

9.24

(1) 根據玻耳茲曼分佈律：

$$\bar{E}_p = -\left(Sg \cdot \frac{4}{3}\pi a^3 - mg\right)h$$

$$\eta = n_0 e^{-\frac{\bar{E}_p}{kT}} = n_0 e^{(Sg \cdot \frac{4}{3}\pi a^3 - mg)h/kT}$$

代入等式左側

$$\frac{R}{N_A} \ln \frac{n_0}{n} = \frac{R}{N_A} \cdot \frac{4}{3}\pi a^3 g (\Delta - \delta) \cdot \frac{h}{kT}$$

$$= \frac{4}{3}\pi a^3 (\Delta - \delta) gh$$

設立

$$(2) \frac{860}{1620} = \frac{1620}{3360} \approx \frac{3360}{7160} = 0.5$$

$$\frac{R \times (20 + 273.15)}{N_A} \times \ln \frac{7160}{3360} = \frac{4}{3}\pi \times (0.212 \times 10^{-6})^3 \times (0.2067 \times 10^3) \times 9.8 \times 3 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$\Rightarrow N_A = 7.6 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}$$

9.25

$$(1) n = \frac{N_A}{V_m} = 2.0 \times 10^{19} \text{ cm}^{-3}$$

$$(2) f = \frac{1}{4}n\bar{v} = \frac{1}{4}n \sqrt{\frac{8kT}{\pi M}} = 3.3 \times 10^{27} \text{ m}^{-2} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} = 3.3 \times 10^{23} \text{ cm}^{-2} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$$

$$(3) 3.3 \times 10^{23} \text{ cm}^{-2} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$$

$$(4) 1 \text{ atm}$$

9.26

$$\left(P + \frac{m^2}{m^2} \frac{a}{V^2} \right) \left(V - \frac{m}{M} b \right) = \frac{m}{M} RT \Rightarrow P = 2.57 \times 10^6 \text{ Pa}$$

$$P' V = \frac{m}{M} RT \Rightarrow P' = 2.97 \times 10^6 \text{ Pa}$$

$$P_{\text{ab}} = P' - P = 5.7 \times 10^5 \text{ Pa}$$

9.28

$$(1) \eta = \frac{1}{3} \bar{v} n \cdot m \bar{\lambda} = \frac{1}{3} \bar{v} \cdot \bar{\lambda} \cdot \frac{M}{V_m}$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{\lambda} = 2.65 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$$

$$(2) \bar{\lambda} = \frac{1}{5 \pi d^3 n}$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{\lambda}^2 = \frac{1}{5 \pi \bar{n} \bar{\lambda} n} = \frac{1}{5 \pi \bar{n} \bar{\lambda} \cdot \frac{P_0}{K_T}} = \frac{K_T}{5 \pi \bar{n} P_0} = 1.78 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m}$$

9.29

$$K = \frac{1}{3} n m \bar{v} \bar{\lambda} c_v$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} n m \bar{v} c_v \cdot \frac{1}{5 \pi d^3 n}$$

$$= \frac{m \bar{v} c_v}{3 \pi d^3} \propto \bar{v} = \sqrt{\frac{8RT}{\pi M}} \propto \sqrt{T} \text{ 与 } T \text{ 成正比}$$

$$\therefore \bar{\lambda} = l = \frac{1}{5 \pi d^3 n} = \frac{K_T}{5 \pi d^3 P}$$

$$\Rightarrow P = \frac{K_T}{5 \pi d^3 l} = 1.7 \text{ Pa}$$

9.30

$$(1) \frac{dm}{dt} = -D \frac{dp}{dr} \cdot 4\pi r^2$$

$$\frac{dp}{dr} = \frac{C}{r^2} \Rightarrow dp = \frac{C}{r^2} dr \Rightarrow p_{\infty} - p = -\frac{C}{r} \Big|_R^{\infty} = \frac{C}{R}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dp}{dr} = \frac{R(p_{\infty} - p)}{r^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{dm}{dt} = 4\pi D r^2 \cdot \frac{R}{r^2} (p - p_{\infty}) \\ = 4\pi DR (p - p_{\infty}) = W$$

$$(2) \frac{dm}{dt} = \frac{d(\frac{4}{3}\pi R^3 p_w)}{dt} = 4\pi DR (p - p_{\infty})$$

