

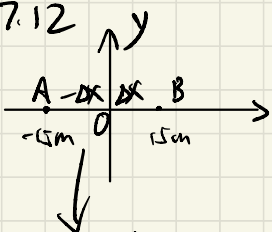
7.10

$$(1) I = \frac{1}{2} \rho \omega^2 A^2 u$$

$$= 8 \times 10^{-4} \text{ W/m}^2$$

$$(2) P = I \cdot S = 1.2 \times 10^{-6} \text{ W}$$

7.12



$$y_A = A \cos(\omega(t - \frac{x+0x}{u}))$$

$$y_B = A \cos(\omega(t + \frac{x-0x}{u}) + \pi)$$

$$= -A \cos(\omega(t + \frac{x-0x}{u}))$$

∵ A, B 相距 30m 为半波点

$$\Rightarrow y_A + y_B = A \cos \omega(t - \frac{x+0x}{u}) - A \cos \omega(t + \frac{x-0x}{u})$$

$$\uparrow$$

$$= 2A \cdot \sin \omega(t - \frac{0x}{u}) \sin \frac{x}{u} \omega$$

5 个半波

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x}{u} \omega = k\pi$$

(k=0, ±1, ±2, ...)

$$x = \frac{k\pi \cdot u}{\omega} = \frac{k\pi \cdot u}{2\pi \nu} = \frac{k u}{2\nu} = 2k$$

⇒ 各点 x 坐标为 0, ±2m, ±4m, ..., ±14m

7.14

$$(1) y(t, 0) = A \cos(\omega t - \frac{\pi}{2})$$

$$\Rightarrow y(t, x) = A \cos(\omega t - \frac{\pi}{2} - \omega \frac{x}{a})$$

$$= A \cos(2\pi \nu(t - \frac{x}{a}) - \frac{\pi}{2})$$

$$(2) y'(t, \frac{3\lambda}{4}) = -y(t, \frac{3\lambda}{4})$$

$$= -A \cos(2\pi \nu(t - \frac{1}{a} \cdot \frac{3\lambda}{4}) - \frac{\pi}{2})$$

$$= A \cos(2\pi \nu(t - \frac{1}{a} \cdot \frac{3\lambda}{4}) + \frac{\pi}{2})$$

$$y'(t, x) = A \cos(2\pi \nu(t + \frac{x}{a} - \frac{3\lambda}{2a}) + \frac{\pi}{2})$$

$$= A \cos(2\pi \nu(t + \frac{x}{a}) - 3\pi + \frac{\pi}{2})$$

$$= A \cos(2\pi \nu(t + \frac{x}{a} - \frac{\pi}{2}))$$

节点位置: $x = \frac{3\lambda}{4}, \frac{\lambda}{4}$
(波节)

7.15

基频: $\nu_1 = \frac{v}{2d} = 1.14 \times 10^6 \text{ Hz}$

7.17

$$\Delta t = 5 \text{ min} = 300 \text{ s} = x \cdot (\frac{1}{v_s} - \frac{1}{v_p})$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 7.2 \times 10^3 \text{ m}$$

7.19

$$T = 4.0 \text{ s} \quad A = 0.6 \text{ m} \quad \lambda = 25 \text{ m}$$

$$(1) \quad u = \frac{\lambda}{T} = \frac{25}{4} \text{ m/s}$$

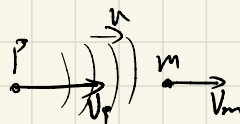
$$(2) \quad T' = T = 4.0 \text{ s} \quad R = A = 0.6 \text{ m}$$

$$v = \frac{2\pi}{T} R = 0.94 \text{ m/s} < u$$

7.20

$$v_m = 80 \text{ km/h} = 22.2 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_p = 120 \text{ km/h} = 33.3 \text{ m/s}$$



$$\nu = 400 \text{ Hz}, \quad u = 330 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\nu_R = \frac{u - v_m}{u - v_p} \nu = 415 \text{ Hz}$$

7.22

$$\nu = 1.8 \times 10^4 \text{ Hz}, \quad u = 1.54 \times 10^3 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\nu' = \frac{u + v_{\text{obs}}}{u} \nu$$

$$\nu'' = \frac{u}{u - v_{\text{src}}} \nu'$$

$$\nu'' - \nu = \left(\frac{u + v_{\text{obs}}}{u - v_{\text{src}}} - 1 \right) \nu = 220 \text{ Hz}$$

$$\Rightarrow v_{\text{obs}} = 9.4 \text{ m/s}$$

7.25

$$(1) \quad \sin \alpha = \frac{u}{v_s} = \frac{1}{2.3}$$

$$\alpha = \arcsin \frac{1}{2.3} = 26^\circ$$



$$(2) \quad \tan \alpha = \frac{h}{v_s t}$$

$$\Rightarrow t = \frac{h}{v_s \tan \alpha} = 13.6 \text{ s}$$

7.33

$$(1) \frac{z_x^2}{A_x^2} + \frac{z_y^2}{A_y^2} = \sin^2(\omega t - kx) + \cos^2(\omega t - kx) = 1$$

(2) 接触时, 质元 $z_x = 0$, z_y 最大

$$\Rightarrow v_y = \frac{\partial z_y}{\partial t} = \omega A_y \cos(\omega t - kx) = 0$$

$$v_x = \frac{\partial z_x}{\partial t} = -\omega A_x \sin(\omega t - kx) = -\omega A_x$$

$$\Rightarrow v = v_x = -\omega A_x$$