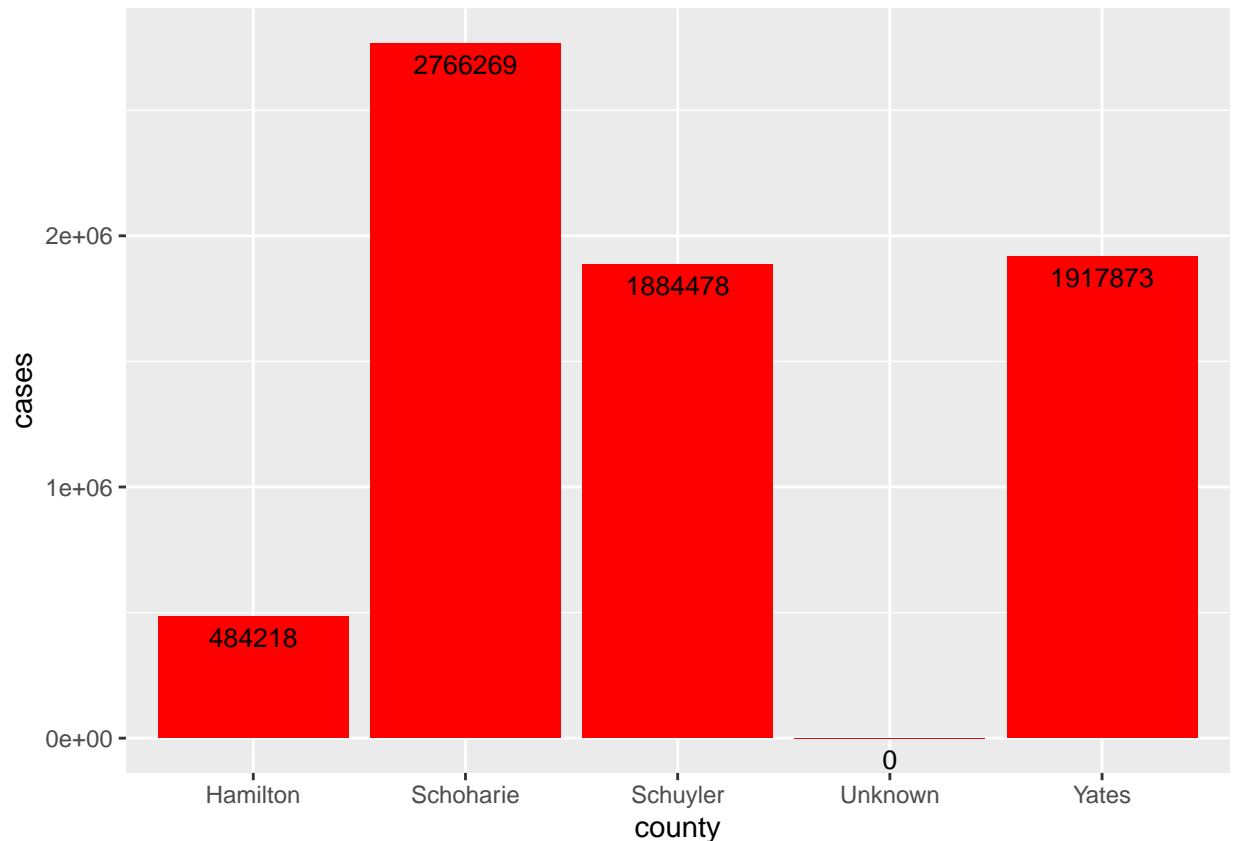
```
# last 5 counties according to number of cases
us_states_last5 <- us_yearly_state %>%
  group_by(state) %>%
  dplyr::summarise(cases = sum(cases)) %>%
  arrange(cases) %>%
  slice(1:5)
ggplot(us_states_last5, aes(x=state, y=cases)) + geom_bar(stat="identity", fill="red") + geom_text(aes
```



```
# top 5 counties according to number of cases
us_NY_counties_top5 <- us_NY_counties %>%
  arrange(desc(cases)) %>%
  slice(1:5)
# us_NY_counties_top5
ggplot(us_NY_counties_top5, aes(x=county, y=cases)) + geom_bar(stat="identity", fill="blue") + geom_text
```



```
# last 5 counties according to number of cases
us_NY_counties_last5 <- us_NY_counties %>%
  arrange(cases) %>%
  slice(1:5)
# us_NY_counties_last5
ggplot(us_NY_counties_last5, aes(x=county, y=cases)) + geom_bar(stat="identity", fill="red") + geom_text
```



Summary

After analyzing the COVID-19 pandemic data for the US, more details about the cases and deaths was understood. Firstly, the trend was examined over time and to see what are the frequent times of the year for most incidences. The line graph clearly showed that the highest jumps were during the new year time. The holiday season during the end of the year appeared to have the highest number of cases within the timeline. Looking back at the table comparing the number of cases within each month between the years, the largest difference occurred during New Year's time of 2021. The New Year's of 2020 was the second largest and it was only half. The trends become more linear after the holiday season. This last holiday season appeared better than previous. The descriptive statistics was also calculated and it showed that the cases and deaths increased exponentially over the years. The states in the US with the highest sum of cases were the following ranked from the top: California, Texas, Florida, New York, and Illinois. Starting from the least sums, they were American Samoa, Northern Mariana Islands, Virgin Islands, Guam, and Vermont. The data was then filtered to New York state and the 5 counties with the most cases and least cases were examined. Counties with the most cases were New York City, Suffolk, Nassau, Westchester, and Erie, ranked descending. The least cases occurred in Hamilton, Schuyler, Yates, and Schoharie, ranked ascending.

Thank You!