# Troubleshoot PG Flexible Server was not available

Last updated by | Hamza Aqel | Mar 31, 2023 at 6:05 AM PDT

For any changes please refer to <a href="mailto:haaqel@microsoft.com">haaqel@microsoft.com</a>

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On this TSG we are talking on how to troubleshoot and find the root cause of our high availability RCA cases with some canned RCAs around this, you should walk through these scenarios to see which of them related to your case:

## Important:

Before moving forward with this TSG, you have to run the availability analyzer as explained in this TSG Availability Analyzer in ASC 2.

# General spot checks

# **Availability Metric:**

Availability can be measured using a metric. Each point represents 12 seconds of availability - if a point is missing, the server might've been unavailable in that 12s window. The metric can be seen using the below query function (with the right timestamps and server name):

GetFSPGAvailabilityByServerTimeInterval(startTime=datetime(2022-09-12 09:00:00), endTime=datetime(2022-09-15 09:00:00), serverName="pgflexservername", granularity=tim | where ReadAvailabilityPoints < ExpectedAvailabilityPoints

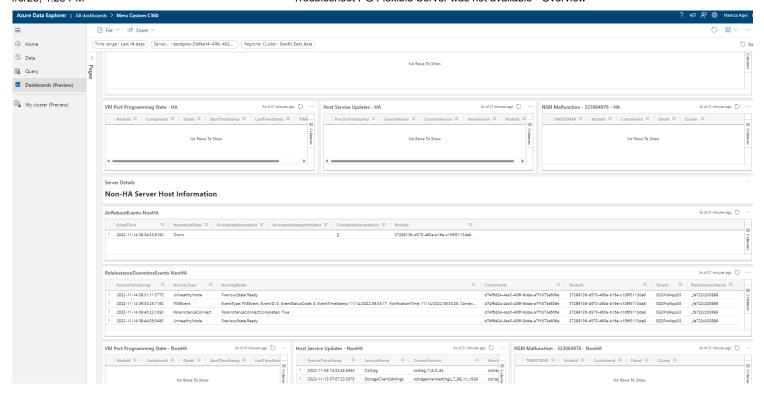


The query is very expensive, so the timestamps will need to be as close as possible (1 day at a time is acceptable). The function generates the metric from a combination of different logs. This query is not the only way to know whether a server was unavailable, but it is the easiest. After you know the time, you can use it in the below and coming queries.

Timestamp	Region	ServerType	OriginalPrimaryServerName	ReplicationSetId	HAEnabled	ServerEdition	ServerSku	VCores	SubscriptionId	SubscriptionType	Total Number of Data Po
2022-11-21 16:38:00.0000000	westeurope	PostgreSQL	pgflexservername	8D6606F9- 0ADE-4D04- B60A- BFF64212C3BF	No	GeneralPurpose	Standard_D2s_v3	2	2FDEA10F- AC26-42EF- 8147- 4B77AE49F05C	Internal	5
2022-11-21 16:39:00.0000000	westeurope	PostgreSQL	pgflexservername	8D6606F9- 0ADE-4D04- B60A- BFF64212C3BF	No	GeneralPurpose	Standard_D2s_v3	2	2FDEA10F- AC26-42EF- 8147- 4B77AE49F05C	Internal	5



You can also use this dashboard to FastTrack this stage of investigation(requires 'RDOS Kusto Viewers' SG membership in idweb).



## -MonPGLogs:

## MonPgLogs

| where TIMESTAMP >= datetime(2022-08-12 11:00:20.0000000) and TIMESTAMP <= datetime(2022-08-13 12:00:00.0000000)

| where LogicalServerName == "pgflexservername"

| where message\_id has "recovery mode"

or message\_id has "database system"

or message\_id contains "fatal"

or message\_id contains "starting up"

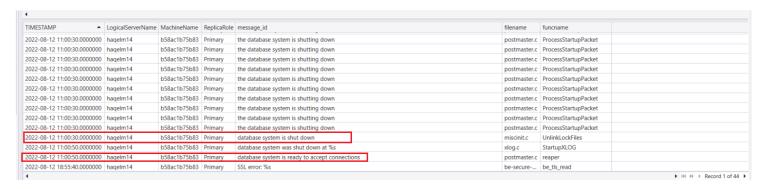
or message\_id contains "error"

or message\_id contains "downloading"

or message\_id contains "terminat"

or message\_id contains "ready to accept"

| project TIMESTAMP,LogicalServerName,MachineName,ReplicaRole, message\_id, filename, funcname



# -OBvmagentsidecarpgsql:

OBv magent side carpgs ql

| where TIMESTAMP >= datetime(2022-08-26 10:00:00.0000000) and TIMESTAMP <= datetime(2022-08-26 11:00:00.0000000)

