

Set C

Last revised: 2020.07.22

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Vocal 1st & 3rd, Sax 2nd

Fine And Dandy

F

(Sax) Gm7 C7 F F°7 Keyboard

5 C Am D7 G7 C Dm7 G7

9 C maj7 A°7 Dm7 G7 C maj7

Gee, it's all fine and dan - dy, sug - ar

14 A°7 Dm7 G7 C7

can - dy, when I'm with you. Then I on - ly see the

19 F7 B♭7 E♭7 G7

sun-ny side. E - ven troub-le has it's fun-ny side.

25 C maj7 A°7 Dm7 G7 C maj7

When you're gone, sug - ar can - dy, I get lone -

30 A°7 Dm7 G7 Gm7 C7

- some, get so blue. When you're han - dy, it's

35 F F°7 1,2. C Am D7 G7 C Dm7 G7

fine and dan - dy, but when you're gone, what can I do?

41 C. Am D7 A♭ A♭7

when you're gone, I'm lone - ly, be - cause I want you on - ly,

45 C Am D7 G7 C Dm7 C

When you're gone, I'm oh so blue.

Vocal 1st & 3rd, Keyboard 2nd

Fine And Dandy

M

(Keyboard

Cm7

F7

B^bB^bo7

Keyboard

5 F Dm G7 C7 F Gm7 C7

9 F maj7 D°7 Gm7 C7 F maj7
Gee, it's all fine and dan - dy, sug - ar

14 D°7 Gm7 C7 F7
can - dy, when I'm with you. Then I on - ly see the

19 B^b E^b A^b C7
sun-ny side. E - ven troub-le has it's fun-ny side.

25 F maj7 D°7 Gm7 C7 F maj7
When you're gone, sug - ar can - dy, I get lone -

30 D°7 Gm7 C7 Cm7 F7
- some, I get so blue. When you're han - dy, it's

35 B^b B^bo7 1, 2. F Dm G7 C7 F Gm7 C7
fine and dan - dy, but when you're gone, what can I do? :

41 F₃. Dm G7 D^b D^bo7
when you're gone, I'm lone - ly, be - cause I want you on - ly,

45 F Dm G7 C7 F Gm7 F
When you're gone, I'm oh so blue.

Good evening. We're so very glad to be back with you again. It's nice to see so many familiar faces here in the audience.

Tonight, we're again going to take a journey down memory lane and revisit some of the biggest hit songs from yesteryear. Our opening number was Fine And Dandy. It was written back in 1929 for a Broadway musical of the same name.

Our next selection was written way back in 1918, but some of the more notable recordings by Doris Day, Les Brown, and Frank Fontaine were made in the 50s.

_____ and I will join together in this one about a favorite pastime back in those days. The song is "I'm Forever Blowing Bubbles."

D

VOCAL ONLY

I'm Forever Blowing Bubbles

(Keyboard)

Keyboard

1 D Em F#m B7 E7 A7 D A7

9 D D maj7 D 6 D D/F# F°7 A7/E A7

(F) I'm dream-ing dreams. I'm schem-ing schemes. I'm build-ing cas - tles high.

17 Em Em7 Em6 A7 A aug D

They're born a-new. Their days are few just like a sweet but-ter - fly.

25 F# F#7 B m E E7 E7/B /A#A7

And as the day-light is dawn - ing, they come a-gain in the morn - ing.

33 (Female sings both times)

D A7 D G

(Male sings only on D.S., providing harmony)

38 D G D G

D

44 D E7 E^o7 E7 A7

44 sky. Then, like my dreams, they fade and die.

49 D F#7 Bm

49 For - tune's al - ways hid - ing. I've looked

54 G7 F# A7 D G D

54 ev - 'ry - where. I'm for-ev-er blow - ing bub - bles,

To Coda ♪

60 E7 Em7 A7 D

60 pret-ty bub - bles in the air.

D 3

65 G D7 G C G

(M) I'm for-ev-er blow-ing bub-bles, ____ pret-ty bub-bles in the air. ____

73 C G C G A7 A°7 A7 D7

They fly so high, near-ly reach the sky. Then, like my dreams, they fade and die.

81 G B7 Em C7 B D7

For - tune's al - ways hid - ing. ____ I've looked ev - 'ry - where. ____

89 G C G A7 Am7 D7 G A7

I'm for-ev-er blow-ing bub-bles, ____ pret-ty bub-bles in the air. ____

Coda

97 D (Keyboard) G A7 D

97 air. ____

Thank you.

Our next selection is a bossa-nova from the 60s and won a Grammy Award as the Record Of The Year in 1965. It tells the story of a 19-year-old girl from a suburb near Rio de Janeiro, Brazil. Here is "The Girl From Ipanema."

Girl From Ipanema

(Sax)

C Maj7

D m7

Keyboard

5 C Maj7

Tall When and she tan walks, and she's young like _____ and a love sam - ly, the she girl _____

7 D7

from so I cool - pa - ne and sways ma goes walk gent - ing ly and that when when

9 D m7 D♭7(♭5)

she pass - es, each one she pass - es goes,

1. II C Maj7 D♭7(♭5) 2. C Maj7

"Ahhh" _____ "Ahhh" _____

15 D♭Maj7 G♭7

Oh, _____ but he watch-es so sad - ly. _____ How

19 D♭m7 A7

can he tell her he loves her? _____ Yes,

2

Girl From Ipanema

(Keyboard)

M Keyboard

2

Thank you.

Our next selection was written by Cole Porter and sung by Bob Hope and Ethel Merman in the 1936 musical "Red Hot And Blue." Here's _____ to sing our version of this great classic - "It's D'Lovely."

It's D'Lovely

F

Keyboard & Bass Freely

B_b A_b^o7 G 7 C m7 A^o7 F 7 Keyboard

5 B_b B_b7 C m7 F 7 B_b

feel a sud-den urge to sing, the kind of dit-ty that en-vokes the spring. So, con-

9 C m 3 C[#]7 D m7 C^o7 3 F 7 B_b F 7

trol your de - sire to curse while I cru - ci - fy the verse. This

13 B_b B_b7 C m7 F 7 B_b

verse I've start-ed seems to me the tin pan syn-the-sis of mel-o - dy. So, to

17 G C^o7 G m7 C 7 F F 7

spare you all the pain, I'll skip the darn thing and sing the re - train.

(Sax & All - In Rhythm)

23 B_b G m E_bmaj7 F 7

27 S B_b B_baug B_b6 B_bmaj7 The

night is young, the skies are clear, and if you want to go walk-ing, dear, it's de-

31 B_b B^o7 C m7 F 7 G 7

light - ful, it's de - li - cious, it's de - love - ly. I

35 C m A_b/C C m6 F 7

un-der-stand the rea-son why you're sen-ti-men - tal, 'cause so am I. It's de-

39 C m7 C[#]7 B_b6/D C m7 F 7

light - ful, it's de - li - cious, it's de - love - ly. You can

2

43 B_b7 E_b
 tell at a glance — what a swell night this is for romance. You can

47 E_bm F₇ To Coda ♩
 hear dear Mother Nature mur - mur-ing low, "Let your-self go!" So

51 B_b B_baug B_b6 B_bmaj7
 please be sweet, my chick-a-dee, and when I kiss you just say to me, "It's de-

55 B_b B⁷ F_m G₇
 light - ful, it's de - li - cious, it's de - lect - a - ble, it's de - lir - i - ous, it's di

59 C_m7 F₇ B_b D.S. al Coda
 lem-ma, it's de - lim - it, it's de-luxe, it's de - love - ly! (Sax)

63 ♩ Coda B_b B_baug B_b6 B_bmaj7
 please be sweet, my chick-a-dee, and when I kiss you just say to me, "It's de-