$$p_w \frac{4}{3}\pi R^3 \frac{dp_w}{dt} = 4\pi DR (p - p_{\infty})$$

$$\Rightarrow p_w \frac{dp_w}{dt} = \frac{D}{R} (p - p_{\infty})$$

$$p_w \int_0^R R dR = \int_0^t dt D (p - p_{\infty})$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{p_w}{2} R^2 = Dt (p - p_{\infty})$$

$$\Rightarrow t = \frac{p_w R^2}{2D (p - p_{\infty})}$$

10.1

$$(1) T_B = \frac{V_B}{J_A} \cdot T_A = 600K$$

$$T_C = T_B = 600K$$

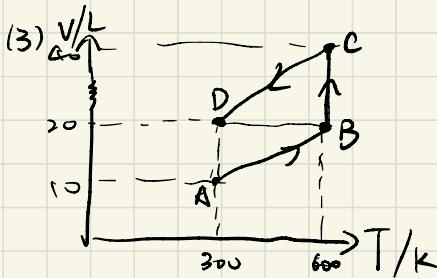
$$T_D = \frac{V_D}{J_C} T_C = 300K$$

(2)

$$A = A_{AB} + A_{BC} + A_{CD}$$

$$= p_A(V_B - V_A) + p_B V_B \cdot \ln \frac{V_C}{V_B} + p_C(V_D - V_C)$$

$$= 2.81 \times 10^3 J$$



10.2

$$(1) E_b - E_a = (560 - 356) J = 204 J$$

$$\Delta a_{ab} = E_b - E_a + A_{a|b} = (204 + 220) J = 424 J$$

(2)

$$Q_{ba} = E_a - E_b = A_{b|a} = [-204 + (-282)] J = -486 J$$

10.5

$$(1) Q = V C_{p,m} \Delta T = V \cdot \frac{7}{2} R_0 \Delta T$$

$$\Rightarrow V = \frac{2Q}{7R_0 \Delta T} = 41.3 \text{ mol}$$

(2)

$$\Delta E = V C_{V,m} \Delta T = V \cdot \frac{5}{2} R_0 \Delta T = \frac{5}{7} Q = 4.29 \times 10^4 J$$

$$(3) A = Q - \Delta E = 1.71 \times 10^4 J$$

$$(4) Q' = \Delta E = 4.29 \times 10^4 J$$

(零件)

湍流中速率平均值推导：

$$g(v_x) = \left(\frac{m}{2\pi kT}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} e^{-\frac{mv_x^2}{2kT}}$$

$$G(\bar{v}) = \left(\frac{m}{2\pi kT}\right)^{\frac{3}{2}} e^{-\frac{mv^2}{2kT}}$$

$$\bar{v}_{\text{均}} = \frac{\iiint v_z \cdot v g(\bar{v}) dv_x dv_y dv_z}{\int_0^{+\infty} v_z g(v_z) dv_z}$$

$$\int_0^{+\infty} v_z g(v_z) dv_z = \frac{kT}{m} \left(\frac{m}{2\pi kT}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{kT}{2\pi m}}$$

$$= \frac{m}{kT} \left(\frac{m}{2\pi kT}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \iiint v_z \cdot v \cdot e^{-\frac{mv^2}{2kT}} dv_x dv_y dv_z$$

$$dv_x dv_y dv_z = v^2 \sin \theta dv dv d\phi$$

$$= \frac{m^2}{2\pi k^2 T^2} \iiint v^2 \cos \theta \cdot e^{-\frac{mv^2}{2kT}} v^3 \sin \theta dv d\phi$$

$$= \frac{m^2}{2\pi k^2 T^2} \int_0^{2\pi} d\phi \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin \theta \cos \theta d\theta \int_0^{+\infty} v^4 e^{-\frac{mv^2}{2kT}} dv$$

$$= \frac{m^2}{k^2 T^2} \int_0^{+\infty} v^4 e^{-\frac{mv^2}{2kT}} dv$$

$$= \frac{m^2}{k^2 T^2} \left(\frac{3\sqrt{\pi}}{8} \times \left(\frac{m}{2kT}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{3\sqrt{\pi}}{8} \times 2^{\frac{5}{2}} \right) \times \left(\frac{m^2}{k^2 T^2} \times \left(\frac{kT}{m}\right)^{\frac{5}{2}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{3\sqrt{\pi}}{J^2} \sqrt{\frac{kT}{m}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{9\pi RT}{2M}}$$