



# ASP.net REST API

demo code from:  
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# Introduction

Target Framework: `net5.0`

Entry Point: `Program.cs` (as in all .net apps)



# Startup.cs

`Startup.cs` will be the class invoked by the `Program.cs` Host initiator

- `Configuration property` gets passed in the constructor (used for env files and more)
- `Configure Services` method is used to register `SERVICES` used throughout the API
- `Configure` method is used to manage the request handling pipeline configuration(`MIDDLEWARE`).



# /Controllers

/Controllers/ folder is for classes that handles the ROUTES that the API exposes



# appsettings.json

In the folder `/Properties/` you can create multiple `appsettings` files for settings such as the log level.

Example:

`appsettings.DEVELOPMENT.json`

`appsettings.PRODUCTION.json`

`appsettings.TESTING.json`



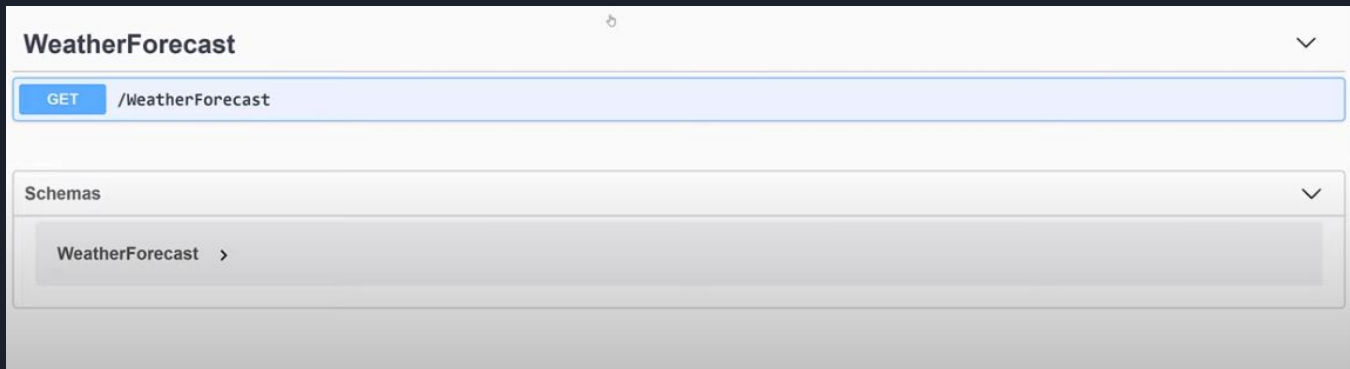
# launchSettings.json

Server configuration such as **application URL** , port numbers , IIS configuration



# Swagger

**Swagger** is an open API specification application that makes your life a lot easier in testing the API.





# Entities - Models

Lets see an example of a **Model** class inside a **/Model/** Folder with usage of **RecordTypes** , and **init** accessor instead of set (c# 9 , net5.0)

```
using System;

namespace Catalog.Entities
{
    public record Item
    {
        public Guid Id { get; init; }
        public string Name { get; init; }
        public decimal Price { get; init; }
        public DateTimeOffset CreatedDate {get; init; }
    }
}
```





# Repositories

The **repository** layer isolates Business layer from the Data Access Layer. The Repository contains Data Mapper entity. This entity can be used as a model entity for providing schema of the data for performing **CRUD** operations, by using the **CRUD** operations defined in the repository.

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using Catalog.Entities;

namespace Catalog.Repositories
{
    public class InMemItemsRepository
    {
        private readonly List<Item> items = new()
        {
            new Item { Id = Guid.NewGuid(), Name = "Potion", Price = 9, CreatedDate = DateTimeOffset.UtcNow },
            new Item { Id = Guid.NewGuid(), Name = "Iron Sword", Price = 20, CreatedDate = DateTimeOffset.UtcNow },
            new Item { Id = Guid.NewGuid(), Name = "Bronze Shield", Price = 18, CreatedDate = DateTimeOffset.UtcNow }
        };

        public IEnumerable<Item> GetItems()
        {
            return items;
        }

        public Item GetItem(Guid id)
        {
            return items.Where(item => item.Id == id).SingleOrDefault();
        }
    }
}
```

# Example controller class

The following class binds with the **ItemRepository** and the **ItemEntity**

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using Catalog.Entities;
using Catalog.Repositories;
using Microsoft.AspNetCore.Mvc;
```

```
namespace Catalog.Controllers
{
    [ApiController]
    [Route("items")]
    public class ItemsController : ControllerBase
    {
        private readonly InMemItemsRepository repository;

        public ItemsController()
        {
            repository = new InMemItemsRepository();
        }
    }
}
```

```
// GET /items
[HttpGet]
public IEnumerable<Item> GetItems()
{
    var items = repository.GetItems();
    return items;
}

// GET /items/{id}
[HttpGet("{id}")]
public ActionResult<Item> GetItem(Guid id)
{
    var item = repository.GetItem(id);

    if (item is null)
    {
        return NotFound();
    }


    return item;
}
}
```



# Dependency Injection

Up until now our code generates a new list of Items every time the Repository class is being called. To avoid that we will inject the repository class in the controller class constructor.

```
public ItemsController()  
{  
    repository = new ItemsRepository();  
}
```



```
public ItemsController(repository)  
{  
    this.repository = repository;  
}
```



# Implementation of injection

We will be using the `IServiceProvider` for this

1. Extract `interface` for `ItemRepository` class
2. Create `interface` class and paste the extracted interface
3. Make sure `repository` implements the `interface`
4. Change repository variable (in `controller`) from `ItemRepository` type to the `interface` type.
5. Receive repository in `Controller` constructor parameters
6. `Startup.cs` -> `ConfigureServices` -> `services.AddSingleton(`