67 B_b B⁷ F_m G₇
 light - ful, it's de - li - cious, it's de - lect - a - ble, it's de - lir - i - ous, it's di

71 C_m7 F₇ B_b (Sax)
 lem-ma, it's de - lim - it, it's de-luxe, it's de - love - ly! —

75 B_b G_m C_m7 B maj7 B_b6

M

It's D'Lovely

Keyboard & Bass Freely

E \flat D \flat \circ 7 C7 Fm7 D \circ 7 B \flat 7

5 E \flat E \flat 7 Fm7 B \flat 7 E \flat

feel a sud-den urge to sing, the kind of dit-ty that en-vokes the spring. So, con-

9 Fm 3 F \sharp 7 Gm7 F \circ 7 3 B \flat 7 E \flat B \flat 7

trol your de - sire to curse while I cru - ci - fy the verse. This

13 E \flat E \flat 7 Fm7 B \flat 7 E \flat

verse I've start-ed seems to me_ the tin pan syn-the-sis of mel-o - dy. So, to

17 C F \circ 7 Cm7 F7 B \flat B \flat 7

spare you all the pain, I'll skip the darn thing and sing the re - train. _____

23 (Sax & All - In Rhythm) E \flat Cm A \flat maj7 B \flat 7

27 E \flat E \flat aug E \flat 6 E \flat maj7 The

night is young, the skies are clear, and if you want to go walk-ing, dear, it's de-

31 E \flat E \circ 7 Fm7 B \flat 7 C7

light - ful, _ it's de - li - cious, it's de - love - ly. _____

35 Fm D \flat /F Fm6 B \flat 7

un-der-stand the rea-son why you're sen-ti-men-tal, 'cause so am I. _____ It's de-

39 Fm7 F \sharp 7 E \flat 6/G Fm7 B \flat 7

light - ful, _ it's de - li - cious, it's de - love - ly. _____ You can

2

43 E♭7 A♭

tell at a glance — what a swell night this is for romance You can

47 A♭m B♭7 To Coda ♪

hear dear Mother Nature mur - mur-ing low, "Let your-self go!" So

51 E♭ E♭aug E♭6 E♭maj7

please be sweet, my chick-a-dee, and when I kiss you just say to me, "It's de-

55 E♭ E°7 B♭m C7

light - ful, it's de - li - cious, it's de - lect - a - ble, it's de - lir - i - ous, it's di

59 Fm7 B♭7 E♭ D.S. al Coda

lem-ma, it's de - lim - it, it's de-luxe, it's de - love - ly!" (Keyboard)

♪ Coda

63 E♭ E♭aug E♭6 E♭maj7

please be sweet, my chick-a-dee, and when I kiss you just say to me, "It's de-

67 E♭ E°7 B♭m C7

light - ful, it's de - li - cious, it's de - lect - a - ble, it's de - lir - i - ous, it's di

71 Fm7 B♭7 E♭ (Sax)

lem-ma, it's de - lim - it, it's de-luxe, it's de - love - ly!"

75 E♭ Cm Fm7 E maj7 E♭6

Thank you.

Now, we'll pick up the tempo a little bit with a song that was written way back in 1931. It was first recorded by Belle Baker and since then has been recorded by a whole hosts of artists including Billie Holliday, Louie Armstrong, Ella Fitzgerald, Dean Martin, Frank Sinatra, and even Willie Nelson. Here is "All Of Me."

All Of Me

F

(Sax)

Keyboard

Chords and lyrics are provided for both staves. The lyrics are underlined where they appear in the vocal line.

Saxophone (Sax) Chords:

- Measures 1-4: Gm7, B♭/F, E7, F, A m/E, B♭m/E♭, D7
- Measures 5-8: Gm, Gm7, C9, C7, F6, F, Dm7, C7, Gm7, C7
- Measures 9-12: F6, A7, D7
- Measures 13-16: All of me, why not take all of me? Can't you see
- Measures 17-20: I'm no good with - out you. Take my lips, I want to
- Measures 21-24: lose them. Take my arms, I'll nev - er use them.
- Measures 25-28: Your good-bye left me with eyes that cry. How can I
- Measures 29-32: ev - er make it with - out you? You took the part that
- Measures 33-36: once was my heart, so why not take all of me?
- Measures 37-40: 2. why not take all? why not take all? So
- Measures 41-44: Gm7, C7, A m7, D7
- Measures 45-48: Gm7, C7, B♭6/F, F

Keyboard Chords:

- Measures 1-4: Gm7, B♭/F, E7, F, A m/E, B♭m/E♭, D7
- Measures 5-8: Gm, Gm7, C9, C7, F6, F, Dm7, C7, Gm7, C7
- Measures 9-12: F6, A7, D7
- Measures 13-16: All of me, why not take all of me? Can't you see
- Measures 17-20: I'm no good with - out you. Take my lips, I want to
- Measures 21-24: lose them. Take my arms, I'll nev - er use them.
- Measures 25-28: Your good-bye left me with eyes that cry. How can I
- Measures 29-32: ev - er make it with - out you? You took the part that
- Measures 33-36: once was my heart, so why not take all of me?
- Measures 37-40: 2. why not take all? why not take all? So
- Measures 41-44: Gm7, C7, A m7, D7
- Measures 45-48: Gm7, C7, B♭6/F, F

All Of Me

M

(Keyboard)

The musical score consists of two staves. The top staff represents the Keyboard (Piano) part, showing chords and bass notes. The bottom staff represents the Vocal part, with lyrics and musical notation. The score includes various chords such as Cm7, E♭/B♭, A7, B♭, D m/A, E♭m/A♭, G7, Cm, F9, F7, B♭6, Gm7, F7, Cm7, F7, B♭6, D7, G7, Cm7, D7, Gm, C7, Cm7, F7, B♭6, D7, G7, Cm7, E♭6, E♭m6, Dm7, G7, Cm7, F7, B♭, G7, Cm7, F7, Cm7, F7, B♭6, Cm7, F7, Dm7, G7, Cm7, F7, E♭6/B♭, G7, B♭.

Keyboard

3

5 Cm Cm7 F9 F7 B♭6 B♭ Gm7 F7 Cm7 F7

9 B♭6 D7 G7
All of me, _____ why not take all of me? _____ Can't you see _____

14 3 Cm7 D7
— I'm no good with - out you. _____ Take my lips, _____ I want to

19 Gm C7 3 Cm7 F7
lose them. _____ Take my arms, _____ I'll nev - er use them.

25 B♭6 D7 G7
Your good-bye _____ left me with eyes that cry. _____ How can I _____

30 3 Cm7 E♭6 E♭m6
— ev - er make it with - out you? _____ You took the part that

35 Dm7 G7 1. Cm7 F7 B♭ G7 Cm7 F7
once was my heart, so why not take all of me? _____

41 2. Cm7 F7 Dm7 G7
why not take all? why not take all? So

45 Cm7 F7 E♭6/B♭ B♭
why not take all of me? _____

Thank you.

In 1950, a songwriter by the name of Johnny Mercer took a French song, gave it English lyrics, and had a pretty good female singer by the name of Jo Stafford make a recording of it. It has since become both a pop and a jazz standard in both countries. Here is "Autumn Leaves."

