Error 45181 ARM template deployment failure - resource does not exist

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Unable to deploy resources using ARM - resource does not exist

Issue

The customer is creating and updating SQL resources through ARM templates. The ARM deployment is failing either persistently or intermittently with an error 45181:

Error 45181

Resource with the name '<resource name>' does not exist. To continue, specify a valid resource name

The output that is returned to the customer from the template execution might have these details:

```
{
"code": "DeploymentFailed",
"message": "At least one resource deployment operation failed. Please list deployment operations for details.
"details": [
{
   "code": "40647",
   "message": "Subscription '<subscription_id>' does not have the server 'servername'."
},
{
   "code": "45181",
   "message": "Resource with the name 'servername' does not exist. To continue, specify a valid resource name."
}
]
}
```

The resource name usually is the name of the SQL server, and this appears to be wrong because the SQL server had been created or updated shortly before, for example by applying a configuration change or creating a database.

Investigation

Get the SQL server name and the time of the error from the customer. Then check MonManagement in Kusto for the deployment history:

```
let srv = 'servername';
let startTime = datetime(2023-02-08 01:20:00Z);
let endTime = datetime(2023-02-08 02:00:00Z);
let timeRange = ago(1d);
MonManagement
| where TIMESTAMP >= startTime
| where TIMESTAMP >= endTime
//| where TIMESTAMP >= timeRange
| where logical_server_name =~ srv
| where event !startswith "management_workflow_query"
| project originalEventTimestamp, subscription_id, logical_server_name, logical_database_name, event, request_
| project originalEventTimestamp, event, request_id, elapsed_time, rule_name, error_code, level, exception_typ
| order by originalEventTimestamp asc
```

Sample output:

originalEventTimestamp	event	request_id
()		
2023-02-08 01:23:33.2620807	management workflow firewall rule operation start	D3A99C87-567C-47FF-97
2023-02-08 01:23:33.3652210	management workflow firewall rule operation complete	D3A99C87-567C-47FF-97
2023-02-08 01:23:33.9680357	management workflow firewall rule operation start	60A2A132-C430-4D39-A2
2023-02-08 01:23:34.0843391	management_workflow_firewall_rule_operation_complete	60A2A132-C430-4D39-A2
()		
2023-02-08 01:26:30.2204324	management_workflow_create_logical_database_async_start	11929F31-16A1-434F-AE
2023-02-08 01:26:30.2419879	<pre>management_workflow_create_logical_database_async_complete</pre>	11929F31-16A1-434F-AE
2023-02-08 01:27:43.2053876	<pre>management_operation_create_logical_database_complete</pre>	11929F31-16A1-434F-AE
()		
2023-02-08 01:30:03.1460025	management_workflow_drop_logical_database_async_start	F30E2B64-4FEC-49EE-B0
2023-02-08 01:30:03.1460101	management_workflow_drop_logical_database_start	F30E2B64-4FEC-49EE-B0
2023-02-08 01:30:03.1608045	<pre>management_workflow_drop_logical_database_async_complete</pre>	F30E2B64-4FEC-49EE-B0
2023-02-08 01:30:04.5074806	management_operation_drop_logical_database_complete	F30E2B64-4FEC-49EE-B0
2023-02-08 01:31:04.3472900	management_workflow_drop_logical_server_async_start	8836959E-C18D-43C1-BA
2023-02-08 01:31:04.3566185	<pre>management_workflow_drop_logical_server_async_complete</pre>	8836959E-C18D-43C1-BA
()		
2023-02-08 01:31:07.4072062	management_workflow_firewall_rule_operation_start	267AD365-4B00-46FF-8A
2023-02-08 01:31:07.6074934	management_workflow_firewall_rule_operation_start	9ABF8619-F931-482B-8C
2023-02-08 01:31:07.8403687	management_workflow_firewall_rule_operation_start	0D04647B-C7DA-4CDC-BA
2023-02-08 01:31:07.8440817	management_workflow_firewall_rule_operation_failure	9ABF8619-F931-482B-8C
2023-02-08 01:31:07.8464982	management_workflow_firewall_rule_operation_failure	0D04647B-C7DA-4CDC-BA
2023-02-08 01:31:09.1763301	management_operation_drop_logical_server_complete	8836959E-C18D-43C1-BA
2023-02-08 01:31:17.5836945	management_workflow_firewall_rule_operation_failure	267AD365-4B00-46FF-8A

