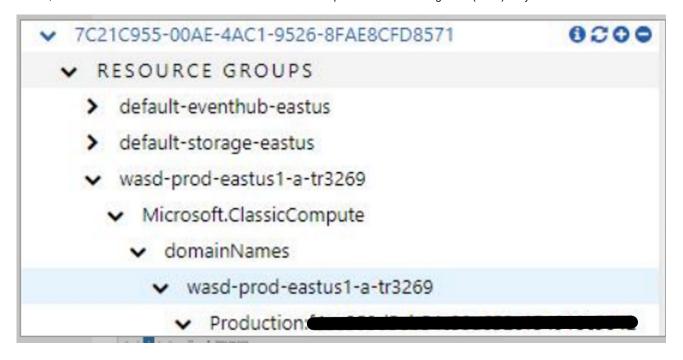
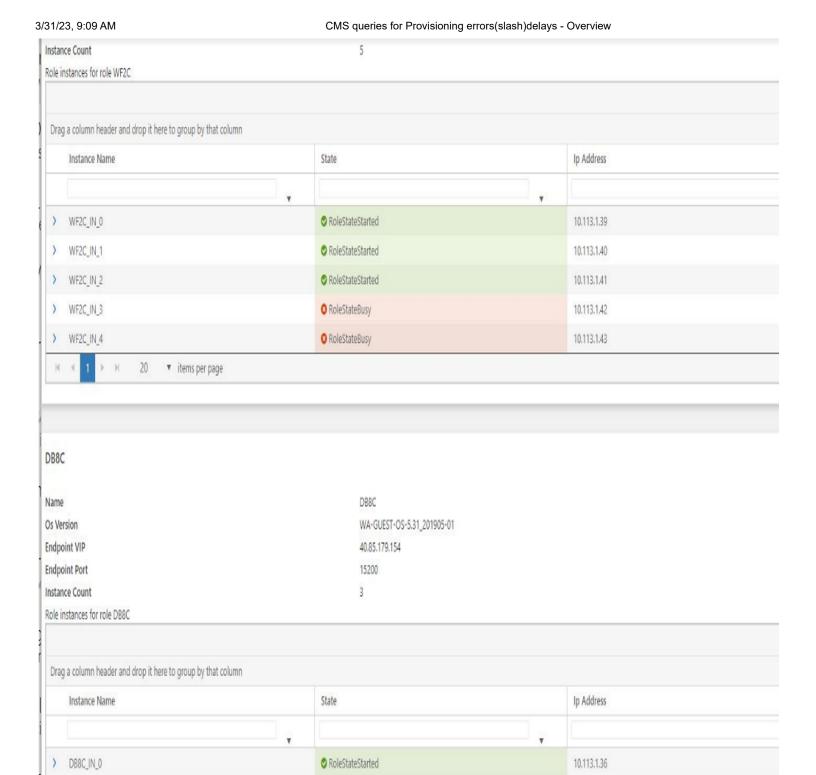
## CMS queries for Provisioning errors(slash)delays

Last updated by | Vitor Tomaz | Nov 16, 2022 at 12:58 PM PST

```
select pc.name,
           pc.subscription id,
           pc.tenant ring name,
virtual cluster create duration hours = DATEDIFF(MINUTE, pc.create time, GETUTCDATE()) / 60.0,
           pc.state private cluster state,
           umsr.private cluster id,
           umsr.target operation type,
           umsr.create time,
           umsr.concurrency token,
           umsr.is stable state,
           umsr.is error state,
               umsr.operation request id,
           umsr.requested_subscription_id,
           umsr.requested_managed_server_name,
           umsr.state upsert_managed_server_state
from upsert_managed_server_requests umsr
left outer join private_clusters pc
on pc.subscription id = 'Input SubscriptionId here'
where umsr.requested_subscription_id= 'Input SubscriptionId here'
--This will pull back records if the MI is still under deployment. It will disappear once the MI deployment ha
select * from upsert_managed_server_requests where requested_managed_server_name = 'lgrptacct-managedsql'
--Get the subnet resource id from above query and plug it in the query below
select * from private_cluster_capacity_management
where subnet_resource_id = '/subscriptions/Input SubscriptionId here/resourceGroups/lgacctrpt_resourcegroup/pr
--to check the status of private cluster
select * from private clusters
where subnet resource id = '/subscriptions/Input SubscriptionId here/resourceGroups/lgacctrpt resourcegroup/pr
--check for any errors in last exception
--If the workflow is stuck in CreateAndSetIntentPolicy - check here: TSGCL0115: PrivateClusterStateMachine is
--Take ring buildout id from above query and use it in below query
select state, * from upsert tenant ring requests where ring buildout id = '5d605e33-d0ea-41bd-8eb5-a222b532a3a
--state = WaitingInitializeFabricCluster
--Take da instance id from above query and use it in below query
--Check the status and last update. If the MI is taking long to deploy, search for an auto-ICM based on this d
select * from deployment automation instances where instance id = '54781adc-d11b-48ab-a734-7723de1d9ee7'
--when it is done = blank
--To see if there are any issues with networking blocking MI deployment, use below query to get the subscripti
select subscription id from ring buildouts where ring buildout id = '5d605e33-d0ea-41bd-8eb5-a222b532a3a0'
--Take this subscription ID and plug it in ASC to see if there is any networking issues:
```





Where RoleStateBusy (in red) indicates issue

DB8C\_IN\_2

DB8C\_IN\_1

If it's a networking issue, might further want to check if there is custom DNS listed on the vnet:

RoleStateStarted

RoleStateStarted

Please ensure that these DNS servers can reach/connect to the subnet. If the DNS server configure on the vnet is not accessible, can lead to Managed Instance provisioning issues:

10.113.1.38

10.113.1.37

Below are some of the common causes of this issue:

- DNS is in separate vnet/on-premise and routing is not configured properly
- DNS is hosted in VM and NSG does not allow inbound on port 53
- DNS is on-premise and firewall is blocking DNS traffic
- DNS is turned off
- DNS doesn't resolve public records

Cx can do either of the below:

• Ensure connectivity between the DNS server and subnet

OR

Add Azure recursive DNS (168.63.129.16)

More information here:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sql-database/sql-database-managed-instance-custom-dns

Or if the customer is advertising routes interfering with the deployment.

## How good have you found this content?