Autumn Leaves

F

Keyboard

(Sax)

F m B♭ E♭ B♭/D C m B♭

A♭ A♭7 G G7 C m G7 C m N.C.

9 F m7 B♭9 E♭Maj7 A♭Maj7 D m7(b5)

leaves _____ drift by my win - dow, _____ the fall - ing leaves _____

14 G7(b9) C m N.C. F m7 B♭7

— of red and gold. _____ I see your lips, _____ the sum-mer

19 E♭Maj7 A♭Maj7 D m7(b5) G7(b9) C m

kis - ses, _____ the sun-burned hands _____ I used to hold. _____ Since you

25 D m7(b5) G7(b9) C m F m7

went a - way, _____ the days grow long _____ and soon I'll hear _____

30 B♭9 E♭Maj7 D m7(b5) G7

— old win - ter's song. _____ But I miss you most of all, my

35 C m7 B 9 B♭m7 A 9 A♭Maj7 1. D m7(b5) G 7(#5) C m (Sax) N.C.

dar - ling, _____ when au - tumn leaves start to fall. _____

41 2. D m7(b5) G 7(#5) C m9 C m

leaves start to fall. _____

M**Keyboard**

(Keyboard)

Autumn Leaves

The musical score consists of ten staves of music for keyboard, arranged in two columns. The left column contains measures 1 through 35, and the right column contains measures 36 through 41. Each staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat (B-flat), and a common time signature. Chords are indicated above the staff, and lyrics are written below the staff. Measure numbers are placed at the start of each staff.

Chords and Measures:

- Measures 1-4: Gm, C, F, C/E, Dm, C
- Measures 5-8: B♭, B♭7, A, A7, Dm, A7, Dm, N.C.
- Measures 9-12: Gm7, C9, FMaj7, B♭Maj7, Em7(b5)
- Measures 13-16: leaves, drift by my win - dow, the fall - ing leaves
- Measures 17-20: A7(b9), Dm, N.C., Gm7, C7
- Measures 21-24: — of red and gold, I see your lips, the sum - mer
- Measures 25-28: FMaj7, B♭Maj7, Em7(b5), A7(b9), Dm
- Measures 29-32: kis - ses, the sun-burned hands, I used to hold, Since you
- Measures 33-36: Em7(b5), A7(b9), Dm, Gm7
- Measures 37-40: went a - way, the days grow long, and soon I'll hear
- Measures 41-44: C9, FMaj7, Em7(b5), A7
- Measures 45-48: old win - ter's song, But I miss you most of all, my
- Measures 49-52: Dm7, D♭9, Cm7, B9, B♭Maj7, 1. Em7(b5), A7(#5), Dm, (Keyboard) N.C.
- Measures 53-56: dar - ling, when au - tumn leaves start to fall.
- Measures 57-60: 2. Em7(b5), A7(#5), Dm9, Dm
- Measures 61-64: leaves start to fall.

Text:

The lyrics of the song are provided below the musical staff, corresponding to the chords and measures. The lyrics describe the changing seasons and the singer's longing for their loved one.

Keyboard Notes:

In the right column, there are two sections labeled "Keyboard". The first section (measures 36-40) corresponds to the chords: Em7(b5), A7(#5), Dm, and N.C. The second section (measures 41-44) corresponds to the chords: Em7(b5), A7(#5), Dm9, and Dm.

Thank you very much.

Now, we're really going to switch gears, and we're going to have some of you get involved if you'd like to try this one. It was recorded by Chubby Checker and was one of the biggest hits of 1961. It received the Grammy Award for the best Rock 'n Roll recording that year. Anyone care to guess what kind of dance this music inspired? (The twist). So, everyone who wants to twist, get on your feet! Here is "Let's Twist Again."

Play 3 Times

Let's Twist Again

(Spoken: *Come on everybody clap your hands; now you're looking good. We're gonna sing this song and it won't take long. We gotta do the twist and it goes like this:*)

F**Keyboard**

B♭7 E♭ Cm

Come on, let's twist a-gain ____ like we did last sum-mer. ____ Yeah, let's

A♭6 B♭ B♭7 E♭

twist a-gain ____ like we did last year. ____ Do you re - mem-ber when ____

Cm A♭6 B♭7

things we real-ly hum-min'? ____ Yeah, let's twist a-gain, ____ twist-in' time is

E♭ A♭ E♭

here. ____ Yeah, round and round 'n up 'n down we go ____ a-gain.

A♭ B♭7

— Oh ba - by make me know you love me so. Then let's

E♭ Cm A♭6

twist a-gain ____ like we did last sum-mer. ____ Come on, let's twist a-gain, ____

B♭7 E♭ B♭7 (Sax) E♭

twist - in' time is here. ____ here. ____ come on, let's

A♭6 B♭7 E♭ A♭ E♭

twist a - gain, ____ like we did last year. ____ Come on, ____ let's

A♭6 B♭7 E♭

twist a - gain, ____ twist - in' time is here. ____

Play 3 Times

Let's Twist Again

M

Keyboard

(Spoken: *Come on everybody clap your hands; now you're looking good. We're gonna sing this song and it won't take long. We gotta do the twist and it goes like this:*)

E^b7 A^b Fm
 Come on, let's twist a-gain like we did last sum-mer. Yeah, let's

D^b6 E^b E^b7 A^b
 twist a-gain like we did last year. Do you re - mem-ber when

Fm D^b6 E^b
 things we real-ly hum-min'? Yeah, let's twist a-gain, twist-in' time is

A^b D^b A^b
 here. Yeah, round and round 'n up 'n down we go a-gain.

D^b E^b
 Oh ba - by make me know you love me so. Then let's

A^b Fm D^b6
 twist a-gain like we did last sum-mer. Come on, let's twist a-gain,

1, 2 E^b7 A^b 3 A^b D^b A^b
 twist - in' time is here. here. come on, let's

D^b6 E^b A^b D^b A^b
 twist a - gain, like we did last year. Come on, let's

D^b6 E^b A^b
 twist a - gain, twist - in' time is here.

Thank you.

This next song could be one that all of us out here might adopt as our theme song. It's a jazz standard written back in 1942 by Duke Ellington and was recorded by the Ink Spots in 1943. We'd like to dedicate this song to all folks who may now be residing in retirement homes across our country. Here is 'Don't Get Around Much Anymore.'"

Don't Get Around Much Anymore

F

Keyboard

The musical score consists of eight staves of music. The first staff (Sax) starts with a 4/4 time signature and moves to 3/4 at measure 3. Chords include E♭7, A♭6, E♭7 N.C., B♭7, A♭7 G7 G♭7 F7, N.C., B♭7, and D♭6. The second staff (Keyboard) follows the vocal line, with chords like A♭Maj7, B♭m7, B°7, A♭/C, N.C., and 1. A♭6. The third staff continues the vocal line with chords B♭7, A♭7, and D°7. The fourth staff concludes the section with chords A♭7, B♭7, and Dm7(b5). The fifth staff begins with a 2. A♭6 chord. The sixth staff starts with a 1. A♭6 chord. The seventh staff begins with a 2. A♭6 chord. The eighth staff begins with a 1. A♭6 chord.