 $|\ where\ Logical Server Name == "haqelm14"$ 

| where MessageString !contains "GetPgBouncerHealthReport: Ping returned"

| where MessageString contains "error" or MessageString contains "fatal"

| project TIMESTAMP, MessageString

TIMESTAMP	MessageString
2022-08-26 10:48:40.0000000	[PostgreSqlDbEngineHealth].Ping: Get error message on ping connection 57P01: terminating connection due to administrator command
2022-08-26 10:48:50.0000000	[PostgreSq DbEngineHealth].Ping: Get error message on ping connection The connection was previously broken because of the following exception
2022-08-26 10:48:50.0000000	[PostgresSyntheticTransaction] RunSyntheticTransactions [purson] Form [Npgsql PostgresException (0x80004005): 57P03: the database system is shutting down at Npgsql, NpgsqlConnector. ReadMessage>g_ReadMessage\ng_[194_0\NpgsqlConnector connector, Boolean async, DataRowLoadingMode dataRowLoadingMode, Boolean readingNotifications, Boolean isReadingPrependedMessage) at Npgsql, NpgsqlConnector. Authenticate(String username, NpgsqlTimeout timeout, Boolean async, CancellationToken cancellationToken) at Npgsql, NpgsqlConnector.Open(NpgsqlConnector(NpgsqlConnector) (NpgsqlConnector) (NpgsqlC
2022-08-26 10:48:40.0000000	System AggregateException: One or more errors occurred. (57P01: terminating connection due to administrator command)

## Note:

You can remove the condition above and walk through the logs for more deeper analysis if there were no errors or nothing related.

#### - MonOBDockerContainerEvents

Check if there is any unhealth container at a certain time:

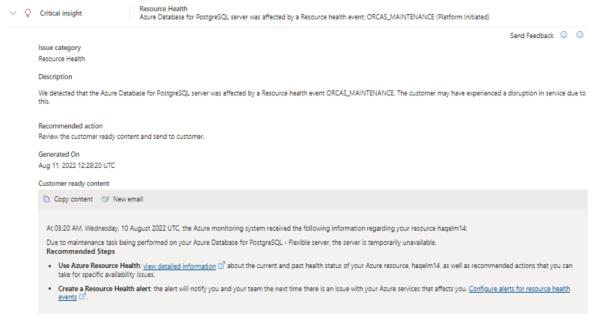
MonOBDockerContainerEvents
| where TIMESTAMP >= datetime(2022-08-26 10:00:00.0000000) and TIMESTAMP <= datetime(2022-08-26 11:00:00.0000000)
| where LogicalServerName == 'haqelm14'
| where Event contains "unhealthy"
| project TIMESTAMP,Event,atContainer,image,ServerVersion,AppVersion,AppType

Now let's walk through some possible scenarios, take into consideration that we are not trying to list all the scenarios rather than to help in how to start with such cases:

# Check for any planned maintenance

For any case reported, the first thing to think about is if the server was under planned maintenance or not, we have wide range of possible ways in how to check and see if that matches the customer timestamp, either by using ASC through the ASC insights,..etc, or through Kusto/XTS

A- ASC:



You can check tab connectivity → Container Upgrade Information:

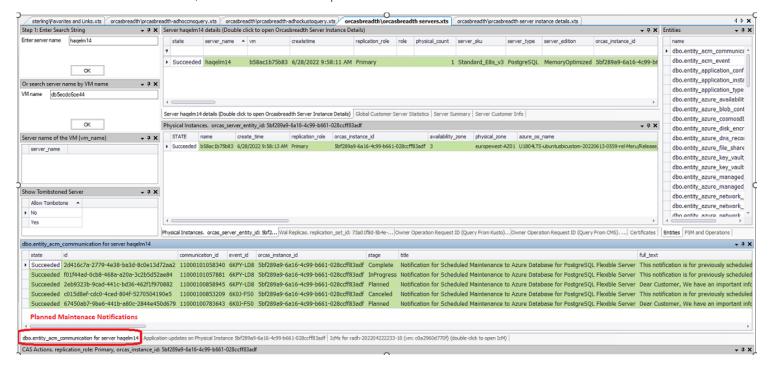


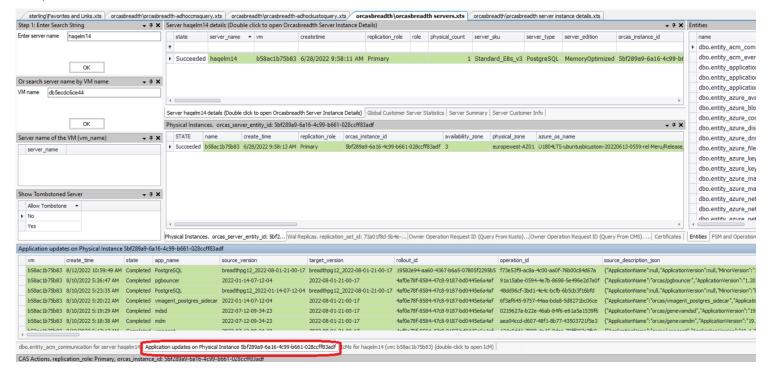
Customer Maintenance → PostgreSQL Container Upgrade for Non-HA /HA server:



