

1.14

$$R = 6.4 \times 10^6 \text{ m}$$

$$\Theta = 39.9^\circ$$

$$\omega = \frac{2\pi}{T} = \frac{\pi}{12} \text{ h}^{-1}$$

$$v = \omega \cdot R \cos \Theta = 357 \text{ m/s}$$

$$a = \omega^2 R \cos \Theta = 2.6 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m/s}^2$$

1.18

$$(1) t = \int_{R_1}^{R_2} \frac{2\pi N r}{g} dr = \frac{\pi N}{g} (R_2^2 - R_1^2)$$

$$\approx 416 \text{ s}$$

$$\approx 69.4 \text{ min}$$

$$(2) \omega = \frac{v}{r} = 26 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\alpha = \dot{\omega} = -\frac{v}{r^2} \cdot \dot{r}$$

$$= -\frac{v}{r^2} \cdot \frac{v}{2\pi N r}$$

$$= -\frac{v^2}{2\pi N r^3}$$

$$\approx -3.3 \times 10^{-3} \text{ rad/s}^2$$

1.21

以电梯为参考系

$$\begin{array}{c} \uparrow ma \\ \downarrow mg \end{array} \quad a' = g - a = 8.6 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$t = \sqrt{\frac{2h}{a'}} = 0.59 \text{ s}$$

$$s = \frac{1}{2} a t_0^2 + ((a t_0) t + \frac{1}{2} a' t^2)$$

$$\approx 2.0 \text{ m}$$

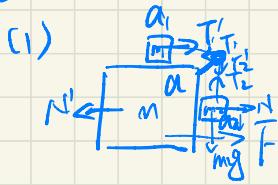
1.24

$$\Delta V = 2 \cdot w_{\text{地}} v_{\text{地}}$$

$$= \frac{4\pi}{T_{\text{地}}} v_{\text{地}}$$

$$= 933 \text{ m/s}$$

2-8



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} a = \frac{N}{m_2} = \frac{F - N' - T_1}{M} \\ N = N' \\ T'_1 = T_1 = m_1 a_1 = T_2 = m_2 g - m_2 a_2 \\ a_1 = a + a_2 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\Rightarrow a = \frac{F - m_2 a - \frac{m_1 m_2}{M+m_2} (g+a)}{M}$$

$$\Rightarrow a = \frac{\frac{F - \frac{m_1 m_2}{M+m_2} g}{M+m_2}}{\frac{m_1 m_2}{M+m_2}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_2 &= \frac{m_2 g - m_2 a}{m_1 + m_2} \\ T_1 &= \frac{m_1 m_2}{M+m_2} (g+a) \end{aligned}$$

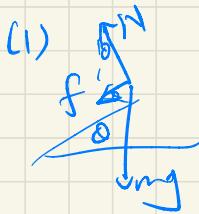
(2)

$$a_2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow a = \frac{m_2}{m_1} g = \frac{F - \frac{m_1 m_2}{M+m_2} g}{M+m_2 + \frac{m_1 m_2}{M+m_2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow F = \frac{m_2 g}{m_1} (M+m_1+m_2)$$

2.11



$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} y: N \cos \theta - f \sin \theta = mg \\ x: f \cos \theta + N \sin \theta = m \frac{V^2}{R} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\Rightarrow N = \frac{mg}{\cos \theta} + f \tan \theta \\ = m \frac{V^2}{R \sin \theta} - \frac{f}{\tan \theta}$$

$$\Rightarrow f = m \frac{V^2}{R^2} \cos \theta - mg \sin \theta \\ = 635 \text{ N}$$

$$F_{\text{centrifugal}} = m \frac{V^2}{R} = 1.88 \times 10^3 \text{ N}$$

$$(2) f_{\max} = \mu_s N = \frac{\mu_s mg}{\cos \theta} + \mu_s f_{\max} \tan \theta$$

$$\Rightarrow f_{\max} = \frac{\frac{\mu_s mg}{\cos \theta}}{1 - \mu_s \tan \theta} = \frac{\mu_s mg}{\cos \theta - \mu_s \sin \theta} = m \frac{V_m^2}{R} \cos \theta - mg \sin \theta$$