(Sax)

B♭7

Keyboard

3 E♭7 A♭6 E♭7 N.C. Missed the Sat - ur - day dance.

6 A♭Maj7 B♭m7 B°7 A♭/C N.C. A♭7 G7 G♭7 F7
— Heard they crowd-ed the floor.
Got as far as the door.

9 N.C. B♭7
Could - n't bear it with - out you.
They'd have asked me a - bout you.

11 E♭7 1. A♭6 E♭7 N.C.
Don't get a-round much an - y more. Thought I'd vis - it the club.
Don't get a-round much an - y

14 2. A♭6 E♭m7 A♭7 D♭6 D°7
more. Dar - ling, I guess my

18 A♭Maj7 A♭7 D♭6 D m7(b5) G7(b9)
mind's more at ease. But nev - er - the - less,

22 C m7 B°7 E♭7 N.C.
why stir up mem - o - ries? Been in - vit - ed on dates.

2

24 A^bMaj7 B^bm7 B[°]7 A^b/C N.C.

Might have gone, but what for? —

26 A^b G7 G^b7 F7 N.C.

— Aw - fl'y dif - 'rent with - out —

28 B^b7 E^b7 To Coda

— you. Don't get a - round much an - y

30 A^b6 D^b E^b7 (Sax) N.C. D.S. al Coda

more.

CODA

32 A^b C7/G F7 N.C.

more. Aw - fl'y dif - 'rent with - out —

34 B^b7 E^b7 N.C.

— you. Don't get a - round much an - y

36 A^b C7/G F7 N.C. B^b7

more. Aw - fl'y dif - 'rent with - out — you.

39 E^b7 A^b6 Fm D^b6 E^b7 A^b6

Don't get a - round much an - y more. —

Don't Get Around Much Anymore

(Keyboard)

D7

M
Keyboard

3 G7 C6 G7 N.C.

Missed the Sat - ur - day dance.

6 CMaj D m7 D[#]7 C/E N.C. C7 B7 B^b7 A7

— Heard they crowd - ed the floor. _____
Got as far as the door. _____

9 N.C. D7

Could - n't bear it with - out. _____ you.
They'd have asked me a - bout. _____ you.

11 G7 1. C6 G7 N.C.

Don't get a - round much an - y more. Thought I'd vis - it the club.
Don't get a - round much an - y

14 2. C6 G m7 C7 F6 F#7

more. Dar - ling, I guess my

18 CMaj7 C7 F6 F#m7(b5) B7(b9)

mind's more at ease. _____ But nev - er - the - less, _____

22 E m7 E^b7 G7 N.C.

why stir up mem - o - ries? _____ Been in - vit - ed on dates.

2

24 C Maj7 D m7 D[#]7 C/E N.C.

Might have gone, but what for? —

26 C7 B7 B^b7 A7 N.C.

— Aw - fl'y dif - 'rent with - out —

28 D7 G7 To Coda

— you. — Don't get a - round much an - y

30 C6 F G7 N.C. (Keyboard) D.S. al Coda

more.

CODA

32 C E7/B A7 N.C.

more. Aw - fl'y dif - 'rent with - out —

34 D7 G7 N.C.

— you. — Don't get a - round much an - y

36 C E7/B A7 N.C. D7

more. Aw - fl'y dif - 'rent with - out — you.

39 G7 C6 A m F6 G7 C6

Don't get a - round much an - y more. —

Thank You.

You know, each time we come to play for you, we like to feature the music of an artist or artist of the 40s or 50s. Tonight, we'd like to have you remember a famous male vocalist who once was accused of being so thin that if stood behind a microphone stand, no one would be able to see him. Anyone know this guy? (Pause). He was also known as "Old Blue Eyes." Does that help? You got it - Frank Sinatra.

Frank started singing with the great dance bands of Harry James and Tommy Dorsey, and he then went on to become a solo artist in the early 40s. His career spanned more than a half-century, and his last singing tour was in 1995.

Our first selection is one that was written for Frank by Jimmy Van Heusen and Sammy Cahn back in 1957. He recorded it in 1958 and it became a solid part of his concert repertoire. Here is "Come Fly With Me."

Come Fly With Me

F

(Sax) Keyboard

FMaj7 D m7 G m7 C7 FMaj7 D m7 G m7 C7

5 FMaj7 F6 A m7 A^b7 G m7 C7

fly with me, let's fly, let's fly a - way. If
fly a - way, let's float down to Pe - ru. In

9 FMaj7 F6 C m7 F7 B^bMaj7 E^b7

you can use some ex - o - tic booze, there's a bar in far Bom-Bay. Come
Lla - ma-land, there's a one-man band, and he'll toot his flute for you. Come

13 FMaj7 F6 ¹B^b7 A7 D7 G7 C7

on and fly with me, let's fly a - way. Come

17 2.
B^b7 C7sus4 F6 B^b7 F6

off in the blue. Once I get you

20 D^bMaj7 D^b6 G^bMaj7 E^bm7

up there where the air is rar - i - fied,

24 A^b7 D^b6 E^bm7 A^b7sus4

we'll just glide star - ry - eyed. Once I get you

28 D^bMaj7 D^b6 C Maj7 A m7

up there, I'll be hold - ing you so near,

2

32 D m11 G7 C7 N.C. C7

You may hear an - gels cheer 'cause we're to - geth - er.

36 FMaj7 F6 A m7 A♭7 G m7 C7

Weath - er wise it's such__ a love - ly day. Just

40 FMaj7 F6 C m7 F7 B♭Maj7 E♭7

say the words and we'll beat the birds down to A - ca-pul-co Bay. It's

44 FMaj7 F6 B7 A m7(♭5) E7 D7 Am9#11
To Coda ⊕

per - fect for__ a fly - ing hon - ey moon, O yeah! Come

48 G7 G m7 C7 F A m C9 (Sax)
D.S. al Coda

fly with me. Pack up. Let's fly a - way.

52 Coda G m7 B♭m7 G m7

fly with me, come fly with me, come fly with me,

58 G m7/C F F6 B7 G m7 F♯Maj7 F6

let's fly a - way

M

Come Fly With Me

(Keyboard)

Keyboard

B♭Maj7 G m7 C m7 F7 B♭Maj7 G m7 C m7 F7

Come
S
5 B♭Maj7 B♭6 D m7 D♭°7 C m7 F7
fly with me, let's fly, let's fly, a-way. If
9 B♭Maj7 B♭6 F m7 B♭7 E♭Maj7 A♭7 In
you can use some ex-o-tic_booze, there's a bar in far Bom-Bay. Come
Lla-ma-land, there's a one-man band, and he'll toot his flute for you. Come

13 B♭Maj7 B♭6 ¹E♭7 D 7 G 7 C 7 F 7
on and fly with me, let's fly a-way. Come
fly with me, let's take

2. 17 E♭7 F 7sus4 B♭6 E♭7 B♭6
off in the blue. Once I get you

20 G♭Maj7 G♭6 B Maj7 A♭m7
up there where the air is rar - i - fied,

24 D♭7 G♭6 A♭m7 D♭7sus4
we'll just glide star - ry - eyed. Once I get you

28 G♭Maj7 G♭6 F Maj7 D m7
up there, I'll be hold - ing you so near,

2

32 G m11 C7 F7 N.C. F7

You may hear an - gels cheer 'cause we're to-geth - er.

36 B♭Maj7 B♭6 D m7 D♭°7 C m7 F7

Weath - er wise it's such a love - ly day. Just

40 B♭Maj7 B♭6 F m7 B♭7 E♭Maj7 A♭7

say the words and we'll beat the birds down to A - ca-pul-co Bay. It's

44 B♭Maj7 B♭6 E♭7 D m7(♭5) A♭7 G 7 Dm9#11
To Coda ⊕

per - fect for a fly - ing hon - ey moon, O yeah! Come

48 C7 C m7 F7 B♭ D m F9
D.S. al Coda

fly with me. Pack up. Let's fly a - way. (Keyboard)

52 Coda C m7 E♭m7 C m7

fly with me, come fly with me, come fly with me,

58 C m7/F B♭ B♭6 E♭7 C m7 B Maj7 B♭6

let's fly a - way

Thank you.