## B- XTS:

You can use this XTS view "orcasbreadth\orcasbreadth servers.xts" to explore all of these details:





C- Useful Kusto Queries for container upgrades:

# **Check containers Upgrade:**

```
let STARTTIME_ARG = datetime('2022-08-11 13:59:00');
                        let ENDTIME_ARG = datetime('2022-08-14 13:59:00');
                        let SERVERNAME_ARG = 'hagelm14';
                        let extract_exception_message = (message:string)
                               let index1 = indexof(message, 'ExceptionMessage');
                               let index2 = indexof(message, 'ExceptionDetails');
                               iif(index1 == -1, message, substring(message, index1, index2 - index1 - 6))
                        let extract_retry_message = (message:string)
                               let index1 = indexof(message, 'Retry 4');
                               iif(index1 == -1, message, substring(message, 0, index1))
                        MonOrcasBreadthRp
                        | where originalEventTimestamp > STARTTIME_ARG and originalEventTimestamp < ENDTIME_ARG
                        | where logical_server_name == SERVERNAME_ARG
                        | where event =='server_app_type_upgrade_start_event'
                        | project originalEventTimestamp, request_id, fsm_instance_id, logical_server_name, orcas_instance_id, physical_instance_entity_id, source_app_type, source_app_type_version,
target_app_type_version
                        | join kind = leftouter (
                               MonOrcasBreadthRp
                               I where
                                     event == 'server_app_type_upgrade_success_event'
                                     or event == 'server_app_type_upgrade_failed_event'
                                     or \ (event \ in \ ('fsm\_executed\_action\_failed', 'or casbreadth\_fsm\_exception') \ and \ state\_machine\_type == 'ApplicationInstanceUpdateOperation') \ and \ and
```

```
| extend message = iff(isnotempty(message), message, upgrade_message)
```

| summarize arg\_max(end\_time=originalEventTimestamp, event, state, exception\_type, message, stack\_trace) by fsm\_instance\_id

| extend outcome = iif(event == 'server\_app\_type\_upgrade\_success\_event', 'Succeeded',iif(event == 'server\_app\_type\_upgrade\_failed\_event', 'Failed','Timeout'))

) on fsm\_instance\_id

| extend message = extract\_exception\_message(message)

| extend message = extract\_retry\_message(message)

| project start\_time=originalEventTimestamp, end\_time, container\_name=source\_app\_type, orcas\_instance\_id, source\_app\_type\_version, target\_app\_type\_version, outcome, message, fsm\_instance\_id, physical\_instance\_entity\_id, request\_id, fsm\_stuck\_state=state, stack\_trace, exception\_type

order by start\_time desc

start_time	end_time	container_name	orcas_instance_id	source_app_type_version	target_app_type_version	outcome	message	fsm_instance_id	physical_instance_entity_id	request_id
2022-08-12 10:59:49.749389	2022-08-12 9 11:01:29.9668205	PostgreSQL	4c44-hhh1-	breadthpg12_2022-08- 01-21-00-17	breadthpg12_2022-08- 01-21-00-17	Succeeded	type upgrade	877610D3- 7617-4C7D- 8063- C1D36FF8998C	5bf289a9-6a16-4c99- b661-028ccff83adf	19582E94- AA60-4367 B6A5- 07805F229

let SERVERNAME\_ARG = 'haqelm14';

let STARTTIME\_ARG = datetime('2022-08-11 14:01:00');

let ENDTIME\_ARG = datetime('2022-08-14 14:01:00');

 $let\ GetFSPGDbContainerUpgradesNonHA = (startTime:datetime,\ endTime:datetime) \\ \{ (startTime:datetime,\ endTime:datetime) \} \\ \{ (startTime:datetime,\ endTime:datetime,\ endTime:datetime,$ 

MonOrcasBreadthRp

| where PreciseTimeStamp > startTime and PreciseTimeStamp <= endTime and AppName == 'OrcasBreadthRp'

 $|\ where\ event\ in\ ('server_app_type_upgrade_success_event',\ 'server_app_type_upgrade_failed_event')\ and\ source_app_type ==\ 'PostgreSQL' |\ PostgreSQL' |\ PostgreS$ 

| extend Region = GetRegionNameFromFabricCluster(ClusterName)

| project logical\_server\_name, orcas\_instance\_id, source\_app\_type, source\_app\_type\_version, target\_app\_type\_version, fsm\_instance\_id, Region, event, request\_id, UpgradeCompleteTime = originalEventTimestamp

| join kind = inner (

MonOr cas Breadth Rp

| where event == 'server\_app\_type\_upgrade\_start\_event' and source\_app\_type == 'PostgreSQL'

| project fsm\_instance\_id, timebin = bin(PreciseTimeStamp, 30m), UpgradeStartTime = originalEventTimestamp

extend prevbin = datetime\_add('minute', -30, timebin)