You can also check MonManagementOperations in Kusto for further details. Filter the SQL server name in operation_parameters using the brackets like >servername< . You can also search for specific events, operations, or errors as indicated in the commented lines:

```
let startTime = datetime(2023-02-08 01:00:00Z);
let endTime = datetime(2023-02-08 02:00:00Z);
let timeRange = ago(30d);
MonManagementOperations
| where TIMESTAMP >= startTime
| where TIMESTAMP <= endTime
//| where TIMESTAMP >= timeRange
| where operation_parameters contains '>servername<'
//| where event == 'management operation failure'
//| where error code == 45181
//| where operation type == "UpsertFirewallRule"
| extend d=parse xml(operation parameters)
 extend ServerName=tostring(d.InputParameters.ServerName)
 extend RuleName=tostring(d.InputParameters.RuleName)
project originalEventTimestamp, request_id, event, operation_type, ServerName, RuleName, error_code, error_s
order by originalEventTimestamp asc
```

Sample output:

You may take one of the request_id values and filter all operations that are associated with it. This can be helpful if the issue is within the operation itself, or to see if the operation stopped at a specific step between old_state and new_state. It won't help you though if the cause is outside of this operation.

MonManagement

```
| where request_id in ("9ABF8619-F931-482B-8C16-970BF280B0F5")
| project originalEventTimestamp, operation_type, event, elapsed_time, old_state, new_state, operation_result,
| order by originalEventTimestamp asc
```

Sample output:

originalEventTimestamp	operation_type	event	elapsed_ti
2023-02-08 01:31:07.6074934 2023-02-08 01:31:07.6075331 2023-02-08 01:31:07.6099285 2023-02-08 01:31:07.6100384 2023-02-08 01:31:07.6659540 2023-02-08 01:31:07.6669782 2023-02-08 01:31:07.6673911	UpsertFirewallRule	management_workflow_firewall_rule_operation_start fsm_starting_request fsm_creating_state_machine management_operation_start fsm_executing_action fsm_changed_state fsm_executed_action	
2023-02-08 01:31:07.7052072 2023-02-08 01:31:07.7060910 2023-02-08 01:31:07.7065509 2023-02-08 01:31:07.7362561 2023-02-08 01:31:07.7373977 2023-02-08 01:31:07.7403560 2023-02-08 01:31:07.7407491 2023-02-08 01:31:07.8449817	UpsertFirewallRule	<pre>fsm_executing_action fsm_changed_state fsm_executed_action fsm_executing_action management_operation_failure fsm_changed_state fsm_executed_action fsm_finished_request management_workflow_firewall_rule_operation_failure</pre>	00:00:00. e 00:00:00.



You can derive the cause of the issue by looking into the ARM deployment workflow that you have extracted in the "Investigation" section above. There are several possible scenarios that may lead to error 45181 "resource does not exist".

Scenario 1 - Issue within the customer ARM template

An example for this scenario is shown in the sample output from the "Investigation" section above:

- The MonManagement sequence starts with seemingly normal operations, like creating firewall rules and adding databases.
- Then the previously created database is dropped again (management_workflow_drop_logical_database_async_start).
- Shortly after, in request_id "8836959E-C18D-43C1-BAEE-3C203E1950C5", the server itself is dropped (management_workflow_drop_logical_server_async_start).
- While the Drop Server has not completed yet, several new firewall rules are created. These commands are then failing with "resource does not exist".
- While the firewall rule operations still continue, the Drop Server completes (management_operation_drop_logical_server_complete).

The same sequence is then confirmed in MonManagementOperations. If you filter on one of the failure request_id values though, it doesn't provide any further conclusions as the cause is outside of the failing operation.

Scenario 2 - Timing issue related to asynchronous resource deployment

In the following sample output, you can see that an operation for "UpdateActiveDirectoryAdministrator" has started shortly before a set of firewall rule operations. While the updateAADAdmin operation is still running and has not completed yet, the firewall rule operations are failing with "resource does not exist". The updateAADAdmin operation completes after the failures:



The cause of the failure is that the UpsertFirewall management operation requires the server state machine to be in "Ready" state before it executes successfully. Otherwise this operation will fail while looking for the target resource in the expected state.

The ARM deployment workflow is almost immediate and this seems to be a race condition between parallel management operations, here: the UpdateActiveDirectoryAdministrator vs. upsertfirewallrule. A reason for intermittent occurrences could be due to fine margins of timings involved (in milliseconds).

Mitigation

ARM template issues

This is covered by scenario 1 from above. The issue could be a genuine workflow design error by the customer; or it could arise from some conditional workflow or error handling within the template. Get the ARM template from the customer and match its steps to what you are seeing in MonManagement.

Timing issue - asynchronous resource deployment

This is covered by scenario 2 from above. Insert a dependency into the ARM template so that the deployment only continues after the previous blocking operation has completed.

This can be achieved with a "dependsOn" condition in the resource that needs to be delayed. See <u>ARM</u> <u>template to create SQL DB server and database</u> for an example. In scenario 2 from above, the UpsertFirewallRule would need to depend on the completion of the UpdateActiveDirectoryAdministrator.