Thank you very much. Our next Frank Sinatra song was written much earlier - back in 1937 by George and Ira Gershwin. It was first recorded by Fred Astaire, but Frank decided to record it in 1962 and then released another recording of the song in 1993 with Natalie Cole. Who is Natalie Cole? (Nat King Cole's daughter).

Here is "They Can't Take That Away From Me."

They Can't Take That Away From Me

F

Keyboard

(Sax)

1 C m7/E♭ E° B♭/F G7

2 C m9 F7 C m9 F7 N.C.

3 The way you wear your hat,

5 B♭ C m7 C♯° B♭/D C♯° C m7 F7

the way you sip your tea, the mem-'ry of all that,

9 B♭6 B♭7 E♭ G7 C7 F7

no, no, they can't take that a-way from me. The way your smile just beams,

13 B♭ C m7 C♯° B♭ C♯° C m7 F7

the way you sing off key, the way you haunt my dreams,

17 B♭6 B♭7 E♭ F7 B♭6

no, no, they can't take that a-way from me. We may

2

D m7 D m6 D m7 D m6 D m7 E m7 A 7

21

nev - er, nev - er meet a - gain on that bump-y road to love. But I'll

D m7 D m6 D m7 G7 C7 C7(b5) F7 N.C.

A musical score page for 'The Way You Hold Your Knife'. The page number '25' is at the top left. The music is in common time, treble clef, and key signature of one flat. The lyrics are: 'al-ways, al-ways keep the mem'-ry of The way you hold your knife,'. The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes on the treble clef staff.

B♭ C m7 C♯° B♭

C#°

C m7

F7

B^b6

B^b7

E♭

D m7

B^b6C m7(b5)

Musical score for "No, No, They Can't Take That Away from Me". The score consists of a single staff with a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The measure number 33 is indicated at the top left. The lyrics are written below the notes. The melody starts with a whole note followed by a half note, then continues with eighth notes. A sixteenth-note cluster is followed by eighth notes and then a single eighth note. The final note is a whole note.

33

no, no, they can't take that a - way from me. No, they

37 B♭ G m 1. C m7 F 6 B♭6 (Sax) F 7 N.C.

can't take that a - way from me.

Musical score for "Way, Way" (verse 2). The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is common time (indicated by '4'). The vocal line consists of eighth notes and quarter notes, with lyrics: "way, no, they can't take that a - way, no, they". The chords are labeled above the staff: C m7, B♭, G m, and C m7.

They Can't Take That Away From Me

M
Keyboard

(Keyboard)

F m7/A[♭] A° E[♭]/B[♭] C7

3 F m9 B[♭]7 F m9 B[♭]7 N.C.

The way you wear your hat,

5 E[♭] F m7 F[♯]° E[♭]/G F[♯]° F m7 B[♭]7

the way you sip your tea, the mem'-ry of all that,

9 E[♭]6 E[♭]7 A[♭] C7 F7 B[♭]7

— no, no, they can't take that a-way from me. The way your smile just beams,

13 E[♭] F m7 F[♯]° E[♭] F[♯]° F m7 B[♭]7

— the way you sing off key, the way you haunt my dreams,

17 E[♭]6 E[♭]7 A[♭] B[♭]7 E[♭]6

— no, no, they can't take that a-way from me. We may

2

21 G m7 G m6 G m7 G m6 G m7 A m7 D 7

nev - er, nev - er meet a - gain on that bump-y road to love. But I'll

25 G m7 G m6 G m7 C7 F7 F 7(b5) B 7 N.C.

al-ways, al-ways keep the mem'ry of The way you hold your knife,

29 E♭ F m7 F # E♭ F # F m7 B 7

the way we danced till three, the way you changed my life,

33 E♭6 E♭7 A♭ G m7 E♭6 F m7(b5)

no, no, they can't take that a-way from me. No, they

37 E♭ C m 1. F m7 B 6 E♭6 B 7 N.C. (Keyboard)

can't take that a-way from me.

41 2. F m7 E♭ C m F m7

way, no, they can't take that a-way, no, they

44 E♭ C m F m7 B 7(b9) E♭6 F m7 E♭6

can't take that a-way from me.

Thank you.

Thank you very much. Our final Frank Sinatra song is one that was written by Paul Anka for Frank in 1969. Paul had heard the song as a French song, and he decided to rewrite the words as he thought Frank would say and sing them. The song became identified with Frank Sinatra and the way he lived his life.

Here is "My Way."

My Way

(Keyboard & Bass Only)

Keyboard

C Maj7 E m7/B
 And now the end is near,
 grets, I've had a few,
 loved, I've laughed and cried,
 but then a -
 I've had my

5 Em7(b5)/Bb A7 Dm
 face gain, the fi - nal cur - tain.
 fill, too few to men - tion.
 my share of los - ing. My friend,
 I did what I'll say it
 And now, I had to as tears sub -

8 Dm(maj7) Dm7 G7 CMaj7
 clear, I'll state my case,
 do, and saw it through of which I'm cer - tain. I've
 side, I find it all with - out ex - emp - tion. I
 To

(Add rhythm)

11 CMaj7 Gm7 C7 F
 lived planned each life that's full I trav - eled each and ev 'ry
 thought chart - ed course, that, care - ful step a - long the
 not in a

14 Fm CMaj7 Am7 Dm7 G7
 high - way, and more, much more than this, I did it
 by - way, and more, much more than this, I did it
 shy way, "Oh no, oh no, not me, I did it

17 1F6 C 2,3 F6 C F Maj7/G
 my way. Re - my way. For Yes, there were a
 way. my way. what is

21 CMaj7 G m7 C7 F Maj7

times, I'm sure you knew, when I bit off more than I could
man, what has he got? If not him - self, then he has

24 F Maj7/E D m7 G7

chew, but through it all, when there was doubt, I ate it
naught. To say the things he truly feels and not the

27 E m7 A m7 D m7

up words and spit it out. I faced it all and I stood
of one who kneels. The rec - ord shows I took the

30 G7 F 6 To Coda C D m7/G D.S. al Coda

tall blows, and did it my way. I've

CODA

33 C D m7 G7

way. The rec - ord shows I took the blows rit. and did it

36 F 6 C

my way.

Thank you. Thank you very much. How're we doing? Did you enjoy our tribute to "Old Blue Eyes"?

Thank you. Our next selection was written back in the late 19th century and has since been recorded by a wide range of artists - Rudy Vallee, Wally Cox, the Four Aces, and a polka band from the midwest called the Six Fat Dutchmen. Here we go with our version of this great old favorite - "There Is A Tavern In The Town."

Thank you.

VOCAL DUET

There Is A Tavern In The Town

Keyboard Intro F C7 (F) There

is a tav-ern in the town, and there my true love sits him

down, sits him down and drinks his wine as mer-ry, as mer-ry as can be, and

nev - er nev - er thinks of me Fare thee

well, for I must leave thee, do not let this part-ing grieve thee and re -

mem - ber that the best of friends must part, must part. A -

dieu, a - dieu kind friends, a - dieu. I can no long - er stay with

you, can no long - er stay. I'll hang my harp on the weep-ing wil - low tree, and

may the world go well with thee.