) on fsm\_instance\_id

| join kind = inner (

MonOBDirectorV2ActorEvents

| where isnotempty( OriginalPrimaryServerName) and ReplicationRole == 'Primary' and EngineName == 'PostgreSQL'

 $| summarize \ by \ Server Name, \ Original Primary Server Name, \ Engine Name, \ Orcas Instanceld, \ time bin = bin (Precise Time Stamp, 30m), \ Replication Settld Primary Server Name, \ Drophic Primary Server Name,$ 

) on  $\left| \text{left.logical\_server\_name} \right| = \left| \text{right.ServerName and } \right| = \left| \text{right.timebin} \right|$ 

| where isempty( orcas\_instance\_id) or orcas\_instance\_id =~ OrcasInstanceId

| join kind = inner (

MonBilling MeruSingle Pg Server Status

extend ha\_enabled = iff(column\_ifexists('ha\_standby\_servers\_count', 0) > 0, 1, 0)

 $|summarize\ by\ server\_edition,\ server\_sku,\ subscription\_id,\ server\_name,\ snapshotbin = bin(PreciseTimeStamp,\ 30m),\ ha\_enabled$ 

) on  $\left( \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2}$  on

| where ha\_enabled == 0

| join kind = leftouter (

MonOr cas Breadth Rp

| where state\_machine\_type == 'ApplicationInstanceUpdateOperation' and state == 'DroppingOldContainer'

```
|\ summarize\ up Time Stamp\ =\ min(original Event Time stamp)\ by\ fsm\_in stance\_id
) on fsm_instance_id
| join kind = leftouter (
        MonOrcasBreadthRp
        |\ where \ state\_machine\_type == 'Application Instance Update Operation' \ and \ state \ in \ ('Stopping Old Container', 'Graceful Kill Old Container') \ and \ state \ in \ ('Stopping Old Container', 'Graceful Kill Old Container') \ and \ state \ in \ ('Stopping Old Container', 'Graceful Kill Old Container') \ and \ state \ in \ ('Stopping Old Container', 'Graceful Kill Old Container') \ and \ state \ in \ ('Stopping Old Container', 'Graceful Kill Old Container') \ and \ state \ in \ ('Stopping Old Container', 'Graceful Kill Old Container') \ and \ state \ in \ ('Stopping Old Container', 'Graceful Kill Old Container') \ and \ state \ in \ ('Stopping Old Container', 'Graceful Kill Old Container') \ and \ state \ in \ ('Stopping Old Container', 'Graceful Kill Old Container') \ and \ state 
        | summarize downTimeStamp = max(originalEventTimestamp) by fsm_instance_id
) on fsm_instance_id
| extend DowntimeSeconds = round(iff(event == 'server_app_type_upgrade_success_event', totimespan(upTimeStamp - downTimeStamp) / time(1s),real(0)))
|\ extend\ subscription\_type\ =\ iff(subscription\_id\ in \sim\ (GetInternalSubscriptions()),\ 'Internal',\ 'External')
| project RequestId = request_id,
              UpgradeStartTime,
              Upgrade Complete Time,\\
              DowntimeStartTime = downTimeStamp,
              DowntimeEndTime = upTimeStamp,
              DowntimeSeconds,
              SubscriptionId = subscription_id,
              SubscriptionType = subscription_type,
              ServerEdition = server_edition,
              ServerSku = server_sku,
              OriginalPrimaryServerName,
              ServerType = EngineName,
              Region = Region
};
```

 ${\sf GetFSPGDbContainerUpgradesNonHA(STARTTIME\_ARG,\ ENDTIME\_ARG)}$ 

 $|\ where\ Original Primary Server Name\ = \ \sim\ SERVERNAME\_ARG\ and\ Server Type\ = =\ 'PostgreSQL''$ 

19582E94- AA60-4367- B6A5- 07805F2295B5	RequestId	UpgradeStartTime	UpgradeCompleteTime	DowntimeStartTime	DowntimeEndTime	DowntimeSeconds	SubscriptionId	SubscriptionType	ServerEdition	ServerSku	OriginalPrima
	AA60-4367- B6A5-	10:59:49.7493899				65	AC26-42EF- 8147-		GeneralPurpose	Standard_D2s_v3	haqelm14



Your Azure database for PostgreSQL Flexible server was under planned maintenance between DowntimeStartTime and DowntimeEndTime . You will experience a restart of the server during the maintenance window where we perform periodic maintenance to keep your managed database secure, stable, and up-to-date. During maintenance, the server gets new features, updates, and patches.

