

1. Compute the values of the following sums.

1.  $\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} x^k$ , for  $|x| < 1$ ,
2.  $\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^k}{k!}$ ,
3.  $\sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} a^k b^{n-k}$

**Solution:**

1. The sum submits to the ratio test and converges to some number. Denote this number with  $S$ . We have

$$S = \quad (1)$$

2. For  $\lambda > 0$  let  $X \sim \text{Exp}(\lambda)$  and let

$$Y := \lceil X \rceil := \min\{n \in \mathbb{N} \mid n \geq X\} \quad (2)$$

Show that for the parameter  $p = 1 - e^{-\lambda}$  holds  $Y \sim \text{Geo}(p)$ .

**Solution:**

For the distribution of  $Y$  we have for all  $k \in \mathbb{N}_0$

$$p^Y(k) = \mathbb{P}(Y = k) = \mathbb{P}(\lceil X \rceil = k) = \mathbb{P}(k-1 < X \leq k) = F^X(k) - F^X(k-1). \quad (3)$$

On the other hand, the CDF of  $X$  is

$$F^X(x) = \int_{-\infty}^x f^X(y) dy = \int_{-\infty}^x \lambda e^{-\lambda y} \mathbb{1}_{[0, \infty)}(y) dy = 1 - e^{-\lambda x}. \quad (4)$$

Therefore we have

$$p^Y(k) = F^X(k) - F^X(k-1) \quad (5)$$

$$= (1 - e^{-\lambda k}) - (1 - e^{-\lambda(k-1)}) \quad (6)$$

$$= -e^{-\lambda k} + e^{-\lambda(k-1)} \quad (7)$$

$$= -e^{-\lambda} \cdot e^{-\lambda(k-1)} + e^{-\lambda(k-1)} \quad (8)$$

$$= e^{-\lambda(k-1)}(1 - e^{-\lambda}) \quad (9)$$

$$= (1 - (1 - e^{-\lambda}))^{k-1} (1 - e^{-\lambda}) \quad (10)$$

Setting  $1 - e^{-\lambda} = p$  yields the desired result  $p^Y(k) = (1 - p)^{k-1} p$ .