(Keyboard) F

2

Sax - 1st

B♭ F7 B♭

45 45

Keyboard - 2nd

E♭ F7

49 49

E♭ F7

1. B♭ (Keyboard) 2. B♭

52 (M) She

54 B♭

left me for a man so dark, he was dark. Each Fri - day

F7 B♭ B♭7 E♭

59

night they used to spark. Oh, how they would spark, and now my love, who was once so true to

F7 B♭ F7 B♭ B°7

65

me, spends all her time up - on his knee, on his knee. Fare thee

70 F7 B♭

well, for I must leave thee, do not let this part ing grieve thee and re -

74 F7 B♭ E♭ B♭ F7

mem - ber that the best of friends must part, must part. A -

78 B♭

dieu, a - dieu kind friends, a - dieu. I can no

83 F7 B♭ B♭7 E♭

long-er stay with you, can no long-er stay. I'll hang my harp on the weep-ing wil-low

89 F7 B♭ (Keyboard) B♭ F7 B♭ B♭7

tree, and may the world go well with thee.

94 E♭ (Sax)

(Saxophone part only)

100 B♭7 E♭ A♭

(Continuation of Saxophone part)

106 B♭7 E♭ B♭7 E♭

(Continuation of Saxophone part)

Thank you.

Our next selection is an old jazz tune that has lyrics, but it really popped into the national spotlight when a trumpeter named Clyde McCoy recorded an instrumental version featuring his wah-wah mute. Does anyone know the name of this tune? (Guess).

Right. It's the "Sugar Blues."

Sugar Blues

Keyboard

The musical score consists of eight staves of music for keyboard, arranged in two columns. The left column contains staves 1 through 4, and the right column contains staves 5 through 8. Each staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The time signature varies between common time (4/4) and half time (2/4).

Staff 1: Labeled "N.C." (No Chord). The music consists of eighth-note patterns.

Staff 2: Labeled "C". The music consists of eighth-note patterns.

Staff 3: Labeled "G 7". The music consists of eighth-note patterns.

Staff 4: Labeled "3". The music consists of eighth-note patterns.

Staff 5: Labeled "7 D m7 G 7 C 7 N.C.". The music includes chords Dm7, G7, and C7, followed by another section labeled "N.C."

Staff 6: Labeled "3". The music consists of eighth-note patterns.

Staff 7: Labeled "10 C". The music consists of eighth-note patterns.

Staff 8: Labeled "3 G m7 3". The music consists of eighth-note patterns.

Staff 9: Labeled "13 F A 7 D m F 6 F#° C/G E 7 A 7". The music includes chords F, A7, Dm, F6, F#°, C/G, E7, and A7.

Staff 10: Labeled "3". The music consists of eighth-note patterns.

Staff 11: Labeled "16 D 7 3 G 7 3 C E 7 A 7 D 7 G 7". The music includes chords D7, G7, C, E7, A7, D7, and G7.

Staff 12: Labeled "19 1. C G 7 3 2. C F C N.C. 3 C 7". The music includes chords C, G7, C, F, C, N.C., and C7. The "N.C." section is marked with a "3" below it.

Thank You.

Our next selection was written by Jimmy McHugh back in 1928, and was recorded by such artists as Louie Armstrong, Nat King Cole, Judy Garland, Ella Fitzgerald, and even Marlene Dietrich. It was featured in the 2006 Broadway play, "Jersey Boys."

Here is 'I Can't Give You Anything But Love, Baby.'

I Can't Give You Anything But Love

Keyboard

Thank you.

Our next selection was written in 1954 and originally was titled "In Other Words." It was recorded by Johnny Mathis and Nat King Cole. Anyone care to guess the title that it goes by now?

Right. Here's "Fly Me To The Moon."

Fly Me To The Moon

F

Keyboard

(Keyboard & Bass Only - Freely)

A♭ Cm Fm9 Cm7 D♭maj7 B♭m7 E♭7
Po-ets

6 A♭ Fm A♭ Fm A♭ Fm E♭ B♭m B♭m(maj7)
of-ten use man-y words to say a sim-ple thing. It takes thought and

11 B♭m7/A♭ B♭m6 B♭m7/A♭ E♭7 A♭ D♭ 3 D° 3
time and rhyme to make a po-em sing. With mu-sic and words I've been

15 A♭/E♭ D♭ B♭m7 3 Cm C° 3
play-ing; for you I have writ-ten a song. To be

18 B♭m7 3 E♭7 3 A♭ Fm D♭6 3 B♭m7 3 C C7
sure that you know what I'm say-ing, I'll trans-late as I go a-long.

(In Rhythm) 22 Fm7 B♭m7 E♭7
Fly me to the moon and let me play a-mong the stars.

25 A♭Maj7 A♭7 D♭Maj7 G m7(b5)
Let me see what spring - is like on

28 C7(b9) Fm7 F7 B♭m7
Jup - i - ter and Mars. In oth - er words,

2

31 E♭7 A♭Maj7 C m7 F7 B♭m7
 — hold my hand. _____ m oth - er words, _____

35 E♭7 A♭Maj7 G m7(♭5) C7
 — ba - by, kiss me. _____

38 F m7 B♭m7 E♭7
 Fill my heart with song and let me sing for - ev - er more.

41 A♭Maj7 A♭7 D♭Maj7 G m7(♭5)
 You are all I long for, all I

44 C7(♭9) F m7 F7 B♭m7
 wor - ship and a - dore. 1. in oth - er words, _____

47 E♭7 C m7 F7
 — please be true. _____ In

50 B♭m7 E♭7 A♭6 G m7(♭5) C7
 oth - er words, _____ love you. _____

54 2. Cm7 F7 B♭m7 /B♭ /A♭ G♭/D♭ E♭7
 true. _____ In oth - er words, _____ I love

60 A♭ A maj7 B♭m7 /E♭ A♭6
 you. _____

Fly Me To The Moon

M

Keyboard

(Keyboard & Bass Only - Freely)

Chords indicated above the staff:

- 1st staff: C, Em, Am9, Em7, F maj7, Dm7, G7
- 2nd staff: C, Am, C, Am, C, Am, G, Dm, Dm(maj7)
- 3rd staff: Dm7/C, Dm6, Dm7/C, G7, C, F 3, E[#] 3
- 4th staff: C/G, F 3, Dm7, Em, E°
- 5th staff: Dm7, G7, C, Am, F 6, Dm7, E, E7
- 6th staff: A m7, D m7, G 3, G7
- 7th staff: C Maj7, C7, F Maj7, B m7(b5)
- 8th staff: E7(b9), A m7, A 7, D m7

Lyrics:

Po-ets
of - ten use man-y words to say a sim-ple thing. It takes thought and
time and rhyme to make a po-em sing. With mu - sic and words I've been
play-ing; for you I have writ - teh a song. To be
sure that you know what I'm say-ing, I'll trans-late as I go a - long.
Fly me to the moon and let me play a - mong the stars.
Let me see what spring - is like on
Jup - i - ter and Mars. In oth - er words,

2

31 G7 C Maj7 E m7 A 7 D m7
 hold my hand. In oth - er words,

35 G7 C Maj7 B m7(♭5) E 7
 ba - by, kiss me.

38 A m7 D m7 G 7
 Fill my heart with song and let me sing for - ev - er more.

41 C Maj7 C 7 F Maj7 B m7(♭5)
 — You are all I long for, all I

44 E 7(9) A m7 A 7 D m7
 wor - ship and a - dore. In oth - er words,

47 G7 E m7 A 7
 — please be true. In

50 D m7 G 7 C 6 B m7(♭5) E 7
 oth - er words, I love you.

54 2. Em7 A 7 D m7 /D /C B♭/F G 7
 true. In oth - er words, I love

60 C C♯maj7 D m7 /G C 6
 you.

Thank you.