# References:

Learn more about Planned maintenance in Azure Database for Flexible Servers.

- Learn how to change the maintenance schedule
- Learn how to get notifications about upcoming maintenance using Azure Service Health
- Learn how to set up alerts about upcoming scheduled maintenance events

# Check If any server restart occurred:

Check if there is any restart operation and correlate with the server availability time.

MonOrcasBreadthRp

| where TIMESTAMP >= ago(3d)

| where operation\_type == "RestartServerManagementOperation"

| where operation\_parameters contains "pgflexservername"

| project TIMESTAMP,request\_id,event,operation\_parameters

TIMESTAMP	request_id	event	operation_parameters
2022-08-26 10:48:43.0342312	B63808F2-72CF-4D80-8D1C-C1BDA334FDC0	management_operation_start	<7xml version="1.0"> <p< td=""></p<>
2022-08-26 10:49:13.0350740	B63808F2-72CF-4D80-8D1C-C1BDA334FDC0	management_operation_success	<pre></pre> <pre> <pre></pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> <pre> <pre< td=""></pre<></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>

# Check if there any VM node issue

Get the role instance name:

MonPgLogs

| where TIMESTAMP >= ago(1h)

| where LogicalServerName == "flexpgbouncer1"

| distinct RoleInstance,ReplicaRole

RoleInstance	ReplicaRole
prod:westeurope:a4545bb80d6f	Standby
prod:westeurope:a9f10f814abd	Primary

You will have two records in case HA is enabled, and 1 record in case of non-HA servers. You need to check both instances:

Check for node/VM events:

 $cluster ('vmain sight.kusto.windows.net'). database ('Air'). \ Air Reboot Events$ 

| where EventTime > ago(30d)

| where RoleInstanceName == "\_ a4545bb80d6f " or RoleInstanceName == "\_ a9f10f814abd "

| project EventTime, Nodeld, PrioritizedAnnotation, AnnotationType, RCALevel1, RCALevel2, RCALevel3

order by EventTime

EventTime	Nodeld	PrioritizedAnnotation	AnnotationType	RCALevel1	RCALevel2	RCALevel3
2022-05-25 04:32:52.9880000	37340683- 8165-b876- a32a- abe698deefa2	VirtualMachineRestarted	DowntimeUnexpected	VirtualDiskFault	ToRDown_Networking	[PhynetDiag]AdditionalRCA: ToRDeviceUnhealthy_Networking;ToRDown_Networking;TorSuspicious_Netwo AllUnhealthySignals: d_check_is_device_healthy_kusto SnmpLoopbackReachab DeviceName: mnz22-0101-1101-07t0, OsVersion: SONiC.20181130.95, Hardwa 7060CX-32S-D48C8, DeviceLifeCycle: InProduction, ReloadCause: .
2022-05-25 04:31:46.1380000	37340683- 8165-b876- a32a- abe698deefa2	VirtualMachineRestarted	DowntimeUnexpected	Virtual Disk Fault	ToRDown_Networking	[PhynetDiag]AdditionalRCA: ToRDeviceUnhealthy_Networking;ToRDown_Networking;TorSuspicious_Netwo AllUnhealthySignals: d_check_is_device_healthy_kusto SnmpLoopbackReachab DeviceName: mnz22-0101-1101-07t0, OsVersion: SONiC.20181130.95, Hardwa 7060CX-32S-D48C8, DeviceLifeCycle: InProduction, ReloadCause: .
2022-05-25 04:30:38.8460000	37340683- 8165-b876- a32a- abe698deefa2	Virtual Machine Restarted	DowntimeUnexpected	NodeFault	UnhealthyNode_Faulty NIC or Driver not loaded	
2022-05-25 04:29:41.5760000	37340683- 8165-b876- a32a- abe698deefa2	VirtualMachineRestarted	DowntimeUnexpected	NodeFault	UnhealthyNode_Faulty NIC or Driver not loaded	
2022-05-25 04:28:40.9240000	37340683- 8165-b876- a32a- abe698deefa2	VirtualMachineStorageOffline	DowntimeUnexpected	NodeFault	UnhealthyNode_Faulty NIC or Driver not loaded	
2022-05-25 04:27:33.9000000	37340683- 8165-b876- a32a- abe698deefa2	VirtualMachineStorageOffline	DowntimeUnexpected	NodeFault	UnhealthyNode_Faulty NIC or Driver not loaded	

That Kusto table shows you any hardware or VM related operations, with RCAs starting from high level one (RCALevel1) and more details through RCALevel2 till RCA Level3, we can write an RCA based on these columns (you can consult with your EEE if you have doubts or need a help with that):

## **Root Cause:**

PG Servers:

pgflexservername was not available at yyyy-mm-dd hh24:mi:ss

At around yyyy-mm-dd hh24:mi:ss the server experienced unavailability for about x mins.

