

HUMBOLDT UNIVERSITY OF BERLIN

EINFÜHRUNG IN DAS WISSENSCHAFTLICHE RECHNEN

Floating Point Arithmetic

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Example 0.1. Let $z_1 = 67.0$. We want to find the normalized binary form of this integer and and ten decimal places accurate. According to lemma ??, we have

$$67.0 \div 2 = 33.0 + 1$$

$$33.0 \div 2 = 16.0 + 1$$

$$16.0 \div 2 = 8.0 + 0$$

$$8.0 \div 2 = 4.0 + 0$$

$$4.0 \div 2 = 2.0 + 0$$

$$2.0 \div 2 = 1.0 + 0$$

$$1.0 \div 2 = 0.0 + 1$$

therefore, we have $z_1 = 67.0 = (1000011)_2$. To normalize this number, we just have to move the decimal point six digits to the left. Since z_1 only has seven digits, we do not need to round. We have

$$z_1 = 67.0 = (1.000011 \times 2^6)_2$$

Example 0.2. Let $z_2 = 287.0$. To find the normalized binary form with respect to ten decimal places, we have

$$287.0 \div 2 = 143.0 + 1$$

$$143.0 \div 2 = 71.0 + 1$$

$$71.0 \div 2 = 35.0 + 1$$

$$35.0 \div 2 = 17.0 + 1$$

$$17.0 \div 2 = 8.0 + 1$$

$$8.0 \div 2 = 4.0 + 0$$

$$4.0 \div 2 = 2.0 + 0$$

$$2.0 \div 2 = 1.0 + 0$$

$$1.0 \div 2 = 0.0 + 1$$

therefore, $z_2 = 287.0 = (100011111)_2$. Again, there is no need to round any digits. Its normalized binary form is

$$z_2 = 287.0 = (1.000111111 \times 2^8)_2$$

Example 0.3. For a non-integer example, let $z_3 = 10.625$. To find the binary form of this number, we first separate $z_3 = 10.0 + 0.625$ and apply the algorithm of ?? on each summand. For 10.0 we have

$$10.0 \div 2 = 5.0 + 0$$

$$5.0 \div 2 = 2.0 + 1$$

$$2.0 \div 2 = 1.0 + 0$$

$$1.0 \div 2 = 0.0 + 1$$

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and for 0.625 we will multiply it with 2 until we get 0

$$0.625 \times 2 = 0.25 + 1$$
$$0.25 \times 2 = 0.5 + 0$$
$$0.5 \times 2 = 0.0 + 1$$

Combining both results together, we get $z_3 = (1010.101)_2$. To normalize, we move the decimal place three digits to the left and we have

$$z_3 = 10.625 = (1.010101 \times 2^3)_2.$$

Example 0.4. Perhaps a more interesting example is needed. Let $z_4 = 1.01$. As we did in ??, we will separate z_4 in two parts; however, we immediately see that 1 is 1 in both decimal and binary system. We will therefore consider 0.01.

$$0.01 \times 2 = 0.02 + 0$$

$$0.02 \times 2 = 0.04 + 0$$

$$0.04 \times 2 = 0.08 + 0$$

$$0.08 \times 2 = 0.16 + 0$$

$$0.16 \times 2 = 0.32 + 0$$

$$0.32 \times 2 = 0.64 + 0$$

$$1.28 \times 2 = 0.28 + 1$$

$$0.28 \times 2 = 0.56 + 0$$

$$0.56 \times 2 = 0.12 + 1$$

$$0.12 \times 2 = 0.24 + 0$$

We could go on, but since we only need to find the normalized binary form with respect to ten decimal places. We have

$$z_4 = 1.01 = (1.0000001010 \times 2^0)_2$$

which is already normalized.