$$\Rightarrow mg \left( \frac{\mu_s}{\cos \theta - \mu_s \sin \theta} + \sin \theta \right) = m \frac{V_m^2}{R} \cos \theta$$

$$V_m^2 = \frac{g R}{\cos \theta} \left( \frac{\mu_s}{\cos \theta - \mu_s \sin \theta} + \sin \theta \right)$$

$$V_m \approx 66.0 \text{ m/s}$$

2.14

(1) 取半径上  $\Delta m$ :

$$\frac{G M \Delta m}{R^2} = \Delta m \cdot \frac{4\pi^2}{T_{min}^2} R$$

$$\Rightarrow T_{min}^2 = \frac{4\pi^2 R^3}{GM}$$

$$\rho = \frac{4}{3}\pi R^3$$

$$\Rightarrow T_{min} = \sqrt{\frac{3\pi}{G\rho}}$$

$$(2) T_{min} = 6 \cdot 9 \times 10^3 \text{ s}$$

(3)

$$T \geq \sqrt{\frac{4\pi R^3}{GM}}$$

$$\Rightarrow M \geq \frac{4\pi^2 R^3}{GT^2} = 2.31 \times 10^{29} \text{ kg}$$

= 0.12 太阳质量

2.15

取半径为  $R$  的球壳，对内压强  $dP = \frac{G(\rho \cdot \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3) dm}{r^2} \div 4\pi r^2$

$$dm = \rho \cdot (4\pi r^2 dr)$$

$$\Rightarrow dP = G\rho^2 \frac{4}{3}\pi r dr$$

$$\begin{aligned} P &= \frac{4\pi}{3} G \rho^2 \int_0^R r dr \\ &= \frac{2\pi}{3} G \rho^2 R^2 \end{aligned}$$

2.9

(1)

$$\omega = \frac{5 \times 10^4 \times 2\pi}{60} \text{ rad/s}$$

$$= \frac{5 \times 10^3}{3} \pi \text{ rad/s}$$

$$a_\tau = \omega^2 r_0 = \left(\frac{5 \times 10^3}{3} \pi\right)^2 \times 2 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$= 5.5 \times 10^5 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\approx 5.5 \times 10^4 \text{ g}$$

$$a_{\text{法}} = \omega^2 r_{\text{法}} = 5a_\tau = 2.8 \times 10^5 \text{ g}$$

(2)

$$F_{\text{压}} = \int_{r_0}^{r_{\text{法}}} \omega^2 r f_s dr$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \omega^2 f_s (r_{\text{法}}^2 - r_0^2)$$

$$= \frac{m \omega^2}{2} (r_{\text{法}} + r_0)$$

$$\approx 2.0 \times 10^4 \text{ N}$$

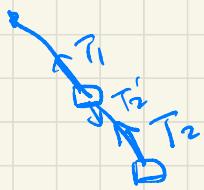
相当于 2t 物体受到的重力

(3)

$$F = m \omega^2 r_{\text{法}}$$

$$\approx 4.6 \times 10^6 \text{ N}$$

2.22

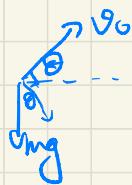


$$\bar{T}_2 = m_2 \omega^2 (L_1 + L_2)$$

$$\begin{cases} \bar{T}_2' = \bar{T}_2 \\ \bar{T}_1 - \bar{T}_2' = m_1 \omega^2 L_1 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{T}_1 = m_1 \omega^2 L_1 + m_2 \omega^2 (L_1 + L_2)$$

附加題 1：



$$mg \cos \theta = m \frac{v_0^2}{r_{\text{高}}}$$

$$\Rightarrow r_{\text{初}} = \frac{v_0^2}{g \cos \theta}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} v_x = v_0 \cos \theta \\ v_{\text{mg}} \end{array}$$

$$mg = m \frac{v_x^2}{r_{\text{高}}}$$

$$\Rightarrow r_{\text{高}} = \frac{v_0^2 \cos^2 \theta}{g}$$

附加題 2：

都不是一定是圓

e.g. 沿螺旋線運動