# **ROOT CAUSE:**

Due to a network issue on Azure platform, the Virtual Machine of the primary node that hosts PostgreSQL's briefly lost connection to its remote disk, which caused unplanned downtime and a filesystem problem on the OS. In this case, the VM went down and auto recovered, we apologize for the inconvenience caused by this unavailability. We apologize for the inconvenience caused by this incident.

In some cases, there are not much info in that table, for example:

Execute: [Web] [Desktop] [Web (Lens)] [Desktop (SAW)] https://vmainsight.kusto.windows.net/Air

AirRebootEvents

| where RoleInstanceName == "\_e10e5a06c36c"

| where EventTime between (datetime(2022-07-12).. 1d)

 $|\ project\ EventTime,\ Nodeld,\ Prioritized Annotation,\ Annotation Type,\ RCALevel 1,\ RCALevel 2,\ RCALevel 3,\ RCALe$ 

EventTime	Nodeld	PrioritizedAnnotation	AnnotationType	RCALevel1	RCALevel2
	6966ca6a-ac9e-205a- 7176-a1b3113aa4aa	VirtualMachineMigrationInitiatedForRepair	DowntimeUnexpected	NodeFault	UnhealthyNode_Inconclusive: OS Liveness Undetermined

You can extract more info using the below query:

Execute: [Web] [Desktop] [Web (Lens)] [Desktop (SAW)] https://azurecm.kusto.windows.net/AzureCM

LogContainerHealthSnapshot

| where roleInstanceName=='\_e10e5a06c36c'

| where PreciseTimeStamp | between (datetime(2022-07-12).. 1d)

| summarize min(PreciseTimeStamp), max(PreciseTimeStamp) by roleInstanceName, Tenant, nodeld, containerId, containerLifecycleState, containerIsolationState, actualOperationalState,

roleInstanceName	Tenant	nodeld	containerId	containerLifecycleState	containerIsolationState	actualOperationalState	min_PreciseTimeStamp	max_PreciseTimeStamp
_e10e5a06c36c	MNZ22PrdApp37	6966ca6a-ac9e- 205a-7176- a1b3113aa4aa	c82f2723-92cc- 4979-b6ef- 64f25667993e	Alive	Notisolated	Up	2022-07-12 00:11:21.9254819	2022-07-12 16:50:31.8557901
_e10e5a06c36c	MNZ22PrdApp37	6966ca6a-ac9e- 205a-7176- a1b3113aa4aa	c82f2723-92cc- 4979-b6ef- 64f25667993e	Alive	Notisolated	Unknown	2022-07-12 09:51:43.2100319	2022-07-12 17:05:20.9447976
_e10e5a06c36c	MNZ22PrdApp32	0b5db639-fe68- ce08-1172- 97cc46370077	ec63632d-9c42- 4363-abc6- e439200ffa5b	Alive	NotIsolated	Down	2022-07-12 17:05:20.7487218	2022-07-12 17:05:57.6310773
_e10e5a06c36c	MNZ22PrdApp37	6966ca6a-ac9e- 205a-7176- a1b3113aa4aa	c82f2723-92cc- 4979-b6ef- 64f25667993e	ToBeDestroyedOnNode	NotIsolated	Unknown	2022-07-12 17:05:20.9452562	2022-07-12 17:05:20.9452562
_e10e5a06c36c	MNZ22PrdApp37	6966ca6a-ac9e- 205a-7176- a1b3113aa4aa	c82f2723-92cc- 4979-b6ef- 64f25667993e	ToBeDestroyedOnNode	NodelsIsolated	Unknown	2022-07-12 17:05:33.6246963	2022-07-12 17:05:33.6246963
_e10e5a06c36c	MNZ22PrdApp37	6966ca6a-ac9e- 205a-7176- a1b3113aa4aa	c82f2723-92cc- 4979-b6ef- 64f25667993e	Destroyed	NodelsIsolated	Unknown	2022-07-12 17:05:33.6434047	2022-07-12 17:05:33.6434047
_e10e5a06c36c	MNZ22PrdApp32	0b5db639-fe68- ce08-1172- 97cc46370077	ec63632d-9c42- 4363-abc6- e439200ffa5b	Alive	NotIsolated	Up	2022-07-12 17:05:57.6569904	2022-07-12 23:55:01.1643553

And in this case as we can see the issue in the node, and you can use this RCA:

#### PG Servers:

pgflexservername was not available at yyyy-mm-dd hh24:mi:ss

## **DESCRIPTION:**

At around yyyy-mm-dd hh24:mi:ss the server experienced unavailability for about x mins.

At around yyyy-mm-dd hh24:mi:ss, the Azure host node hosting the VM for the PostgreSQL service faulted causing immediate loss of the service. The Azure compute platform relocated the VM to a healthy node and the service was restored around yyyy-mm-dd hh24:mi: ss. We apologize for the inconvenience caused by this unavailability.