We're getting close to the end of our time with you this evening. For our next to last song, we're going to switch beats and play a Latin American tune. It was written back in 1939, and Frank Sinatra's recording in 1943 became his first major hit.

Here's our version of "All Or Norhing At All."

All Or Nothing At All

F

Keyboard

Latin Beat

(Sax)

F m/A \flat C m/G E \flat m/G \flat B \flat 7/F C7

5 F m A \flat aug F m7 F m6 F m F m7

All or noth-ing at all! Half a love nev-er ap-

11 G \flat 7 G \flat 6 G \flat aug G \flat 7 E \flat m E \flat m6 B \flat m

pealed to me. If your heart nev-er could yield to me,

16 E \flat 7 E \flat 7(5) E \flat 7 A \flat maj7 A \flat 6 Gm7 C7

— then I'd rath - er have noth-ing at all.

21 F m A \flat aug F m7 F m6 F m F m7

All or noth-ing at all. If it's love, there is no

27 G \flat 7 G \flat 6 G \flat aug G \flat 7 E \flat m E \flat m6 B \flat m

in be-tween. Why be-gin, then cry for some-thing that might have been.

32 E \flat 7 E \flat 7(5) E \flat 7 A \flat maj7 B 7

No, I'd rath - er have noth-ing at all. But

37 E E aug 3 E 6 3 E aug 3 E E aug E 6 B 7
 please, don't bring your lips so close to my cheek. Don't

41 E E aug E 6 A F [#]m7 3 B 7 G [#]m6 B 7
 smile or I'll be lost be-yond re - call. The

45 G ^bm7 3 B 7 G ^bm7 3 B 7 3 G ^bm G ^bm7/E E ^b7 A ^b7/E ^b
 kiss in your eyes, the touch of your hand makes me weak, and my

49 D ^bm B ^b7 A ^b7 E ^bm7 C 7
 heart may go diz - zy and fall. And if I

53 F m A ^baug 3 F m7 F m6 F m
 fell un - der the spell of your call, I would

58 F m7 G ^b7 G ^b6 G ^baug G ^b7 E ^bm E ^bm6
 be caught in the un - der-tow. So, you see, I've got to say

63 B ^bm D ^b7 F m F m7/E ^b D ^bm6 3 1. A ^b G m7 C 7
 no, no. All or noth-ing at all.

69 2. A ^b (Sax) B B ^b A A ^b
 all.

Latin Beat

All Or Nothing At All

M
Keyboard

(Keyboard)

Keyboard sheet music showing chords A m/C, E m/B, G m/B, D 7/A, and E 7. The music is in 4/4 time.

5 Am C aug Am7 Am6 Am Am7 3

All or nothing at all! Half a love never ap-

B b7 B b6 B b aug B b7 G m G m6 3 D m

pealed to me. If your heart never could yield to me,

16 G 7 G 7(b5) G 7 C maj7 C 6 B m7 E 7

— then I'd rather have nothing at all.

21 Am C aug Am7 Am6 Am Am7 3

All or nothing at all. If it's love, there is no

27 B b7 B b6 B b aug B b7 G m G m6 3 D m

in between. Why begin, then cry for something that might have been.

32 G 7 G 7(b5) G 7 C maj7 E b7

No, I'd rather have nothing at all. But

37 A♭ A♭aug 3 A♭6 3 A♭aug 3 A♭ A♭aug A♭6 E♭7
 please, don't bring your lips so close to my cheek. _____ Don't

41 A♭ A♭aug A♭6 D♭ B♭m7 3 E♭7 Cm6 E♭7
 smile or I'll be lost be-yond re - call. _____ The

45 B♭m7 3 E♭7 B♭m7 3 E♭7 3 B♭m B♭m7/A♭ G°7 C7/G
 kiss in your eyes, the touch of your hand makes me weak, _____ and my

49 Fm D°7 C7 Gm7 E7
 heart may go diz - zy and fall. And if I

53 Am Caug 3 3 Am7 Am6 Am
 fell un - der the spell of your call, _____ I would

58 Am7 3 B♭7 B♭6 B♭aug B♭7 Gm Gm6 3
 be caught in the un - der-tow. So, you see, I've got to say

63 Dm F°7 Am Am7/G Fm6 3 1.
 no, no. All _____ or noth-ing at all. C B m7 E 7

2. (Keyboard) 69 C E♭ D D♭ C
 all.

Thank you. Thank you very much. We've had a great time playing for you this evening. Have you enjoyed yourselves as we've again journeyed down Memory Lane?

We're going to close with a song written in 1941 and was featured in a movie about a town just north of here. The movie was "Sun Valley Serenade" and starred Sonja Henie - remember her, the ice skater. It also featured Milton Berle and Dorothy Dandridge and a young band leader by the name of Glenn Miller. Remember him?

So, here's our version of a song about a railroad trip through Tennessee on the "Chatanooga Choo Choo."

Chattanooga Choo Choo

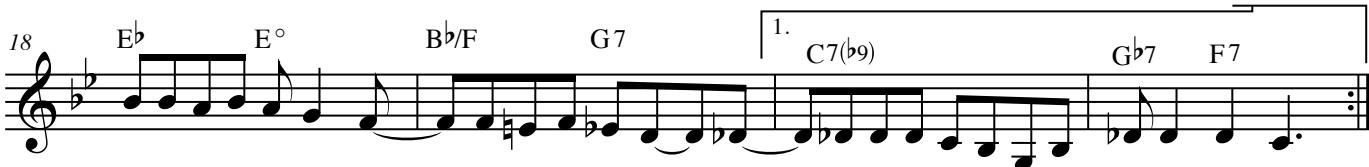
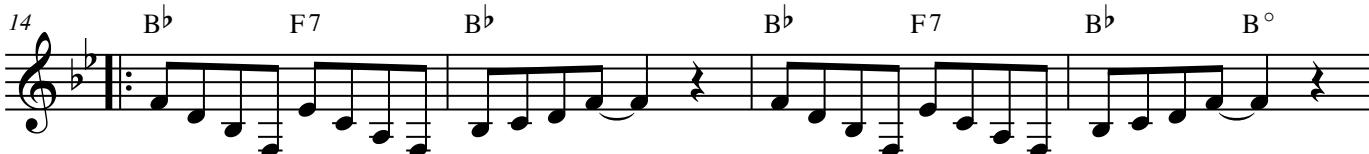
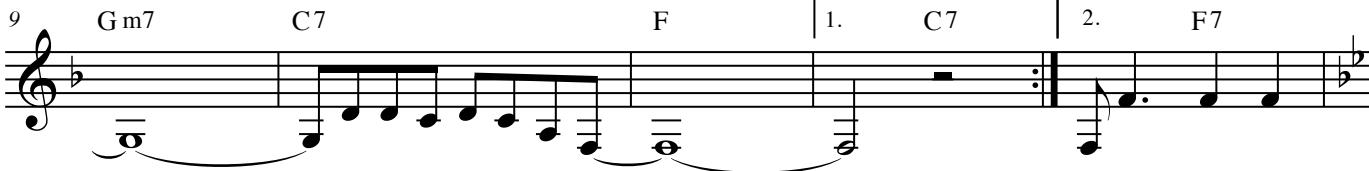
Bass Intro

