

Shrink - Monitor database size in Kusto

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Issue

This TSG provides you with Kusto queries to show you the current database size and individual table sizes, e.g. for monitoring the progress of a customer's shrink attempts.

Investigation / Analysis

If you are looking for a quick overview on the customer's database sizes and storage consumption, then rather go to ASC and run the troubleshooter for detailed information.

If you are looking for troubleshooting steps about what to do about issues while shrinking a database, look into these articles:

- [Shrink Database Best Practices](#)
- [Shrink Database and shrink file with Low Priority](#)
- [Shrink failed due to backups](#)
- [Shrink - Incremental Shrink](#)

Mitigation

MonDmloVirtualFileStats

This Kusto query will show you the change in space consumption in your user database and in tempdb over time. The granularity is 1 hour, so if there is a massive growth and shrink between the capture times, you won't see it on the telemetry. It will however give you a good overview about trends and patterns.

```
let startTime = datetime(2022-10-12 06:30:00Z);
let endTime = datetime(2022-10-12 08:00:00Z);
let srv = "servername";
let db = "databasename";
MonDmIoVirtualFileStats
| where TIMESTAMP >= startTime
| where TIMESTAMP <= endTime
| where LogicalServerName =~ srv
| where db_name in ("tempdb", db)
| extend size_on_disk_mb=(size_on_disk_bytes*1.0/1024/1024)
| extend max_space_used_percent = toint((1.0 * spaceused_mb / max_size_mb) * 100)
| project TIMESTAMP, NodeName, AppName, LogicalServerName, db_name, database_id, file_id, type_desc, is_primar
| order by TIMESTAMP asc nulls last, db_name, file_id asc nulls last
```



Sample output:

TIMESTAMP	Node...	AppName	LogicalServer...	db_name	database_id	file_id	type_desc	is_primary...	is_remote	storage_type	growth	spaceused_mb	size_on_disk_mb	max_size_mb	max_space_used_percent
2022-10-12 06:55:13....	_DB_12	e4aeb2328e63	weholgerl	tempdb	2	1	ROWS	0	0	8	8192	9	16	14225	0
2022-10-12 06:55:13....	_DB_12	e4aeb2328e63	weholgerl	tempdb	2	2	LOG	0	0	8	8192	3	16	6758	0
2022-10-12 06:55:13....	_DB_12	e4aeb2328e63	weholgerl	AdventureWorks	9	1	ROWS	1	1	1	2048	240	368	2048	11
2022-10-12 06:55:13....	_DB_12	e4aeb2328e63	weholgerl	AdventureWorks	9	2	LOG	1	1	1	2048	2	264	5120	0
2022-10-12 07:55:13....	_DB_12	e4aeb2328e63	weholgerl	tempdb	2	1	ROWS	0	0	8	8192	10	16	14225	0
2022-10-12 07:55:13....	_DB_12	e4aeb2328e63	weholgerl	tempdb	2	2	LOG	0	0	8	8192	4	16	6758	0
2022-10-12 07:55:13....	_DB_12	e4aeb2328e63	weholgerl	AdventureWorks	9	1	ROWS	1	1	1	2048	241	368	2048	11
2022-10-12 07:55:13....	_DB_12	e4aeb2328e63	weholgerl	AdventureWorks	9	2	LOG	1	1	1	2048	1	264	5120	0

MonWiDmDbPartitionStats

This Kusto query lists all tables in the database with the granularity of 1 day. It allows you to check how individual objects change their page count and row count between days. By setting the start and end date, you can narrow down on specific periods, e.g. over a weekend where the customer was running a shrink operation.

```
//Check table size
let srv = "servername";
let db = "databasename";
let startTime = datetime(2022-11-19 06:00:00Z);
let endTime = datetime(2022-11-20 23:00:00Z);
let timeRange = ago(7d);
let AppNames = MonAnalyticsDBSnapshot
| where TIMESTAMP >= startTime
| where TIMESTAMP <= endTime
// | where TIMESTAMP >= timeRange
| where logical_server_name =~ srv
| where logical_database_name =~ db
| extend AppName = sql_instance_name
| distinct AppName;
let PartitionStats=materialize(MonWiDmDbPartitionStats
| where TIMESTAMP >= startTime
| where TIMESTAMP <= endTime
// | where TIMESTAMP >= timeRange
| where AppName in (AppNames) and logical_database_name != 'master' and index_id in (0,1)
| summarize used_page_count=max(used_page_count), row_count=max(row_count) by database_id, logical_database_n
let FilteredResults=materialize(MonDatabaseMetadadata
| where AppName in (AppNames) and logical_db_name != 'master'
| where (table_name=='sysclsobjs' and class==50) or (table_name=='syssschobjs' and ['type']=='U ') or (table_n
| project TIMESTAMP, table_name, class, ['type'], id, name, nsid, indid);
let schemas=FilteredResults
| where (table_name=='sysclsobjs' and class==50)
| summarize by schema_id=id, schema_name=tolower(name);
let tables=FilteredResults
| where (table_name=='syssschobjs' and ['type']=='U ')
| summarize by schema_id=nsid, object_id=id, table_name=name;
let indexes=FilteredResults
| where (table_name=='sysidxstats' and indid in (0,1))
| extend index_type_desc=iff(['type']==0, 'HEAP', iff(['type']==1, 'CLUSTERED', iff(['type']==5, 'CCI', tostr
| summarize by object_id=id,index_id=indid,index_type=type,index_type_desc;
tables
| join kind=inner (schemas) on schema_id
| join kind=inner (indexes) on object_id
| join kind=inner (PartitionStats) on object_id
| extend logical_server_name = srv
| project logical_server_name, database_id, logical_database_name, schema_id, schema_name, object_id, table_na
| sort by schema_name asc, table_name asc, object_id asc, data_date asc
//| sort by size_kb desc , schema_name asc, table_name asc, object_id asc, data_date asc
```

server_name	database_id	database_name	schema_id	schema_name	object_id	table_name	table_t
servername	9	databasename	5	humanresources	2101582525	Shift	CLUSTER
servername	9	databasename	5	humanresources	2101582525	Shift	CLUSTER
servername	9	databasename	6	person	2133582639	Address	CLUSTER
servername	9	databasename	6	person	2133582639	Address	CLU
servername	9	databasename	6	person	18099105	AddressType	CLUSTER
servername	9	databasename	6	person	18099105	AddressType	CLUSTER
servername	9	databasename	6	person	50099219	BusinessEntity	CLUSTER
servername	9	databasename	6	person	50099219	BusinessEntity	CLUSTER
servername	9	databasename	6	person	82099333	BusinessEntityAddress	CLUSTER
servername	9	databasename	6	person	82099333	BusinessEntityAddress	CLUSTER



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