Another sample result from AirRebootEvents:

EventTime	Nodeld	PrioritizedAnnotation	AnnotationType	RCALevel1	RCALevel2	RCALevel3
2022-06-07 07:57:27.6880000	8a705ad0-41a5-87f5-569a-d53384826b6a	VirtualMachineDeallocationInitiated	DowntimeExpected	ContainerOperation	ContainerCreated CreateTenant,True,	CreateTenant,True,
2022-06-07 03:45:47.3790000	18a8bad1-704c-964d-674f-52e739d401c6			HostOSCrash	CORRUPT_MODULELIST_AV	->CORRUPT_MODULELIST_AV

You can write this RCA for example:

# PG Servers:

pgflexservername was not available at yyyy-mm-dd hh24:mi:ss

# **DESCRIPTION:**

At around yyyy-mm-dd hh24:mi:ss the server experienced unavailability for about x mins.

## **ROOT CAUSE:**

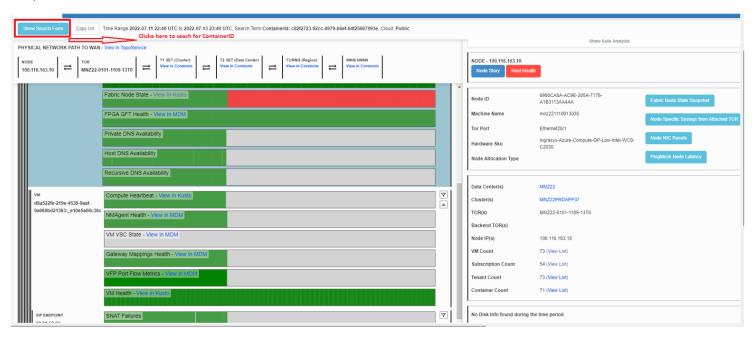
At around yyyy-mm-dd hh24:mi:ss, Host crash caused OS disk cache to be lost, which caused the container to be cleaned up on docker start-up due to a corrupted config file.

## Note:

You might see others related to Guest OS upgrade, fix ..etc and so on, and you can use the same way in writing the RCA, if you have any doubts, you can reach out to your EEE for help on RCAs if needed.

# Check customer resource and node health

You can use this tool https://netvma.azure.net/?startTime=07%2F11%2F2022+22%3A40&endTime=07%2F13%2F2022+23%3A40&value=c82f2723-92cc-4979-b6ef-<u>64f25667993e&destValue=&pathQuery=false&sdnPath=false</u>



To get the ContainerID, you can use previously mentioned query:

Execute: [Web] [Desktop] [Web (Lens)] [Desktop (SAW)] https://azurecm.kusto.windows.net/AzureCM Log Container Health Snapshot

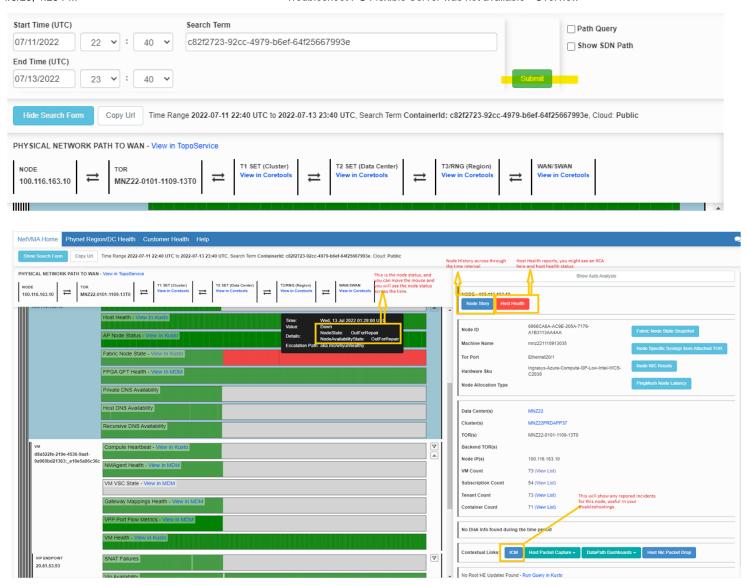
| where roleInstanceName=='\_e10e5a06c36c'

| where PreciseTimeStamp | between (datetime(2022-07-12).. 1d)

summarize min(PreciseTimeStamp), max(PreciseTimeStamp) by roleInstanceName, Tenant, nodeld, containerId, containerLifecycleState, containerIsolationState, actualOperationalState,