(Train Whistle)
(F6 F6)

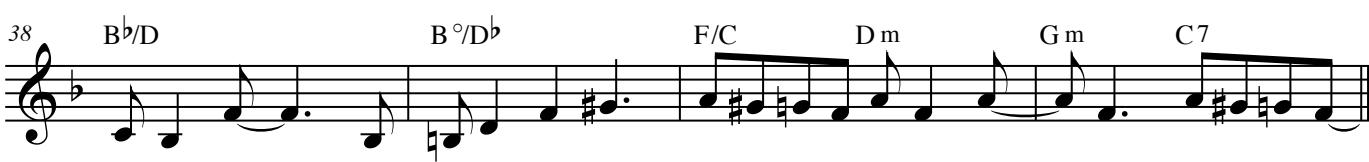
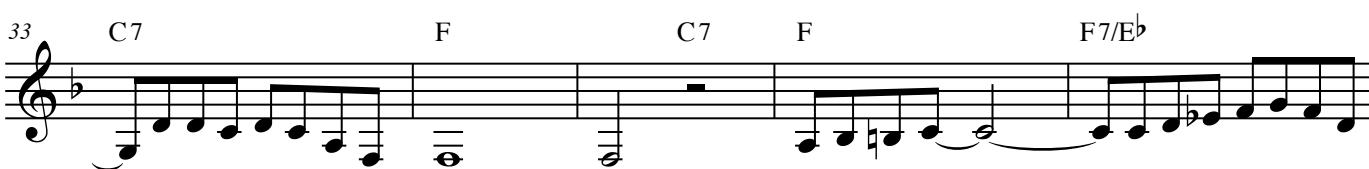
F Keyboard
(Train Whistle)
(F6 F6)



5 F



Musical notation for measures 22 to 25. Includes chords 2. C7(♭9), B♭°, F7, B♭, C7, F. Measure 23 has a bass line labeled "N.C.". Measure 25 is labeled "(Bass)".



42 F N.C.

(Bass)

46 F/C D m G m C7 F C C7

50 F

(Bass)

54 F

Par-don me, boy, _____ is that the Chat - a - noo - ga Choo Choo? _____
I can af - ford _____ to board the Chat - a - noo - ga Choo Choo. _____

57

G m7 C7

— Track twen - ty nine, _____ boy, you can give me a shine.
— I got my fare _____ and just a tri - fle to spare.

60 F

1. C7 2. F F7

You'll B♭ leave the

63 B♭ F7

Penn - syl - van - ia sta - tion 'bout a quar - ter to four,
When you hear the whis - tle blow - in' eight to the bar,

65

B♭ B°

read then you'll mag - a - zine and then you're in Bal - ti - more.
then know that Tenn - e - see is not ver - y far. _____

67 E♭ E° B♭/F G7

Din - ner in the din - er; noth - ing could be fin - er than
Shov - el all the coal in, got - ta keep it rol - lin'.

69 1. C7(♭9) F6

to have your ham and eggs in

71 2. C7(♭9) F7 G♭7 F7 B♭

Woo! Woo! Chat - a - noo - ga, there you are! —

73 F N.C. F F

(Bass)

78 G m7 C7 F C7

83 F F7/E♭ B♭/D B°/D♭ F/C D m

88 G m C7 F N.C. F/C D m G m C7

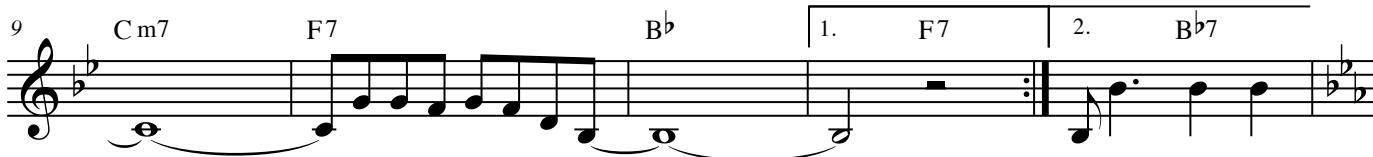
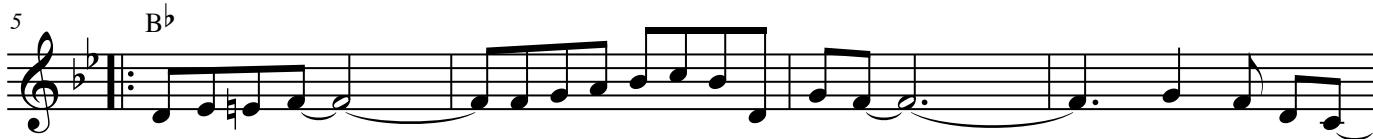
Bass Solo as in Meas 73,74

93 F B♭m G m C7 F

Chattanooga Choo Choo

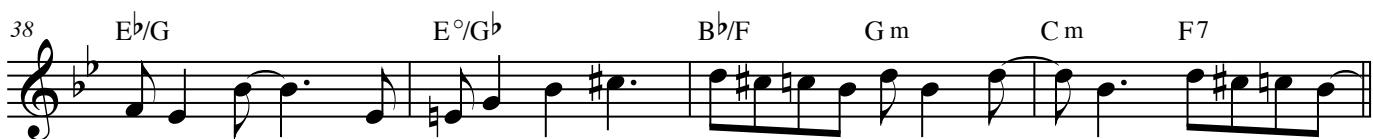
M Keyboard
(Train Whistle)
(Bb6 Bb6)

Bass Intro

(Train Whistle)
(Bb6 Bb6)

22 2. F7(b9) E^b° B^b7 E^b F7 | B^b | N.C.

(Bass)



42 B.N.C.

42

(Bass)

46 B♭/F G m C m F7 B♭ F F7

50 B♭

50 B♭

B.N.C.

(Bass)

54 B♭

54 B♭

Par-don me, boy, _____ is that the Chat - a - noo - ga Choo Choo? _____
I can af - ford _____ to board the Chat - a - noo - ga Choo Choo. _____

57

57

C m7 F7

— Track twen - ty nine, _____ boy, you can give me a shine.
— I got my fare _____ and just a tri - fle to spare.

60 B♭

60 B♭

1. F7 2. B♭ B♭7

63 E♭

63 E♭

E♭7 You'll E♭ leave the

Penn - syl - van - ia sta - tion 'bout a quar - ter to four,
When you hear the whis - tle blow - in' eight to the bar,

65

65 B♭7 E♭

read a mag - a - zine and then you're in Bal - ti - more.
then you'll know that Tenn - e - see is not ver - y far. _____

67 A♭ A° E♭/B♭ C7

Din - ner in all the din - er; noth got - ing could be fin - er than
Shov - el all the coal in, ta keep it rol - lin'.

1.
69 F7(b9) B♭6

to have your ham and eggs in Car o li - na

71 2 F7(b9) B♭7 B7 B♭7 E♭

Woo! Woo! Chat - a - noo - ga, there you are!—

73 B♭ N.C. B♭

(Bass)

78 C m7 F7 B♭ F7

83 B♭ B♭7/A♭ E♭/G E °/G♭ B♭/F G m

88 C m F7 B♭ N.C. B♭/F G m C m F7

Bass Solo as in Meas 73,74

93 B♭ E♭ m C m F7 B♭