roleInstanceName	Tenant	nodeld	containerId	containerLifecycleState	containerIsolationState	actualOperationalState	min_PreciseTimeStamp	max_PreciseTimeStamp
_e10e5a06c36c	MNZ22PrdApp37	6966ca6a-ac9e- 205a-7176- a1b3113aa4aa	c82f2723-92cc- 4979-b6ef- 64f25667993e	Alive	NotIsolated	Up	2022-07-12 00:11:21.9254819	2022-07-12 16:50:31.8557901
_e10e5a06c36c	MNZ22PrdApp37	6966ca6a-ac9e- 205a-7176- a1b3113aa4aa	c82f2723-92cc- 4979-b6ef- 64f25667993e	Alive	NotIsolated	Unknown	2022-07-12 09:51:43.2100319	2022-07-12 17:05:20.9447976
_e10e5a06c36c	MNZ22PrdApp32	0b5db639-fe68- ce08-1172- 97cc46370077	ec63632d-9c42- 4363-abc6- e439200ffa5b	Alive	Notisolated	Down	2022-07-12 17:05:20.7487218	2022-07-12 17:05:57.6310773
_e10e5a06c36c	MNZ22PrdApp37	6966ca6a-ac9e- 205a-7176- a1b3113aa4aa	c82f2723-92cc- 4979-b6ef- 64f25667993e	ToBeDestroyedOnNode	NotIsolated	Unknown	2022-07-12 17:05:20.9452562	2022-07-12 17:05:20.9452562
_e10e5a06c36c	MNZ22PrdApp37	6966ca6a-ac9e- 205a-7176- a1b3113aa4aa	c82f2723-92cc- 4979-b6ef- 64f25667993e	ToBeDestroyedOnNode	Nodelsisolated	Unknown	2022-07-12 17:05:33.6246963	2022-07-12 17:05:33.6246963
_e10e5a06c36c	MNZ22PrdApp37	6966ca6a-ac9e- 205a-7176- a1b3113aa4aa	c82f2723-92cc- 4979-b6ef- 64f25667993e	Destroyed	Nodelsisolated	Unknown	2022-07-12 17:05:33.6434047	2022-07-12 17:05:33.6434047
_e10e5a06c36c	MNZ22PrdApp32	0b5db639-fe68- ce08-1172- 97cc46370077	ec63632d-9c42- 4363-abc6- e439200ffa5b	Alive	NotIsolated	Up	2022-07-12 17:05:57.6569904	2022-07-12 23:55:01.1643553

Use the ContainerID destroyed "c82f2723-92cc-4979-b6ef-64f25667993e"



# Another way to investigate Platform Node Issue

There are multiple steps in identifying and confirming whether the node on which the VM is hosted had experienced a problem. We can check whether the node was unhealthy using the NodeEvents table.

We need to gather the VM NodelD, ContainerID using the below query:

```
cluster("Azurecm").database('AzureCM').LogContainerSnapshot
  where PreciseTimeStamp >= datetime(2022-08-14 12:24:00) and PreciseTimeStamp <= datetime(2022-08-14 14:24:00)
//| where subscriptionId contains "aa50eea1-b327-4730-9606-3edc083b8e83" // MSFT subscription ID where roleInstanceName contains "dd2a3a6fec21" // machine name
```

The timestamp for the above query needs to be a little wider since the snapshot is not taken all the time.. General idea is startTime = (issue time - 1h) and endTime = (issue time + 30m).

We can use the NodelD and timestamps from the previous query in the below query:

```
cluster("Azurecm").database('AzureCM').TMMgmtNodeEventsEtwTable
 where PreciseTimeStamp >= datetime(2022-08-26 15:17:32.000Z) and PreciseTimeStamp <= datetime(2022-08-26 17:17:32.000Z)
 where NodeId =~ "ee97324d-c157-a0fa-da7a-f7a321bf72a8"
```

We can filter for " aka.ms", we can get the link to the Hawkeye dashboard that auto-RCAs node faults. This link in the logs is sufficient to indicate that there's a problem with the node. However, this is not enough to classify the problem and raise it to the right team upstream.

You can also use this dashboard of to FastTrack this stage of investigation (requires 'RDOS Kusto Viewers' SG membership in idweb).

# NetVMA

A good amount of networking information can be seen using NetVMA tool. It requires the nodeID for filtering, too. We can use the same query to fetch node ID:

cluster("Azurecm").database('AzureCM').LogContainerSnapshot | where PreciseTimeStamp >= datetime(2022-08-14 12:24:00) and PreciseTimeStamp <= datetime(2022-08-14 14:24:00) //| where subscriptionId contains "aa50eea1-b327-4730-9606-3edc083b8e83" // MSFT subscription ID | where roleInstanceName contains "dd2a3a6fec21" // machine name

Add the node ID in search bar with the right timestamps. We can filter for our VM details within the results using the VM name (browser Ctrl+F).



NetVMA can be accessed using this link: <a href="https://netvma.azure.net/">https://netvma.azure.net/</a> ☑